

SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS Co., Ltd. 2021 Business Report

For the year ended December 31, 2021

Certain statements in the document, other than purely historical information, including estimates, projections, statements relating to our business plans, objectives and expected operating results, and the assumptions upon which those statements are based, are "forward-looking statements." Forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and assumptions that are subject to risks and uncertainties which may cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements. A detailed discussion of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results and events to differ materially from such forward-looking statements is included in our financial reports available on our website.

See, also, "Note on Forward-Looking Statements_ in preamble of "IV. Management Discussion and Analysis _.

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Certification

Letter of Certification

We, Jong-hee Han and Hark-kyu Park, as a CEO and the executive in charge of reporting, respectively, certify that we have thoroughly reviewed the annual business report of Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Based on our knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statements of material facts or omit any material facts; and it does not contain any statements that are intentionally misleading for the users of the information in the report.

We confirm that Samsung Electronics operates the Internal Controls over Financial Reporting, as defined in Article 8 of the Act on External Audit of Stock Companies.

Date: March 8, 2022

Jong-hee Han

Vice Chairman and CEO Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.

Executive responsible for reporting: Hark-kyu Park

President and CFO

President and CFO Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.

I. Corporate Overview

1. Overview

A. Legal, commercial name:

- Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.

B. Date of establishment:

- Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. ("SEC" or "the Company") was established as Samsung Electronics Industry Co., Ltd. on January 13, 1969, and held an initial public offering on June 11, 1975.
- SEC changed its name from Samsung Electronics Industry Co., Ltd. to Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. following a resolution passed at the Annual General Meeting (AGM) of shareholders on February 28, 1984.

C. Address, phone number, and English language website of the corporate headquarters

- Address: 129, Samsung-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon, Gyeonggi-do, Korea
- Phone Number: +82-31-200-1114
- Website: https://www.samsung.com/sec

D. Core businesses

- The Company (defined below) consists of business divisions that operate independently: CE (Consumer Electronics); IM (Information Technology & Mobile Communications); DS (Device Solutions); and Harman (Harman International Industries, Inc. and its subsidiaries), which produces automotive electronics components.

SEC is a global electronics firm consisting of headquarters in Korea and 228 subsidiaries (collectively, "Samsung Electronics" or the "Company") across the world, including 9 regional headquarters for the CE and IM Divisions, 5 regional headquarters for the DS Division, and the Harman Division's subsidiaries.

Key products in each Division are presented below:

Division	Key products	
CE	Vs, monitors, refrigerators, washing machines, air conditioners, etc.	
IM	HHPs, network systems, computers, etc.	
DS	DRAM, NAND flash, mobile APs, OLED panels for smartphones, etc.	
Harman	Digital cockpits, telematics, speakers, etc.	

In December 2021, the Company merged the CE and IM Divisions to create the DX Division.

[CE Division]

The CE Division manufactures TVs, monitors, refrigerators, washing machines and air conditioners, leading the global digital market with its differentiated technology, designs, and products, including premium TVs based on leading technologies such as Neo QLED; Lifestyle TVs that align with the lifestyles of customers who value experiences; and Bespoke products, which are customized to satisfy various needs of our customers.

TV is the core product of the CE Division and Samsung has maintained its position as the market leader in this category for 16 straight years. We will continue to strengthen our reputation as a global brand and add to our market power by continually releasing new products that satisfy the needs of our customers and reflect the current trends. At the same time, Samsung will continue to innovate in the premium and Lifestyle TV markets while strengthening global sales of Bespoke products.

[IM Division]

The IM Division manufactures and sells smart mobile devices, network systems, and computers. For smartphones, a key product of the business, we have developed a broad lineup ranging from low-end right through to premium models with the Galaxy series. Through the Galaxy Ecosystem, we will deliver top-notch Multi-Device experiences, allowing customers to conveniently and seamlessly use not just the mobile products but also the TV and home appliance products. At the same time, we will lead the global 5G market based on our end-to-end solutions, which encompass handsets, chipsets, as well as our commercialization experience in initial 5G markets.

[DS Division]

The Memory Business, System LSI Business, Foundry Business, and Display Panel ("DP") Business make up the DS Division. The Memory Business manufactures and sells DRAM and NAND products; the System LSI Business designs and sells mobile application processors ("mobile APs" or "APs") and camera sensor chips; the Foundry Business is in charge of consignment production of semiconductors; and the DP Business manufactures and sells display panels.

The Memory Business continues to maintain its position at the top of the global memory market by focusing on qualitative growth, including by applying advanced process technology in DRAM and NAND Flash products; differentiating our products via centering our business portfolio on high-value solutions; and enhancing cost competitiveness.

The System LSI Business has not been complacent, extending its focus from mobile to include automotive chips, and it is expanding its market power through actions such as satisfying demand with differentiated products—such as APs and CISs—based on its advanced manufacturing process technology, and by diversifying foundry suppliers. The Foundry Business is expanding by securing competitiveness via adopting core technologies and new structures in advanced processes, securing supply continuity of semiconductors amid global supply shortage and actively addressing continued strong demand for legacy processes.

In Display Panel Business, the mobile panel business's differentiated technology is a key factor behind the increased adoption of OLED panels, while our release of products in new applications—such as foldable devices, rollable devices, and automotives—has expanded the overall market. Meanwhile, the large panel business is focusing on premium products such as high-definition, ultra-large, QD TVs and is enhancing its competitiveness through continuous improvements in technology and productivity.

[Harman Division]

The Harman Division consists of the automotive component business, which designs and develops connected products and solutions for automakers; and the lifestyle audio business, which provides consumer audio products and professional audio solutions. Harman, as a leader in the automotive component market, supplies car manufacturers with products that apply innovative technologies. And in the audio market, it has been firmly establishing the brand reputation among consumers and audiophiles. Harman has established an internationally renowned brand and offers diverse product lines, using internal development as well as strategic acquisitions to strengthen its competitiveness in each business area.

F See "II. Businesses Overview_ for more details about each Division.

E. Subsidiaries subject to consolidated accounting (summary)

As of December 31, 2021, and in accordance with Korean International Financial Reporting Standards (K-IFRS) 1110, *Consolidated Financial Statements*, Samsung Electronics, the controlling company, had 228 consolidated subsidiaries, with the addition of 5 subsidiaries and reduction of 18 subsidiaries when compared to totals as of December 31, 2020.

Number of subsidiaries subject to consolidated accounting					
Classification	As of January 1, 2021	Added	Removed	As of December 31, 2021	Number of major subsidiaries
Listed	-	-	-	-	-
Unlisted	241	5	18	228	141
Total	241	5	18	228	141

See ^{[7}Appendix-1. Subsidiaries subject to consolidated accounting (detailed)_[for details.

[2021: Changes in subsidiaries subject to consolidated accounting]

Classification	Subsidiary	Reason
	Samsung Electronics Industry and Commerce Ltd. (SETK-P)	Establishment
	Samsung Semiconductor Investment L.P. I	Establishment
Newly consolidated	SVIC 52 New Technology Investment Association	Establishment
Consolidated	SVIC 55 New Technology Investment Association	Establishment
	SVIC 56 New Technology Investment Association	Establishment
	Viv Labs, Inc.	Merger
	Prismview, LLC	Merger
	Samsung Suzhou Module Co., Ltd. (SSM)	Sale
	Samsung Suzhou LCD Co., Ltd. (SSL)	Sale
No longer	Stellus Technologies, Inc.	Liquidation
consolidated	SigMast Communications Inc.	Liquidation
	Arcam Limited	Liquidation
	A&R Cambridge Limited	Liquidation
	Harman Connected Services Limited	Liquidation
	Martin Manufacturing (UK) Ltd	Liquidation

Classification	Subsidiary	Reason
	Samsung Electronics Huizhou Co., Ltd.(SEHZ)	Liquidation
	Shenzhen Samsung Electronics Telecommunication Co., Ltd.(SSET)	Liquidation
	Zhilabs Inc.	Liquidation
	TWS LATAM B, LLC	Liquidation
	TWS LATAM S, LLC	Liquidation
	SNB Technologies, Inc. Mexico, S.A. de C.V	Liquidation
	RT SV CO-INVEST, LP	Liquidation
	SVIC 27 New Technology Investment Association	Liquidation

F. Whether the Company is an SME

The Company is not subject to Article 2 of the Framework Act on Small and Medium Enterprises.

Small and medium enterprise	No
Venture company	No
Medium-sized enterprise	No

G. Credit rating

SEC's credit rating is assessed by two external credit ratings agencies. As of December 31, 2021, SEC's credit ratings were Aa3 with a stable investment outlook as rated by Moody's (US); and AA- with a stable investment outlook as rated by S&P (US).

Securities	Date	Ratings	Credit rating agency	Note
	May 2019	Aa3	Moody's	
	Jul 2019	AA-	S&P	
Corporate bond	Aug 2019	Aa3	Moody's	
(USD denominated; issued in	Jul 2020	AA-	S&P	Annual review
1997 and expire in 2027)	Sep 2020	Aa3	Moody's	
, ,	Jul 2021	AA-	S&P	
	Aug 2021	Aa3	Moody's	

Credit rating range: Moody's (Aaa-C), S&P (AAA-D)

[Credit ratings definitions]

	Moody's	Definition	S&P	Definition
	Aaa	Superior ability to repay debt obligations; lowest level of credit risk	AAA	Extremely strong ability to meet financial commitments; highest rating
	Aa1/Aa2/Aa3	High ability to repay debt obligations; very low credit risk	AA+/AA/AA-	Very strong capacity to meet financial commitments
Investment grade	A1/A2/A3	Upper-medium ability to repay debt obligations; low credit risk	A+/A/A-	Strong capacity to meet financial commitments; susceptible to adverse effects of changes in economic conditions
	Baa1/Baa2/Baa3	Medium ability to repay debt obligations; moderate credit risk, speculative factors	BBB+/BBB/BBB-	Adequate capacity to meet financial commitments; relatively more susceptible to adverse economic conditions
	Ba1/Ba2/Ba3	Speculative; substantial credit risk	BB+/BB/BB-	Major ongoing uncertainties; exposure to adverse business, financial, or economic conditions can impair ability to meet financial commitments
Speculative	B1/B2/B3	Speculative; high credit risk	B+/B/B-	More vulnerable to nonpayment than those rated BB; has capacity to meet financial commitments but adverse financial or economic conditions are likely to impair ability to continue doing so
grade	Саа	Speculative; very high credit risk	ссс	Vulnerable to nonpayment; dependent upon favorable business, financial, and economic conditions
	Са	Highly speculative; likelihood of being in or near default; some prospect for recovery of principal and interest	сс	Highly vulnerable to nonpayment; default has not yet occurred but expected to be a virtual certainty
	С	Typically in default; little prospect for recovery of principal or interest	с	Highly vulnerable to nonpayment; obligation is expected to have lower ultimate recovery vis-à- vis higher rated obligations

		D	In default or in breach of imputed promises, upon the filing of a bankruptcy petition or the taking of a similar action
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Please refer to [¶]III. Financial Affairs-7. Matters about financing through the issuance of securities_J for credit ratings on corporate bonds and commercial paper issued by the Company's subsidiaries.

H. Whether the Company is listed (or registered or designated) and matters related to special listed companies

The Company listed on the Korea Stock Exchange on June 11, 1975.

Listed (or registered or designated)	Date listed (or registered or designated)	Special listed company	Subject to regulations for special exception companies
Stock market (KOSPI)	June 11, 1975	No	No

2. Company history

A. Company history

Ion 12 1060	Samsung Electronics Manufacturing Incornerated
Jan 13, 1969	Samsung Electronics Manufacturing Incorporated
Jun 11, 1975	Listed on the Korea Stock Exchange
Feb 28, 1984	Renamed as Samsung Electronics
Nov 1, 1988	Merged with Samsung Semiconductor and Communications
Apr 1, 2012	Spun off the LCD division (established Samsung Display)
Mar 5, 2017	Released advanced Quantum dot-based QLED TV
Mar 10, 2017	SEA acquired shares of Harman International Industries, Inc. (100%)
Jul 4, 2017	Started operations at semiconductor production fab in Pyeongtaek, the largest such facility in the world
Nov 1, 2017	Sold Printing Solution business
Aug 30, 2018	Launched QLED 8K TVs with Quantum Dot technology
Apr 3, 2019	Launched Galaxy S10 5G, a 5G smartphone
Jun 4, 2019	Released Bespoke, a refrigerator customized to customers' lifestyles
Sep 4, 2019	Unveiled Exynos 980, 5G mobile processor
Sep 6, 2019	Unveiled Galaxy Fold, a foldable phone with a new form factor
Jan 29, 2020	Launched AI-technology-based Grande AI washer/dryer
Feb 4, 2020	Launched world's first ultra-high speed DRAM for AI and next-generation super computers
Feb 11, 2020	Unveiled Galaxy Z Flip, a foldable model with a new form factor
Aug 30, 2020	Started operation of Pyeongtaek Line 2, the world's largest semiconductor line
Jan 7, 2021	Unveiled Neo QLED TV
May 11, 2021	Announced expansion to the global market for Bespoke Home
Jun 3, 2021	Received certification for reducing carbon emissions, water use, and waste discharge for all of our
	semiconductor worksites, a first in the global semiconductor industry
Aug 11, 2021	Unveiled Galaxy Z Fold 3 and Galaxy Z Flip 3
Oct 12, 2021	Started mass producing the industry's most advanced 14-nano EUV DDR5 DRAM
Nov 9, 2021	Developed industry's first LPDDR5X DRAM
Nov 24, 2021	Announced investment in a new foundry production site in Taylor, Texas, USA
-, = • = -	

B. Company location and changes

The Company's head office is located at 129, Samsung-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon, Gyeonggi-do. There were no changes in the Company's head office location over the past five fiscal years.

C. Important changes in management executives

As of December 31, 2021, SEC's Board consisted of five Executive Directors (Ki-nam Kim, Hyun-suk Kim, Dongjin Koh, Jong-hee Han, and Yoon-ho Choi) and six Independent Directors (Jae-wan Bahk, Sun-uk Kim, Byung-gook Park, Jeong Kim, Curie Ahn, and Han-jo Kim).

Date	Type of	Арро	pinted	 Terms expired
of change	shareholder meeting	Newly appointed	Reappointed	or dismissed
Mar 23, 2018	AGM	Executive Director Sang-hoon Lee Executive Director Ki-nam Kim Executive Director Hyun-suk Kim Executive Director Dong-jin Koh Independent Director Jeong Kim Independent Director Sun-uk Kim Independent Director Byung-gook Park	-	Executive Director Oh-hyun Kwon Executive Director Boo-keun Yoon (resigned) Executive Director Jong-kyun Shin (resigned) Independent Director Han-joong Kim Independent Director Byeong-gi Lee
Mar 23, 2018	-	CEO Ki-nam Kim CEO Hyun-suk Kim CEO Dong-jin Koh	-	-
Mar 20, 2019	AGM	Independent Director Han-jo Kim Independent Director Curie Ahn	Independent Director Jae-wan Bahk	Independent Director In-ho Lee Independent Director Kwang-soo Song
Oct 26, 2019	-	-	-	Executive Director Jae-yong Lee
Feb 14, 2020	-	-	-	Executive Director Sang-hoon Lee (resigned)
Mar 18, 2020	AGM	Executive Director Jong-hee Han Executive Director Yoon-ho Choi	-	-
Mar 17, 2021	AGM	-	Executive Director Ki-nam Kim Executive Director Hyun-suk Kim Executive Director Dong-jin Koh Independent Director Byung-gook Park Independent Director Jeong Kim Independent Director Sun-uk Kim	-
Mar 17, 2021	-	-	CEO Ki-nam Kim CEO Hyun-suk Kim CEO Dong-jin Koh	-
Dec 31, 2021	-	-	-	Executive Director Yoon-ho Choi (resigned)
Feb 15, 2022	-	CEO Jong-hee Han	-	CEO Ki-nam Kim (resigned) CEO Hyun-suk Kim (resigned) CEO Dong-jin Koh (resigned)

D. Changes in the major shareholder

The major shareholder changed to Samsung Life Insurance as the shares of the previous major shareholder were inherited by beneficiaries on April 29, 2021.

(As of December 31, 202	21)				
Date of Change	Name of major shareholder	Number of shares owned	Share ratio	Reason for change	Note
Apr 29, 2021	Samsung Life Insurance	1,263,050,053	21.16%	Shares of the previous major shareholder were inherited by beneficiaries	-

Number of shares owned and share ratio are the sum of those of major shareholder and its related parties, and the number of shares is based on shares with voting rights (including those with limited voting rights in accordance with relevant laws).

Please refer to ^TVII. Information on Shareholders₁ for details on the major shareholder.

E. Company name changes

In 2017, Quietside LLC, New Net Communication Technologies (Canada), Inc., and Martin Professional ApS changed their names to Samsung HVAC America, LLC, SigMast Communications Inc., and Harman Professional Denmark ApS, respectively.

In 2018, Harman Connected Services Finland OY, and Harman Professional Singapore Pte. Ltd changed their names to Harman Finland Oy, and Harman Singapore Pte. Ltd., respectively.

In 2019, Samsung Electronics Greece S.A. (SEGR) changed its name to Samsung Electronics Greece S.M.S.A. (SEGR).

In 2021, Samsung Electronics Portuguesa S.A. (SEP) changed its name to Samsung Electronics Portuguesa, Unipessoal, Lda. (SEP).

 \square Details are for SEC and major subsidiaries of SEC. See [1]. Subsidiaries subject to consolidated accounting (detailed) in [XII]. Appendix for details.

F. Mergers and acquisitions

In 2017, Samsung Electronics America, Inc. (SEA) acquired full ownership of Harman International Industries, Inc.

In 2018, Samsung Electronics America, Inc. merged with Samsung Pay, Inc.; and Harman Connected Services, Inc. merged with Harman Connected Services Holding Corp. In the same year, SEA sold its full stake in NexusDX, Inc.

In 2019, Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V. (SEBN) acquired shares of Corephotonics Ltd. In the same year, SEC acquired a PLP business from affiliate Samsung Electro-Mechanics. In addition, Harman Becker Automotive Systems Manufacturing Kft merged with Duran Audio B.V.; and Samsung (China) Investment Co., Ltd. (SCIC) merged with Samsung Electronics (Beijing) Service Company Limited (SBSC).

In 2021, Samsung Research America, Inc. (SRA) merged with Viv Labs, Inc. Furthermore, Samsung Electronics America, Inc. (SEA) merged with Prismview, LLC.

 \square Details are for SEC and major subsidiaries of SEC. See [1]. Subsidiaries subject to consolidated accounting (detailed) in [XII]. Appendix for details.

G. Important changes in the Company's business

There were no changes over the past five fiscal years.

H. Changes in organizational structure

In March 2017, the Company acquired shares of Harman International Industries, Inc. and added the Harman Division. In June 2017, the System LSI business was divided into Foundry and System LSI businesses.

	Before	After
	CE Division (Visual Display, Digital Appliances, Medical Devices)	CE Division (Visual Display, Digital Appliances, Medical Devices)
Business organization	IM Division (Mobile, Network)	IM Division (Mobile, Network)
	DS Division (Memory, System LSI, DP)	DS Division (Memory, System LSI, Foundry, DP)
	-	Harman Division
Regional	Korea, North America, Latin America, Europe, CIS, Southwest Asia, Southeast Asia, China, Middle East, Africa	Korea, North America, Latin America, Europe, CIS, Southwest Asia, Southeast Asia, China, Middle East, Africa
headquarters	Americas (DS), Europe (DS), China (DS), Southeast Asia (DS), Japan (DS)	Americas (DS), Europe (DS), China (DS), Southeast Asia (DS), Japan (DS)

Health & Medical Equipment Business was excluded from the CE Division in 1Q18, but it was included again in 1Q20.

In December 2021, the Company merged its CE Division and IM Division to create the DX Division; the Mobile Communications Business was renamed the Mobile eXperience (MX) Business.

This report was written based on previous divisions, and the changed corporate structure will be reflected starting from the 1Q22 Interim Report.

[As of December 2021]

	Before	After	
	CE Division (Visual Display, Digital Appliances, Medical Devices)	DX Division (Visual Display, Digital Appliances,	
Business	IM Division (Mobile, Network)	Medical Devices, Mobile eXperience, Network)	
organization	DS Division (Memory, System LSI, Foundry, DP)	DS Division (Memory, System LSI, Foundry, DP)	
	Harman Division	Harman Division	
Regional	Korea, North America, Latin America, Europe, CIS, Southwest Asia, Southeast Asia, China, Middle East, Africa	Korea, North America, Latin America, Europe, CIS, Southwest Asia, Southeast Asia, China, Middle East, Africa	
headquarters	Americas (DS), Europe (DS), China (DS), Southeast Asia (DS), Japan (DS)	Americas (DS), Europe (DS), China (DS), Southea Asia (DS), Japan (DS)	

3. Changes in paid-in capital

There were no changes in paid-in capital over the past five fiscal years.

Due to the retirement of shares, the total par value of the shares issued is KRW 679,267 million (KRW 596,978 million in common stock and KRW 82,289 million in preferred stock), which is not equivalent to paid-in capital of KRW 897,514 million.

		(KRW, shares)
Type of stock	Classification	December 31, 2021
	Number of issued shares	5,969,782,550
Common	Par value	100
	Paid-in capital	596,978,255,000
	Number of issued shares	822,886,700
Preferred	Par value	100
	Paid-in capital	82,288,670,000
Total	Paid-in capital	679,266,925,000

4. Stock information

A. Total number of shares

As of December 31, 2021, SEC's issued shares on a cumulative basis totaled 7,780,466,850 registered common shares and 1,194,671,350 registered, non-voting preferred shares; and the Company had canceled 1,810,684,300 common shares and 371,784,650 preferred shares in accordance with resolutions of the Board of Directors (the Board). As of the same date, issued shares and shares outstanding totaled 5,969,782,550 for common shares and 822,886,700 for preferred shares.

[As of Dec 31, 2021]				(Shares)
Cleasification		Nata		
Classification	Common	Preferred	Total	Note
I. Authorized shares	20,000,000,000	5,000,000,000	25,000,000,000	-
II. Issued shares (cumulative)	7,780,466,850	1,194,671,350	8,975,138,200	-
III. Decrease in number of shares (cumulative)	1,810,684,300	371,784,650	2,182,468,950	-
1. Capital reduction	-	-	-	-
2. Cancellation	1,810,684,300	371,784,650	2,182,468,950	Treasury shares
3. Redemption	-	-	-	-
4. Other	-	-	-	-
IV. Issued shares (II-III)	5,969,782,550	822,886,700	6,792,669,250	-

V. Treasury shares	-	-	-	-
VI. Outstanding shares	5,969,782,550	822,886,700	6,792,669,250	-

Post-split basis; SEC conducted a 50:1 stock split effective from May 3, 2018, lowering par value of every common and preferred share from KRW 5,000 to KRW 100.

B. Treasury shares

In 2018, SEC completed the cancellation of all shares held in treasury as a part of its shareholder return policy, and no acquisition/disposal transaction of treasury shares was made during the reporting period.

[As of Dec 31, 2021] (Shares)								
		Period-						
Acquisition method	Share type	start	Acquisition (+)	Disposal (-)	Cancellation (-)	Period-end		
Intra-market direct acquisition	Common	-	-	-	-	-		
(within dividend related capital gains limit)	Preferred	-	-	-	-	-		
Acquisition from a trust agreement	Common	-	-	-	-	-		
(within dividend related capital gains limit)	Preferred	-	-	-	-	-		
Tatal	Common	-	-	-	-	-		
Total	Preferred	-	-	-	-	-		

C. Types of registered stock

SEC has two types of registered equity securities: 1) common stock; 2) non-voting and non-cumulative preferred stock.

The shareholders of preferred stock are entitled to dividend payments of an additional 1% of par value compared to shareholders of common stock.

As of December 31, 2021, the number of issued non-cumulative and non-voting preferred stock totaled 822,886,700.

[Current stat	tus of issued preferred stock]		(KRW, Shares)	
	Classification	Contents		
	Issued date	Aug 25, 1989 (firs	t issued date)	
	Par value per share	100		
Total amou	nt issued (based on par value) / total number of shares issued to date	119,467,000,000	1,194,671,350	
	Amount to date / number of shares to date	82,289,000,000	822,886,700	
Details	Matters on dividend	Entitled to dividend paymen par value compared t		
on stock	Matters on residuary distribution	-		

	Classification	Contents
	Redemption conditions	-
	Redemption method	-
Matters on redemption	Redemption period	-
reactingtion	Redemption value per share	-
	Redemption expected within a year	-
	Conversion conditions (including changes in conversion ratio)	-
Matter	Conversion period	-
Matters on conversion	Types of shares to be issued with the conversion	-
	Number of shares to be issued after the conversion	-
	Matters on voting rights	No voting rights
	when making investment decisions (matters on eement and financial covenants, etc.)	-

Due to the cancellation of shares, the total par value of issued stocks is KRW 82,289 million and is thus different from the paid-in capital (KRW 119,467 million).

The total number of shares issued to date and the number of shares to date above reflect the changes in the number of shares due to the stock split in 2018.

