



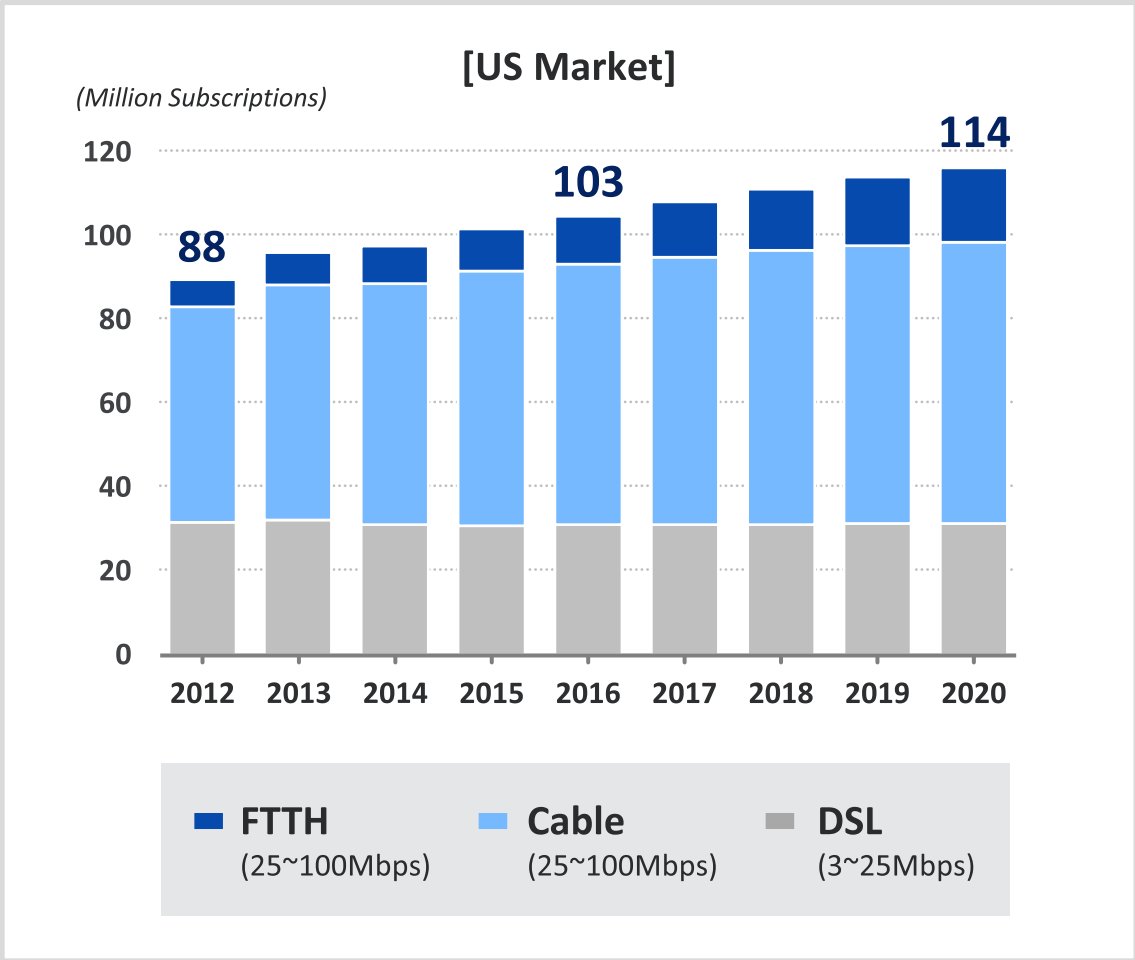
5G : From Vision to Reality

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October 2016


Business Opportunity for 5G FWA




(Source : Telegeography and OVUM)

5G FWA

- 200Mbps Average, 5Gbps Peak User Data Rate
- 28GHz mmWave (800MHz bandwidth, TDD)