		Details of increase/decrease					
Date	Change	Туре	Number of shares	Par value per share	Total par value	Issue price per share	Total issue price
Aug 25, 1989	Rights issue	Preferred	3,400,000	5,000	17,000,000,000	28,800	97,920,000,000
Aug 25, 1989	Bonus issue	Preferred	340,000	5,000	1,700,000,000	5,000	1,700,000,000
Oct 29, 1990	Exercise of conversion rights	Preferred	371,620	5,000	1,858,100,000	29,600	10,999,952,000
Mar 19, 1991	Exercise of conversion rights	Preferred	40,898	5,000	204,490,000	29,341	1,199,988,218
Mar 30, 1991	Exercise of conversion rights	Preferred	5,112	5,000	25,560,000	29,341	149,991,192
Apr 8, 1991	Exercise of conversion rights	Preferred	1,704	5,000	8,520,000	29,341	49,997,064
May 17, 1991	DR issuance	Preferred	1,907,671	5,000	9,538,355,000	37,973	72,439,990,883
Jul 24, 1991	Exercise of conversion rights	Preferred	34,081	5,000	170,405,000	29,341	999,970,621
Jul 30, 1991	Exercise of conversion rights	Preferred	20,449	5,000	102,245,000	29,341	599,994,109
Jul 31, 1991	Exercise of conversion rights	Preferred	64,754	5,000	323,770,000	29,341	1,899,947,114
Aug 30, 1991	Exercise of	Preferred	214,716	5,000	1,073,580,000	29,341	6,299,982,156

		Details of increase/decrease							
Date	Change	Туре	Number of shares	Par value per share	Total par value	Issue price per share	Total issue price		
	conversion rights								
Sep 30, 1991	Exercise of conversion rights	Preferred	20,448	5,000	102,240,000	29,341	599,964,768		
Jun 17, 1993	DR issuance	Preferred	2,542,372	5,000	12,711,860,000	47,312	120,284,704,064		
Oct 29, 1993	Exercise of conversion rights	Preferred	105,999	5,000	529,995,000	28,302	2,999,983,698		
Nov 12, 1993	DR issuance	Preferred	2,158,273	5,000	10,791,365,000	55,975	120,809,331,175		
Nov 29, 1993	Exercise of conversion rights	Preferred	58,295	5,000	291,475,000	28,302	1,649,865,090		
Nov 30, 1993	Exercise of conversion rights	Preferred	19,079	5,000	95,395,000	28,302	539,973,858		
Apr 6, 1994	DR issuance	Preferred	1,086,956	5,000	5,434,780,000	74,502	80,980,395,912		
Jun 3, 1994	Exercise of conversion rights	Preferred	16,027	5,000	80,135,000	25,809	413,640,843		
Jun 6, 1994	Exercise of conversion rights	Preferred	9,072	5,000	45,360,000	25,809	234,139,248		
Jun 13, 1994	Exercise of conversion rights	Preferred	17,236	5,000	86,180,000	25,809	444,843,924		
Jun 22, 1994	Exercise of	Preferred	1,209	5,000	6,045,000	25,809	31,203,081		

		Details of increase/decrease					
Date	Change	Туре	Number of shares	Par value per share	Total par value	Issue price per share	Total issue price
	conversion rights						
Jun 27, 1994	Exercise of conversion rights	Preferred	16,632	5,000	83,160,000	25,809	429,255,288
Jun 28, 1994	Exercise of conversion rights	Preferred	54,131	5,000	270,655,000	25,809	1,397,066,979
Jun 29, 1994	Exercise of conversion rights	Preferred	292,127	5,000	1,460,635,000	25,809	7,539,505,743
Jun 30, 1994	Exercise of conversion rights	Preferred	52,922	5,000	264,610,000	25,809	1,365,863,898
Jul 1, 1994	Exercise of conversion rights	Preferred	232,854	5,000	1,164,270,000	25,809	6,009,728,886
Jul 4, 1994	Exercise of conversion rights	Preferred	116,426	5,000	582,130,000	25,809	3,004,838,634
Jul 5, 1994	Exercise of conversion rights	Preferred	188,401	5,000	942,005,000	25,809	4,862,441,409
Jul 6, 1994	Exercise of conversion rights	Preferred	686,164	5,000	3,430,820,000	25,809	17,709,206,676
Jul 7, 1994	Exercise of conversion rights	Preferred	270,349	5,000	1,351,745,000	25,809	6,977,437,341

		Details of increase/decrease					
Date	Change	Туре	Number of shares	Par value per share	Total par value	Issue price per share	Total issue price
Jul 8, 1994	Exercise of conversion rights	Preferred	977,068	5,000	4,885,340,000	25,809	25,217,148,012
Jul 12, 1994	Exercise of conversion rights	Preferred	6,048	5,000	30,240,000	25,809	156,092,832
Jul 19, 1994	Exercise of conversion rights	Preferred	68,040	5,000	340,200,000	25,809	1,756,044,360
Jul 20, 1994	Exercise of conversion rights	Preferred	4,232	5,000	21,160,000	25,809	109,223,688
Aug 12, 1994	Exercise of conversion rights	Preferred	944	5,000	4,720,000	25,502	24,073,888
Mar 13, 1995	Bonus issue	Preferred	3,028,525	5,000	15,142,625,000	5,000	15,142,625,000
Mar 13, 1996	Bonus issue	Preferred	5,462,593	5,000	27,312,965,000	5,000	27,312,965,000
Apr 14, 2003	Share cancellation	Preferred	-470,000	5,000	-2,350,000,000	-	-
Jan 15, 2004	Share cancellation	Preferred	-330,000	5,000	-1,650,000,000	-	-
May 4, 2004	Share cancellation	Preferred	-260,000	5,000	-1,300,000,000	-	-
Jan 15, 2016	Share cancellation	Preferred	-1,240,000	5,000	-6,200,000,000	-	-
Apr 20, 2016	Share cancellation	Preferred	-530,000	5,000	-2,650,000,000	-	-
Jul 19, 2016	Share cancellation	Preferred	-320,000	5,000	-1,600,000,000	-	-

		Details of increase/decrease						
Date	Change	Туре	Number of shares	Par value per share	Total par value	lssue price per share	Total issue price	
Sep 28, 2016	Share cancellation	Preferred	-230,000	5,000	-1,150,000,000	-	-	
Apr 12, 2017	Share cancellation	Preferred	-255,000	5,000	-1,275,000,000	-	-	
May 2, 2017	Share cancellation	Preferred	-1,614,847	5,000	5,000 -8,074,235,000		-	
Jul 24, 2017	Share cancellation	Preferred	-225,000	5,000	-1,125,000,000	-	-	
Oct 25, 2017	Share cancellation	Preferred	-168,000	5,000	-840,000,000	-	-	
Jan 30, 2018	Share cancellation	Preferred	-178,000	5,000	-890,000,000	-	-	
May 3, 2018	Stock split	Preferred	885,556,420	100				
Dec 4, 2018	Share cancellation	Preferred	-80,742,300	100	-8,074,230,000	-	-	
	Preferred stock total		822,886,700		82,288,670,000		642,261,376,652	

5. Changes to Articles of Incorporation

The most recent changes to the Articles of Incorporation took place on March 23, 2018. There were no other changes in the Articles of Incorporation in the past three fiscal years or in 2021 as of the disclosure date of the Korean version of this report. Moreover, the agenda for the 2022 AGM, which was held after the disclosure date of the Korean version of this report, did not include any items on changes to the Articles of Incorporation.

For details of the agenda items for the 2022 AGM, please refer to the "Announcement of Shareholders' Meeting" disclosed on Financial Supervisory Service's DART (http://dart.fss.or.kr) on February 15, 2022.

II. Businesses Overview

1. Overview

In addition to our headquarters in Korea, Samsung Electronics consists of 228 subsidiaries across the world responsible for sales and production. There are 9 regional headquarters for CE and IM Divisions, 5 regional headquarters for the DS Division, and Harman Division's subsidiaries.

The Company's business divisions are organized in a two-pronged framework consisting of finished products and component businesses. The finished product business consists of the CE and IM Divisions, and the component business consists of the Semiconductor and DP Business Units. The CE Division is responsible for the production and sales of TVs, monitors, refrigerators, washing machines, and air conditioners; and the IM Division focuses on the production and sales of HHPs, which includes smartphones, as well as network systems, and computers. The DS Division consists of the Semiconductor business which manufactures and sells DRAM, NAND flash, mobile APs, and other semiconductor-related products, and the DP Business, which manufactures and sells display panels, including mobile OLED panels and LCD panels for TVs and monitors. The Harman Division (acquired in 2017) manufactures and sells products such as Digital cockpit, telematics, and speakers.

See C. Current status of each division and D. Financial summary by division in ^T7. Other information₁ for more details about each Division.

The Company's corporate headquarters—which oversees the CE and IM Divisions and the semiconductor business—as well as 31 consolidated subsidiaries are located in Korea.

The Company's corporate headquarters is divided along Divisions and/or Businesses, which are located in Suwon, Gumi, Gwangju, Giheung, Hwaseong, Pyeongtaek, etc. The Company's unlisted domestic subsidiaries include Samsung Display for display panel production, Samsung Electronics Sales for domestic retail sales, Samsung Electronics Service for aftersales services, and Samsung Electronics Logitech for logistics.

We have 197 unlisted overseas subsidiaries for product manufacturing, sales, and R&D, with locations in the US, Europe/CIS, Middle East/Africa, and Asia, etc.

We have 46 subsidiaries in North America, including SEA (New Jersey; responsible for the sales of finished products including TV and HHPs), SII (California; manufacturing of TVs), SSI (California; sales of semiconductors and DPs), SAS (Texas; manufacturing of semiconductor products), SEDA (Brazil; manufacturing of multiple finished products) and Harman (Connecticut; automotive components) in the US.

In Europe and CIS, we operate 71 subsidiaries. These include SEUK (UK), SEG (Germany), SEF (France), SEI (Italy), SERC (Russia) for sales of finished products; SEH (Hungary) and SERK (Russia) for manufacturing TVs, and SEPM (Poland) for manufacturing home appliances.

We have 20 subsidiaries in Middle East and Africa, including SGE (UAE) and SSA (South Africa) for sales of finished products and SEEG (Egypt) and SSAP (South Africa) for manufacturing TVs.

We have 30 subsidiaries in Asia (ex China), including SESP (Singapore), SEAU (Australia), SEPCO (Philippines), and SME (Malaysia), which are responsible for regional sales. In addition, we operate numerous production sites including SEV and SEVT (Vietnam) for HHPs, SEHC (Vietnam) for TVs, SDV (Vietnam) for DPs, and SIEL (India) for multiple products.

We operate 30 subsidiaries in China, including SCIC (Beijing) and SEHK (Hong Kong) for the sales of finished products in those regions; and SSS (Shanghai) and SSCX (Xian) for semiconductors and DPs sales. Production sites for finished products include SSEC (Suzhou) and semiconductor production facilities are located in SCS (Xian) among others.

☞ See [[]1. Subsidiaries subject to consolidated accounting (detailed) in [[]XII. Appendix for more details about subsidiaries.

The Company recorded total revenue of KRW 279,604.8 billion as of end year, an increase of 18.1% year-on-year. Major customers (listed in alphabetical order) included Apple, Best Buy, Deutsche Telekom, Supreme Electronics and Verizon.

2. Key products and services

A. Revenue

SEC is involved in the production and sales of finished products, including TVs, refrigerators, washers, air conditioners, HHPs and components such as semiconductors (DRAM, NAND Flash, mobile APs) and display panels. Through Harman, the Company also produces and sells products such as digital cockpits and telematics.

In 2021, CE reported revenue of KRW 55,832.4 billion (20% of total net sales) and IM reported revenue of KRW 109,251.4 billion (39.1%). DS contributed approximately 44.7% of revenue, reporting KRW 94,158.6 billion (33.7%) by Semiconductor business and 31,712.5 billion (11.3%) by DP business. The Harman Division reported net sales of KRW 10,039.9 billion (3.6%).

		-		(KRW 100 mil)
	Division	Major products	Revenue	Portion
CE		TVs, monitors, refrigerators, washing machines, air conditioners, etc.	558,324	20.0%
IM		HHPs, network systems, computers, etc.	1,092,514	39.1%
	Semiconductor	DRAM, NAND flash, mobile APs, etc.	941,586	33.7%
DS DP Others	DP	OLED smartphone panels, LCD TV panels, LCD monitor panels, etc.	317,125	11.3%
	Others	Overlapping internal transactions within Division	-7,821	-0.3%
	DS total		1,250,890	44.7%
Harma	an	Digital cockpit, telematics, speakers, etc.	100,399	3.6%
Others Overlapping internal transactions between Divisions		-206,079	-7.4%	
Total			2,796,048	100.0%

Includes inter-divisional transactions.

See ^[]4. Sales and long-term contracts ^[] for sales by each product.

B. Average selling price changes

In 2021, the ASP of TVs increased approximately 32% and that of HHPs increased approximately 6% year-on-year. The ASP of memory products fell by approximately 3% year-on-year, and display panel (OLED panels for smartphones) ASP decreased approximately 4%. The ASP of digital cockpits declined approximately 7% year-on-year.

3. Production materials and production facilities

A. Key production materials

For the CE Division, key materials include display panels, which are supplied by CSOT and other companies. For the IM Division, key materials include camera modules and mobile AP, which are supplied by Semco, Qualcomm and others. For the DS Division, key materials include Wafer, chemicals, FPCAs, windows with suppliers including SK Siltron, Soulbrain, BH, Apple, etc. For the Harman division, key materials include SoC (system-on-chip) products and memory products for in-vehicle solutions, which are supplied by Nvidia, Avnet, etc.

	Division	Type of purchase	Item	Specific usage	Purchase price	Portion ¹⁾	(KRW 100 m Main supplier(s)
CE		Production materials	Display panel	Color picture signaler for TV, monitor	105,823	33.5%	CSOT, AUO, BOE, etc.
		Production materials	Steel	Digital appliance outer- case	16,671	5.3%	Posco, Dongkuk Steel Mill, etc.
		Production materials	Others	-	193,437	66.5%	
			Division to	tal	315,931	100.0%	
		Production materials	Camera module	Camera for mobile	58,496	15.1%	Semco, Partron, etc.
		Production materials	Mobile AP	CPU	62,116	16.0%	Qualcomm, MediaTek, etc.
	IM	Production materials	Display panel	Color picture signaler for mobile	25,136	6.5%	BOE, CSOT, etc.
		Production materials	Others	-	241,576	62.4%	
			Division to	tal	387,324	100.0%	
	Semiconductor	Production materials	Wafer	Semiconductor disk	23,132	8.4%	SK Siltron, Sumco etc.
		Production materials	Chemical	Disk processing	17,605	6.4%	Soulbrain, DongWoo Fine Chem, etc.
		Production materials	Others	-	107,074	39.1%	
		Business total			147,811	53.9%	
DS		Production materials	FPCA	Circuit	28,311	10.3%	BH, Apple, etc
	DP	Production materials	Window	Tempered glass	22,008	8.0%	Apple, Lens, etc.
		Production materials	Others	-	73,435	26.8%	
			Business to	otal	123,754	45.2%	
	Others	Production materials	-	-	2,450	0.9%	
			Division to	tal	274,015	100.0%	
		Production materials	SoC	Chips for vehicles	4,886	8.2%	Nvidia, Renesas, etc.
Harman		Production materials	Automotive memory chip	Chips for vehicles	4,564	7.7%	Avnet, Microchip, etc.
		Production materials	Others	-	49,870	84.1%	
			Division to	tal	59,320	100.0%	
	Others	Production materials	-	-	597	-	
			Total		1,037,187	-	

Purchase price does not include sales between Divisions.

Semco is a subsidiary. 1) Portion of purchase price of each item compared to total purchase price for each Division's raw materials.

B. Production material price trends

The price of TV and monitor display panels, which are the major production materials for the CE Division, increased approximately 39% year-on-year. For the IM Division, compared to last year, the price of camera modules and display panels for mobile decreased approximately 44% and 9% respectively. The price of mobile APs increased approximately 19%. For the DS Division, the price of wafers for semiconductor disks and FPCAs increased approximately 1% and 8% year-on-year respectively. Prices of tempered glass windows decreased approximately 16% year-on-year. For the Harman division, the prices of SoCs and memory for vehicles decreased approximately 1% and 2% respectively.

C. Production capacity, output, utilization rate

(Capacity)

		Capacity				
Division	ltem	2021	2020	2019		
CE	Image devices	54,235	51,538	51,418		
IM	HHP	319,550	321,600	346,960		
50	Memory	1,756,009,941	1,230,287,321	988,104,491		
DS	Display panel	3,604	7,274	8,236		
Harman	Digital cockpit	9,066	9,362	7,921		

Production capacity for major product categories on a consolidated basis.

The CE and IM Divisions' production capacity, by major product, is calculated as follows:

• the average number of lines (x) the average output per hour (x) the average operation hours per day (x) standard days of operation

Memory production capacity for the DS Division is calculated as follows:

• converted output (after packaging, 1Gb equivalent) ÷ the utilization rate

Display panel production capacity is calculated as follows:

• the total producible panel surface area ÷ the dimensions of eighth generation glass (2200x2500mm)

Harman's production capacity for Digital cockpit is calculated as follows:

• the number of production (assembly and test) cells for each customer/product (x) the production capacity per hour by production cell (x) the standard operation hours per day (x) standard days of operation

(1,000 unite)

(Output)

In 2021, the CE Division's output of image devices was 44,133 thousand units (major production sites: Mexico, Vietnam, Brazil, and Hungary). The IM Division's HHP output was 260,501 thousand units (major production sites: Korea [Gumi], Vietnam, India, and Brazil). The DS Division's memory output (1Gb equivalent) was 1,756,010 million (major production sites: Korea [Hwaseong, Pyeongtaek] and China). The DP Division's output of display panels was 2,849 thousand units (major production sites: Korea [Cheonan, Asan]). The Harman Division's Digital cockpit output was 6,928 thousand units.

				(1,000 units)
			Output	
Division	Item	2021	2020	2019
CE	Image devices	44,133	48,244	43,964
IM	HHP	260,501	249,218	318,635
D0	Memory	1,756,009,941	1,230,287,321	988,104,491
DS	Display panel	2,849	5,977	6,567
Harman	Digital cockpit	6,928	6,116	6,459

Output for major product categories on a consolidated basis.

(Utilization rate)

In 2021, CE and IM utilization rates were calculated as actual output relative to production capacity. The utilization rates were 81.4% for Image devices and 81.5% for HHPs.

				(1,000 units)
Division	2021			
	ltem	Production capacity	Output	Utilization rate
CE	Image devices	54,235	44,133	81.4%
IM	HHP	319,550	260,501	81.5%

The DS Division operates memory and display panel production in three shifts (24 hours a day). Cumulative operating days including holidays were 365 days in 2021. The utilization rate was calculated as the actual production time relative to the potential production capacity [operating days (x) number of production lines (x) 24 hours].

				(Hours)
D			2021	
Division	Item	Potential production time	Actual production time	Utilization rate
De	Memory	78,840	78,840	100.0%
DS	Display Panel	48,864	48,864	100.0%

In 2021, Harman's utilization rate was 76.4% and was calculated as actual output relative to production capacity.

				(1,000 units)		
	Item	2021				
Division		Production capacity	Output	Utilization rate		
Harman	Digital cockpit	9,066	6,928	76.4%		

D. Production facilities and investment

(Key facilities for production and operation)

The Company's operational activities include production, development, marketing, and sales. In Korea, operations are located in Suwon, Gumi, Gwangju, Hwaseong, Pyeongtaek, and Asan. Overseas operations in North America, Europe, and China include a total of nine regional headquarters under the CE and IM Divisions, five regional headquarters under the DS Division, and Harman Division and its subsidiaries.

[Operations]

Region	Operations	Location		
	Suwon	Suwon		
	Seocho	Seoul		
	Woomyeon	Seoul		
	Giheung	Yongin		
	Hwaseong	Hwaseong		
Korea	Pyeongtaek	Pyeongtaek		
(12)	Cheonan	Cheonan		
	Onyang	Onyang		
	Asan	Asan		
	Gumi1	Gumi		
	Gumi2	Gumi		
	Gwangju	Gwangju		
	North America	New Jersey, US		
	Europe	Surrey, UK		
	China	Beijing, China		
Overseas	Southeast Asia	Singapore, Singapore		
(CE and IM Divisions - nine	Southwest Asia	Haryana, India		
regional headquarters)	CIS	Moscow, Russia		
	Middle East	Dubai, UAE		
	Africa	Johannesburg, South Africa		
	Latin America	Sao Paolo, Brazil		
	Americas	San Jose, US		
Overseas	Europe	Eschborn, Germany		
(DS Division - five regional	China	Shanghai, China		
headquarters)	Southeast Asia	Singapore, Singapore		
	Japan	Tokyo, Japan		
Harman	North America HQ	Connecticut, US		

Harman's automotive business is mainly based in the US (Novi, MI) and in Germany (Garching), and its Lifestyle business is located in the US (Northridge, CA)

The Company's property, plant and equipment include land, buildings and structures, machinery and equipment, and construction in progress. As of December 31, 2021, the total book value was KRW 149,928.5 billion, which is an increase of KRW 20,975.6 billion from year-end 2020.

		•				(KRW 100 mil)
	Classification	Land	Buildings and structures	Machinery and equipment	Under construction	Other tangible assets	Total
	Book value	97,722	345,520	609,941	201,759	34,587	1,289,529
Dec 31, 2020	- Acquisition cost	98,509	550,264	2,330,565	201,759	104,966	3,286,063
	- Accumulated depreciation (including impairment loss)	-787	-204,744	-1,720,624	-	-70,379	-1,996,534
	General acquisition and capital expenditure	1,179	66,086	438,628	-23,205	16,964	499,652
0	Depreciation ¹⁾	-475	-31,747	-265,530	-	-15,100	-312,852
Change	Disposal/discard/impair ment	-497	-1,041	-1,503	-5	-132	-3,178
	Others ²⁾	373	9,876	13,727	1,544	614	26,134
	Book value	98,302	388,694	795,263	180,093	36,933	1,499,285
/	- Acquisition cost	99,436	626,515	2,749,096	180,093	119,580	3,774,720
Dec 31, 2021	- Accumulated depreciation (including impairment loss)	-1,134	-237,821	-1,953,833	-	-82,647	-2,275,435

Market value of major tangible assets is omitted as objective assessment is difficult.

1) Land-depreciation is depreciation expense of right-of-use asset as per K-IFRS 1116 (Lease).

2) Includes effects of FX rates and government subsidies.

(Capex)

The Company's capex in 2021 was KRW 48.2 trillion, with investments concentrating on capacity expansions and migration of advanced nodes as well as on infrastructure for the semiconductor and DP businesses. In 2022, the Company will continue to execute capex considering its efficiency to secure stable growth and to respond flexibly to changes in market conditions, aiming enhance competitiveness of our major businesses and address growing future demand.

[Capex, by division]

	1			(KRW 100 mil)			
Business	Purpose	Period	Assets	Investment			
Semiconductor	Establishment, addition, upgrade	January–December 2021	Buildings, facilities, etc.	435,670			
DP	Establishment, addition, upgrade	January– December 2021	Buildings, facilities, etc.	26,133			
Other	Establishment, addition, upgrade	January– December 2021	Buildings, facilities, etc.	20,419			
	Total						

4. Sales and long-term contracts

A. Sales

In 2021, the Company recorded total revenue of KRW 279,604.8 billion, an increase of 18.1% year-on-year. By Division, when compared to the same period last year, revenue of the CE Division, IM Division, DS Division, and Harman Division increased by 15.9%, 9.7%, 21.4% and 9.3%, respectively.

		,				(KRW 100 mil)
	Division Sales Product categories		Product categories	2021	2020	2019
CE Goods, products, services, other TVs, monitors, refrigerators, washing machines, air conditioners, etc.		558,324	481,733	453,228		
	IM Goods, products, HHPs, Network systems, services, computers, etc.		1,092,514	995,875	1,072,662	
	Semiconductor	Goods, products, services, other	DRAM, NAND flash, mobile APs, etc.	941,586	728,578	649,391
DS	DP	Goods, products, services, other	OLED panels for smartphones, LCD panels for TVs and monitors	317,125	305,857	310,539
	Others Overlapping internal transactions within Division		g internal transactions within Division	-7,821	-4,074	-4,750
			DS total	1,250,890	1,030,361	955,180
	Harman	Harman Goods, products, Digital cockpit, telematics, services, speakers, etc.		100,399	91,837	100,771
Overlapping internal transactions between Divisions		-206,079	-231,736	-277,832		
	les inter divisional	-	ōtal	2,796,048	2,368,070	2,304,009

Includes inter-divisional transactions.

(1) Sales, by major product (on a consolidated basis)

(KRW 100				
Classification	2021	2020	2019	
Image devices	314,974	277,118	261,775	
Mobile devices	1,046,806	960,217	1,023,318	
Memory	726,022	555,442	502,163	
Display panels	317,125	305,857	310,539	

Includes inter-divisional transactions.

(2) Sales, by type

(KRW 100 mil)

Classification	2021	2020	2019
Products	2,658,785	2,235,963	2,188,604
Services and other sales	137,263	132,107	115,405
Total	2,796,048	2,368,070	2,304,009

Other sales consists of royalty income, etc.

(3) Sales, by region (on a separate basis)

(KRW 100 mil) Classification 2021 2020 2019 Domestic 221,497 198,331 203,009 583,805 437,434 476,768 Americas 258,227 235,012 191,970 Europe Export Asia and Africa 336,671 315,598 329,705 China 597,247 437,403 385,611 1,997,447 1,547,729 Total 1,663,112

Domestic consumption and exports on a separate basis.

B. Sales channels

(1) Domestic

Seller	Sales channel	Consumer
	Exclusive agencies	
Manufacturer and	Distributor (general merchandise stores, discount stores, department stores, home-shopping, online, etc.)	Consumer
buyer	Telecommunication service provider (SKT Co., Ltd., KT Corp., LG Uplus Corp.)	
	Direct Sales (B2B and online channels)	

(2) Overseas

Seller	Sales channel				Consumer	
		Retailer				
		Dealer		Ret	ailer	
	Regional sales office	Distributor	Dealer	Ret	ailer	
Production		Telecommunication service provider, automotive OEM				Consumer
subsidiaries		Direct sales (B2B and online channels)				
	Regional distribution office			Retailer		
		Regional sales office	Dealer	Ret	ailer	
			Distributor	Dealer	Retailer	

(3) Sales ratio (global), by Channel

Channel	Wholesale	Retail	Special/direct sales	Others	
Ratio	17%	28%	51%	4%	

C. Sales methods and conditions

(1) Domestic

Classification	Channel	Collection	Incidental expense sharing
Exclusive	Retailer	Credit specific	Case specific cost sharing as determined by mutual agreement
Distributor	General merchandise store, discount store, department store, home shopping, online, etc.	Case specific and contract specific	Case specific cost sharing as determined by mutual agreement
Telecommunication service provider	SKT Co., Ltd., KT Corp. LG Uplus Corp.	Case specific and contract specific	Case specific cost sharing as determined by mutual agreement (joint marketing)
B2B and online channels	Corporate clients, etc.	Case specific and contract specific	N/A

(2) Overseas

Classification	Channel	Collection	Incidental expense sharing
Retailer	Retail store	Case specific and contract specific	Case specific cost sharing as determined by mutual agreement
Dealer	General merchandise store, discount store, department store	Case specific and contract specific	Case specific cost sharing as determined by mutual agreement
Distributor	Direct sales to local distributors	Case specific and contract specific	Case specific cost sharing as determined by mutual agreement
B2B and online channels	Corporate clients, etc.	Case specific and contract specific	N/A

D. Sales strategy

- Expand market leadership based on premium products
- Provide differentiated value to customers through brand, products, and services
- Strengthen marketing activities to boost demand from customer/market

E. Major customers

In 2021, major customers (listed alphabetically) included Apple, Best Buy, Deutsche Telekom, Supreme Electronics and Verizon. Sales to the five major customers accounted for approximately 16% of total sales.

F. Long-term contracts

As of December 31, 2021, there were no long-term contracts that have a significant impact on the Company's financial statement.

5. Risk management and derivative trading

A. Financial risk management policy

The Company's financial risk management focuses on minimizing market risk, credit risk, and liquidity risk arising from operating activities. To mitigate these risks, the Company closely monitors each risk factor and operates corresponding financial risk management policies and program. The Company's use of derivative instruments for hedging risks are included in this program.

The finance team mainly carries out the Company's financial risk management. After implementing the global financial risk management policies, the finance team periodically measures, evaluates, and hedges financial risks.

Meanwhile, the Company manages exchange rate risk via monitoring exchange rates and conducting transactions through local finance centers in each major region (United States, United Kingdom, Singapore, China, Brazil, and Russia). Liquidity risk is managed by managing capital as a whole by each region.

The Company's assets that are under financial risk management consist of cash and cash equivalents, short-term financial instruments, financial assets at amortized cost, trade receivables and others. The Company's liabilities under financial risk management consist of trade payables, borrowings, and others.

B. Major financial risks

(1) Market risk

(Foreign exchange risk)

The Company operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risks as it conducts transactions in currencies other than the functional currency. Major currencies that are exposed to foreign exchange risk include USD, EUR, INR, and others.

The Company focuses on minimizing the impact of foreign exchange fluctuation by maintaining the equal amount of assets and liabilities denominated in each foreign currency, irrespective of foreign exchange fluctuation considerations. To prevent exchange position, the Company's foreign exchange management policy requires normal business transactions, including import and export, as well as financing transactions such as depositing and borrowing, to be in local currency or for the cash-in currency to be matched up with the cash-out currency.

In order to effectively manage foreign exchange risk, the Company periodically monitors and evaluates exchange rate risk and strictly prohibits speculative foreign exchange transactions.

When currency rates change by 5%, its impact on the profits or losses (before income tax effects) arising from financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies other than functional currency as of the reporting date are as follows:

(KRW mil)

Classification	December	r 31, 2021	December 31, 2020		
Classification	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease	
USD	250,489	-250,489	174,400	-174,400	
EUR	107,519	-107,519	112,244	-112,244	
INR	24,216	-24,216	21,959	-21,959	

(Interest rate risk)

Risk of changes in interest rates for floating interest rate financial instruments is defined as the risk that the fair value of components of the consolidated statement of financial position, and future cash flows of interest income (expenses) of a financial instrument, will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's position with regard to interest rate risk exposure is mainly driven by its floating interest rate debt obligations and interest-bearing deposits. The Company implemented policies and operates to minimize uncertainty arising from changes in interest rates and financial expenses.

When interest rates change by 1%p, the impacts on profit or loss (before income tax effects) arising from floating-rate financial assets and liabilities as of the reporting date are as follows:

(KRW	mil)
	11111)

	Decembe	r 31, 2021	December 31, 2020		
Classification	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Increase	
Financial assets	71,131	-71,131	81,013	-81,013	
Financial liabilities	-18,779	18,779	-2,195	2,195	
Net effect	52,352	-52,352	78,818	-78,818	

(Price risk)

The Company's investment portfolio consists of direct and indirect investments in equity securities classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, which is in line with the Company's strategy.

As of December 31, 2021, a price fluctuation of marketable equity securities (listed stocks) of 1% changes 'other comprehensive income' (before income tax) by KRW 116,087 million and 'profit before tax' by KRW 4,784 million. The figures as of the same date in 2020 were KRW 69,101 million and KRW 4,316 million, respectively.

(2) Credit risk

Credit risk arises during the normal course of transactions and investing activities where clients or other parties fail to discharge an obligation. The Company sets and manages the client's and counterparty's credit limit, and evaluates their financial credit rating on a periodic basis based on the client's and counterparty's financial conditions, default history and other important factors. Adequate insurance coverage is maintained for trade receivables related to trading partners situated in higher risk countries.

Credit risk can arise from transactions with financial institutions which include financial instrument transactions such as cash and cash equivalents, savings, and derivative instruments. To minimize such risk, the Company transacts only with banks which have strong international credit rating (S&P A and above), and all new transactions with financial institutions with no prior transaction history are approved, managed and monitored by the Company's finance team and the local finance center. The Company generally enters into a financial agreement with no restrictions, such as debt ratio covenants, provision of collateral, and loans or borrowings repayment. The Company requires separate approval for contracts with restrictions.

The Company estimates that its maximum exposure to credit risk is the carrying amount of its financial assets, net of impairment losses.

(3) Liquidity risk

Due to the nature of the Company's business that requires making large investments, maintaining adequate level of liquidity risk is crucial. The Company maintains and manages adequate level of liquidity by periodically forecasting its capital balances, estimating required cash, managing income and expenses, and others.

The Company efficiently manages its liquidity risk by periodically forecasting projected cash flows and by utilizing regional cash pooling, which allows for the use of internal funds when there is a shortage of cash in a region. The cash pooling program allows sharing of surplus funds among entities and contributes to minimizing liquidity risk and strengthening the Company's competitive position by reducing capital operation expenses and financial expenses.

In addition, the Company's headquarters provides payment guarantees to overseas subsidiaries to secure credit limit to brace for a potential large-scale liquidity need.

The following table is an undiscounted cash flow analysis for financial liabilities according to their remaining contractual maturity from the end of the reporting date to the contractual maturity date.

(1) As of December 31, 2021

(KRW mil)

	Less than 3 months	~6 months	~12 months	1—5 years	More than 5 years
Financial liabilities	55,185,809	1,814,271	1,674,980	5,462,057	944,232

(2) As of December 31, 2020

(KRW mil)

	Less than 3 months	~6 months	~12 months	1—5 years	More than 5 years
Financial liabilities	44,988,792	733,776	1,651,951	3,945,429	578,346

(4) Capital risk

The purpose of capital management is to protect our capability of continuously providing profit to our shareholders and stakeholders and to maintain a sound capital structure. To this end, the Company monitors capital on the basis of credit rating and the ratio of total liabilities to total equity.

As of December 31, 2021, the Company has an AA- and Aa3 credit rating from S&P and Moody's, respectively, and the figures for total liabilities and total equity are as follows:

(KRW mil)

	Dec 31, 2021	Dec 31, 2020
Total liabilities	121,721,227	102,287,702
Total equity	304,899,931	275,948,016
Total liabilities to equity ratio	39.9%	37.1%

C. Derivative instruments and put options

The Company hedges foreign currency positions by trading currency forward contracts of currencies other than won for the purpose of managing foreign exchange risk. Currency forwards are bought through a bank in the purpose of trade and hedging.

As of December 31, 2021, the Company had 2,508 currency forward contracts involving 35 foreign currencies including USD/EUR/JPY, and the book value of assets and liabilities as well as valuation gain and loss were as follows:

(KRW mil)

	Assets	Liabilities	Valuation gain	Valuation loss
Currency forwards	94,500	125,099	694,737	779,624

Samsung Display (a subsidiary of the Company) may exercise its put option to sell part of its shares of Corning Incorporated back to Corning, according to the stock trade contract with Corning on April 8, 2021.

Furthermore, Samsung Display may exercise its put option to sell all or part of its shares of TCL China Star Optoelectronics Technology Co. Ltd. (CSOT) to TCL Technology Group Corporation (TCL), if CSOT remains unlisted within the listing period, according to the shareholders' agreement executed with TCL and CSOT on April 1, 2021.

Fair value of the above put option as of December 31, 2021 was evaluated by Earnest & Young Global Limited.

6. Major contracts and research and development activities

A. Major contracts

Account	Contract information	Contents	
Cisco	Туре	Patent cross-license agreement	
	Date	Jan 23, 2014	
	Purpose and contents	Eliminate risk of patent disputes and lawsuits through mutual patent licensing	
0	Туре	Patent cross-license agreement	
	Date	Jan 25, 2014 / indefinite term	
Google	Purpose and contents	Eliminate risk of patent disputes and lawsuits through mutual patent licensing	
	Other	Permanent license contract (including patent applications in the next 10 years)	
	Туре	Process technology license agreement	
GlobalFoundries Inc.	Date	Feb 28, 2014	
	Purpose and contents	Expand customer base of 14nm process	
	Туре	Patent license agreement	
InterDigital	Date	Jun 3, 2014	
	Purpose and contents	Eliminate risk of patent disputes and lawsuits through patent licensing	
	Туре	Patent cross-license agreement	
Qualcomm	Date	Jan 1, 2018–Dec 31, 2023	
	Purpose and contents	Eliminate risk of patent disputes and lawsuits through mutual patent licensing and signing of covenant not to sue	
	Туре	Withdrawal of lawsuit agreement	
Apple	Date	Jun 26, 2018	
	Purpose and contents	Withdraw from all lawsuits in the United States	
	Туре	Patent license agreement	
Nokia	Date	Oct 19, 2018	
	Purpose and contents	Eliminate risk of patent disputes and lawsuits through patent licensing	
Microsoft	Туре	Patent cross-license agreement	
	Date	Feb 11, 2019	
	Purpose and contents	Eliminate risk of patent disputes and lawsuits through mutual patent licensing	
Google	Туре	EMADA	

Account	Contract information	Contents
	Date	Feb 27, 2019–Dec 31, 2022 (extended)
	Purpose and contents	Licensing agreement for using Google apps (Play Store, YouTube, etc.) in 31 European countries (EEA)
	Туре	Patent cross-license agreement
Huawei	Date	Feb 28, 2019
	Purpose and contents	Eliminate risk of patent disputes and lawsuits through mutual patent licensing
	Туре	Technology licensing agreement
AMD	Date	May 30, 2019
	Purpose and contents	Secure mobile graphics design for mobile products and other applications
	Туре	Patent cross-license agreement
Sharp	Date	July 30, 2019
	Purpose and contents	Eliminate risk of patent disputes and lawsuits through mutual patent licensing
	Туре	Patent cross-license agreement
Ericsson	Date	May 7, 2021
	Purpose and contents	Eliminate risk of patent disputes and lawsuits through mutual patent licensing

Information that may be referenced or used in other IP disputes, including contract amount, is excluded.

B. Summary of R&D activities and expenditures

The Company is leading the global market by continuously developing creative and innovative products and the future technology through shifting its way of thinking and understanding customer demand. The Company is doing its utmost to cement its position in the global IT industry and become a worldwide leader in industrial technology by creating and securing next-generation technology.

As of December 31, 2021, the Company's R&D expenses in 2021 were KRW 22,596.5 billion. Among this, KRW 22,401.7 billion was recognized as expenditures, excluding government subsidies and capitalized expenses.

(R&D expenses)

				(KRW mil)
		2021	2020	2019
Tota	al R&D expenditures	22,596,487	21,229,200	20,207,612
(Go	overnment subsidies)	-1,053	-8,228	-14,677
F	R&D expenditures	22,595,434	21,220,972	20,192,935
Accounting	Capitalization of development expenses (intangible asset)	-193,708	-109,482	-285,699
riocounting	R&D costs (expenses)	22,401,726	21,111,490	19,907,236
R&D expenses/sales ratio ¹⁾		8.1%	9.0%	8.8%

On a consolidated basis.

1) Calculated using total R&D expenditures, which includes government subsidies.

C. R&D organization and operations

(Domestic)

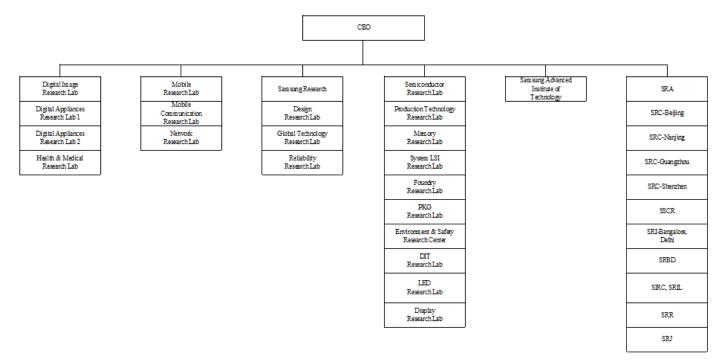
The Company operates three levels of R&D organizations; a business unit development team under each Division that develops market-ready technologies with a 1–2 year outlook, a research institute under each business unit that develops mid- to long-term technology with a 3–5 year outlook, and the Samsung Advanced Institute of Technology that develops core technology as seeds for future growth engines.

Samsung Advanced Institute of Technology is the central research institute of Samsung Electronics that has been established to lead the Company into the future and serve as an incubator of cutting-edge technology. It has a creative R&D system and provides R&D direction for promising growth sectors at the Company level, exploring future growth engines and strengthening technological competitiveness of core businesses.

(Overseas)

The Company operates R&D organizations in the US (SRA), China (SSCR, SRC-Beijing, SRC-Nanjing, SRC-Guangzhou, SRC-Shenzen), India (SRI-Bangalore and SRI-Delhi), Bangladesh (SRBD), Israel (SRIL and SIRC), Russia (SRR), and Japan (SRJ), to carry out research activities for product development and basic technological research.

The Company has established AI centers in Cambridge (United Kingdom), Moscow (Russia), Toronto (Canada), Montreal (Canada), and New York (United States), so our global team of researchers can collaborate with international experts to strengthen capabilities in AI technology.



As of December 31, 2021.

Refer to [1]. Subsidiaries subject to consolidated accounting (detailed) in [XII]. Appendix for more details about overseas R&D organizations.

D. R&D results

CE Division				
Research project	Details			
Neo QLED 8K	Release of ultra-high-definition, slim 8K TV based on mini LED			
Neo QLED 4K	Rollout of three series and seven sizes based on mini LED			
Clothing care machine	Launch of Shoe Dresser			
	IM Division			
Research project	Details			
Galaxy Foldable	Rollout of Galaxy Z Fold 3			
	Launch of Galaxy Z Flip 3			
Galaxy S21	・Rollout of Galaxy S21 5G ・ S21+ 5G ・ S21 Ultra 5G			
Galaxy Tab	Release of Galaxy Tab S7 FE			
	Launch of Galaxy Tab A8			
Galaxy A	Rollout of Galaxy A52 LTE · 5G			
	Launch of Galaxy A72			
	Release of Galaxy A32 LTE · 5G			
	Rollout of Galaxy Quantum2 A82			
Galaxy Book	Launch of Galaxy Book Go			
Wearable	Rollout of Galaxy Watch 4			
	Launch of Galaxy Buds Pro			
	Release of Galaxy Buds 2			
Network	Development of RAN (SVR21B NR vDU) S/W Package			
	DS Division			
Research project	Details			
DRAM for mobile	Developed industry's first LPDDR5X DRAM			
DRAM for server	Development of the industry's first high-capacity DDR5 memory applying HKMG process			
HBM DRAM	Development of the world's first HBM-PIM with an AI engine			
SSD for server	Mass production of high-performing OCP SSD exclusive for data centers			
	Mass production of SAS 24Gbps SSD for server—highest performance in the industry			
	Industry's first mass production of the next-generation ZNS SSD for business servers			
Brand SSD	Global launch of SATA SSD 870 EVO for customers			
	Release of high-performing NVMe SSD 980 which satisfies needs for both performance and economic efficiency			
	Development of high-performance PCIe 5.0 SSD PM1743			
EUV	Mass production of 14-nano EUV DDR5 DRAM			
CXL	Development of the industry's first CXL-based DRAM memory technology			
Multi-chip	Mass production of uMCP5 multi-chip package—highest performance in the industry			
Image sensor	Release of 108MP premium image sensor ISOCELL HM3			
	Rollout of image sensor ISOCELL GN2, which has become more similar to the human eye			
	Release of ISOCELL JN1 with 0.64um pixel—the industry's first			
	Launch of automotive image sensor ISOCELL Auto 4AC			
	Unveiling of ISOCELL HP1, industry's first 200 million pixel image sensor			
	Rollout of ISOCELL GN5, dual pixel image cell of industry's smallest size			
Exynos	Rollout of 5G-integrated premium mobile AP Exynos 2100			
	Release of Exynos W920, a processor applying EUV process for wearables			
	Launch of Exynos Auto T5123, industry's first 5G connectivity solution for automobiles			
	Rollout of Exynos Auto V7, processor for in-vehicle infotainment systems			

The Company's key R&D results by division in 2021 are as follows:

LSI	 Development of power management IC for DDR5 DRAM modules Development of power management chip (S2VPS01) for in-vehicle infotainment systems
Foundry	 Development of 2.5D semiconductor packaging technology I-Cube4 Development of Radio Frequency (RF) process for 8-nano 5G communication Development of 2.5D integration H-Cube solution
Low power consumption OLED	 Mass production of low power consumption, high-luminance innovation OLED Display for Galaxy S21 Development of OLED display for Galaxy Z Fold 3

Please refer to ^{[7}Appendix-4. R&D results (detailed)] for more details.

7. Other information

A. Intellectual property

Intellectual property activities are an integral part of our R&D strategies—SEC registered its first US patent in 1984 and currently holds 216,404 patents around the world. The Company holds the highest number of its patents in the US and aims to address conflicts in the US more effectively.

(Number of patents registered in each country)

[As of Dec 31, 2021] (Unit: No. of patents)							
	Korea	US	Europe	China	Japan	Others	Total
Number	47,900	84,202	40,827	20,061	9,624	13,790	216,404

In 2021, the Company invested KRW 22.6 trillion in R&D and registered 8,437 domestic and 8,565 US patents.

(Number of patent registrations per year)

	(Unit: No. of patents)		
	2021	2020	2019
Korea	8,437	6,648	5,075
US	8,565	8,520	8,729

These patents are mostly related to smartphones, smart TVs, memory, and system LSI products for the Company's strategic business products or for future use. These patents not only protect the Company's business but also play a role in keeping similar technology and patents, as well as competitors, in check. Additionally, the Company is focusing on securing early patents in new technologies ahead of others, in order to protect opportunities and have the freedom to operate when entering new businesses.

The Company has signed licensing agreements with Cisco (signed in January 2014), Google (January 2014), Qualcomm (January 2018), Nokia (October 2018), Microsoft (February 2019), Sharp (July 2019), and Ericsson (May 2021) through which the Company has secured an extensive patent protection in mainstay businesses as well as in the fields of new business.

The Company has also been focusing on securing design patents to protect its original design applied to smartphones and smart TVs. In 2021, the Company acquired 533 US design patents, in part for the aforementioned purposes.

B. Environmental regulations

The Company strictly abides by environmental regulations on products and in the workplace, as prescribed by law. In addition, in accordance with "the low carbon green growth policy" of the Korean government, the Company reports "the amount of greenhouse gas emission and energy use" to the government and provides related information to stakeholders by providing various reports, including the Samsung Sustainability Report.

☞ See [¶]4-D. Green Management」 of [¶]XI. Other Information』 for more details about Green Technology Certification.

(Environmental regulation of products)

Environmental regulation of products are becoming stricter, reflecting the concerns of governments and regulators about potential direct and indirect impact of products to consumers' health and safety as consumers. Accordingly, the Company is working to minimize the environmental impact throughout the entire life cycle of products from the development stage of components and products to manufacturing, distribution, use, and disposal. The Company offers "Eco-Partner Certification" to suppliers for components free of harmful substances, and runs an "eco-design evaluation" system to reflect eco-friendly elements on products (reduced use of resources, energy and harmful substances, and the use of eco-friendly materials) at the development stage, and operates a "waste electronics collection recycle system" in Europe, North America, Korea, and India for collecting and recycling waste electronics. These activities are in line with domestic and foreign environmental laws on electronics and are a differentiation factor for the Company and its products.

Relevant laws are as follows:

- 1. law on collection and recycle of waste electronics (eg, EU WEEE Directive)
- 2. limit on the use of harmful substances (eg, EU RoHS Directive, REACH Regulation)
- 3. regulation on energy efficiency (eg, EU ErP Directive)

(Environmental Regulations in the Workplace)

The Company operates environmental pollution prevention facilities to reduce air pollution, water pollution, and waste disposal, and to minimize the discharge of pollutants, thereby minimizing impact on the surrounding environment.

Environmental management of workplace is supervised by the relevant government authorities. All production facilities, domestic and overseas, have acquired the International Occupational Health and Safety Management System Certification (ISO 14001, ISO 45001) to strengthen compliance.

Major Relevant Domestic and International Laws are as follows:

- 1. Regulations related to emission of pollutants: Water Quality and Ecosystem Conservation Act, Clean Air Conservation Act, Wastes Control Act, Noise and Vibration Control Act, Environmental Impact Assessment Act
- 2. Management of greenhouse gas emission: Act on Allocation and Trading of Greenhouse Gas Emission, Framework Act on Low Carbon, Green Growth
- 3. Others: Toxic Chemicals Control Act, Act on the Registration and Evaluation, etc. of Chemical Substances, Odor Control Law, Soil Environment Conservation Act

(Greenhouse gas emission and energy consumption management)

The Company is a "controlled entity" according to Article 42 (Coping with Climate Change and Management of Targets for Energy) Paragraph 6 of Korea's "Framework Act on Low Carbon, Green Growth". Thus, the Company has been reporting the amount of greenhouse gas emission and energy consumption, verified by a third-party, to the authorities and disclosing it to stakeholders according to Article 44 (Reporting on Quantity of Greenhouse Gases Emitted and Quantity of Energy Consumed) of the same Act since May 2011.

The reported amount of greenhouse gas emission and energy use are provided below:

	(Unit: tCO ₂ -eq, TJ)		
	2021	2020	2019
Greenhouse gas (tCO2-eq)	19,199,754	17,234,522	15,998,397
Energy (TJ)	259,377	255,990	242,345

On a consolidated basis. See ^{[4}-D. Green Management] of [[]XI. Other Information] for results on a separate basis.

Domestic manufacturing facilities, office buildings, buildings owned by the Company, leased buildings, etc.

Reported Greenhouse gas emission excludes ozone depletion substances (ODS).

Amounts may differ based on results of governmental evaluations on emissions.

From 2015, in accordance with the Article 8 (Designation of Business Entities Eligible for Allocation) of the Act on the Allocation and Trading of Greenhouse-Gas Emission Permits, the Company is an eligible business entity under the Act.

C. Current status of each division

[CE Division]

□ Industry overview

Since the first public demonstration of a true television system in 1926 and later mass production of color TVs, technological developments have led to the creation of products such as the Trinitron CRT (1967) and flat CRT (1996). As the penetration rate in major countries reached over 90%, the growth of the CRT TV industry stagnated. The industry regained strong growth momentum following the launch of flat panel TVs ("FPTVs") like LCDs and PDPs, especially with the expansion of digital broadcasting. FPTVs replaced CRT sets on the back of their enhanced design, picture quality, etc., combined with a sharp decline in prices.

The year 2010 saw the launch of 3D TVs, and the rise of internet video services along with increased consumer interest in smart devices from 2011 to 2012 led to the birth of the smart TV market. The evolution continued with the launches of Quantum Dot QLED TVs in 2017, boasting significantly enhanced resolution and picture quality, and with commercialization of 8K and MicroLED TVs.

□ Market condition

In 2020, market players continued to strive for innovations in picture quality, sound, and form factor to create demand for premium TVs. In addition, TV demand in 2020 increased slightly to 225.47 million, despite the global spread of COVID-19, due to the stay-at-home trend and 2H release of pent-up demand. In 2021, TV demand decreased year-on-year to approximately 213.54 million units (*Omdia*; February 2022).

< Market share o	of the CE	Division's	key product >
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Product	2021	2020	2019
TV	29.5%	31.9%	30.9%

Global market share in revenue; data from research firm Omdia.

□ Business condition

We have maintained the top position in the overall TV market for sixteen straight years since claiming the number one spot in 2006.

In 2018, we released world's first 8K TV in the global market, once again leading the premium segment in the TV industry. Our QLED lineup includes sizes ranging from mid-sized to ultra-large screens, giving customers a variety of choices. In addition, the significantly improved picture quality was well received by consumers and experts alike. We achieved solid results by introducing ultra-large screens in the UHD lineup as well as in the QLED lineup.

In 2020, we enhanced our leadership and dominance in the market with 4K and 8K QLED TVs and new Lifestyle TVs such as The Terrace, The Premiere and The Sero despite a global economic crisis due to COVID-19.

In 2021, we expanded our premium product lineup by launching Neo QLED TVs featuring significantly upgraded contrast and picture quality. Moreover, the sales portion of Lifestyle products and sound bars is increasing, and a rising number of companies are participating in various smart ecosystems, including TV plus, home training, and games. Since 2021, we have been particularly strengthening our efforts toward becoming a more eco-friendly business, from raw materials to packaging, and we are enhancing accessibility to help the visually impaired and hard of hearing to conveniently use our products.

[IM Division]

□ Industry overview

Mobile phones are the key product of the IM Division, and the mobile phone industry started with first generation analogue devices in the early 1980s and evolved to second generation digital ones, using technology such as CDMA and GSM, where users could send voice and text messages. Third generation mobile communication standards such as WCDMA allowed users to send photos and videos. Today, fourth generation LTE mobile communication technology with ultra-high-speed data transmission is becoming commonplace and was used in 59% of phones sold in 2020 (*Strategy Analytics*, December 2021).

Fifth generation mobile communication services, which will lead innovation alongside the fourth industrial revolution, were successfully commercialized in Korea and the US and are expanding to Europe and India. As a result, sales of 5G smart phones were estimated to have increased sharply to 620 million units in 2021 from 270 million units in 2020 (*Strategy Analytics*, December 2021).

The smartphone industry has grown significantly since 2007. In 2021, the smartphone portion of total HHP sales volume is estimated to have been approximately 76%, and the feature phone portion of the total to have been approximately 24%, with the latter related to demand in developing nations (*Strategy Analytics*, December 2021). For 2021, the penetration rate of smartphones is estimated to reach 52%, rising slightly from 50% in 2020 (*Strategy Analytics*, December 2021).

Also, as the smartphone market shows high saturation, the importance of competitive software—such as applications, UX, games, media, advertisements, mobile payments, AI, and AR—is rising alongside that of competitive hardware, which includes high-performance APs, AMOLED displays, foldable form factors, multiple cameras, sensors, waterproof & dustproof features, biometric recognition, and more.

□ Market Condition

With the acceleration of 5G expansion, the smartphone market is projected to have grown from 1.30 billion units in 2020 to 1.36 billion units in 2021 (*Strategy Analytics*; January 2022). Meanwhile, the tablet market, which experienced a contraction due to weak replacement demand, increased from 160 million units in 2019 to 190 million in 2020 due to an increase of contactless demand triggered by COVID-19, but it is expected to have slightly decreased to approximately 180 million units in 2021 (*Strategy Analytics*; January 2022).

< Market share of the IM Division's key product >

Product	2021	2020	2019
Smartphone	20.0%	19.6%	20.9%

Global market share in sales volume; data from research firm Strategy Analytics.

Market share for 2019 and 2020 changed as key product of the IM Division changed from HHP to smartphone in 2021.

□ Business condition

SEC has always been at forefront of the HHP market, and for smartphones in particular, we have maintained leadership in the global market for eleven consecutive years since 2011. To solidify our status in the overall mobile market, we are striving to improve our current products—including tablets, wearables, and accessories—while growing businesses in areas with high potential, such as the service, online, and B2B sectors.

For smartphones, we are establishing optimal portfolios for each region, accounting for varying market conditions and the competitive environment, offering a wide smartphone lineup ranging from mass-market to premium devices. We have been providing premium smartphones and delivering differentiated user experiences that can meet customer needs via our cutting-edge technology, which includes Dynamic AMOLED 2X (120Hz) displays and innovative Contour Cut designs as well as large-screen Infinity Displays, digital key and content sharing using UWB (ultra wideband), water- and dust-proofing, high-speed cable and wireless charging, ultrasonic fingerprint-on-display (FoD), high-resolution and optical zoom camera with AI technology, 8k video recording, among others. In 2019, we secured early leadership in the 5G market with the release of the world's first 5G smartphone while also creating a new market with Galaxy Fold, enabled by foldable displays. In 2020, we continued to lead the mainstreaming of foldable phones with the launch of Galaxy Z Flip, a new form factor that folds from top down, and a further evolved edition Galaxy Z Fold 2.

In 2021, we released the third generation Galaxy Z Series with significantly enhanced durability based on unrivaled craftsmanship. Galaxy Z Fold 3 and Galaxy Z Flip 3 provide the ultimate user experience by offering increased convenience and more innovative technologies, including IPX8 water resistance—a first for a foldable smartphone—enhanced display durability of up to 80% compared to the previous generation, verified folding durability to withstand folding 200,000 times, an under display camera, multitasking, Multi Active Window, auto framing, and Dual Preview.

To respond to an ever-changing market as well as customer needs, we are strengthening product competitiveness by introducing innovative features such as 5G, quad cameras, large infinity displays, and high-capacity batteries even to mid-range-and-below products.

We provide our smartphone users with a wider and more convenient experience via our other products, which include premium tablets that feature multitasking of large-screen display, wearable devices, including smart watches equipped with numerous innovative fitness and wellness functions, wireless earphones that provide rich and quality sound, and other various Galaxy Eco products, including wireless quick charging stands.

Not content to dwell on our achievements in hardware, we have been focusing on delivering new and helpful services like Samsung Pay, Samsung Health, and SmartThings. To deliver a consistent and high-quality Multi-Device Experience, we are adding Bixby features to a suite of products in addition to smartphones, including TVs, refrigerators, air conditioners, etc.