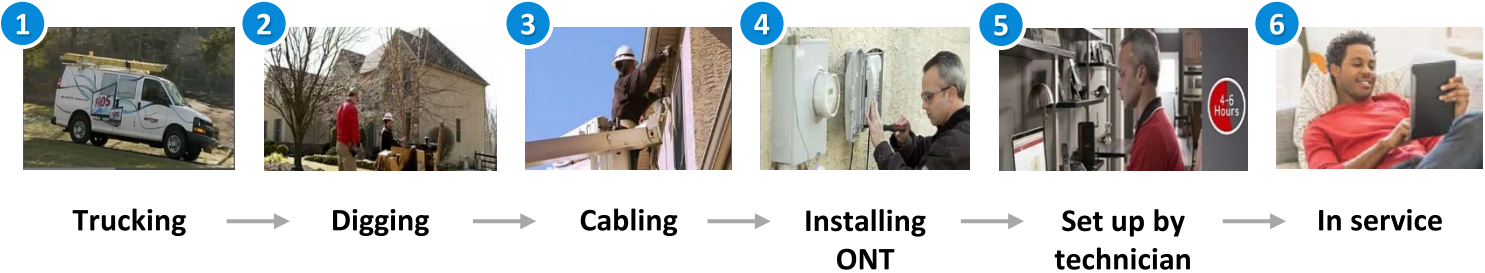
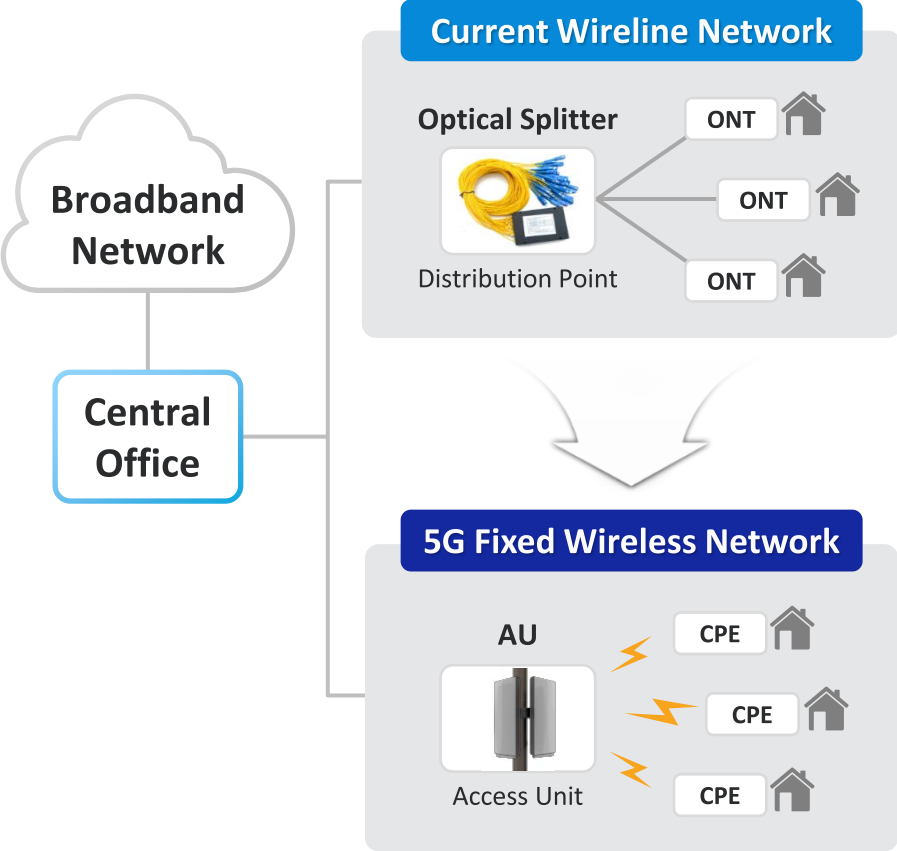
30% ~ 40%
of Cable/DSL subscribers
switched to 5G FWA



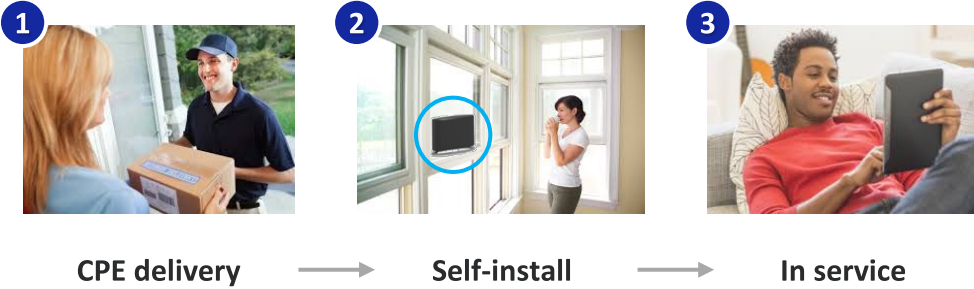
\$35B ~ \$45B
Revenue estimated

(Samsung's assumption for 2017)

Delivering 5G Broadband to Homes and Offices as an Alternative to Fiber



Greatly Reduces CAPEX/OPEX, Deployment Times
(Weeks → Days)

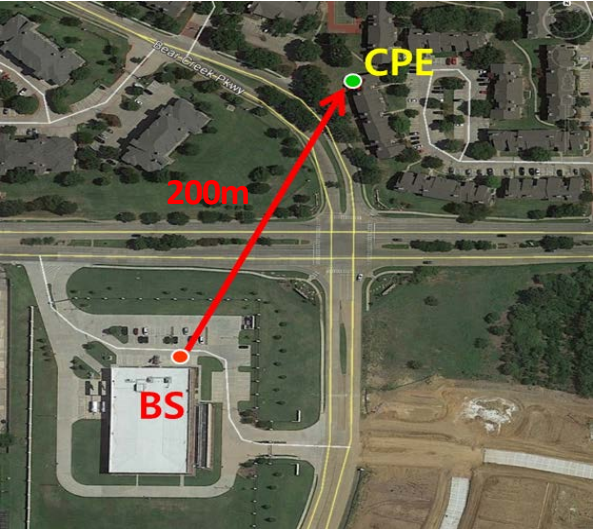


- Comparative Analysis between Measurement and Simulation for Sample Area
- Based on Realistic Material Parameters (Permittivity and Conductivity)

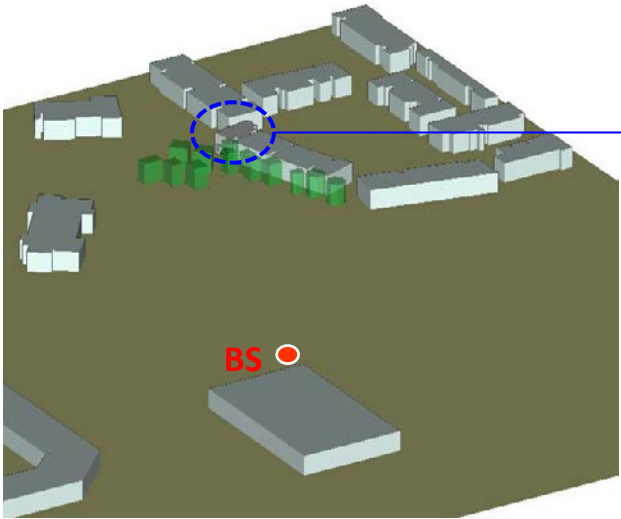
Building wall (concrete, brick, window, wood, iron, etc.)

Foliage (wood types, size, etc.)