Moreover, we are strengthening strategic partnerships to expand our ecosystem. As always, we will continue to invest in any field that has growth potential, with current targets including but not limited to 5G, AI, IoT, cloud, AR, blockchain, and mobile B2B, while also leveraging our superior R&D capabilities to keep delivering new value to customers.

[DS Division]

- Semiconductor

□ Industry overview

In general, our Semiconductor business is divided into Memory (storage) and System LSI (logical processing). Memory semiconductor is divided into RAM products (random access memory, ones that can be both written on and read) and ROM products (read only memory).

RAM is called volatile memory as the information is deleted when the power is turned off. It is used for temporary loading and storage of application programs. ROM is nonvolatile and holds memory even when power is removed; it is used in input/output system, IC cards, and more.

For System LSI products, there are many categories for various applications. SoCs for mobile devices that are equipped with CPUs, GPUs, ISPs (image signal processors), and modems are our major products. The Company manufactures mobile SoCs for smartphones and tablets, image sensors, and DDIs (display driver ICs) for OLED.

The Foundry Business makes customized semiconductors for other companies based on customer designs. The business resembles OEMs in the traditional manufacturing industry in the sense that companies consign the manufacturing of their products to fabrication plants, also called foundries or fabs. Due to increasing difficulty in semiconductor process and growing investment cost, the number of fabless semiconductor companies is growing, and the Foundry Business is in charge of consignment semiconductor production for such fabless companies.

□ Market condition

The memory market is showing solid demand across overall applications thanks to growth in all aspects of contactless industry—including production, distribution, and consumption—amid an accelerated digital transformation; and also to increased use of IT devices and data in an era of a "new normal."

While server demand is strong, backed by increased investments mainly by datacenters and memory content-per-box is growing following the release of new CPUs, enterprise is replacing PCs as employees return to the office and mobile-product shipments are recovering thanks to rising penetration of 5G in emerging markets, thus driving demand growth. However, market conditions are marked by persisting uncertainties due to a limited supply of key IC (integrated circuit) components combined with effects of global supply chain disruptions.

The Company is endeavoring to bolster market competitiveness by leveraging its dominant position in product competitiveness via releases of differentiated, high-capacity products; and to preemptively identify various issues, including supply chain disruptions that may affect customer demand, to respond to uncertain market conditions.

< Market share of the Semiconductor Business's key product >

Product	2021	2020	2019
DRAM	43.0%	42.7%	43.7%

Global market share in revenue; data from research firm DRAMeXchange.

□ Business condition

In the memory business, we continue to maintain cost competitiveness via our leadership in technology and strengthen product competitiveness and our capabilities to supply products that customers want in a timely manner.

We will solidify our leadership position in next-generation growth sectors, such as 5G and AI, by preemptively establishing the mass-production system for next-generation DRAM featuring the world's first full-fledged application of multi-step EUV; and by strengthening product and cost competitiveness by establishing a lineup of advanced products, including SSDs with 7th-generation V-NAND. We will expand our differentiated product line featuring technology from our advanced nodes and utilize a wide range of products to optimize responses for each application area and continue to lead the market as the top memory company.

System LSI currently has limited foundry supply compared to component demand from customers due to the aggravated

global shortage of semiconductors. Under these conditions, the Company is growing revenue by increasing ASP, and it is addressing rising demand by expanding supply via strengthening the supply chain and diversifying suppliers. Furthermore, Samsung is identifying new business opportunities by expanding customer base via bolstering our lineup of flagship products, securing the production capabilities and diversity of our fabs, and developing and converging new technologies with existing technologies to enhance product competitiveness.

In the Foundry business, we are sustaining our efforts to expand supply amid the global supply crunch for chips. In particular, we reinforced our organization to secure supply continuity and improve the quality of our business. Through this, we will not only strengthen our customer-focused operation but also secure profitability.

For advanced nodes, as we are competing with Taiwan's TSMC as the two strongest players in the industry, Samsung is narrowing the technology gap with mass production of 4-nano products that began in 4Q21, and in 2022, we will solidify our technology leadership by aiming to mass produce 3-nano products that apply gate all around (GAA) technology, which is a world's first. Furthermore, we are helping our customers secure product competitiveness with the timely establishment of competitive infrastructure that is linked with process development; and we are expanding revenue and profits of the Foundry business.

As demand for legacy processes is also projected to stay strong, we are reviewing capacity expansion in the mid- to longterm, and we are pushing to increase the number of our customers of high-value-added products by preparing derivative process technology in a timely manner and by providing them with customized solutions. We are aiming to strengthen pricing policies and product competitiveness based on overall process supply and demand in line with market conditions; and we are monitoring opportunities to expand new fabs via timely investments. Furthermore, we will strive to expand business opportunities by securing global customers and strengthening our response to high-growth markets, such as HPC and automotives.

- *DP*

□ Industry overview

Display refers to screens in electronic devices. Active matrix technology is most commonly used in displays, including OLED (organic light emitting diode) panels and TFT-LCD (thin film transistor liquid crystal display).

OLED panels use organic materials, which offer sharp contrast and color, high color gamut, and fast response rates. Such differentiating features provide advantages for use in smartphones where display features (multimedia contents, online experience, etc.) are important, and as a result, OLED adoption in the smartphone market is growing rapidly.

The market had raised concerns over the production of high-resolution, durable panels, but we overcame various technological challenges and advanced the business. OLED panels make up for the shortcomings of LCD panels, and they can be adopted in other applications such as foldable, rollable, and automotive. Growth of the OLED market is widely expected to keep accelerating.

A TFT-LCD panel is a liquid crystal based display that features a thinner and lighter profile while offering high resolution. It has a wide range of potential applications in devices of all sizes and functionality, from portable mobile devices to large-size TVs featuring bright, high-resolution images. The market for large-panel TFT-LCD grew rapidly as their use moved from laptops initially to monitors and then to TVs. Recently however, high saturation has caused growth to slow.

□ Market condition

In 2021, the smartphone display panel market is expected to be approximately 1.74 billion units (1.13 billion LCD and 0.61 billion OLED), an increase year-on-year from the base effect of weak demand in 2020 caused by COVID-19 as well as rising replacement demand induced by 5G models. The OLED portion of smartphone panels is expected to have increased from 30% in 2020 to 35% in 2021. (*Omdia*, January 2022).

In the large display market, there was prominent demand growth for ultra-large, ultra-high resolution TVs as contactless services expanded due to COVID-19, and demand for IT products slightly increased year-on-year.

< Market share of the DP Business's key product >

Product	2021	2020	2019
Smartphone panels	51.1%	44.8%	43.6%

Global market share in revenue; data for 2021 is estimate from research firm Omdia.

□ Business condition

The Company has continued to stay atop the mobile OLED market in terms of market share since it successfully commercialized OLED products in 2007, marking a world's first. We diversified our product group to include displays for foldable products, tablets, watches, laptops, and automotive applications, solidifying our position as the top player in the OLED display market.

With both flexible and rigid OLED, our optimal smartphone product portfolio ranges from mass-market to premium devices as we proactively address customers' specific needs; and we are recognized as having best-in-class technology through our introduction of foldable and OLED IT products with differentiated technologies and designs.

In 2022, growth of smartphone market is projected to be limited amid changes in the macro environment. We will expand the application of new technologies, such as UPC (under panel camera), high refresh rate, and tech related to energy efficiency and performance, in line with the needs of our customers while also enhancing cost competitiveness to continue to increase adoption of OLED panels. In addition, we will diversify our mobile panel business, which is currently concentrated on smartphones, by expanding our product portfolio to include IT, gaming, and automotive products, and fortify our business leadership.

In the large panel business, we will begin full-fledged mass production of QD display with differentiated technology and secure a strong foothold in the premium product group.

[Harman Division]

□ Industry overview

The Harman Division competes in the automotive and lifestyle audio industries.

As consumers want cutting-edge technologies for automotive components (digital cockpit, telematics, car audio, etc.), car makers demand latest technologies in areas such as car sharing and autonomous driving. As a result, competition is particularly fierce in the connectivity and entertainment solution markets between dominant players (eg, Alpine, Aptiv, Continental, Mitsubishi, and Panasonic).

The car audio business provides not only system solutions but also audio components (including speakers and amplifiers), and it is another segment where fierce competition between several major players (eg, Bose, Pioneer, and Panasonic) is expected to drive technological advances as each firm introduces unique sound-management solutions. Competition is expected to remain intense.

Lifestyle audio business has two segments: consumer audio and professional audio solutions. Consumer audio (portable speakers, headphones, connected audio solutions, etc.) is fragmented and a handful of companies (Amazon, Beats, Bose, Ultimate Ears, etc.) are showing early signs of dominance. We expect competition to remain intense as new players try to make inroads, given the saturated market for connected homes and smart speakers. In particular, for True Wireless headphones, for which smartphone manufacturers dominate market share, is expected to grow explosively.

The professional audio solution industry (commercial audio, audio for large venues, etc., special lighting, video control solutions, etc.), led by QSC and Yamaha, is segmented by product and has seen the entrance of numerous companies offering a wide range of products and applications.

□ Market condition

In 2021, global automobile production, which directly influences the automotive component business, increased by 1% compared to 2020. (*LMC Global Production Forecast*, 2022)

Short supply of semiconductors disrupted automobile production in 2021, and as a result, Harman saw its revenue decrease and inventory increase. Limits to production stemming from the Covid-19 pandemic are expected to fade

gradually, and the supply shortage of components is also projected to ease in 2022. (LMC Global Production Forecast, 2022)

Automobile production in 2022 is forecast to increase by 12% year-on-year (*2022 LMC Global Production Forecast*). With the supply imbalance of semiconductors changing by month and uncertainties remaining high, revenue growth is likely to be limited despite high demand.

< Market share of Harman Business's key product >

Product	2021	2020	2019
Digital cockpits	25.3%	27.5%	24.8%

Digital cockpits refer to the digital automotive component which enables safe driving environment via infotainment system, etc. Company estimates based on I.H.S and LMC data (by unit).

□ Business condition

Harman is positioned to stay atop the automotive market and plans to continue to leverage its wide variety of brands to outfit vehicles ranging from mass-market thorough to luxury models, while also maintaining the quality that is synonymous with Harman brands. Additionally, Harman's relentless pursuit of innovation in the audio and connectivity spaces will help ensure the development of thriving relationships with automakers.

Additionally, Harman has continued to develop its Connected Services business with industry leading OTA (Over the Air) and software servicing products.

The same factors that Harman relies on within the automotive market will also be used in the consumer audio and professional audio solution market. Having won three Grammy Awards and two Academy Awards, Harman's brands have earned a strong reputation amongst everyday consumers and audiophiles alike. New offerings in up-and-coming segments such as connected wireless and smart audio continue to help bring in new consumers and further enhance brand reputation.

In 2020, the COVID-19 pandemic created a challenging business environment, marked by halt in automobile production, a decline in daily travel and thus potential consumers, the closing of retailers, etc. The professional audio solution business, in particular, has felt adverse impacts of a reduction in the number of large-scale gatherings and events. We have adopted various ways to reduce costs from the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic, and we will redirect savings to other investments to compete more effectively in the market.

The results of the Harman Division are affected by factors outside of the Company's control, such as the prolonged Covid-19 pandemic and the pace of normalization of economic activities. Moreover, further restrictions by governments around the world may add negatives, and even if effects of the pandemic dissipate, headwinds such as a global economic slowdown may continue to deteriorate Harman's results.

D. Financial summary, by Division

In 2021 by Division, CE reported net sales of KRW 55,832.4 billion (20.0% of total net sales) and IM reported net sales of KRW 109,251.4 billion (39.1%). DS contributed approximately 44.7% of net sales: KRW 94,158.6 billion (33.7%) by the semiconductor sub-division and KRW 31,712.5 billion (11.3%) by the DP Business Unit. The Harman Division reported net sales of KRW 10,039.9 billion (3.6%).

In 2021, the CE Division accounted for 7.1% of total operating profit with an operating profit of KRW 3,645.7 billion; the IM Division accounted for 26.4% with KRW 13,647.6 billion; and the DS Division accounted for 65.3% with KRW 33,734.2 billion. The Harman Division posted an operating profit of KRW 599.1 billion.

								(KRW 100 mil)
			20	21	20	20	20 1	19
	Division	Classification	Amount	Portion of corresponding total	Amount	Portion of corresponding total	Amount	Portion of corresponding total
		Sales	558,324	20.0%	481,733	20.3%	453,228	19.7%
		Operating profit	36,457	7.1%	35,615	9.9%	25,090	9.0%
		Total asset	867,118	14.7%	602,487	11.4%	680,244	13.5%
		Sales	1,092,514	39.1%	995,875	42.1%	1,072,662	46.6%
IM Operating profit			136,476	26.4%	114,727	31.9%	92,725	33.4%
		Total asset	1,590,843	27.0%	1,682,692	31.8%	1,432,804	28.5%
		Sales	941,586	33.7%	728,578	30.8%	649,391	28.2%
	Semi- conductor	Operating profit	291,993	56.6%	188,050	52.2%	140,163	50.5%
		Total asset	2,231,785	37.8%	1,863,977	35.3%	1,791,177	35.6%
		Sales	317,125	11.3%	305,857	12.9%	310,539	13.5%
DS	DP	Operating profit	44,574	8.6%	22,369	6.2%	15,813	5.7%
		Total asset	668,836	11.3%	661,929	12.5%	642,264	12.8%
		Sales	1,250,890	44.7%	1,030,361	43.5%	955,180	41.5%
	Total	Operating profit	337,342	65.3%	211,202	58.7%	155,817	56.1%
		Total asset	3,158,270	53.6%	2,741,270	51.9%	2,451,438	48.8%
		Sales	100,399	3.6%	91,837	3.9%	100,771	4.4%
	Harman	Operating profit	5,991	1.2%	555	0.2%	3,223	1.2%
		Total asset	158,874	2.7%	147,020	2.8%	156,091	3.1%

Sales for each business unit includes intersegment sales.

□ Reasonable allocation of common SG&A (selling general & administrative) expenses and assets

(1) For common SG&A expenses, specific expenses that are allocable to a specific product/model are allocated to such product/model. However, common expenses that cannot be attributed to a specific product/model category are reasonably allocated throughout the Company based on an allocation standard (expense-to-sales ratio, number of personnel, etc.).

(2) For common assets, assets that can be directly allocated (inventory assets, fixed assets, investment assets, etc.) are allocated to the corresponding organizational unit. Assets that are commonly managed and cannot be directly allocated are allocated to each Division based on an allocation standard (expense-to-sales ratio, pre-tax profit, etc.)

III. Financial Affairs

1. Financial statements

A. Consolidated financial statements

Classification	53rd	52nd	51st
	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
Current assets	218,163,185	198,215,579	181,385,260
- Cash and cash equivalents	39,031,415	29,382,578	26,885,999
- Short-term financial instruments	81,708,986	92,441,703	76,252,052
- Other current financial assets	3,409,791	2,828,562	5,641,652
- Trade receivables	40,713,415	30,965,058	35,131,343
- Inventories	41,384,404	32,043,145	26,766,464
- Others	11,915,174	10,554,533	10,707,750
Non-current assets	208,457,973	180,020,139	171,179,237
- Other non-current financial assets	15,491,183	13,778,185	9,969,716
- Investment in associates and joint ventures	8,932,251	8,076,779	7,591,612
- Property, plant, and equipment	149,928,539	128,952,892	119,825,474
- Intangible assets	20,236,244	18,468,502	20,703,504
- Others	13,869,756	10,743,781	13,088,93 [,]
Total assets	426,621,158	378,235,718	352,564,497
Current liabilities	88,117,133	75,604,351	63,782,764
Non-current liabilities	33,604,094	26,683,351	25,901,312
Total liabilities	121,721,227	102,287,702	89,684,076
Equity attributable to owners of the parent company	296,237,697	267,670,331	254,915,472
- Capital stock	897,514	897,514	897,514
- Share premium	4,403,893	4,403,893	4,403,893
- Retained earnings	293,064,763	271,068,211	254,582,894
- Others	-2,128,473	-8,699,287	-4,968,829
Non-controlling interests	8,662,234	8,277,685	7,964,949
Total Equity	304,899,931	275,948,016	262,880,422
	Jan-Dec 2021	Jan–Dec 2020	Jan–Dec 2019
Revenue	279,604,799	236,806,988	230,400,881
Operating profit	51,633,856	35,993,876	27,768,509
Profit for the period	39,907,450	26,407,832	21,738,865
- Owners of the parent company	39,243,791	26,090,846	21,505,054
- Non-controlling interests	663,659	316,986	233,812
Basic earnings per share (KRW)	5,777	3,841	3,166
Diluted earnings per share (KRW)	5,777	3,841	3,166
Number of companies subject to consolidation accounting	229	242	241

Data shown in conformity with K-IFRS.

Please refer to the footnotes of the 51st-53rd Consolidated Audit Report for the calculation of basic earnings per share (ordinary shares).

B. Separate financial statements

			(KRW mil)
Classification	53rd	52nd	51st
	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
Current assets	73,553,416	73,798,549	72,659,080
- Cash and cash equivalents	3,918,872	989,045	2,081,917
- Short-term financial instruments	15,000,576	29,101,284	26,501,392
- Trade receivables	33,088,247	24,736,740	26,255,438
- Inventories	15,973,053	13,831,372	12,201,712
- Others	5,572,668	5,140,108	5,618,621
Non-current assets	177,558,768	155,865,878	143,521,840
- Other non-current financial assets	1,664,667	1,542,766	1,209,261
- Subsidiary, associate, and joint venture investments	56,225,599	56,587,548	56,571,252
- Property, plant and equipment	103,667,025	86,166,924	74,090,275
- Intangible assets	8,657,456	7,002,648	8,008,653
- Others	7,344,021	4,565,992	3,642,399
Total assets	251,112,184	229,664,427	216,180,920
Current liabilities	53,067,303	44,412,904	36,237,164
Non-current liabilities	4,851,149	1,934,799	2,073,509
Total liabilities	57,918,452	46,347,703	38,310,673
- Capital stock	897,514	897,514	897,514
- Share premium	4,403,893	4,403,893	4,403,893
- Retained earnings	188,774,335	178,284,102	172,288,326
- Others	-882,010	-268,785	280,514
Total Equity	193,193,732	183,316,724	177,870,247
Evaluation method of subsidiary, associate, and joint venture investment securities	Cost methods	Cost methods	Cost methods
	Jan–Dec 2021	Jan–Dec 2020	Jan–Dec 2019
Revenue	199,744,705	166,311,191	154,772,859
Operating profit	31,993,162	20,518,974	14,115,067
Profit for the period	30,970,954	15,615,018	15,353,323
Basic earnings per share (KRW)	4,559	2,299	2,260
Diluted earnings per share (KRW)	4,559	2,299	2,260

Data shown in conformity with K-IFRS.

Please refer to the footnotes of the 51st-53rd Consolidated Audit Report for the calculation of basic earnings per share (ordinary shares).

2. Consolidated financial statements

Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(In millions of Korean won, in thousands of US dollars (Note 2.29))

		December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,
	Notes	2021	2020	2021	2020
		KRW	KRW	USD	USD
Assets					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	4, 28	39,031,415	29,382,578	34,115,412	25,681,845
Short-term financial instruments	4, 28	81,708,986	92,441,703	71,417,748	80,798,680
Short-term financial assets at amortized cost	4, 28	3,369,034	2,757,111	2,944,705	2,409,853
Short-term financial assets at fair value					
through profit or loss	4, 6, 28	40,757	71,451	35,624	62,452
Trade receivables	4, 5, 7, 28	40,713,415	30,965,058	35,585,565	27,065,012
Non-trade receivables	4, 7, 28	4,497,257	3,604,539	3,930,828	3,150,548
Prepaid expenses		2,336,252	2,266,100	2,042,001	1,980,683
Inventories	8	41,384,404	32,043,145	36,172,043	28,007,314
Other current assets	4, 28	5,081,665	3,754,462	4,441,629	3,281,589
Assets held-for-sale	32	-	929,432	-	812,370
		218,163,185	198,215,579	190,685,555	173,250,348
Non-current assets					
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Financial assets at fair value	4, 6, 28	13,965,839	12,575,216	12,206,843	10,991,369
through profit or loss	4, 6, 28	1,525,344	1,202,969	1,333,227	1,051,453
Investment in associates and joint ventures	9	8,932,251	8,076,779	7,807,235	7,059,510
Property, plant and equipment	10	149,928,539	128,952,892	131,045,055	112,711,289
Intangible assets	11	20,236,244	18,468,502	17,687,491	16,142,390
Net defined benefit assets	14	2,809,590	1,355,502	2,455,722	1,184,777
Deferred income tax assets	25	4,261,214	4,275,000	3,724,515	3,736,564
Other non-current assets	4, 7, 28	6,798,952	5,113,279	5,942,625	4,469,261
		208,457,973	180,020,139	182,202,713	157,346,621
Total assets		426,621,158	378,235,718	372,888,268	330,596,969

The above consolidated statements of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(In millions of Korean won, in thousands of US dollars (Note 2.29))

		December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,
	Notes	2021	2020	2021	2020
		KRW	KRW	USD	USD
Liabilities and Equity					
Current liabilities					
Trade payables	4, 28	13,453,351	9,739,222	11,758,903	8,512,56
Short-term borrowings	4, 5, 12, 28	13,687,793	16,553,429	11,963,817	14,468,52
Other payables	4, 28	15,584,866	11,899,022	13,621,954	10,400,34
Advances received	17	1,224,812	1,145,423	1,070,547	1,001,15
Withholdings	4, 28	1,294,052	974,521	1,131,066	851,780
Accrued expenses	4, 17, 28	27,928,031	24,330,339	24,410,498	21,265,93
Current income tax liabilities		6,749,149	4,430,272	5,899,094	3,872,28
Current portion of long-term liabilities	4, 12, 13, 28	1,329,968	716,099	1,162,459	625,90
Provisions	15	5,372,872	4,349,563	4,696,159	3,801,73
Other current liabilities	4, 17, 28	1,492,239	1,127,719	1,304,292	985,68
Liabilities held-for-sale	32	-	338,742	-	296,07
		88,117,133	75,604,351	77,018,789	66,081,99
Non-current liabilities					
Debentures	4, 13, 28	508,232	948,137	444,220	828,71
Long-term borrowings	4, 12, 28	2,866,156	1,999,716	2,505,164	1,747,85
Long-term other payables	4, 28	2,991,440	1,682,910	2,614,668	1,470,94
Net defined benefit liabilities	14	465,884	464,458	407,206	405,96
Deferred income tax liabilities	25	23,198,205	18,810,845	20,276,394	16,441,62
Long-term provisions	15	2,306,994	1,051,428	2,016,428	919,00
Other non-current liabilities	4, 17, 28	1,267,183	1,725,857	1,107,582	1,508,48
		33,604,094	26,683,351	29,371,662	23,322,58
Total liabilities		121,721,227	102,287,702	106,390,451	89,404,577

The above consolidated statements of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(In millions of Korean won, in thousands of US dollars (Note 2.29))

		December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,
	Notes	2021	2020	2021	2020
		KRW	KRW	USD	USD
Equity attributable to owners of the Company					
Preference shares	18	119,467	119,467	104,420	104,420
Ordinary shares	18	778,047	778,047	680,052	680,052
Share premium		4,403,893	4,403,893	3,849,223	3,849,223
Retained earnings	19	293,064,763	271,068,211	256,153,287	236,927,198
Other components of equity	20	(2,128,473)	(8,687,155)	(1,860,392)	(7,593,008)
Accumulated other comprehensive income attributable to assets held-for-sale	32	-	(12,132)	-	(10,604)
		296,237,697	267,670,331	258,926,590	233,957,281
Non-controlling interests	31	8,662,234	8,277,685	7,571,227	7,235,111
Total equity		304,899,931	275,948,016	266,497,817	241,192,392
Total liabilities and equity		426,621,158	378,235,718	372,888,268	330,596,969

The above consolidated statements of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS

(In millions of Korean won, in thousands of US dollars (Note 2.29))

			For the years en	ded December 31	,
	Notes	2021	2020	2021	2020
		KRW	KRW	USD	USD
Revenue	29	279,604,799	236,806,988	244,388,604	206,981,172
Cost of sales	21	166,411,342	144,488,296	145,451,851	126,290,010
Gross profit		113,193,457	92,318,692	98,936,753	80,691,162
Selling and administrative expenses	21, 22	61,559,601	56,324,816	53,806,176	49,230,711
Operating profit	29	51,633,856	35,993,876	45,130,577	31,460,451
Other non-operating income	23	2,205,695	1,384,068	1,927,888	1,209,745
Other non-operating expense	23	2,055,971	2,488,902	1,797,022	2,175,425
Share of net profit of associates and joint ventures	9	729,614	506,530	637,719	442,733
Financial income	24	8,543,187	12,267,600	7,467,173	10,722,497
Financial expense	24	7,704,554	11,318,055	6,734,165	9,892,548
Profit before income tax		53,351,827	36,345,117	46,632,170	31,767,453
Income tax expense	25	13,444,377	9,937,285	11,751,059	8,685,685
Profit for the year		39,907,450	26,407,832	34,881,111	23,081,768
Profit attributable to					
Owners of the Company		39,243,791	26,090,846	34,301,040	22,804,707
Non-controlling interests		663,659	316,986	580,071	277,061
Earnings per share (in Korean won, in US dollars)	26				
- Basic		5,777	3,841	5.05	3.36
- Diluted		5,777	3,841	5.05	3.36

The above consolidated statements of profit or loss should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In millions of Korean won, in thousands of US dollars (Note 2.29))

		For the years ended December 31,						
	Notes	2021	2020	2021	2020			
		KRW	KRW	USD	USD			
Profit for the year		39,907,450	26,407,832	34,881,111	23,081,768			
Other comprehensive income (loss)								
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:								
Gain on valuation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, net of tax	6, 20	2,980,896	2,502,733	2,605,452	2,187,514			
Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures, net of tax	9, 20	51,816	5,591	45,290	4,887			
Remeasurement of net defined benefit assets, net of tax	14, 20	(524,606)	(719,560)	(458,532)	(628,931)			
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to								
profit or loss: Share of other comprehensive income (loss) of associates and joint ventures, net of tax	9, 20	160,163	(48,888)	139,990	(42,731)			
Gain (loss) on overseas business translation, net of tax	20	7,283,620	(5,380,375)	6,366,250	(4,702,717)			
Gain (loss) on valuation of cash flow hedge derivatives	20	50,410	(33,406)	44,060	(29,199)			
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year, net of tax		10,002,299	(3,673,905)	8,742,510	(3,211,177)			
Total comprehensive income for the year		49,909,749	22,733,927	43,623,621	19,870,591			
Comprehensive income attributable to:								
Owners of the Company		49,037,912	22,374,398	42,861,591	19,556,345			
Non-controlling interests		871,837	359,529	762,030	314,246			

The above consolidated statements of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(In millions of Korean won)