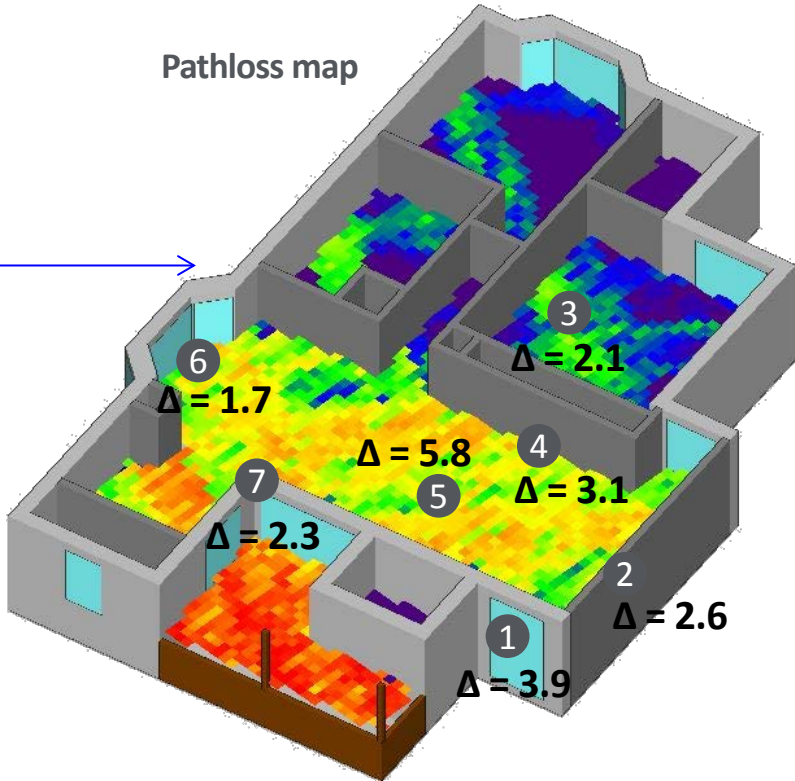
Terrain



Test Site



3D Map Modeling



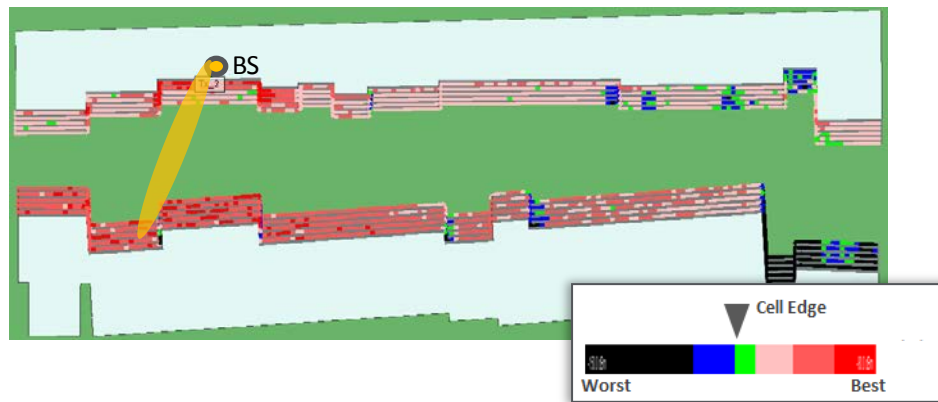
$$\Delta = |\text{Measured RSRP (dB)} - \text{Simulated RSRP (dB)}|$$

Sample Area

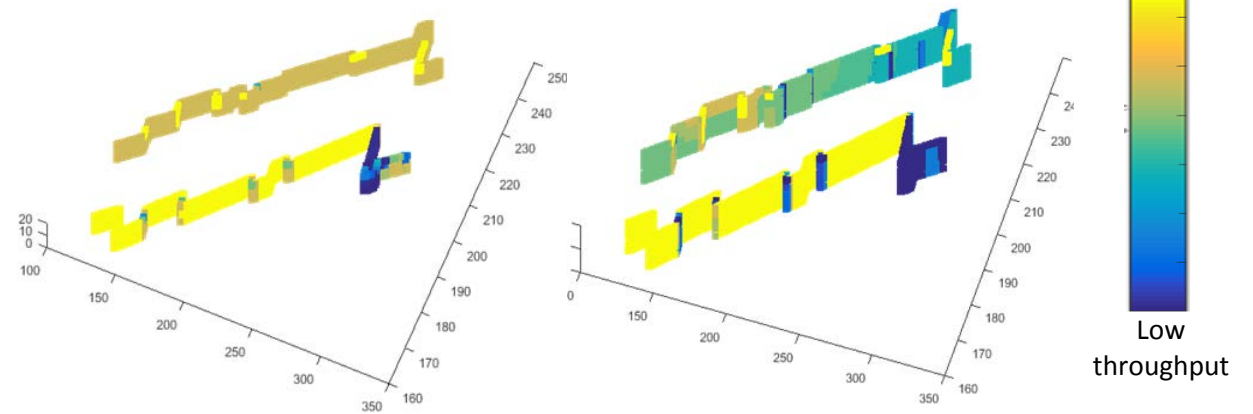


- High density of households
- Around 220 households per block in the area

Simulation Results



Radio Map



DL & UL Link Throughput

Evaluation Results Based on Ray-tracing and System Level Simulations

Available BW	DL : UL 80 : 20	AU Throughput	CPE Throughput			
		Average [Gbps]	Average [Mbps]	5% Edge [Mbps]	50% [Mbps]	95% [Mbps]
600 MHz	Downlink	2.64	160.0	31.8	144.1	412.5
	Uplink	0.38	23.0	5.2	18.5	63.4
200 MHz	Downlink	0.88	53.33	10.5	48.0	137.5
	Uplink	0.13	7.68	1.8	6.2	21.1

Simulation Assumptions

- 33 CPE subscribers serviced by an AU, 50% CPE activity, full buffer traffic model
- 28GHz, 2 x 2T2R per AU, Overhead = 40%, BW = 600/200MHz, X-pol 2x2 MIMO
- Outdoor2Indoor (window) Penetration loss = 10dB

** Note : This is a capacity limited case*

2013 - 2014

World's 1st mmWave Testbed Systems

('13.5.12)

Base Station RFU

Mobile Station RFU



World's 1st mmWave High Speed Test

('14.10.15)



Record-Breaking
7.5 Gbps

• 7.5Gbps at Stationary

• 1.2Gbps at >100km/hr

2015

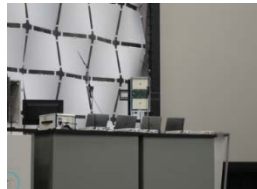
World's 1st mmWave Multi-Cell Handover



• Avg. 1.7Gbps at 25km/hr • HO Latency: 21ms

FD-MIMO with Massive Antenna Tech.

(Sub 6GHz)



• High-order(12 UEs) MU-MIMO with FD-MIMO PoC

2016

5G indoor & mobility tests

3.7Gbps peak using live commercial backbone NW

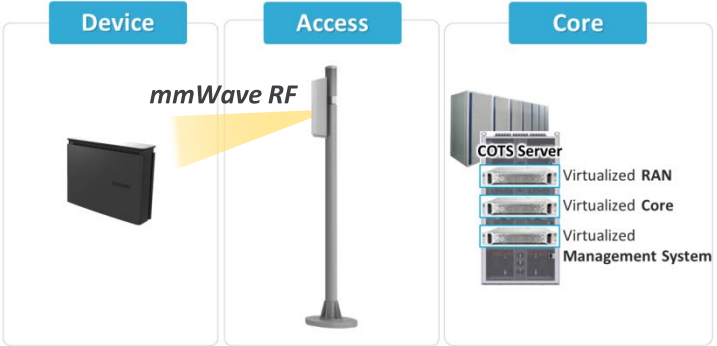


Here's what Verizon's 5G field test looks like (pictures)
[Read More >>](#)
A big antenna for a big signal
A bulky antenna is mounted atop the van, which was created in partnership with Samsung. It makes for a conspicuous ride around the parking lot.

'Samsung Delivers on Gigabit Wireless Promise of 5G'

5G End-to-End Products

(Commercial)



Development of Antenna/RFIC for Mobile Device

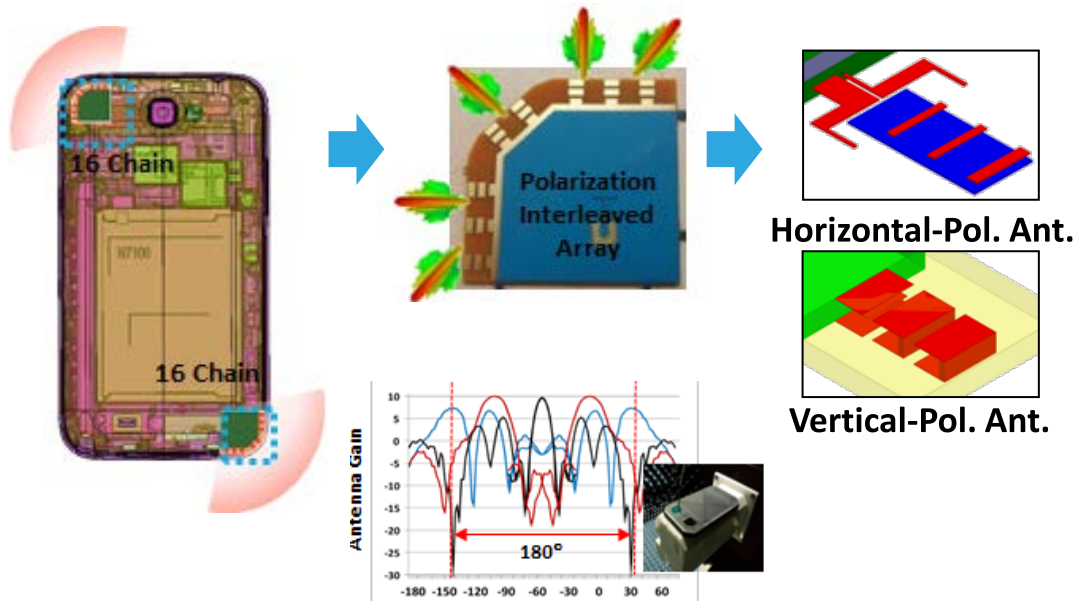
360° coverage polarization array antenna, CMOS RFIC and Modem