2020 KRW	Notes	Preference shares	Ordinary shares	Share premium	Retained earnings	Other components of equity	Accumulated other comprehensive income attributable to assets held- for-sale	Equity attributable to owners of the parent company	Non- controlling interests	Total
Balance as of January 1, 2020		119,467	778,047	4,403,893	254,582,894	(4,968,829)	-	254,915,472	7,964,949	262,880,421
Profit for the year		-	-	-	26,090,846	-	-	26,090,846	316,986	26,407,832
Gain on valuation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, net of tax	6, 20	-	-	-	13,713	2,402,226	-	2,415,939	86,794	2,502,733
Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures, net of tax	9, 20	-	-	-	-	(45,894)	-	(45,894)	2,597	(43,297)
Loss on overseas business translation, net of tax	20	-	-	-	-	(5,343,946)	-	(5,343,946)	(36,429)	(5,380,375)
Remeasurement of net defined benefit liabilities (assets), net of tax	14, 20	-	-	-	-	(709,141)	-	(709,141)	(10,419)	(719,560)
Loss on valuation of derivatives	20	-	-	-	-	(33,406)	-	(33,406)	-	(33,406)
Reclassification as held-for-sale	32	-	-	-	-	12,132	(12,132)	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	26,104,559	(3,718,029)	(12,132)	22,374,398	359,529	22,733,927
Dividends	19	-	-	-	(9,619,242)	-	-	(9,619,242)	(59,028)	(9,678,270)
Capital transaction under common control		-	-	-	-	(830)	-	(830)	(701)	(1,531)
Changes in consolidated entities		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,838	17,838
Other		-	-	-	-	533	-	533	(4,902)	(4,369)
Total transactions with owners		-	-	-	(9,619,242)	(297)	-	(9,619,539)	(46,793)	(9,666,332)
Balance as of December 31, 2020		119,467	778,047	4,403,893	271,068,211	(8,687,155)	(12,132)	267,670,331	8,277,685	275,948,016

The above consolidated statements of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(In thousands of US dollars (Note 2.29))

2020 USD	Notes	Preference shares	Ordinary shares	Share premium	Retained earnings	Other components of equity	Accumulated other comprehensive income attributable to assets held- for-sale	Equity attributable to owners of the parent company	Non- controlling interests	Total
Balance as of January 1, 2020		104,420	680,052	3,849,223	222,518,205	(4,343,005)	-	222,808,895	6,961,765	229,770,660
Profit for the year		-	-	-	22,804,707	-	-	22,804,707	277,061	23,081,768
Gain on valuation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, net of tax Share of other comprehensive income of	6, 20	-	-	-	11,986	2,099,666	-	2,111,652	75,862	2,187,514
associates and joint ventures, net of tax	9, 20	-	-	-	-	(40,114)	-	(40,114)	2,270	(37,844)
Loss on overseas business translation, net of tax	20	-	-	-	-	(4,670,876)	-	(4,670,876)	(31,841)	(4,702,717)
Remeasurement of net defined benefit liabilities (assets), net of tax	14, 20	-	-	-	-	(619,825)	-	(619,825)	(9,106)	(628,931)
Loss on valuation of derivatives	20	-	-	-	-	(29,199)	-	(29,199)	-	(29,199)
Reclassification as held-for-sale	32	-	-	-	-	10,604	(10,604)	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	22,816,693	(3,249,744)	(10,604)	19,556,345	314,246	19,870,591
Dividends	19	-	-	-	(8,407,700)	-	-	(8,407,700)	(51,593)	(8,459,293)
Capital transaction under common control		-	-	-	-	(725)	-	(725)	(613)	(1,338)
Changes in consolidated entities		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,591	15,591
Other		-	-	-	-	466	-	466	(4,285)	(3,819)
Total transactions with owners		-	-	-	(8,407,700)	(259)	-	(8,407,959)	(40,900)	(8,448,859)
Balance as of December 31, 2020		104,420	680,052	3,849,223	236,927,198	(7,593,008)	(10,604)	233,957,281	7,235,111	241,192,392

The above consolidated statements of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(In millions of Korean won)

Notes	Preference shares	Ordinary shares	Share premium	Retained earnings	Other components of equity	other comprehensive income attributable to assets held-for- sale	Equity attributable to owners of the parent company	Non- controlling interests	Total
	119,467	778,047	4,403,893	271,068,211	(8,687,155)	(12,132)	267,670,331	8,277,685	275,948,016
	_	_	_	39,243,791	_	_	39,243,791	663,659	39,907,450
				, ,			, ,	,	, ,
6 20	_	_	_	3 232 934	(359 117)	_	2 873 817	107 079	2,980,896
0,20				5,252,751	(555,117)		2,075,017	107,075	2,900,090
0.20					225 464		225 464	(12, 495)	211.070
9,20	-	-	-	-	225,464	-	225,464	(13,485)	211,979
20	-	-	-	-	7,164,982	-	7,164,982	118,638	7,283,620
14 20	_				(520,552)		(520 552)	(4.054)	(524,606)
14, 20	-	-	-	-	(520,552)	_	(320,332)	(+,03+)	(324,000)
20	-	-	-	-	50,410	-	50,410	-	50,410
32	-	-	-	-	(12,132)	12,132	-	-	-
	-	-	-	42,476,725	6,549,055	12,132	49,037,912	871,837	49,909,749
19	-	-	-	(20,480,721)	-	-	(20,480,721)	(32,005)	(20,512,726)
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,553	12,553
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(477,617)	(477,617)
	-	-	-	548	9,627		10,175	9,781	19,956
	-	-	-	(20,480,173)	9,627		(20,470,546)	(487,288)	(20,957,834)
	119,467	778,047	4,403,893	293,064,763	(2,128,473)		296,237,697	8,662,234	304,899,931
	6, 20 9, 20 20 14, 20 20 32	Notes shares 119,467 - 6, 20 - 6, 20 - 9, 20 - 20 - 14, 20 - 20 - 32 - 19 - - - - - - - 19 - - - - - - - - - - -	Notes shares shares 119,467 778,047 - - 6, 20 - 9, 20 - 20 - 14, 20 - 20 - 14, 20 - 120 - 14, 20 - 19 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Notes shares shares premium 119,467 778,047 4,403,893 - - - 6, 20 - - 9, 20 - - 20 - - 14, 20 - - 32 - - 19 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Notes shares shares premium earnings 119,467 778,047 4,403,893 271,068,211 - - - 39,243,791 6, 20 - - 39,243,791 6, 20 - - 3,232,934 9, 20 - - - 20 - - - 20 - - - 20 - - - 20 - - - 20 - - - 20 - - - 20 - - - 20 - - - 20 - - - 32 - - - 19 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <t< td=""><td>Notes Preference shares Ordinary shares Share premium Retained carnings components of equity 119,467 778,047 4,403,893 271,068,211 (8,687,155) 119,467 778,047 4,403,893 271,068,211 (8,687,155) 6,20 - - 39,243,791 - 6,20 - - 3,232,934 (359,117) 9,20 - - 3,232,934 (359,117) 9,20 - - 225,464 20 20 - - - 225,464 20 - - - 225,464 20 - - - 20,552) 20 - - - 50,410 32 - - - 50,410 32 - - - - 19 - - - - - - - - - - -</td><td>NotesPreference sharesOrdinary sharesShare premiumRetained earningsOther components of equitycomprehensive income attributable to assets held-for- sale119,467778,0474,403,893271,068,211(8,687,155)(12,132)19,2039,243,7916,203,232,934(359,117)-9,203,232,934(359,117)-9,20225,464-2050,410-14,2050,410-3250,410-3250,410-1950,410-19<</td><td>NotesPreference sharesOrdinary sharesShare premiumRetained earningsOther components of equitycomprehensive income assetsattributable to owners of the parent company119,467778,0474,403,893271,068,211(8,687,155)(12,132)267,670,331119,467778,0474,403,893271,068,211(8,687,155)(12,132)267,670,3316, 2039,243,791-39,243,7916, 2039,243,791-2,873,8179, 203,232,934(359,117)-2,873,8179, 203,232,934(359,117)-2,873,8179, 203,232,934(359,117)-2,873,8179, 20225,464-225,464207,164,982-1,64,98214, 2050,410-50,4103250,410-50,4103242,476,7256,549,05512,13249,037,9121919195489,627-10,175195489,627-10,1</td><td>Notes Preference shares Ordinary shares Share premium Retained earnings Other components of equity comprehensive income assets held-for sale attributable to wners of company Non- controlling to wners of sale 119,467 778,047 4,403,893 271,068,211 (8,687,155) (12,132) 267,670,331 8,277,685 6,20 - 30 39,243,791 663,659 39,243,791 663,659 6,20 - - 39,243,791 2,873,817 107,079 9,20 - - 3,232,934 (359,117) - 2,873,817 107,079 9,20 - - - 225,464 (13,485) 118,638 14,20 - - - 20 50,410 50,410 - 20 - - 10 - 50,410 50,410 - 31 - - 10,175 12,132 49,037,912 871,837 19 - - - - - 12,553</td></t<>	Notes Preference shares Ordinary shares Share premium Retained carnings components of equity 119,467 778,047 4,403,893 271,068,211 (8,687,155) 119,467 778,047 4,403,893 271,068,211 (8,687,155) 6,20 - - 39,243,791 - 6,20 - - 3,232,934 (359,117) 9,20 - - 3,232,934 (359,117) 9,20 - - 225,464 20 20 - - - 225,464 20 - - - 225,464 20 - - - 20,552) 20 - - - 50,410 32 - - - 50,410 32 - - - - 19 - - - - - - - - - - -	NotesPreference sharesOrdinary sharesShare premiumRetained earningsOther components of equitycomprehensive income attributable to assets held-for- sale119,467778,0474,403,893271,068,211(8,687,155)(12,132)19,2039,243,7916,203,232,934(359,117)-9,203,232,934(359,117)-9,20225,464-2050,410-14,2050,410-3250,410-3250,410-1950,410-19<	NotesPreference sharesOrdinary sharesShare premiumRetained earningsOther components of equitycomprehensive income assetsattributable to owners of the parent company119,467778,0474,403,893271,068,211(8,687,155)(12,132)267,670,331119,467778,0474,403,893271,068,211(8,687,155)(12,132)267,670,3316, 2039,243,791-39,243,7916, 2039,243,791-2,873,8179, 203,232,934(359,117)-2,873,8179, 203,232,934(359,117)-2,873,8179, 203,232,934(359,117)-2,873,8179, 20225,464-225,464207,164,982-1,64,98214, 2050,410-50,4103250,410-50,4103242,476,7256,549,05512,13249,037,9121919195489,627-10,175195489,627-10,1	Notes Preference shares Ordinary shares Share premium Retained earnings Other components of equity comprehensive income assets held-for sale attributable to wners of company Non- controlling to wners of sale 119,467 778,047 4,403,893 271,068,211 (8,687,155) (12,132) 267,670,331 8,277,685 6,20 - 30 39,243,791 663,659 39,243,791 663,659 6,20 - - 39,243,791 2,873,817 107,079 9,20 - - 3,232,934 (359,117) - 2,873,817 107,079 9,20 - - - 225,464 (13,485) 118,638 14,20 - - - 20 50,410 50,410 - 20 - - 10 - 50,410 50,410 - 31 - - 10,175 12,132 49,037,912 871,837 19 - - - - - 12,553

The above consolidated statements of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(In thousands of US dollars (Note 2.29))

2021 USD	Notes	Preference shares	Ordinary shares	Share premium	Retained earnings	Other components of equity	Accumulated other comprehensive income attributable to assets held- for-sale	Equity attributable to owners of the parent company	Non- controlling interests	Total
Balance as of January 1, 2021		104,420	680,052	3,849,223	236,927,198	(7,593,008)	(10,604)	233,957,281	7,235,111	241,192,392
Profit for the year		-	-	-	34,301,040			34,301,040	580,071	34,881,111
Gain(loss) on valuation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, net of tax	6, 20	_	_	-	2,825,746	(313,886)	_	2,511,860	93,592	2,605,452
Share of other comprehensive income (loss) of associates and joint ventures, net of tax	9, 20	-	-	-	-	197,067	-	197,067	(11,787)	185,280
Gain on overseas business translation, net of tax	20	-	-	-	-	6,262,553	-	6,262,553	103,697	6,366,250
Remeasurement of net defined benefit assets, net of tax Gain on valuation of cash flow hedge	14, 20	-	-	-	-	(454,989)	-	(454,989)	(3,543)	(458,532)
derivatives	20	-	-	-	-	44,060	-	44,060	-	44,060
Reclassification to assets held-for-sale	32	-	-	-	-	(10,604)	10,604	-	-	_
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	37,126,786	5,724,201	10,604	42,861,591	762,030	43,623,621
Dividends	19	-	-	-	(17,901,176)	-	-	(17,901,176)	(27,974)	(17,929,150)
Capital transactions under common control		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,972	10,972
Changes in consolidated entities		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(417,461)	(417,461)
Others		-	-	-	479	8,415	-	8,894	8,549	17,443
Total transactions with owners		-	-	-	(17,900,697)	8,415	-	(17,892,282)	(425,914)	(18,318,196)
Balance as of December 31, 2021		104,420	680,052	3,849,223	256,153,287	(1,860,392)	-	258,926,590	7,571,227	266,497,817

The above consolidated statements of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In millions of Korean won, in thousands of US dollars (Note 2.29))

		For the years ended December 31,					
	Notes	2021	2020	2021	2020		
		KRW	KRW	USD	USD		
Operating activities							
Profit for the year		39,907,450	26,407,832	34,881,111	23,081,768		
Adjustments	27	49,055,633	41,618,554	42,877,081	36,376,702		
Changes in assets and liabilities arising		49,055,055	41,010,004	42,077,001	50,570,702		
from operating activities	27	(16,286,884)	122,424	(14,235,553)	107,005		
Cash generated from operations		72,676,199	68,148,810	63,522,639	59,565,475		
Interest received		1,406,706	2,220,209	1,229,532	1,940,574		
Interest paid		(434,441)	(555,321)	(379,723)	(485,378)		
Dividends received		299,033	243,666	261,370	212,976		
Income tax paid		(8,842,049)	(4,770,355)	(7,728,394)	(4,169,530)		
Net cash from operating activities		65,105,448	65,287,009	56,905,424	57,064,117		
		, , ,	, , ,	, , ,	, ,		
Investing activities							
Net decrease (increase) in short-term financial instruments		10,917,128	(20,369,616)	9,542,117	(17,804,065)		
Net decrease (increase) in short-term financial assets							
at amortized cost Net decrease in short-term financial assets at fair value		(336,959)	184,104	(294,519)	160,916		
through profit or loss		30,694	1,704,512	26,828	1,489,829		
Disposal of long-term financial instruments		10,216,082	12,184,301	8,929,368	10,649,690		
Acquisition of long-term financial instruments		(6,981,810)	(8,019,263)	(6,102,452)	(7,009,238)		
Disposal of financial assets at amortized cost		(0,901,010)	1,023,117	(0,102,432)	894,256		
Disposal of financial assets at fair value		_	1,025,117	_	074,230		
through other comprehensive income		2,919,888	32,128	2,552,128	28,081		
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value							
through other comprehensive income		(1,121,201)	(245,497)	(979,986)	(214,577)		
Disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		350,212	39,746	306,103	34,740		
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		(208,262)	(84,184)	(182,031)	(73,581)		
Disposal of investment in associates and joint ventures		(200,202)	(04,104)	16,755	(75,501)		
Acquisition of investment in associates and joint ventures		(47,090)	(83,280)	(41,159)	(72,791)		
Disposal of property, plant and equipment		358,284	376,744		329,293		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment			-	313,158			
Disposal of intangible assets		(47,122,106)	(37,592,034) 7,027	(41,187,082)	(32,857,321) 6,142		
Acquisition of intangible assets		1,752		1,531			
Cash outflow from business combinations		(2,706,915)	(2,679,779)	(2,365,979)	(2,342,261)		
Cash inflow from sale of assets-held-for-sale		(5,926)	(49,420)	(5,180)	(43,196)		
Cash inflow (outflow) from other investing activities		661,168	-	577,894	-		
		8,129	(57,197)	7,105	(49,993)		
Net cash used in investing activities		(33,047,763)	(53,628,591)	(28,885,401)	(46,874,076)		

The above consolidated statements of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In millions of Korean won, in thousands of US dollars (Note 2.29))

		For the years ended December 31,					
	Notes	2021	2020	2021	2020		
		KRW	KRW	USD	USD		
Financing activities							
Net increase(decrease) in short-term borrowings	27	(2,616,943)	2,191,186	(2,287,339)	1,915,206		
Increase in long-term borrowings	27	58,279	14,495	50,939	12,669		
Repayment of debentures and long-term borrowings	27	(894,749)	(864,947)	(782,055)	(756,007)		
Dividends paid		(20,510,350)	(9,676,760)	(17,927,074)	(8,457,973)		
Net decrease (increase) in non-controlling interests		(27,270)	8,187	(23,835)	7,156		
Net cash used in financing activities		(23,991,033)	(8,327,839)	(20,969,364)	(7,278,949)		
Reclassification to assets held-for-sale	32	139	(139)	121	(121)		
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	52	1,582,046	(833,861)	1,382,787	(728,836)		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		9,648,837	2,496,579	8,433,567	2,182,135		
Cash and cash equivalents							
Beginning of the year		29,382,578	26,885,999	25,681,845	23,499,710		
End of the year		39,031,415	29,382,578	34,115,412	25,681,845		

The above consolidated statements of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

3. Notes to consolidated financial statements

1. General Information

1.1 Company Overview

Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. ("SEC") was incorporated under the laws of the Republic of Korea in 1969 and listed its shares on the Korea Stock Exchange in 1975. SEC and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Company") operate four business divisions: Consumer Electronics ("CE"), Information technology & Mobile communications ("IM"), Device Solutions ("DS") and Harman. CE division includes digital TVs, monitors, air conditioners and refrigerators and IM division includes mobile phones, communication systems, and computers. DS division includes semiconductor products such as memory, foundry, and system LSI ("Semiconductor"), and display products such as LCD and OLED panels ("DP"). Harman division includes connected car systems, audio and visual products, enterprise automation solutions and connected services. The Company is domiciled in the Republic of Korea and is located in Suwon, the Republic of Korea.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Korean International Financial Reporting Standards (*"Korean IFRS"*) 1110, *Consolidated Financial Statements*. SEC, as the controlling Company, consolidates its 228 subsidiaries, including Samsung Display and Samsung Electronics America. The Company also applies the equity method of accounting for its 41 associates and joint ventures, including Samsung Electro-Mechanics Co., Ltd.

1.2 Consolidated Subsidiaries

The consolidated subsidiaries as of December 31, 2021 are as follows:

Area	Subsidiaries	Industry	Percentage of ownership (%) ¹
	Samsung Electronics America, Inc. (SEA)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung International, Inc. (SII)	Manufacture of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Mexicana S.A. de C.V (SAMEX)	Manufacture of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Home Appliances America, LLC (SEHA)	Manufacture of home appliances	100.0
	Samsung Research America, Inc. (SRA)	R&D	100.0
	Samsung Next LLC (SNX)	Management of overseas subsidiaries	100.0
	Samsung Next Fund LLC (SNXF)	Technology business, venture capital investments	100.0
America	NeuroLogica Corp.	Manufacture and sale of medical equipment	100.0
	Samsung HVAC America, LLC	Sale of air conditioning products	100.0
	Joyent, Inc.	Cloud services	100.0
	Dacor Holdings, Inc.	Management of overseas subsidiaries	100.0
	Dacor, Inc.	Manufacture and sale of home appliances	100.0
	Dacor Canada Co.	Sale of home appliances	100.0
	SmartThings, Inc.	Sale of smart home electronics	100.0
	TeleWorld Solutions, Inc. (TWS)	Installation & optimization of network devices	100.0

Area	Subsidiaries	Industry	Percentage of ownership (%) ¹
	Samsung Semiconductor, Inc. (SSI)	Sale of semiconductor and display panels	100.0
	Samsung Austin Semiconductor LLC (SAS)	Manufacture of semiconductors	100.0
	Samsung Oak Holdings, Inc. (SHI)	Management of overseas subsidiaries	100.0
	SEMES America, Inc.	Semiconductor equipment services	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Canada, Inc. (SECA)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	AdGear Technologies Inc.	Digital advertising platforms	100.0
	Samsung Eletronica da Amazonia Ltda. (SEDA)	Manufacture and sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Mexico S.A. de C.V. (SEM)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Digital Appliance Mexico, S.A. de C.V. (SEDAM)	Manufacture of home appliances	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Latinoamerica(Zona Libre), S. A. (SELA)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Latinoamerica Miami, Inc. (SEMI)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronica Colombia S.A. (SAMCOL)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Argentina S.A. (SEASA)	Marketing and services	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Chile Limitada (SECH)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Peru S.A.C. (SEPR)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
America	Samsung Electronics Venezuela, C.A. (SEVEN)	Marketing and services	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Panama. S.A. (SEPA)	Consulting	100.0
	Harman International Industries, Inc.	Holding company	100.0
	Harman Becker Automotive Systems, Inc.	Manufacture and sale of audio products, R&D	100.0
	Harman Connected Services, Inc.	Connected service provider	100.0
	Harman Connected Services Engineering Corp.	Connected service provider	100.0
	Harman da Amazonia Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda.	Manufacture and sale of audio products	100.0
	Harman de Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V.	Manufacture of audio products	100.0
	Harman do Brasil Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda.	Sale of audio products, R&D	100.0
	Harman Financial Group LLC	Management company	100.0
	Harman International Industries Canada Ltd.	Sale of audio products	100.0
	Harman International Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V.	Sale of audio products	100.0
	Harman KG Holding, LLC	Management of overseas subsidiaries	100.0
	Harman Professional, Inc.	Sale of audio products, R&D	100.0
	Beijing Integrated Circuit Industry International Fund, L.P	Venture capital investments	61.4
	China Materialia New Materials 2016 Limited Partnership	Venture capital investments	99.0

Area	Subsidiaries	Industry	Percentage of ownership (%) ¹
	Samsung Electronics (UK) Ltd. (SEUK)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Ltd. (SEL)	Management of overseas subsidiaries	100.0
	Samsung Semiconductor Europe Limited (SSEL)	Sale of semiconductor and display panels	100.0
	Samsung Electronics GmbH (SEG)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Holding GmbH (SEHG)	Management of overseas subsidiaries	100.0
	Samsung Semiconductor Europe GmbH (SSEG)	Sale of semiconductor and display panels	100.0
	Samsung Electronics France S.A.S (SEF)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Italia S.P.A. (SEI)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Iberia, S.A. (SESA)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Portuguesa, Unipessoal, Lda. (SEP)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Hungarian Private Co., Ltd. (SEH)	Manufacture and sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Europe Logistics B.V. (SELS)	Logistics	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V. (SEBN)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Europe Holding Cooperatief U.A. (SEEH)	Management of overseas subsidiaries	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Nordic Aktiebolag (SENA)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Slovakia s.r.o. (SESK)	Manufacture of TV and monitors	100.0
	Samsung Display Slovakia s.r.o. (SDSK)	Toll processing of display panels	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Polska, SP.Zo.o (SEPOL)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
E /010	Samsung Electronics Poland Manufacturing SP.Zo.o (SEPM)	Manufacture of home appliances	100.0
Europe/CIS	Samsung Electronics Romania LLC (SEROM)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Austria GmbH (SEAG)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Switzerland GmbH (SESG)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Czech and Slovak s.r.o. (SECZ)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Baltics SIA (SEB)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Greece S.M.S.A (SEGR)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Air Conditioner Europe B.V. (SEACE)	Sale of air conditioning products	100.0
	Samsung Nanoradio Design Center (SNDC)	R&D	100.0
	Samsung Denmark Research Center ApS (SDRC)	R&D	100.0
	Samsung Cambridge Solution Centre Limited (SCSC)	R&D	100.0
	Zhilabs, S.L.	Development and sale of network solutions	100.0
	Foodient Ltd.	R&D	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Rus Company LLC (SERC)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Rus Kaluga LLC (SERK)	Manufacture of TV	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Ukraine Company LLC (SEUC)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Central Eurasia LLP (SECE)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Overseas B.V. (SEO)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung R&D Institute Rus LLC (SRR)	R&D	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Caucasus Co., Ltd. (SECC)	Marketing	100.0

Area	Subsidiaries	Industry	Percentage of ownership (%) ¹
	AKG Acoustics GmbH	Manufacture and sale of audio products	100.0
	AMX UK Limited	Sale of audio products	100.0
	Harman Audio Iberia Espana Sociedad Limitada	Sale of audio products	100.0
	Harman Automotive UK Limited	Manufacture of audio products	100.0
	Harman Becker Automotive Systems GmbH	Manufacture and sale of audio products, R&D	100.0
	Harman Becker Automotive Systems Italy S.R.L.	Sale of audio products	100.0
	Harman Becker Automotive Systems Manufacturing Kft	Manufacture of audio products, R&D	100.0
	Harman Belgium SA	Sale of audio products	100.0
	Harman Connected Services AB.	Connected service provider	100.0
	Harman Finland Oy	Connected service provider	100.0
	Harman Connected Services GmbH	Connected service provider	100.0
	Harman Connected Services Poland Sp.Zo.o	Connected service provider	100.0
	Harman Connected Services UK Ltd.	Connected service provider	100.0
	Harman Consumer Nederland B.V.	Sale of audio products	100.0
	Harman Deutschland GmbH	Sale of audio products	100.0
	Harman Finance International GP S.a.r.l	Management of overseas subsidiaries	100.0
Europe/CIS	Harman France SNC	Sale of audio products	100.0
	Harman Holding GmbH & Co. KG	Management company	100.0
	Harman Hungary Financing Ltd.	Financing company	100.0
	Harman Inc. & Co. KG	Management of overseas subsidiaries	100.0
	Harman International Estonia OU	R&D	100.0
	Harman International Industries Limited	Sale of audio products, R&D	100.0
	Harman International Romania SRL	R&D	100.0
	Harman Finance International, SCA	Financing company	100.0
	Harman International s.r.o.	Manufacture of audio products	100.0
	Harman Management GmbH	Management of overseas subsidiaries	100.0
	Harman Professional Kft	Manufacture of audio products, R&D	100.0
	Harman Professional Denmark ApS	Sale of audio products, R&D	100.0
	Red Bend Software Ltd.	Software design	100.0
	Red Bend Software S.A.S	Software design	100.0
	Studer Professional Audio GmbH	Sale of audio products, R&D	100.0
	Harman Connected Services OOO	Connected service provider	100.0
	Harman RUS CIS LLC	Sale of audio products	100.0