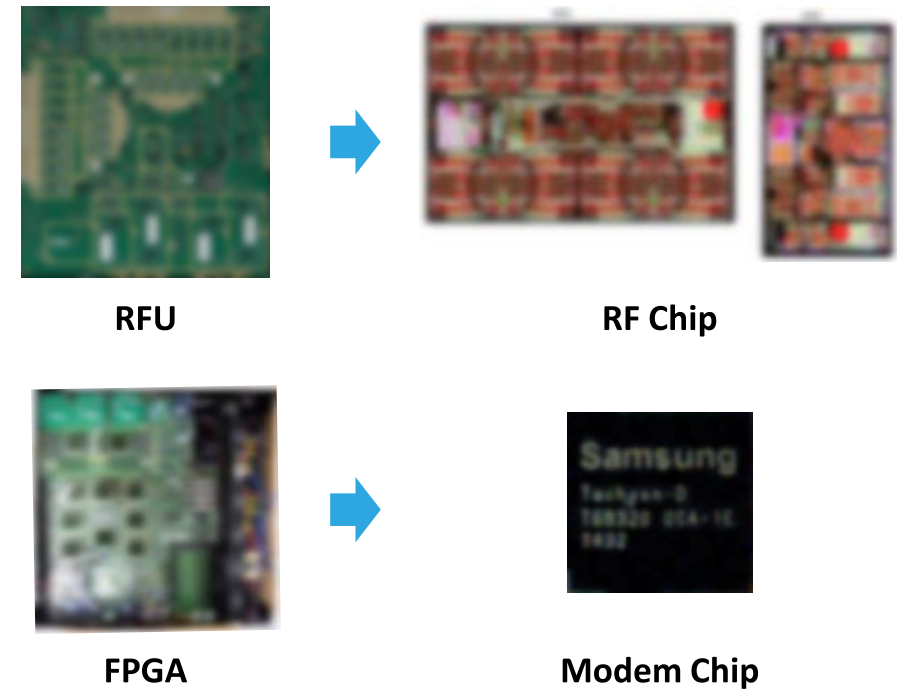
Samsung develops antenna, power amp for 5G

Samsung has developed an ultra-small antenna and a power amplifier that will make handsets and radio stations smaller for 5G.

28 GHz Array Antenna



28 GHz RF & Modem Chips



Device

(Customer Premise Equipment)



User self-installation

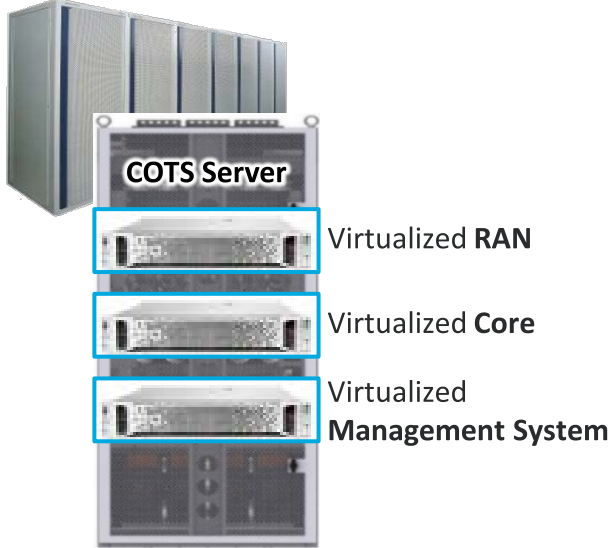
Access

(5G Access Unit)



Compact & simple installation

Core



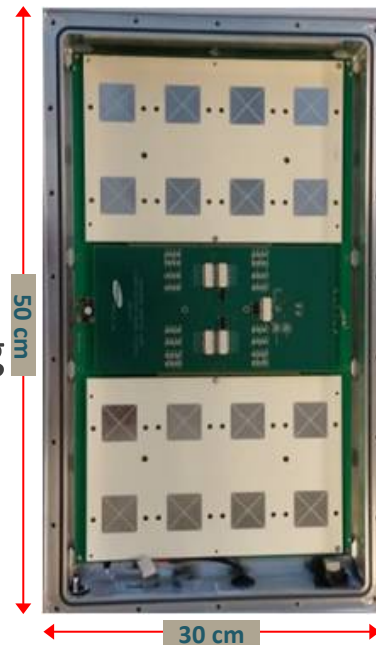
Virtualized RAN & Core Architecture

■ FD-MIMO with Massive Antenna Technologies

High-order(12 UEs) MU-MIMO demonstration by FD-MIMO system at 3.5GHz

Key Features

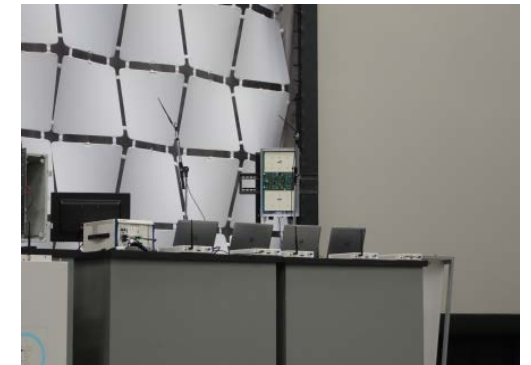
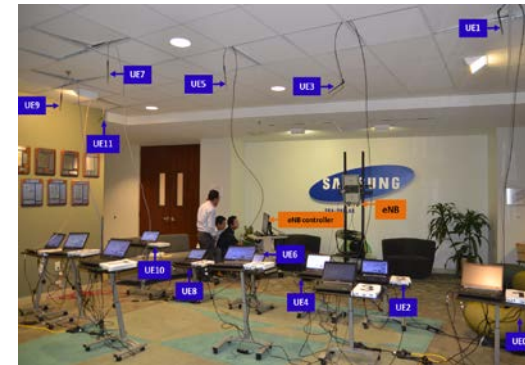
- LTE pre-release small-cell FD-MIMO
 - 20MHz BW TDD @3.5GHz, 32-TRX ports
 - Compact eNB with fully integrated array antenna, RF, and baseband
- Support of adaptive 3D-Beamforming and high-order MU-MIMO
 - Support of multi-user MIMO up to 8~12 UEs simultaneously



Inside
(RF/Antenna Board)

FD-MIMO MU-MIMO Test Results

- High-order multi-user MIMO with FD-MIMO PoC
 - 12-UE MU-MIMO indoor test: 422Mbps DL aggregated throughput
 - Realtime demo at NIWeek2015 (Aug. 2015, Austin TX)

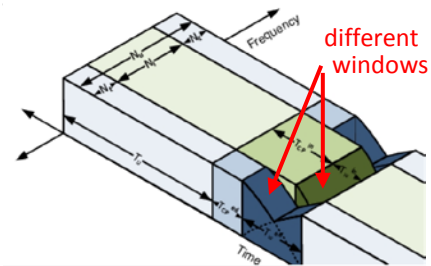


- New OFDM-based Waveform to Support Multiple Services in Same Frequency Band
- Enhanced Channel Coding Scheme for Multi-Gbps with Low Power Consumption

New Waveform & Multiple Access

- OFDM shaping with filtering/windowing
 - Spectrum confinement enhancement
 - Support of Coexistence for eMBB, URLLC, mMTC services

eMBB : enhanced Mobile-Broadband
 URLLC : Ultra-Reliable & Low Latency Comm.
 mMTC : massive Machine-Type Comm.



Multi-window OFDM

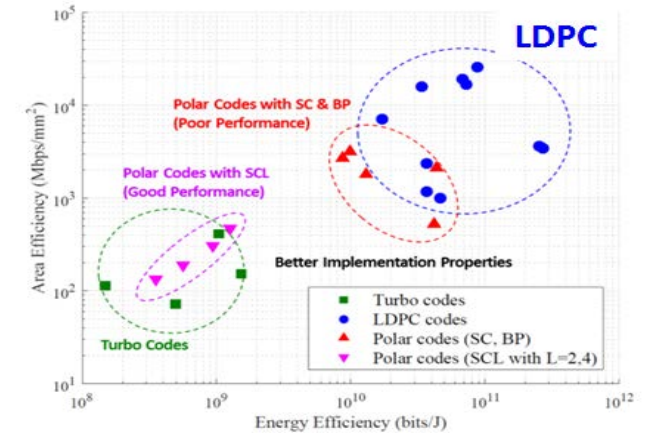
- Non-orthogonal MA (NOMA)
 - Spectral efficiency enhancement & low latency
 - Multiple UEs share the same time/freq. resources



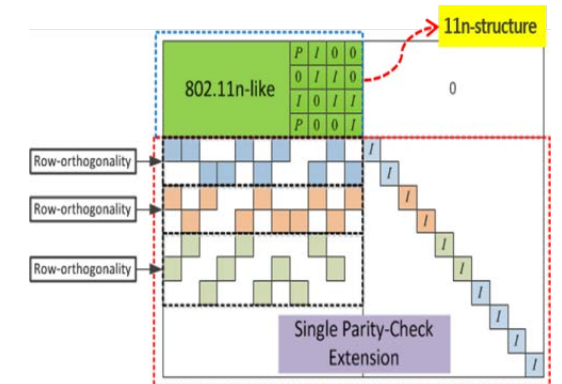
IGMA (Interleave-Grid Multiple Access)