Area	Subsidiaries	Industry	Percentage of ownership (%) ¹
	Samsung Gulf Electronics Co., Ltd. (SGE)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Turkey (SETK)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Industry and Commerce Ltd. (SETK-P)	Manufacture of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Levant Co.,Ltd. (SELV)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Maghreb Arab (SEMAG)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Egypt S.A.E (SEEG)	Manufacture and sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Israel Ltd. (SEIL)	Marketing	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Tunisia S.A.R.L (SETN)	Marketing	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Pakistan (Private) Ltd. (SEPAK)	Marketing	100.0
Middle East	Samsung Electronics Saudi Arabia Ltd. (SESAR)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
& Africa	Samsung Semiconductor Israel R&D Center, Ltd. (SIRC)	R&D	100.0
	Corephotonics Ltd.	R&D	100.0
	Samsung Electronics South Africa (Pty) Ltd. (SSA)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics South Africa Production (Pty) Ltd. (SSAP)	Manufacture of TV and monitors	100.0
	Samsung Electronics West Africa Ltd. (SEWA)	Marketing	100.0
	Samsung Electronics East Africa Ltd. (SEEA)	Marketing	100.0
	Global Symphony Technology Group Private Ltd.	Management of overseas subsidiaries	100.0
	Harman Connected Services Morocco	Connected service provider	100.0
	Harman Industries Holdings Mauritius Ltd.	Management of overseas subsidiaries	100.0
	Red Bend Ltd.	Manufacture of audio products	100.0
	Samsung Asia Pte. Ltd. (SAPL)	Management of overseas subsidiaries	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Singapore Pte. Ltd. (SESP)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Malaysia Electronics (SME) Sdn. Bhd. (SME)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Display (M) Sdn. Bhd. (SDMA)	Manufacture of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics (M) Sdn. Bhd. (SEMA)	Manufacture of home appliances	100.0
	Samsung Vina Electronics Co., Ltd. (SAVINA)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Vietnam Co., Ltd. (SEV)	Manufacture of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Vietnam THAINGUYEN Co., Ltd. (SEVT)	Manufacture of communication equipment	100.0
	Samsung Electronics HCMC CE Complex Co., Ltd. (SEHC)	Manufacture and sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Display Vietnam Co., Ltd. (SDV)	Manufacture of display panels	100.0
	PT Samsung Electronics Indonesia (SEIN)	Manufacture and sale of electronic devices	100.0
Asia	PT Samsung Telecommunications Indonesia (STIN)	Sale of electronic devices and services	100.0
(Excluding	Thai Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. (TSE)	Manufacture and sale of electronic devices	91.8
China)	Laos Samsung Electronics Sole Co., Ltd. (LSE)	Marketing	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Philippines Corporation (SEPCO)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Australia Pty. Ltd. (SEAU)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics New Zealand Limited (SENZ)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung India Electronics Private Ltd. (SIEL)	Manufacture and sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Display Noida Private Limited (SDN)	Manufacture of display panels	100.0
	Samsung R&D Institute India-Bangalore Private Limited (SRI-B)	R&D	100.0
	Samsung R&D Institute BanglaDesh Limited (SRBD)	R&D	100.0
	Samsung Nepal Services Pvt, Ltd. (SNSL)	Service	100.0
	Samsung Japan Corporation (SJC)	Sale of semiconductor and display panels	100.0
	Samsung R&D Institute Japan Co., Ltd. (SRJ)	R&D	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Japan Co., Ltd. (SEJ)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0

Area	Subsidiaries	Industry	Percentage o ownership (%
	Harman Connected Services Corp. India Pvt. Ltd.	Connected service provider	100.0
Asia	Harman International (India) Private Limited	Sale of audio products, R&D	100.0
(Excluding	Harman International Industries Pty Ltd.	Management of overseas subsidiaries	100.0
China)	Harman International Japan Co., Ltd.	Sale of audio products, R&D	100.0
	Harman Singapore Pte. Ltd.	Sale of audio products	100.0
	Samsung (CHINA) Investment Co., Ltd. (SCIC)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Hong Kong Co., Ltd. (SEHK)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Taiwan Co., Ltd. (SET)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Tianjin Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. (TSEC)	Manufacture of TV and monitors	91.2
	Suzhou Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. (SSEC)	Manufacture of home appliances	88.3
	Samsung Suzhou Electronics Export Co., Ltd. (SSEC-E)	Manufacture of home appliances	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Suzhou Computer Co., Ltd. (SESC)	Manufacture of electronic devices, R&D	100.0
	Tianjin Samsung Telecom Technology Co., Ltd. (TSTC)	Manufacture of communication equipment	90.0
	Beijing Samsung Telecom R&D Center (SRC-Beijing)	R&D	100.0
	Samsung Electronics China R&D Center (SRC-Nanjing)	R&D	100.0
	Samsung Mobile R&D Center China-Guangzhou (SRC-Guangzhou)	R&D	100.0
	Samsung R&D Institute China-Shenzhen (SRC-Shenzhen)	R&D	100.0
	Shanghai Samsung Semiconductor Co., Ltd. (SSS)	Sale of semiconductor and display panels	100.0
	Samsung (China) Semiconductor Co., Ltd. (SCS)	Manufacture of semiconductors	100.0
	Samsung SemiConductor Xian Co., Ltd. (SSCX)	Sale of semiconductor and display panels	100.0
China	Samsung Electronics Suzhou Semiconductor Co., Ltd. (SESS)	Toll processing of semiconductors	100.0
	Tianjin Samsung LED Co., Ltd. (TSLED)	Manufacture of LED	100.0
	Samsung Semiconductor (China) R&D Co., Ltd. (SSCR)	R&D	100.0
	Samsung Display Dongguan Co., Ltd. (SDD)	Manufacture of display panels	100.0
	Samsung Display Tianjin Co., Ltd. (SDT)	Manufacture of display panels	95.0
	SEMES (XIAN) Co., Ltd.	Semiconductor equipment services	100.0
	Samsung Semiconductor Investment L.P. I	Technology business, Venture capital investments	99.0
	Harman (China) Technologies Co., Ltd.	Manufacture of audio products	100.0
	Harman (Suzhou) Audio and Infotainment Systems Co., Ltd.	Sale of audio products	100.0
	Harman Automotive Electronic Systems (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.	Manufacture of audio products, R&D	100.0
	Harman Commercial (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	Sale of audio products	100.0
	Harman Connected Services Solutions (Chengdu) Co., Ltd.	Connected service provider	100.0
	Harman Holding Limited	Sale of audio products	100.0
	Harman International (China) Holdings Co., Ltd.	Sale of audio products, R&D	100.0
	Harman Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Sale of audio products, R&D	100.0

Area	Subsidiaries	Industry	Percentage of ownership (%) ¹
	Samsung Display Co., Ltd.	Manufacture and sale of display panels	84.8
	SU Materials	Manufacture of display components	50.0
	SEMES Co., Ltd.MSamsung Electronics Service Co., Ltd.R	Manufacture of semiconductor components	
		Manufacture and sale of semiconductor/FPD	91.5
		Repair services for electronic devices	99.3
		Call center for repair services for electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Sales Co., Ltd.	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Logitech Co., Ltd.	General logistics agency	100.0
	Samsung Medison Co., Ltd.	Manufacture and sale of medical equipment	68.5
	Mirero System Co., Ltd.	Development and supply of semiconductor process defect and quality control software	99.9
	Dowooinssys Co., Ltd.	Manufacture of display components	69.0
	Gf-System Co., Ltd. Harman International Korea Samsung Venture Capital Union #21	Manufacture of display components	100.0
		Software development and supply, etc.	100.0
		Technology business, Venture capital investments	99.0
	Samsung Venture Capital Union #22	Technology business, Venture capital investments	99.0
Domestic	Samsung Venture Capital Union #26	Manufacture of semiconductor components70.1Manufacture and sale of semiconductor/FPD91.s Service Co., Ltd.Repair services for electronic devices99.service Customer Satisfaction Co., Ltd.Call center for repair services for electronic devices100.s Sales Co., Ltd.General logistics agency100.s Logitech Co., Ltd.General logistics agency100.co., Ltd.Manufacture and sale of medical equipment68.Ltd.Development and supply of semiconductor99.atd.Manufacture of display components69.4.Manufacture of display components100.atd.Manufacture of display components100.apital Union #21Technology business, Venture capital investments99.4apital Union #22Technology business, Venture capital investments99.4apital Union #23Technology business, Venture capital investments99.4apital Union #24Technology business, Venture capital investments99.4apital Union #25Technology business, Venture capital investments99.4apital Union #33Technology business, Venture capital investments99.4apital Union #44Technology business, Venture capital investments99.4apital Union #33Technology business, Venture capital investments99.4apital Union #45Technology business, Venture capital investments99.4apital Union #45Technology business, Venture capital investments99.4apital Union #48Technology business, Venture ca	99.0
	Samsung Venture Capital Union #28		99.0
	Samsung Venture Capital Union #29		99.0
	Samsung Venture Capital Union #32	Technology business, Venture capital investments	99.0
	Samsung Venture Capital Union #33	Technology business, Venture capital investments	99.0
	Samsung Venture Capital Union #37	Technology business, Venture capital investments	99.0
	Samsung Venture Capital Union #40	Technology business, Venture capital investments	99.0
	Samsung Venture Capital Union #42	Technology business, Venture capital investments	99.0
	Samsung Venture Capital Union #43	Technology business, Venture capital investments	99.0
	Samsung Venture Capital Union #45	Technology business, Venture capital investments	99.0
	Samsung Venture Capital Union #48	Technology business, Venture capital investments	99.0
	Samsung Venture Capital Union #52	Technology business, Venture capital investments	99.0
	Samsung Venture Capital Union #55	Technology business, Venture capital investments	99.0
	Samsung Venture Capital Union #56	Technology business, Venture capital investments	99.0
	Growth type private equity trust specialized in semiconductors	Investment on semiconductor industry	66.7
	System LSI Mutual benefit private equity trust	Investment on semiconductor industry	62.5

1.3 Summary of Financial Data of Major Consolidated Subsidiaries

Summary of financial data of major consolidated subsidiaries is as follows:

(1) 2021

(In millions of Korean won)	As of Decembe	er 31, 2021	For the year ended December 31, 2021	
Major subsidiaries ¹	Assets	Liabilities	Sales	Profit (loss) for the year
Samsung Display	54,967,156	9,081,737	28,755,975	2,770,060
Samsung Electronics America, Inc. (SEA)	42,982,054	19,246,751	42,325,524	823,914
Samsung (China) Semiconductor Co., Ltd. (SCS)	19,049,536	5,168,738	7,341,018	1,708,832
Samsung Electronics Vietnam THAINGUYEN Co., Ltd. (SEVT)	17,521,446	3,425,127	32,184,024	2,298,273
Harman and its subsidiaries ²	15,887,380	6,104,012	10,015,092	357,612
Samsung Asia Pte. Ltd. (SAPL)	14,683,789	58,381	-	4,668,478
Samsung Electronics Europe Holding Cooperatief U.A. (SEEH)	14,651,496	8,998,502	-	24,527
Samsung Semiconductor, Inc. (SSI)	13,744,799	7,955,060	33,895,805	74,531
Samsung (CHINA) Investment Co., Ltd. (SCIC)	13,599,093	9,685,278	2,615,685	451,062
Samsung Electronics Vietnam Co., Ltd. (SEV)	13,023,272	2,085,411	21,583,038	1,455,704
Samsung Austin Semiconductor LLC (SAS)	8,705,085	958,537	3,703,472	759,206
Shanghai Samsung Semiconductor Co., Ltd. (SSS)	7,765,126	5,799,690	31,326,186	325,397
Samsung India Electronics Private Ltd. (SIEL)	7,765,019	3,236,745	12,222,643	522,672
Samsung Display Vietnam Co., Ltd. (SDV)	6,821,066	2,486,703	21,722,446	981,311
Samsung Eletronica da Amazonia Ltda. (SEDA)	4,589,505	1,671,097	6,020,523	490,202
Samsung Electronics HCMC CE Complex Co., Ltd. (SEHC)	3,129,104	919,721	6,551,242	472,666
Thai Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. (TSE)	3,018,358	474,223	4,443,031	142,191
Samsung Electronics (UK) Ltd. (SEUK)	2,925,062	1,992,367	5,621,922	241,403
Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V. (SEBN)	2,612,357	766,034	2,569,603	284,816
Samsung Electronics Hungarian Private Co., Ltd. (SEH)	2,504,075	641,004	4,357,137	157,616
Samsung Electronics Europe Logistics B.V. (SELS)	2,305,275	2,144,805	14,700,517	13,943
Samsung Electronics GmbH (SEG)	2,289,391	2,228,650	6,385,080	2,158
Samsung Display Dongguan Co., Ltd. (SDD)	2,149,277	339,425	3,987,674	163,637
Samsung International, Inc. (SII)	2,125,719	1,041,168	7,948,982	105,444
Samsung Electronics Taiwan Co., Ltd. (SET)	2,033,992	1,459,353	5,638,204	50,966

¹ Summary of condensed financial information is based on separate financial statements of each subsidiary.

² Consolidated financial data of an intermediate company that includes Harman International Industries, Inc. and its subsidiaries.

(2) 2020

(In millions of Korean won)	As of December	er 31, 2020	For the year ended December 31, 2020	
Major subsidiaries ¹	Assets	Liabilities	Sales	Profit (loss) for the year
Samsung Display	50,039,755	7,612,332	27,149,102	1,798,100
Samsung Electronics America, Inc. (SEA)	36,765,070	15,828,083	35,237,365	1,623,555
Samsung Electronics Vietnam THAINGUYEN Co., Ltd. (SEVT)	15,500,024	2,574,442	28,284,397	2,066,842
Samsung (CHINA) Investment Co., Ltd. (SCIC)	15,438,819	12,358,881	2,475,454	127,051
Harman and its subsidiaries ²	14,702,005	5,776,884	9,161,142	(735,426)
Samsung (China) Semiconductor Co., Ltd. (SCS)	14,348,735	3,511,003	5,321,312	1,100,619
Samsung Electronics Vietnam Co., Ltd. (SEV)	12,623,956	1,805,326	19,952,957	1,408,088
Samsung Electronics Europe Holding Cooperatief U.A. (SEEH)	11,495,430	7,641,709	-	16,150
Samsung Semiconductor, Inc. (SSI)	9,669,349	4,427,701	23,562,962	182,290
Samsung Asia Pte. Ltd. (SAPL)	9,552,755	523,402	1,634,692	968,504
Shanghai Samsung Semiconductor Co., Ltd. (SSS)	7,678,989	5,010,041	25,829,119	271,691
Samsung Display Vietnam Co., Ltd. (SDV)	7,400,563	4,354,887	19,209,100	559,006
Samsung Austin Semiconductor LLC. (SAS)	6,912,610	538,288	3,913,100	922,007
Samsung Eletronica da Amazonia Ltda. (SEDA)	6,280,131	1,556,057	6,390,696	819,561
Samsung India Electronics Private Ltd. (SIEL)	6,250,492	2,523,027	10,943,343	611,571
Thai Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. (TSE)	2,920,299	451,055	3,744,080	160,264
Samsung Electronics (UK) Ltd. (SEUK)	2,767,563	1,886,447	4,987,522	133,016
Samsung Electronics GmbH (SEG)	2,687,535	2,626,979	6,306,675	605
Samsung Electronics HCMC CE Complex Co., Ltd. (SEHC)	2,609,150	1,026,901	6,273,162	419,313
Samsung Electronics Hungarian Private Co., Ltd. (SEH)	2,230,457	504,952	3,665,360	148,056
Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V. (SEBN)	2,145,488	736,480	2,324,308	58,579
Samsung Display Dongguan Co., Ltd. (SDD)	1,767,663	300,080	2,947,506	110,194
Samsung Electronics Europe Logistics B.V. (SELS)	1,700,033	1,550,350	13,444,960	20,623
Samsung Electronics France S.A.S (SEF)	1,688,580	1,207,359	3,464,937	61,596
Samsung Japan Corporation (SJC)	1,668,902	1,381,443	3,317,644	7,684

¹ Summary of condensed financial information is based on separate financial statements of each subsidiary.

² Consolidated financial data of an intermediate company that includes Harman International Industries, Inc. and its subsidiaries.

1.4 Changes in Consolidation Scope

Change	Area	Subsidiary	Description
	Middle East & Africa	Samsung Electronics Industry and Commerce Ltd. (SETK-P)	Establishment
	China	Samsung Semiconductor Investment L.P. I	Establishment
Included		Samsung Venture Capital Union #52	Establishment
	Domestic	Samsung Venture Capital Union #55	Establishment
		Samsung Venture Capital Union #56	Establishment
		Viv Labs, Inc.	Merger
		Prismview, LLC	Merger
		Stellus Technologies, Inc.	Liquidation
		SigMast Communications Inc.	Liquidation
	America	Zhilabs Inc.	Liquidation
		TWS LATAM B, LLC	Liquidation
		TWS LATAM S, LLC	Liquidation
		SNB Technologies, Inc. Mexico, S.A. de C.V	Liquidation
		RT SV CO-INVEST, LP	Liquidation
Excluded		Arcam Limited	Liquidation
		A&R Cambridge Limited	Liquidation
	Europe / CIS	Harman Connected Services Limited	Liquidation
	Martin Manufacturing (UK) Ltd	Liquidation	
		Samsung Suzhou Module Co., Ltd. (SSM)	Sale of business
		Samsung Suzhou LCD Co., Ltd. (SSL)	
	China	Samsung Electronics Huizhou Co., Ltd.(SEHZ)	Liquidation
		Shenzhen Samsung Electronics Telecommunication Co., Ltd.(SSET)	Liquidation
	Domestic	Samsung Venture Capital Union #27	Liquidation

Changes in consolidation scope during the year ended December 31, 2021 are as follows:

2. Significant Accounting Policies

2.1 Basis of Presentation

The principal accounting policies used to prepare the consolidated financial statements are set out below. Except for the effect of the amendments to the Korean IFRS and new interpretations set out below, the principal accounting policies used to prepare the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021 are consistent with those used to prepare the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020.

The Company maintains its accounting records in Korean won and prepares the statutory financial statements in Korean language (Hangul) in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the Republic of Korea ("Korean IFRS"). The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been condensed, restructured, and translated into English from the Korean language financial statements.

Certain information attached to the Korean language financial statements that are not required for a fair presentation of the Company's financial position, financial performance or cash flows, are not presented in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Korean IFRS. These are the standards, subsequent amendments and related interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) that have been adopted by the Republic of Korea.

Korean IFRS permits the use of critical accounting estimates in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements and requires management judgments in applying the accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in Note 3.

2.2 Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures

(A) New and amended standards adopted by the Company

The Company applied the following amended and/or enacted standards for the first time for their annual reporting period commencing on January 1, 2021:

Amendments to Korean IFRS 1116, Lease

The amendments introduced a practical expedient that simplifies the lessee's accounting treatments for COVID-19 related rent concessions, and through such expedient a lessee may elect not to assess whether the rent concessions granted as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic are lease modifications. A lessee that makes this election shall account for any changes in lease payments resulting from the rent concessions the same way as prescribed by this standard if the changes were not considered as lease modifications. The application of amendments does not have a significant impact on the year-end consolidated financial statements.

(B) New and amended standards not yet adopted by the Company

The amended accounting standard issued that is not mandatory for the annual reporting period commencing on January 1, 2021 and has not been early adopted by the Company is as follows:

Amendments to Korean IFRS 1116, Lease

During the year ended December 31, 2020, the amendments to Korean IFRS 1116 introduced a practical expedient that provided practical relief to lessees in accounting for rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of COVID-19. The amendments extend the practical expedient to apply to reduction in lease payments originally due on or before 30 June 2022. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after April 1, 2021, with early application permitted.

Amendments to Korean IFRS 1103, Business Combinations

The amendments add to Korean IFRS 1103 a requirement that, for obligations within the scope of IAS 37, an acquirer applies Korean IFRS 1037 or Korean IFRS 2121 Levies to determine whether at the acquisition date a present obligation exists as a result of the past events. The amendments also add an explicit statement that an acquirer does not recognize contingent assets acquired in a business combination. The amendments are effective for business combinations for which the date of acquisition is on or after the beginning of the first annual period beginning on or after January 1, 2022, with early application permitted

Amendments to Korean IFRS 1016 Property, Plant and Equipment

The amendments prohibit deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment any proceeds from selling items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Instead, an entity recognizes the proceeds from selling such items, and the cost of producing those items, in profit or loss. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022, with early application permitted.

Amendments to Korean IFRS 1037 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

The amendments specify that the 'cost of fulfilling' a contract comprises the 'costs that relate directly to the contract'. Costs that relate directly to a contract consist of both the incremental costs of fulfilling that contract and an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling the contract. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022, with early application permitted.

Amendments to Korean IFRS 1001 Presentation of Financial Statements

The amendments clarify that the classification of liabilities as current or non-current is based on rights that are in existence at the end of the reporting period, specify that classification is unaffected by expectations about whether an entity will exercise its right to defer settlement of a liability, and elucidate that settlement refers to the transfer to the counterparty of cash, equity instruments, other assets or services. The amendments are applied retrospectively for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023, with early application permitted.

Amendments to Korean IFRS 1001 Presentation of Financial Statements

The amendments define the term 'material accounting policy information', and develop guidance and examples in IFRS Practice Statement 2 to explain and demonstrate the application of 'materiality'. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023, with earlier application permitted and are applied prospectively.

Amendments to Korean IFRS 1008 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors

The amendments define accounting estimates, and clarify that it is different from changes in accounting policies. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023, to changes in accounting policies and changes in accounting estimates that occur on or after the beginning of the same period, with earlier application permitted.

Amendments to Korean IFRS 1012, Income Taxes

The amendments introduce a further exception to the initial recognition exemption. Under the amendments, an entity does not apply the initial recognition exemption for transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023, with earlier application permitted.

2.3 Consolidation

The Company prepares the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Korean IFRS 1110 Consolidated Financial Statements.

(A) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including the special purpose entities) over which the Company has control. The Company controls the corresponding investee when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins from the date the Company obtains control of a subsidiary and ceases when the Company loses control of the subsidiary.

The Company applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred is measured at the fair values of the assets transferred, and identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are initially measured at their fair values at the acquisition date. The Company recognizes any non-controlling interest in the acquiree on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis in the event of liquidation at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the recognized amounts of acquiree's identifiable net assets. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

The excess of consideration transferred, of any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity, and acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquired entity over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If those amounts are less than the fair value of the net identifiable assets of the business acquired, the difference is recognized directly in the profit or loss as a bargain purchase.

Balances of receivables and payables, income and expenses and unrealized gains or losses on transactions between the entities within the Company are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries are changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Company.

(B) Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries without change of control

Transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions – that is, as transactions with the owners in their capacity as owners. The difference between the fair value of any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals of non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

(C) Disposal of subsidiaries

If the Company loses control of a subsidiary, any investment continuously retained in the subsidiary is re-measured at its fair value at the date when control is lost and any resulting differences are recognized in profit or loss. Such fair value becomes the initial carrying amount for the subsequent measurement of the retained interest accounted for as an associate, joint venture, or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in respect of such entity are accounted as if the Company had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. As a result, the previously recognized other comprehensive income are reclassified into profit or loss or equity.

(D) Non-controlling interests

Each component of profit or loss and other comprehensive income is attributed to owners of the parent and to non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to owners of the parent and to non-controlling interests even if this results in a negative balance of non-controlling interests.

(E) Associates

Associates are all entities over which the Company has significant influence but does not have control, generally investees of which from 20% to 50% voting shares are owned by the Company. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting, after initially being recognized at cost. Unrealized gains on transactions between the Company and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Company's interest in the associates. If the Company's share of losses of an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate (including long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Company's net investment in the associate), the Company discontinues recognizing its share of further losses. After the Company has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. If there is objective evidence of impairment for the investment in the associate, the Company recognizes the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying amount as an impairment loss. If an associate uses accounting policies other than those of the Company for like transactions and events in similar circumstances, adjustments shall be made, if necessary, to make the associate's accounting policies conform to those of the Company when the associate's financial statements are used by the entity in applying the equity method.

(F) Joint arrangements

A joint arrangement of which two or more parties have joint control is classified as either a joint operation or a joint venture. A joint operator has rights to the assets, and obligations for the liabilities, relating to the joint operation and recognizes the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses relating to its interest in a joint operation. A joint venture has rights to the net assets relating to the joint venture and accounts for that investment using the equity method.

2.4 Foreign Currency Translation

(A) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the consolidated financial statements of each of the Company's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which each entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Korean won, which is the parent company's functional and presentation currency.

(B) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in profit or loss. Exchange differences arising on non-monetary financial assets and liabilities such as equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss and equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized in profit or loss and other comprehensive income, respectively, as part of the fair value gain or loss.

(C) Translation into the presentation currency

The results and financial position of all the foreign entities that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency of the Company are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- Assets and liabilities for each consolidated statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the end of the reporting date.
- Income and expenses for each consolidated statement of profit or loss are translated at average exchange rates, unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the as-of rate on the dates of the transactions.
- · All resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

2.5 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, and other short-term investment assets with high liquidity that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

2.6 Financial Assets

(A) Classification

From January 1, 2018, the initial application date for Korean IFRS 1109 *Financial Instruments*, the Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- Financial assets measured at fair value (changes in fair value recognized in either other comprehensive income, or profit or loss)
- Financial assets measured at amortized cost.

The classification depends on the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For financial assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held. The Company reclassifies debt investments only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, classification will depend on whether the Company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income. Changes in fair value of the investments in equity instruments that are not elected to be accounted for as other comprehensive income are recognized in profit or loss.

(B) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Company measures a financial asset at its fair value. In the case of financial asset not measured at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset or the issuance of the financial liabilities are added to its fair value. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

Hybrid (combined) contracts with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows solely consist of the payments of principal and interest.

a) Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Company's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. The Company classifies its debt instruments into one of the following three measurement categories:

① Financial assets measured at amortized cost

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely the payments of principal and interest are measured at amortized cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortized cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognized in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in 'financial income' using the effective interest rate method.

2 Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely the payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through other comprehensive income, except for the recognizion of impairment loss (reversal of impairment loss), interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognized in profit or loss. When the financial assets are derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss. Interest income from these financial assets is included in 'financial income' using the effective interest rate method. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in 'financial income' or 'financial expenses' and impairment losses are presented in 'other non-operating expenses'.

③ Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss

Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognized in profit or loss and presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss within 'other non-operating income' or 'other non-operating expenses' in the year in which it arises.

b) Equity instruments

The Company subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Company's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. When the financial asset is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss on valuation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income recognized in equity is reclassified to retained earnings. Dividend income from such investments continue to be recognized in profit or loss as 'other non-operating income' when the right to receive the payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognized in 'other non-operating income' or 'other non-operating expenses' in the consolidated statements of profit or loss as applicable.

(C) Impairment

The Company assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortized cost and fair value through other comprehensive income. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. For trade receivables, the Company applies the simplified approach, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognized from initial recognition of the receivables.

(D) Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized or derecognized on a trade date basis. Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. If a transfer does not result in derecognizion because the Company has retained substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the transferred asset, the Company continues to recognize the transferred asset in its entirety and recognizes a financial liability for the consideration received. The Company classifies the financial liability as 'borrowings' in the consolidated statement of financial position.

(E) Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statements of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the assets and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business, even in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

2.7 Trade Receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for inventories sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection is expected within one year or less, they are classified as current assets. If collection is expected beyond one year, they are presented as non-current assets. Trade receivables are recognized initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less loss allowance, unless the trade receivables bear significant financial component.

2.8 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the average cost method, except for materials in transit. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labor, other direct costs and related production overheads (based on normal operating capacity). It excludes costs of idle plant and abnormal waste. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

The Company regularly estimates the changes in future customer demand in the products that may cause a significant change in the valuation allowance and recognizes the valuation allowance if there is any case such as excess, obsolescence and decline in market value. Loss on valuation of inventories is recorded as cost of sales.

2.9 Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the cost will flow to the Company and the cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced parts are derecognized and the repairs and maintenance expenses are recognized in profit or loss in the period they are incurred.

Depreciation on tangible assets is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the difference between their cost and their residual values over their estimated useful lives. Land is not depreciated. Costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset, including capitalized interest costs, form part of the cost of that asset and are amortized over the estimated useful lives.

The Company's policy is that property, plant and equipment should be depreciated over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated useful lives
Buildings and structures	15, 30 years
Machinery and equipment	5 years
Other	5 years

The depreciation method, residual values and useful lives of property, plant and equipment are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognized within the consolidated statement of profit or loss as 'other non-operating income' or 'other non-operating expenses'.

2.10 Borrowing Costs

General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

2.11 Intangible Assets

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Company's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired subsidiaries, associates, joint ventures and businesses at the date of acquisition. Goodwill on an acquisition of subsidiaries' businesses is included in intangible assets and goodwill on an acquisition of associates and joint ventures' shares is included in the investments in associates and joint ventures.