Advanced Channel Coding

- LDPC for Multi-Gbps
 - Much better areal/energy efficiency for implementation

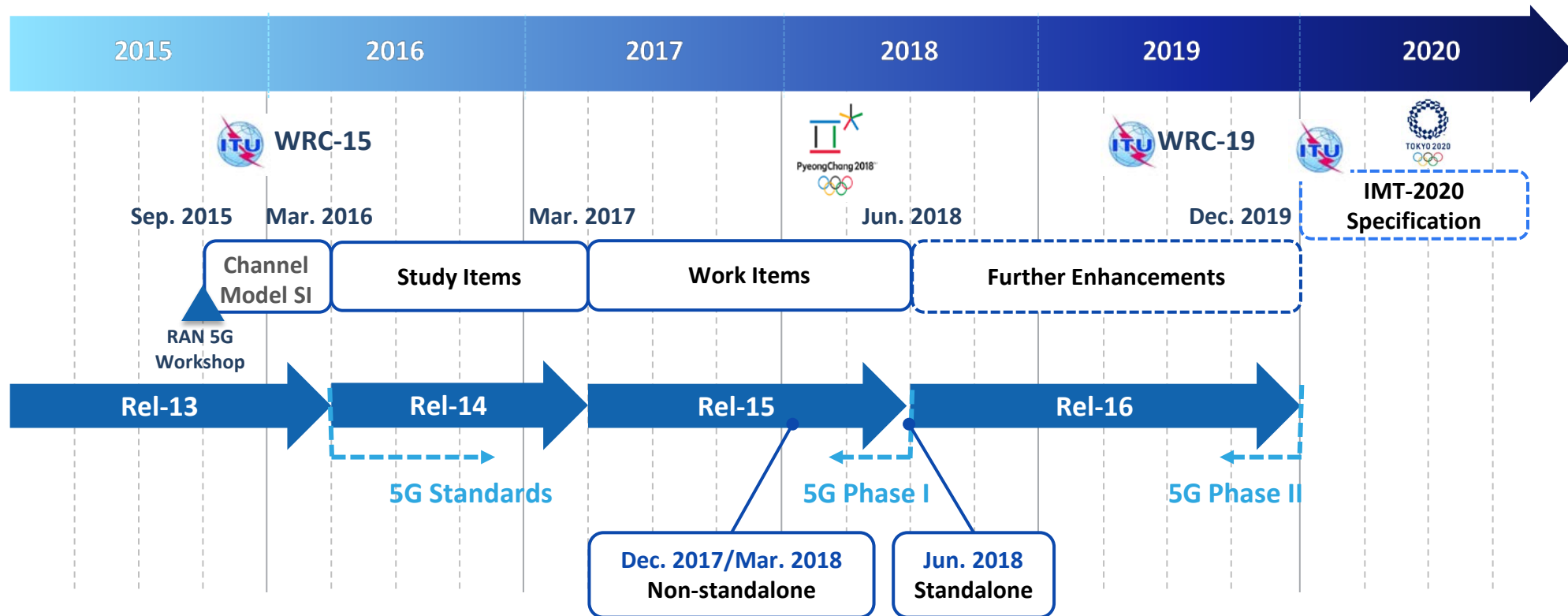


- LDPC-based IR-HARQ
 - Comparable performance to LTE Turbo IR-HARQ



3GPP Rel-15 Scope and Schedule

Scope : Above 6GHz & below 6GHz, both 5G standalone & non-standalone



5G Networks will Depend on Convergence and Aggregation of Network Components

Collaboration, Synergy and Interworking Competencies will Define the Success of 5G

Transforming Innovation ...

The collage illustrates various 5G innovations: a 3D network grid, a satellite map showing 5G coverage, a Samsung 5G van, a Polarization Interleaved Array diagram, a Single Parity-Check Extension diagram, a different window structure diagram, and a graph showing SNR Gain.

... to Practical Application

The 3D cityscape diagram illustrates the practical application of 5G, showing four main categories: 1. Fixed Broadband, 2. Mobile Broadband, 3. Mission Critical Service, and 4. Massive IoT. Various icons represent different use cases like police, ambulance, bank, and people.