Intangible assets, except for goodwill, are initially recognized at their historical cost and carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses.

Internally generated development costs are the aggregate costs recognized after meeting the asset recognition criteria, including technical feasibility, and determined to have future economic benefits. Membership rights and certain trademarks are regarded as intangible assets with an indefinite useful life and not amortized because there is no foreseeable limit to the period over which the assets are expected to be utilized. However, the Company records impairment based on its reasonable estimation of the benefits associated with the membership rights and assessment of impairment indicators, such as a decline in the market value. Intangible assets with definite useful lives such as trademarks, licenses, and other intangible assets, are amortized using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives.

The Company's policy is that intangible assets should be amortized over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated useful lives
Development costs	2 years
Trademarks, licenses and other intangible assets	3 - 25 years

2.12 Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

Goodwill or intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not subject to amortization and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortization are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest level for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

2.13 Assets Held-for-Sale (Disposal Group)

Non-current assets (or disposal groups) are classified as assets held-for-sale when their carrying amount is to be recovered principally through a sale transaction and the sale is considered highly probable. The assets are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and the fair value less costs to sell. Gain or loss on disposal is determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount of relevant assets, and is recognized in the statements of profit or loss as 'other non-operating income' or 'other non-operating expenses'.

2.14 Financial Liabilities

(A) Classification and measurement

The Company shall classify all financial liabilities as financial liabilities measured subsequently at amortized cost, except for the following:

- Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Such liabilities, including derivatives that are liabilities, shall be subsequently measured at fair value.
- Financial liabilities that arise when a transfer of a financial asset does not qualify for derecognition or when the continuing involvement approach applies. Such financial liabilities are measured based on the methodology described in Note 2.6 Financial Assets.
- Financial guarantee contracts. After the initial recognition, an issuer of such a contract shall subsequently measure it at the higher of:
 - (a) The amount of the loss allowance determined based on the expected credit losses.
 - (b) The amount initially recognized less the cumulative amount of income recognized in accordance with the principles of Korean IFRS 1115 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers,* when appropriate.
- Commitments to provide loan at below-market interest rate. An issuer of such a commitment shall subsequently measure it at the higher of:
 - (a) The amount of the loss allowance determined based on the expected credit losses.
 - (b) The amount initially recognized less the cumulative amount of income recognized in accordance with the principles of Korean IFRS 1115 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, when appropriate.
- Contingent consideration recognized by an acquirer in a business combination to which Korean IFRS 1103 Business Combinations applies. Such contingent consideration shall subsequently be measured at fair value with changes recognized in profit or loss.

(B) Derecognition

Financial liabilities are removed from the consolidated statements of financial position when it is extinguished; for example, when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expired or when the terms of an existing financial liability are substantially modified. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid (including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed) is recognized in profit or loss.

2.15 Trade Payables

Trade payables are amounts due to suppliers for inventories purchased or services received in the ordinary course of business. If payment is expected to be made within 12 months, they are classified as current liabilities. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Non-current trade payables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

2.16 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at amortized cost. Any difference between cost and the redemption value is recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. If the Company has an indefinite right to defer payment for a period longer than 12 months after the end of the reporting date, such liabilities are recorded as non-current liabilities, otherwise, they are recorded as current liabilities.

2.17 Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are not recognized for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as interest expense.

The Company discloses a contingent liability if there is a possible obligation from past events in which the existence may only be identified through the occurrence of uncertain future events; or there is a present obligations that the possibility on the outflow of economic resources is uncertain; or the amount of economic resources required to settle the present obligation cannot be reasonably estimated.

2.18 Employee Benefits

The Company has a variety of retirement pension plans including a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plans.

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate fund. The Company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service received in the current and prior periods. For a defined contribution plans, the Company pays contributions to annuity plans that are managed either publicly or privately on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The Company has no further future payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognized as employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

A defined benefit plan is a pension plan that is not a defined contribution plan. Typically, a defined benefit plan establishes an amount of pension benefit that an employee will receive upon retirement, usually dependent on one or more factors such as age, years of service and compensation. The liability (asset) recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position with respect to the defined benefit pension plan is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using the interest rates of high-quality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid and that have the terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related pension obligation.

Actuarial gains and losses resulting from the changes in actuarial assumptions, and the differences between the previous actuarial assumptions and what has actually occurred, are recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which they were incurred. When plan amendments, curtailments and settlements occur, past service costs or gain or loss from settlements are immediately recognized in profit or loss.

2.19 Financial Guarantee Contract

Financial guarantee contracts are contracts that require the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payments when due.

The liability is initially measured at fair value and then subsequently measured at the higher of the following, and is recognized in the consolidated statements of financial position within 'other financial liabilities':

- the amount determined in accordance with the expected credit loss model under Korean IFRS 1109 Financial Instruments and
- the amount initially recognized less the cumulative amount of income recognized in accordance with Korean IFRS 1115 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, where appropriate.

2.20 Current and Deferred Tax

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Current and deferred tax is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to the items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. The tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognized for temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts as expected tax consequences at the recovery or settlement of the carrying amounts of those assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognized if they arise from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting nor taxable profit. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that a future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

A deferred tax liability is recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates, and interests in joint ventures, except to the extent that the Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. In addition, a deferred tax asset is recognized for deductible temporary differences arising from such investments to the extent that it is probable the temporary difference will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the current tax assets against the current tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities with an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

2.21 Derivative Instruments

The Company initially recognizes rights and obligations from derivative contracts as assets and liabilities at fair value. Gain or loss arising from these contracts are recognized in profit or loss. Qualified hedged amount from cash flow hedge and hedge of a net investment in a foreign operation is deferred in equity.

The Company applies cash flow hedge accounting to hedge the price risk associated with inventory purchase and other. The effective portion of changes in fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is recognized in other comprehensive income, and the ineffective portion is recognized in financial income or expenses.

2.22 Dividend

Dividend is recognized as a liability when approved by the Company's shareholders.

2.23 Share Capital

Ordinary shares and preference shares with no repayment obligations are classified as equity. When the Company or a subsidiary acquires the Company's ordinary shares, the acquisition costs, including direct transaction costs, are deducted from equity until the redemption or reissuance as treasury shares. Consideration received on the reissuance of treasury shares is credited to equity attributable to owners of the parent company.

2.24 Revenue Recognition

Revenue mainly comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods in the ordinary course of the Company's activities. Revenue is shown net of value-added tax, returns, sales incentives and discounts and after eliminating intercompany transactions.

The Company applied Korean IFRS 1115 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* to the annual period beginning January 1, 2018. The Company shall recognize revenue in accordance with Korean IFRS 1115 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* by applying the following 5 steps: ① Identify the contracts with the customers, ② Identify the separate performance obligations, ③ Determine the transaction price of the contract, ④ Allocate the transaction price to each of the separate performance obligations, and ⑤ Recognize the revenue as each performance obligation is satisfied.

(A) Identification of performance obligations

The Company exports various products and merchandise in accordance with Incoterms Group C trading conditions (Incoterms CIF and other). According to Korean IFRS 1115 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* since the seller provides the shipping service after the control of the product or merchandise has been transferred to the customer, the shipping service (including insurance) is recognized as a separate performance obligation.

(B) Performance obligations satisfied over time

The Company delivers products to customers and installs them in accordance with the system air conditioner contracts awarded by the Public Procurement Service. According to Korean IFRS 1115 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* the Company should recognize revenue over time if the Company creates or enhances an asset (for example, work in progress) that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced. The Company recognizes the revenue from system air conditioner installation over time as the customer controls the outcome of the service.

(C) Variable consideration

The Company estimates amount of variable consideration by using the 'expected value method' or the 'most likely amount method', depending on which method the Company expects to better predict the amount of consideration. The Company recognizes revenue only to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur, and classifies the amount which the Company does not expect to be entitled as contract liabilities.

The Company measures refund liability at the amount of consideration received for which the Company does not expect to be entitled. The Company has a right to recover the product from the customer when the customer exercises his right of return and recognizes an asset and a corresponding adjustment to cost of sales. The asset is measured with reference to the former carrying amount of the product less the costs to recover the products.

(D) Allocation of the transaction price

The transaction price in an arrangement must be allocated to each separate performance obligation based on the relative standalone selling prices of the goods or services being provided to a customer. The Company determines the standalone selling price for each separate performance obligation by using methods such as the 'adjusted market assessment approach'.

2.25 Leases

A lease is a contract, whereby the lessor conveys to the lessee, the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. However, the Company did not reassess all contracts at initial application of Korean IFRS 1116 *Leases* because the Company applied the practical expedient to contracts entered into before January 1, 2019.

For a contract that is, or contains, a lease, both lessee and lessor account for each lease component within the contract as a lease separately from the non-lease components of the contract. In lessee accounting, however, the Company does not account for them separately but instead applies the practical expedient to account for each lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease component.

(A) Lessee accounting

The Company recognizes a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying leased asset and a lease liability representing its obligation to make lease payments at the commencement date of the lease.

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, adjusted for the remeasurement of lease liability. The right-of-use asset is depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term from the commencement date of the lease and is classified as 'property, plant and equipment' in the consolidated financial statements.

At the commencement date, the lease liability is measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. When measuring the present value, the lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If such implicit rate cannot be readily determined, the Company uses the Company's incremental borrowing rate. The lease liability is subsequently increased by the amount of interest expenses recognized on the lease liability and reduced by the lease payments made. Lease liabilities are remeasured when the future lease payments are changed due to the following:

- Changes in an index or rate
- · Changes in amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under the residual value guarantees
- · Changes in the assessment of whether a purchase option or an option to renew is reasonably certain to be exercised, or
- · Changes in the assessment of whether it is reasonably certain that an option to terminate the lease will not be exercised.

Lease liabilities are classified as 'current portion of long-term liabilities' and/or 'long-term borrowings' in the consolidated financial statements.

The Company elected the practical expedient for short-term leases (leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less at the commencement date) and leases of low-value assets (leases for which the underlying asset is valued at USD 5,000 or less), for which the lease payments are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(B) Lessor accounting

The accounting treatment as a lessor did not change significantly from the Korean IFRS 1116 *Leases* initially applied on January 1, 2019.

The Company classifies a lease as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership at the inception of the lease. A lease other than a finance lease is classified as an operating lease. Lease income from operating leases is recognized in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Initial direct costs incurred by the lessor in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognized as an expense over the lease term on the same basis as the lease income.

2.26 Government Grants

Government grants are recognized at their fair values when there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Company will comply with the conditions attached to it. Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognized in the consolidated statements of profit or loss over the period necessary to match the costs they are intended to compensate. Government grants relating to assets are recognized in liabilities as deferred income government grants, and depreciated over the expected lives of the related assets, and are credited to the consolidated statements of profit or loss.

2.27 Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit for the period available to the ordinary shareholders by the weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to owners of the parent company from the consolidated statements of profit or loss by the weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding and potential dilutive shares. Potential dilutive shares are used in the calculation of dilutive earnings per share only when they have dilutive effects.

2.28 Reportable Segments

Reportable segments are disclosed in a manner consistent with the reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker is responsible for making strategic decisions on resource allocation and assessing performance of the reportable segments. The Management Committee, which makes strategic decisions, is regarded as the chief operating decision-maker.

2.29 Convenience Translation into United States Dollar Amounts

The Company operates primarily in Korean won and its official accounting records are maintained in Korean won. The US dollar amounts provided in the consolidated financial statements represent supplementary information solely for the convenience of the reader. All Korean won amounts are expressed in US dollar at the rate of W 1,144.1 to USD 1, the average exchange rate for the year ended December 31, 2021. Such presentation is not in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and should not be construed as a representation that the Korean won amounts shown could be readily converted, realized or settled in US dollar at this or at any other rate.

2.30 Approval of the Consolidated Financial Statements

These consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on January 27, 2022, and may be modified and approved at the Annual General Shareholders' Meetings.

3. Critical Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

The Company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The estimates and assumptions are continuously assessed, considering historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. In particular, the recent spread of COVID-19 during the year ended December 31, 2021 may result in changes to the Company's assumptions and estimates but its potential financial impact cannot be reasonably estimated as of the reporting date.

The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

(A) Revenue recognition

A refund liability and a right to the returned goods are recognized for the products expected to be returned at the time of sale. Accumulative experience is used to estimate such returns at the time of sale at a portfolio level (through expected value method), and the Company's revenue is affected by the changes in expected return rate.

Sales of goods are recognized based on the considerations specified in the contract, net of sales incentives, when control of the products has transferred. The sales deduction, which affects the Company's revenue, is reasonably estimated based on the historical experience and past contracts.

(B) Provision for warranty

The Company recognizes provision for warranty on products sold. The Company accrues provision for warranty based on the best estimate of amounts necessary to settle future and existing claims at the end of each reporting period. The amounts are estimated based on the past experience.

(C) Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined by using a variety of methods and assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the end of each reporting period.

(D) Impairment of financial assets

The loss allowance for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation based on the Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

(E) Lease

In determining the lease term, the Company considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not to exercise a termination option. Extension options (or periods after termination options) are only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended (or not terminated).

The lease term is reassessed if an option is actually exercised (or not exercised) or the Company becomes obliged to exercise (or not exercise) it. The Company reassesses whether it is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option (or not to exercise such option) upon the occurrence of either a significant event or a significant change in circumstances that is within the control of the lessee.

(F) Net defined benefit liabilities (assets)

The net defined benefit liabilities (assets) depend on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a number of assumptions including the discount rate. Any changes in these assumptions will impact the carrying amount of the net defined benefit liability. The Company, in consideration of the interest rates of high-quality corporate bonds, determines the appropriate discount rate at the end of each year. This is the interest rate that is used to determine the present value of estimated future cash outflows expected to be required to settle the net defined benefit liabilities (assets). The principal actuarial assumptions associated with the net defined benefit liabilities (assets) are based on the current market expectations.

(G) Impairment of goodwill and intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life

At the end of each reporting period, the Company tests whether goodwill and intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life have become impaired by comparing the carrying amounts of assets or cash-generating units to the recoverable amounts. The recoverable amounts of assets or cash-generating units have been determined based on value-in-use calculations, and these calculations are based on estimates.

(H) Income taxes

Income taxes on the Company's taxable income from operating activities are subject to various tax laws and determinations of each tax authority across various countries throughout the world. There is uncertainty in determining the eventual tax effects on the taxable income from operating activities. The Company has recognized current tax and deferred tax at the end of the fiscal year based on the best estimate of future taxes payable as a result of operating activities. However, the resulting deferred income tax assets and liabilities may not equal the actual future taxes payable and such difference may impact the current tax and deferred income tax assets and liabilities upon the determination of eventual tax effects.

Regarding taxes payable in Korea, if a certain portion of taxable income is not used for investments or for increases in wages or dividends, in accordance with the *Tax System For Recirculation of Corporate Income*, the Company is liable to pay additional income tax calculated based on the Korean tax law. The current and deferred tax at the end of the fiscal year are based on the best estimate of future taxes payable, which can differ from the actual future taxes payable as a result of changes in investments, wages and dividends; this results in an additional uncertainty in measuring the final tax effects.

The Company assesses uncertainty over a tax treatment. When the Company concludes it is not probable that the taxation authority will accept an uncertain tax treatment, the Company will reflect the effect of uncertainty for each uncertain tax treatment by using either of the following methods, depending on which method the Company expects to better predict the resolution of the uncertainty:

- The most likely amount: the single most likely amount in a range of possible outcomes.
- The expected value: the sum of the probability-weighted amounts in a range of possible outcomes.

4. Financial Instruments by Category

(A) Categorizations of financial assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(1) As of December 31, 2021

(In millions of Korean won)	Financial assets measured at amortized cost	Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	Other financial assets ¹	Total
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	20 021 415				20 021 415
Short-term financial instruments	39,031,415	-	-	-	39,031,415
Short-term financial assets at	81,708,986	-	-	-	81,708,986
amortized cost	3,369,034	_	_	_	3,369,034
Short-term financial assets at	5,507,051				5,505,051
fair value through profit or loss	-	-	40,757	-	40,757
Trade receivables	40,713,415	-	_	-	40,713,415
Financial assets at fair value through	- , , -				- , - , -
other comprehensive income	-	13,965,839	-	-	13,965,839
Financial assets at fair value through					
profit or loss	-	-	1,525,344	-	1,525,344
Other	8,711,973	-	279,127	49,089	9,040,189
Total	173,534,823	13,965,839	1,845,228	49,089	189,394,979

¹Other financial assets include derivatives designated as hedging instruments which are not subject to categorizations.

(In millions of Korean won)	Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost	Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss	Other financial liabilities ¹	Total
Financial liabilities				
Trade payables	13,453,351	-	-	13,453,351
Short-term borrowings	2,131,692	-	11,556,101	13,687,793
Other payables	14,126,970	-	-	14,126,970
Current portion of long-term liabilities	518,065	-	811,903	1,329,968
Debentures	508,232	-	-	508,232
Long-term borrowings	1,500	-	2,864,656	2,866,156
Long-term other payables	2,562,158	-	-	2,562,158
Other	10,444,290	323,526	13,868	10,781,684
Total	43,746,258	323,526	15,246,528	59,316,312

¹Other financial liabilities include collateralized borrowings, lease liabilities and derivatives designated as hedging instruments, which are not subject to categorizations.

(2) As of December 31, 2020

(In millions of Korean won)	Financial assets measured at amortized cost	Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	Other financial assets ¹	Total
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	29,382,578	-	-	-	29,382,578
Short-term financial instruments	92,441,703	-	-	-	92,441,703
Short-term financial assets at amortized cost	2,757,111	-	-	-	2,757,111
Short-term financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	71,451	-	71,451
Trade receivables	30,965,058	-	-	-	30,965,058
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	12,575,216	-	-	12,575,216
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	1,202,969	-	1,202,969
Other	6,395,766	-	215,797	23,310	6,634,873
Total	161,942,216	12,575,216	1,490,217	23,310	176,030,959

¹ Other financial assets include derivatives designated as hedging instruments which are not subject to categorizations.

(In millions of Korean won)	Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost	Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss	Other financial liabilities ¹	Total
Financial liabilities				
Trade payables	9,739,222	-	-	9,739,222
Short-term borrowings	2,278,386	-	14,275,043	16,553,429
Other payables	10,645,637	-	-	10,645,637
Current portion of long-term liabilities	5,318	-	710,781	716,099
Debentures	948,137	-	-	948,137
Long-term borrowings	-	-	1,999,716	1,999,716
Long-term other payables	1,272,128	2,176	-	1,274,304
Others	9,354,624	242,698	41,930	9,639,252
Total	34,243,452	244,874	17,027,470	51,515,796

¹ Other financial liabilities include collateralized borrowings, lease liabilities, and derivatives designated as hedging instruments, which are not subject to categorizations.

(B) Net gains or losses on each category of financial assets and liabilities for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(1) 2021

(In millions of Korean won)	Financial assets measured at amortized cost	Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	Other financial assets ¹	Total
Financial assets					
Gain (loss) on valuation (other comprehensive income)	-	2,980,896	-	27,715	3,008,611
Gain (loss) on valuation/disposal (profit or loss) Reclassification from	(1,969)	-	420,100	437	418,568
other comprehensive income to profit or loss	-	-	-	(148)	(148)
Interest income	1,278,051	-	227	-	1,278,278
Foreign exchange differences (profit or loss)	29,834	-	-	-	29,834
Dividend income	-	133,532	2,308	-	135,840
Impairment/reversal (profit or loss)	(27,194)	-	-	-	(27,194)

¹ Other financial assets include derivatives designated as hedging instruments which are not subject to categorizations.

(In millions of Korean won)	Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost	Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss	Other financial liabilities ¹	Total
Financial liabilities				
Gain (loss) on valuation (other comprehensive income)	-	-	22,695	22,695
Gain (loss) on valuation/disposal (profit or loss)	-	(65,368)	-	(65,368)
Reclassification from other comprehensive income to profit or loss	-	-	(121)	(121)
Interest expense	(213,477)	-	(218,063)	(431,540)
Foreign exchange differences (profit or loss)	362,820	-	3,447	366,267

¹ Other financial liabilities include collateralized borrowings, lease liabilities, and derivatives designated as hedging instruments, which are not subject to categorizations.

(2) 2020

(In millions of Korean won)	Financial assets measured at amortized cost	Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	Other financial assets ¹	Total
Financial assets					
Gain (loss) on valuation (other comprehensive income)	-	2,502,733	-	(1,823)	2,500,910
Gain (loss) on valuation/disposal (profit or loss) Reclassification from	(6,725)	-	206,850	126	200,251
other comprehensive income to profit or loss	-	-	-	981	981
Interest income	1,974,141	-	317	-	1,974,458
Foreign exchange differences (profit or loss)	(886,631)	-	-	-	(886,631)
Dividend income	-	149,617	2,823	-	152,440
Impairment/reversal (profit or loss)	(42,824)	-	-	-	(42,824)

¹ Other financial assets include derivatives designated as hedging instruments which are not subject to categorizations.

(In millions of Korean won)	Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost	Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss	Other financial liabilities ¹	Total
Financial liabilities				
Gain on valuation			(22,995)	(22,995)
(other comprehensive loss) Gain (loss) on valuation/disposal	-	-	(22,393)	(22,995)
(profit or loss)	-	86,371	(154)	86,217
Reclassification from			. ,	
other comprehensive income to profit or loss	-	-	12,368	12,368
Interest expense	(302,782)	-	(280,231)	(583,013)
Foreign exchange differences (profit or loss)	180,110	-	9,730	189,840

¹Other financial liabilities include collateralized borrowings, lease liabilities, and derivatives designated as hedging instruments, which are not subject to categorizations.

5. Transfer of Financial Assets

Trade receivables of the Company have been discounted through factoring agreements with banks during the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020. Trade receivables provided as collaterals in such factoring transactions do not meet the requirements for asset derecognition as risks and rewards are not substantially transferred in the event of a debtor default due to the recourse obligation, etc. Financial liabilities recognized in relation to these transactions are included as 'short-term borrowings' on the consolidated statements of financial position (refer to Note 12).

The following table presents a breakdown of discounted trade receivables as of December 31, 2021 and 2020:

(In millions of Korean won)	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	
Carrying amount of the discounted trade receivables ¹	11,556,101	14,275,043	
Carrying amount of the related borrowings	11,556,101	14,275,043	

¹ The discounted trade receivables include the intercompany balances.

6. Financial Assets at Fair Value

(A) Details of financial assets at fair value as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(1) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

(In millions of Korean won)	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	
Non-current portion			
Equity instruments	13,965,839	12,575,216	

(2) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

(In millions of Korean won)	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Current portion		
Debt instruments	40,757	71,451
Non-current portion		
Equity instruments	905,094	819,144
Debt instruments	620,250	383,825
Subtotal	1,525,344	1,202,969
Total	1,566,101	1,274,420

- (B) Changes in financial assets at fair value for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:
 - (1) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020
Balance as of January 1	12,575,216	8,920,712
Acquisition	1,146,868	245,497
Disposal	(3,551,604)	(23,872)
Fair value valuation gain	3,653,253	3,423,908
Other	142,106	8,971
Balance as of December 31	13,965,839	12,575,216

(2) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020
Balance as of January 1	1,202,969	1,049,004
Acquisition	208,262	84,184
Disposal	(142,406)	(37,554)
Fair value valuation gain	275,447	122,042
Other	(18,928)	(14,707)
Balance as of December 31	1,525,344	1,202,969

(C) Changes in gain on valuation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020	
Balance as of January 1	7.071.415	3,663,998	
Fair value valuation gain	3,653,253	3,423,908	
Reclassification to retained earnings due to disposals	(4,501,688)	(16,491)	
Balance as of December 31	6,222,980	7,071,415	
Income tax effects on equity and non-controlling interests	(1,606,341)	(2,095,659)	
Total	4,616,639	4,975,756	

		December 31, 2020			
(In millions of Korean won, number of shares and percentage)	Number of shares owned	Percentage of ownership ¹ (%)	Acquisition cost	Carrying amount (Market value)	Carrying amount (Market value)
Samsung Heavy Industries	134,027,281	15.2	932,158	759,935	708,882
Hotel Shilla	2,004,717	5.1	13,957	156,368	164,988
iMarket Korea	647,320	1.9	324	6,926	5,658
SFA	3,644,000	10.2	38,262	131,366	140,658
Wonik Holdings	3,518,342	4.6	30,821	17,521	22,306
Wonik IPS	3,701,872	7.5	32,428	156,589	163,808
ASML Holding N.V	6,297,787	1.5	363,012	5,974,280	3,350,532
Wacom Co., Ltd	8,398,400	5.0	62,013	79,256	76,589
BYD Company Limited	2,380,100	0.1	79,049	118,862	1,695,488
Corning Incorporated	80,000,000	9.4	3,980,636	3,530,893	-
Other			535,628	1,155,113	1,012,825
Total			6,068,288	12,087,109	7,341,734

(D) Details of listed equity securities of financial assets at fair value as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

¹ Ownership represents the Company's ownership of the total ordinary shares issued by each entity.

7. Trade and Non-Trade Receivables

(A) Trade and non-trade receivables as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	December 3	1, 2021	December 31, 2020	
(In millions of Korean won)	Trade	Non-trade	Trade	Non-trade
Receivables	41,250,034	5,572,176	31,369,364	4,065,404
Less: Loss allowance	(310,880)	(72,805)	(318,731)	(59,487)
Subtotal	40,939,154	5,499,371	31,050,633	4,005,917
Less: Non-current portion	(225,739)	(1,002,114)	(85,575)	(401,378)
Current portion	40,713,415	4,497,257	30,965,058	3,604,539

(B) Movements in the loss allowance for receivables for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	2021		2020	
(In millions of Korean won)	Trade	Non-trade	Trade	Non-trade
Balance as of January 1	318,731	59,487	340,410	58,666
Bad debt expense (reversal)	17,990	9,009	40,006	2,869
Write-off	(19,095)	(2,424)	(40,384)	(103)
Other	(6,746)	6,733	(21,301)	(1,945)
Balance as of December 31	310,880	72,805	318,731	59,487

(C) The details of trade and non-trade receivables classified by past due date to measure expected credit losses as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	December 3	1, 2021	December 31, 2020	
(In millions of Korean won)	Trade	Non-trade	Trade	Non-trade
Receivables not past due	39,677,264	5,125,414	29,395,528	3,585,376
Past due ¹ :				
Less than 31 days overdue	1,229,479	196,783	1,269,398	129,054
31 days to 90 days overdue	36,545	51,804	137,568	42,603
Over 90 days overdue	306,746	198,175	566,870	308,371
Subtotal	1,572,770	446,762	1,973,836	480,028
Total	41,250,034	5,572,176	31,369,364	4,065,404

¹ The Company does not consider trade and non-trade receivables that are overdue for less than or equal to 31 days as impaired.

(D) The maximum exposure to current credit risk is equivalent to the carrying amount of receivables as of December 31, 2021. The Company has in place insurance contracts covering the Company's major receivables.

8. Inventories

Inventories as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	December 31, 2021		December 31, 2020			
(In millions of Korean won)	Gross amount	Valuation allowance	Carrying amount	Gross amount	Valuation allowance	Carrying amount
Finished goods	13,000,200	(719,621)	12,280,579	9,711,668	(323,782)	9,387,886
Work in process	13,967,331	(493,713)	13,473,618	12,144,887	(326,797)	11,818,090
Raw materials and supplies	14,864,486	(679,645)	14,184,841	10,464,679	(673,913)	9,790,766
Materials in transit	1,445,366	-	1,445,366	1,046,403	-	1,046,403
Total	43,277,383	(1,892,979)	41,384,404	33,367,637	(1,324,492)	32,043,145

The inventories recognized as expense for the year ended December 31, 2021, amount to Ψ 164,319,031 million (2020: Ψ 143,172,743 million). The amount includes loss on valuation of inventories.

9. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures

(A) Changes in investments in associates and joint ventures for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020	
Balance as of January 1	8,076,779	7,591,612	
Acquisition	47,090	83,280	
Disposal	(34,664)	-	
Share of profit	729,614	506,530	
Other ¹	113,432	(104,643)	
Balance as of December 31	8,932,251	8,076,779	

¹ Other consists of dividends, impairment, and reclassification.

(B) Major investments in associates and joint ventures as of December 31, 2021 are as follows:

(1) Investments in associates

			Principal	
Investee	Nature of relationship with associate	Percentage of ownership (%) ¹	business location	Fiscal period-end
Samsung Electro- Mechanics Co., Ltd.	Manufacture and supply electronic components including passive components, circuit boards, and modules	23.7	Korea	December
Samsung SDS Co., Ltd.	Provide IT services including computer programming, system integration and management and logistical services	22.6	Korea	December
Samsung Biologics Co., Ltd.	New business investment	31.5	Korea	December
Samsung SDI Co., Ltd. ²	Manufacture and supply electronic components including secondary cell batteries	19.6	Korea	December
Cheil Worldwide, Inc.	Advertising agency	25.2	Korea	December

¹ Ownership represents the Company's ownership of the total ordinary shares issued by each entity.

² The Company's ownership of ordinary shares outstanding is 20.6%.

(2) Investments in joint ventures

			Principal	
Investee	Nature of relationship with joint venture	Percentage of ownership (%) ¹	business location	Fiscal period-end
Samsung Corning Advanced Glass, LLC	Manufacture and supply industrial glass devices	50.0	Korea	December

¹ Ownership represents the Company's ownership of the total ordinary shares issued by each entity.

(C) Details of investments in associates and joint ventures as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(1) Investments in associates

(In millions of Korean won)		December 31, 2021	
Investee Samsung Electro-Mechanics	Acquisition cost	Net asset value of equity shares ¹	Carrying amount
	359,237	1,573,570	1,556,386
Samsung SDS	147,963	1,632,847	1,652,155
Samsung Biologics	443,193	1,571,809	1,577,664
Samsung SDI	1,242,605	2,960,235	2,529,650
Cheil Worldwide	506,162	320,301	621,292
Other	644,903	578,547	793,748
Total	3,344,063	8,637,309	8,730,895

¹ The Company's portion of net asset value of associates is based on the Company's percentage of ownership.

(In millions of Korean won)		December 31, 2020	
Investee Samsung Electro-Mechanics	Acquisition cost	Net asset value of equity shares ¹	Carrying amount
	359,237	1,351,864	1,333,819
Samsung SDS	147,963	1,506,421	1,525,857
Samsung Biologics	443,193	1,448,259	1,453,012
Samsung SDI	1,242,605	2,612,629	2,326,037
Cheil Worldwide	506,162	288,877	586,057
Other	620,233	458,182	666,506
Total	3,319,393	7,666,232	7,891,288

¹ The Company's portion of net asset value of associates is based on the Company's percentage of ownership.

(2) Investments in joint ventures

(In millions of Korean won)		December 31, 2021	
		Net asset value of	
Investee	Acquisition cost	equity shares ¹	Carrying amount
Samsung Corning Advanced Glass	215,000	135,584	135,580
Other	259,994	67,517	65,776
Total	474,994	203,101	201,356

¹ The Company's portion of net asset value of joint ventures is based on the Company's percentage of ownership.

(In millions of Korean won)		December 31, 2020	
		Net asset value of	
Investee	Acquisition cost	equity shares ¹	Carrying amount
Samsung Corning Advanced Glass	215,000	123,360	123,356
Other	259,994	68,875	62,135
Total	474,994	192,235	185,491

¹ The Company's portion of net asset value of joint ventures is based on the Company's percentage of ownership.

- (D) Details of the valuation of investments in associates and joint ventures using the equity method are as follows:
 - (1) For the year ended December 31, 2021

(In millions of Korean won)	Balance as of January 1	Share of profit (loss)	Share of other comprehensive income	Other ¹	Balance as of December 31
Samsung Electro-Mechanics	1,333,819	207,949	51,702	(37,084)	1,556,386
Samsung SDS	1,525,857	137,926	30,305	(41,933)	1,652,155
Samsung Biologics	1,453,012	124,979	(327)	-	1,577,664
Samsung SDI	2,326,037	128,483	88,594	(13,464)	2,529,650
Cheil Worldwide	586,057	47,619	12,008	(24,392)	621,292
Samsung Corning Advanced Glass	123,356	12,376	(129)	(23)	135,580
Other	728,641	70,282	29,826	30,775	859,524
Total	8,076,779	729,614	211,979	(86,121)	8,932,251

¹ Other consists of acquisitions, disposals, dividends, impairment and reclassification.

(2) For the year ended December 31, 2020

(In millions of Korean won)	Balance as of January 1	Share of profit	Share of other comprehensive income	Other ¹	Balance as of December 31
Samsung Electro-Mechanics	1,152,734	199,249	1,298	(19,462)	1,333,819
Samsung SDS	1,499,571	100,231	(36,057)	(37,888)	1,525,857
Samsung Biologics	1,377,043	73,135	2,834	-	1,453,012
Samsung SDI	2,233,516	62,106	43,878	(13,463)	2,326,037
Cheil Worldwide	570,215	44,433	(4,780)	(23,811)	586,057
Samsung Corning Advanced Glass	173,742	(51,175)	789	-	123,356
Other	584,791	78,551	(51,259)	116,558	728,641
Total	7,591,612	506,530	(43,297)	21,934	8,076,779

¹ Other consists of acquisitions, disposals, dividends, impairment, and reclassification.

(E) Summary of the condensed financial information of major associates and joint ventures

(1) Summary of condensed financial information of major associates and dividends received from associates as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

			2021		
(In millions of Korean won)	Samsung Electro- Mechanics	Samsung SDS	Samsung Biologics	Samsung SDI	Cheil Worldwide
1. Condensed financial information					
Condensed statements of financial position :					
Current assets	4,598,269	7,575,968	2,823,175	7,444,907	2,018,59
Non-current assets	5,343,105	2,941,464	5,146,835	18,388,286	523,51
Current liabilities	2,234,657	2,370,290	1,107,295	6,461,286	1,224,222
Non-current liabilities	835,592	703,442	1,871,614	4,175,208	190,62
Non-controlling interests	152,177	214,980	-	492,435	10,12
Condensed statements of comprehensive income	2:				
Revenue	9,675,036	13,630,002	1,568,007	13,553,220	3,325,71
Profit from continuing operations, net of tax ¹	1,055,411	611,171	393,589	1,169,801	165,48
Profit from discontinued operation, net of tax ¹	(162,966)	-	-	-	
Other comprehensive income (loss) ¹	151,809	134,163	(1,270)	623,792	32,53
Total comprehensive income ¹	1,044,254	745,334	392,319	1,793,593	198,02
Details of adjustments from the carrying amoun	t of investments	in associates			
Net assets (a)	6,718,948	7,228,720	4,991,101	14,704,264	1,117,14
Ownership percentage (b) ²	23.4%	22.6%	31.5%	20.1%	28.7%
Net assets of equity shares (a x b)	1,573,570	1,632,847	1,571,809	2,960,235	320,30
Goodwill	7,081	26,801	3,645	-	298,77
Intercompany transactions and other ³	(24,265)	(7,493)	2,210	(430,585)	2,21
Carrying amount of associates	1,556,386	1,652,155	1,577,664	2,529,650	621,292
2. Dividends from associates					
Dividends	24,770	41,933	-	13,463	24,39

¹ Profit (loss) attributable to owners of the investee

²Ownership percentage includes ordinary and preference shares.

³ Consists of unrealized gains and losses and other differences.

			2020		
(In millions of Korean won)	Samsung Electro- Mechanics	Samsung SDS	Samsung Biologics	Samsung SDI	Cheil Worldwide
1. Condensed financial information					
Condensed statements of financial position:					
Current assets	4,150,303	6,581,153	1,751,347	5,657,405	1,742,270
Non-current assets	5,075,196	2,573,766	4,672,854	15,876,827	500,194
Current liabilities	1,914,880	1,720,757	589,301	4,983,633	1,046,224
Non-current liabilities	1,400,223	575,054	1,236,117	3,191,672	180,710
Non-controlling interests	138,107	190,081	-	381,311	7,988
Condensed statements of comprehensive income:					
Revenue	8,208,738	11,017,432	1,164,777	11,294,770	2,747,922
Profit from continuing operations, net of tax ¹	595,938	443,455	240,975	574,723	157,400
Profit from discontinued operation, net of tax ¹	8,024	-	-	-	-
Other comprehensive income (loss) ¹	(33,475)	(134,669)	3,354	144,901	(14,795)
Total comprehensive income ¹	570,487	308,786	244,329	719,624	142,605
Details of adjustments from the carrying amount of	of investments in a	ssociates			
Net assets (a)	5,772,289	6,669,027	4,598,783	12,977,616	1,007,542
Ownership percentage (b) ²	23.40%	22.60%	31.50%	20.10%	28.70%
Net assets of equity shares (a x b)	1,351,864	1,506,421	1,448,259	2,612,629	288,877
Goodwill	7,081	26,801	3,645	-	298,779
Intercompany transactions and other ³	(25,126)	(7,365)	1,108	(286,592)	(1,599)
Carrying amount of associates	1,333,819	1,525,857	1,453,012	2,326,037	586,057
2. Dividends from associates					
Dividends	19,462	41,933	-	13,463	23,811

¹ Profit (loss) attributable to owners of the investee.

²Ownership percentage includes ordinary and preference shares.

³ Consists of unrealized gains and losses and other differences.

(2) Summary of condensed financial information of major joint ventures and dividends received from joint ventures as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	Samsung Corning Advanced Glass			
(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020		
Condensed financial information				
Condensed statements of financial position:				
Current assets	163,083	133,896		
Non-current assets	141,411	153,792		
Current liabilities	31,779	39,151		
Non-current liabilities	1,547	1,817		
Condensed statements of comprehensive income:				
Revenue	204,130	144,016		
Profit (loss) from continuing operations, net of tax ¹	24,753	(12,668)		
Profit (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax ¹	-	(89,681)		
Other comprehensive income ¹	(305)	1,578		
Total comprehensive income ¹	24,448	(100,771)		
Details of adjustments from the carrying amount of investmen	ts in joint ventures			
Net assets (a)	271,168	246,720		
Ownership percentage (b)	50.00%	50.00%		
Net assets of equity shares (a x b)	135,584	123,360		
Intercompany transactions and other ²	(4)	(4)		
Carrying amount of joint ventures	135,580	123,356		
Dividends from joint ventures				
Dividends	-	-		

¹ Profit (loss) attributable to owners of the parent company.

² Consists of unrealized gains and losses and other differences.

(3) Profit (loss) attributable to owners of the parent company from associates and joint ventures which are not individually material for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	20	21	2020		
(In millions of Korean won)	Associates	Joint ventures	Associates	Joint ventures	
Profit from continuing operations	68,646	1,636	77,296	1,255	
Other comprehensive income (loss)	29,258	568	(49,185)	(2,074)	
Total comprehensive income (loss)	97,904	2,204	28,111	(819)	

(F)	Details of marketable investment	s in associates a	as of December 31,	2021 and 2020 are as follows:
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(In millions of Korean won	December 3	December 31, 2020	
and number of shares)	Number of shares held	Market value	Market value
Samsung Electro-Mechanics	17,693,084	3,494,384	3,149,369
Samsung SDS	17,472,110	2,734,385	3,118,772
Samsung Biologics	20,836,832	18,815,659	17,211,223
Samsung SDI	13,462,673	8,818,051	8,454,559
Cheil Worldwide	29,038,075	663,520	598,184

(G) Other matters

On July 12, 2018, the Korea Securities and Futures Commission determined an initial measure following an investigation relating to Samsung Biologics Co., Ltd., an associate of the Company, and its accounting for its investment in Samsung Bioepis Co., Ltd, a joint venture between Biogen Therapeutics Inc. and Samsung Biologics Co., Ltd. This measure included a recommendation to dismiss the director in charge, prosecution charges, and external auditor designation by the regulator, on the basis that the Joint Venture Agreement was not disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. On November 14, 2018, the Korea Securities and Futures Commission determined a second measure which included a penalty of W 8,000 million, a recommendation to dismiss the CEO, a requirement to restate its financial statements, and further prosecution charges.

To prove justification of its accounting treatment, Samsung Biologics Co., Ltd. filed a suit for cancellation of the aforementioned measures to the Seoul Administrative Court, which is currently in progress. On September 24, 2020, the Seoul Administrative Court announced a decision to cancel the first measure charged by the Korea Securities and Futures Commission, and suspended its execution until the final rulings of the appeal. On October 16, 2020, the Korea Securities and Futures Commission appealed and the litigation is in progress at Seoul High Court. Samsung Biologics Co., Ltd. also filed for suspending the execution of the initial and second measures. On January 22, 2019 and February 19, 2019, the Seoul Administrative Court pronounced decisions to suspend the second and initial measure, respectively, until the final rulings. The Korea Securities and Futures Commission immediately appealed against the decisions but the appeals were dismissed by the Seoul High Court on May 13, 2019 and May 24, 2019, in relation to the second and first measures, respectively. On May 23, 2019 and June 10, 2019, The Korea Securities and Futures Commission's re-appealed against the dismissals relating to the second and first measures, respectively, and confirmed the Korea Securities and Futures Commission's re-appeal relating to the second and first measures, respectively, and confirmed the decision to suspend the execution of these measures.

Although the future outcome of the administrative litigation cannot be estimated, should Samsung Biologics Co., Ltd. be required to restate its financial statements to amend its historical accounting treatment relating to its investment in Samsung Bioepis Co., Ltd., the Company's share of profit or loss relating to its equity method investment, the amount of investment in associates, and retained earnings, for the years ended December 31, 2015 and onwards, and the profit on disposal of investment for the year ended December 31, 2016, may be impacted. Given the timing of completion and the final result of the administrative litigation between Samsung Biologics Co., Ltd. and the Korea Securities and Futures Commission is uncertain and cannot currently be estimated, it is not possible for the Company to recognize the effects of these proceedings in the current period consolidated financial statements.

10. Property, Plant and Equipment

	2021					
(In millions of Korean won)	Land	Buildings and structures	Machinery and equipment	Construction in progress	Other	Total
Balance as of January 1	9,772,156	34,552,004	60,994,130	20,175,917	3,458,685	128,952,892
Acquisition cost Accumulated depreciation and	9,850,942	55,026,369	233,056,501	20,175,917	10,496,584	328,606,313
impairment	(78,786)	(20,474,365)	(172,062,371)	-	(7,037,899)	(199,653,421)
Acquisitions and capital expenditures ¹	117,933	6,608,620	43,862,769	(2,320,520)	1,696,362	49,965,164
Depreciation	(47,517)	(3,174,672)	(26,552,958)	-	(1,510,062)	(31,285,209)
Disposals/scrap	(49,683)	(91,964)	(18,307)	(469)	(6,200)	(166,623)
Impairment(reversal)	-	(12,135)	(131,985)	-	(7,082)	(151,202)
Other ²	37,265	987,587	1,372,648	154,396	61,621	2,613,517
Balance as of December 31	9,830,154	38,869,440	79,526,297	18,009,324	3,693,324	149,928,539
Acquisition cost	9,943,570	62,651,459	274,909,571	18,009,324	11,958,070	377,471,994
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(113,416)	(23,782,019)	(195,383,274)	-	(8,264,746)	(227,543,455)

(A) Changes in property, plant and equipment for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

¹The capitalized borrowing costs are W 24,908 million and interest rate used to calculate the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization is 0.3%~1.1%.

² Other includes effects of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and effects of the offset related to government grants.

	2020					
(In millions of Korean won)	Land	Buildings and structures	Machinery and equipment	Construction in progress	Other	Total
Balance as of January 1	9,774,554	30,469,620	52,149,936	23,930,019	3,501,345	119,825,474
Acquisition cost	9,828,309	48,839,439	211,416,021	23,930,019	10,061,981	304,075,769
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(53,755)	(18,369,819)	(159,266,085)	-	(6,560,636)	(184,250,295)
Acquisitions and capital expenditures ¹	141,197	8,524,794	32,907,696	(3,443,884)	1,281,811	39,411,614
Depreciation	(45,707)	(2,978,741)	(22,780,113)	-	(1,311,174)	(27,115,735)
Disposals, scrap	(20,308)	(276,235)	(108,935)	(618)	(104,829)	(510,925)
Impairment (reversal)	-	(3,627)	(316,723)	-	(4,806)	(325,156)
Reclassification to assets held-for-sale Other ²	(29,275) (48,305)	(540,258) (643,549)	(181,744) (675,987)	(8,947) (300,653)	(6,390) 102,728	(766,614) (1,565,766)
Balance as of December 31	9,772,156	34,552,004	60,994,130	20,175,917	3,458,685	128,952,892
Acquisition cost	9,850,942	55,026,369	233,056,501	20,175,917	10,496,584	328,606,313
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(78,786)	(20,474,365)	(172,062,371)	<u>-</u>	(7,037,899)	(199,653,421)

¹The capitalized borrowing costs are W 3,897 million and interest rate used to calculate the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization is 0.6%.

² Other includes the cumulative effect of changes in accounting policies, effects of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and effects of the offset related to government grants.

(B) Changes in the right-of-use assets included in the property, plant and equipment for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

			2021		
(In millions of Korean won)	Land	Buildings and structures	Machinery and equipment	Other	Total
Balance as of January 1	441,603	2,105,360	109,372	313,538	2,969,873
Acquisition	112,419	1,326,322	136,680	173,490	1,748,911
Depreciation	(57,699)	(553,324)	(54,233)	(66,868)	(732,124)
Disposals/scrap	(398)	(60,742)	(1,265)	(4,790)	(67,195)
Other ¹	30,029	24,354	505	(23,786)	31,102
Balance as of December 31	525,954	2,841,970	191,059	391,584	3,950,567

¹Other includes effects of changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

			2020		
(In millions of Korean won)	Land	Buildings and structures	Machinery and equipment	Other	Total
Balance as of January 1 ¹	438,095	2,361,717	130,965	381,142	3,311,919
Acquisition	116,683	593,157	42,447	58,536	810,823
Depreciation	(64,078)	(715,950)	(56,618)	(97,886)	(934,532)
Disposals/scrap	(8,968)	(160,267)	(6,526)	(24,720)	(200,481)
Reclassification to assets held-for-sale	(29,275)	-	(9)	(131)	(29,415)
Other ²	(10,854)	26,703	(887)	(3,403)	11,559
Balance as of December 31	441,603	2,105,360	109,372	313,538	2,969,873

¹ The beginning balance is the financial lease assets recognized in accordance with previous accounting standard, Korean IFRS 1017 *Lease* ² Other includes the cumulative effect of changes in accounting policies and effects of changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

(C) Details of depreciation of property, plant and equipment for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020
Cost of sales	27,868,090	23,824,208
Selling and administrative expenses, and etc.	3,417,119	3,291,527
Total	31,285,209	27,115,735

11. Intangible Assets

(A) Changes in intangible assets for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

			2021			
(In millions of Korean won)	Intellectual property rights	Development cost	Membership	Goodwill	Other	Total
Balance as of January 1	4,033,904	371,391	229,987	5,673,642	8,159,578	18,468,502
External acquisitions	333,073	-	8,757	-	3,648,484	3,990,314
Internally generated/developed	-	193,708	-	-	-	193,708
Amortization	(278,288)	(321,608)	-	-	(2,362,256)	(2,962,152)
Disposals/scrap	(51,236)	-	(195)	-	(1,696)	(53,127)
Impairment (reversal)	(52,101)	-	(1,586)	-	-	(53,687)
Other ¹	167,884	(6,581)	4,256	170,617	316,510	652,686
Balance as of December 31	4,153,236	236,910	241,219	5,844,259	9,760,620	20,236,244

¹Other includes the cumulative effect of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and others.

			2020)		
(In millions of Korean won)	Intellectual property rights	Development cost	Membership	Goodwill	Other	Total
Balance as of January 1	4,365,510	740,774	222,499	6,250,439	9,124,282	20,703,504
External acquisitions	300,399	-	1,785	-	1,356,267	1,658,451
Internally generated/developed	-	109,482	-	-	-	109,482
Amortization	(297,465)	(455,990)	-	-	(2,466,426)	(3,219,881)
Disposals/scrap	(30,055)	-	(343)	-	(912)	(31,310)
Impairment (reversal)	(189,155)	(3,474)	7,091	(570,817)	(161,739)	(918,094)
Reclassification to assets held-for-sale	-	-	(313)	-	(1,108)	(1,421)
Other ¹	(115,330)	(19,401)	(732)	(5,980)	309,214	167,771
Balance as of December 31	4,033,904	371,391	229,987	5,673,642	8,159,578	18,468,502

¹Other includes effects of reclassification of licenses and changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

(B) Goodwill

Goodwill is allocated to each cash-generating unit. Details of goodwill as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)		December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
CE segment		529,979	524,383
IM segment		684,751	657,146
DS segment	Semiconductor	160,026	153,520
C	Display panel	138,061	138,754
Harman segment		4,330,139	4,199,334
Other		1,303	505
Total		5,844,259	5,673,642

Goodwill impairment reviews are performed annually, and the recoverable amounts of cash-generating units have been determined based on the value-in-use calculations, etc. These calculations generally use the pre-tax cash flow projections based on the financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period, unless it is reasonable to use long-term financial budgets longer than five years in the new technology business. Perpetual cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using a constant growth rate assumption. The growth rate applied was capped at the long-term average growth rate for the industry.

(C) Details of amortization of intangible assets for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020
Cost of sales	2,136,937	2,387,508
Selling and administrative expenses and other	825,215	832,373
Total	2,962,152	3,219,881

12. Borrowings

(A) Details of the carrying amounts of borrowings as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	Financial institutions	Interest rates (%) as of Dec 31, 2021	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Short-term borrowings				
Collateralized borrowings ¹	Woori Bank and others	0.0~13.3	11,556,101	14,275,043
Non-collateralized borrowings	Citibank and others	0.0~30.0	2,131,692	2,278,386
Total			13,687,793	16,553,429
Current portion of long-term bor	rowings			
Bank borrowings	BNP	18.3~19.6	40,415	-
Lease liabilities ²	CSSD and others	3.3	811,902	710,781
Total			852,317	710,781
Long-term borrowings				
Bank borrowings	Industrial Bank of Korea	1.5	1,500	-
Lease liabilities ²	CSSD and others	3.3	2,864,656	1,999,716
Total			2,866,156	1,999,716

¹ Collateralized borrowings are secured by trade receivables.

² Interest expenses arising from the lease liabilities for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 amount to $\frac{1}{2}$ 106,877 million and $\frac{1}{2}$ 109,040 million, respectively, which were determined using the weighted average incremental borrowing rate. The right-of-use assets are pledged as collateral to the lessor in the event of default. Short-term lease payments and low- valued asset lease payments that are not included in measurement of lease liabilities during the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 amount to $\frac{1}{2}$ 129,686 million and $\frac{1}{2}$ 120,151 million, respectively.

(B) Maturities of Long-term borrowings outstanding as of December 31, 2021 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won) Long-term borr		
Repayment terms		
2022	40,415	
2023	-	
2024	-	
2025		
2026 and thereafter	1,500	
Total	41,915	

(C) Maturities of lease liabilities outstanding as of December 31, 2021 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	Lease liabilities	
Repayment terms		
2022	910,368	
2023	748,573	
2024	602,194	
2025	471,056	
2026 and thereafter	1,333,320	
Total	4,065,511	

13. Debentures

(A) Details of the carrying amounts of debentures as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

			Interest rates (%)		
(In millions of Korean won)	Issue date	Due date	as of Dec 31, 2021	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
US dollar denominated straight bonds ¹	1997.10.2	2027.10.1	7.7	35,565	38,080
				(US\$ 30 million)	(US\$ 35 million)
US dollar denominated debenture	2015.5.11	2025.5.15	4.2	474,200	435,200
bonds ²				(US\$ 400 million)	(US\$ 400 million)
EURO denominated debenture bonds ³	2015.5.27	2022.5.27	2.0	469,819	468,383
	2010.0.27	2022.3.27	2.0	(EUR 350 million)	(EUR 350 million)
Less: Discounts				(708)	(853)
Add: Premium				7,007	12,645
Less: Current portion				(477,651)	(5,318)
Total				508,232	948,137

¹ US dollar denominated straight bonds are repaid annually for twenty years after a ten-year grace period from the date of issuance. Interest is paid semi-annually.

² Harman International Industries, Inc. issued US dollar denominated debenture bonds. These debentures are repaid on the date of 10 years maturity and interest is paid semi-annually.

³ Harman Finance International, SCA issued Euro denominated debenture bonds. These debentures are repaid on the date of 7 years maturity and interest is paid annually.

(B) Maturities of debentures outstanding as of December 31, 2021 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	Debentures
Repayment terms	
2022	475,747
2023	5,928
2024	5,928
2025	480,128
2026 and thereafter	11,853
Total	979,584

14. Net Defined Benefit Liabilities (Assets)

(A) Details of net defined benefit liabilities (assets) recognized in the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	
Present value of funded defined benefit obligations	14,391,209	12,400,964	
Present value of unfunded defined benefit obligations	266,976	548,035	
Subtotal	14,658,185	12,948,999	
Fair value of plan assets	(17,001,891)	(13,840,043)	
Total	(2,343,706)	(891,044)	

(B) The components of defined benefit costs recognized in profit or loss for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020
Current service cost	1,247,857	1,131,355
Net interest income	(38,326)	(9,801)
Past service cost	2,718	2,377
Other	3,847	2,193
Total	1,216,096	1,126,124

The amount recognized as an expense of defined contribution plans for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are W 144,248 million and W 164,055 million, respectively.

(C) The expenses related to the defined benefit plans recognized in the statements of profit or loss for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020	
Cost of sales	480,331	498,006	
Selling and administrative expenses and other	735,765	628,118	
Total	1,216,096	1,126,124	

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020
	10 040 000	11 140 070
Balance as of January 1	12,948,999	11,148,069
Current service cost	1,247,857	1,131,355
Interest cost	396,730	328,919
Past service cost	2,718	2,377
Remeasurement:		
Actuarial gains or losses arising from changes in demographic assumptions	(34,014)	(19,030)
Actuarial gains or losses arising from changes in financial assumptions	126,297	622,647
Other	473,668	285,440
Benefits paid	(519,043)	(514,853)
Other ¹	14,973	(35,925)
Balance as of December 31	14,658,185	12,948,999

(D) Changes in the defined benefit obligations for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

¹Other includes effects of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and business combinations.

(E) Changes in the fair value of plan assets for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020	
Balance as of January 1	13,840,043	11,267,121	
Interest income on plan assets	435,056	338,720	
Remeasurement of plan assets	(146,239)	(108,066)	
Contributions by employer	3,263,765	2,623,122	
Benefits paid	(397,678)	(295,520)	
Other ¹	6,944	14,666	
Balance as of December 31	17,001,891	13,840,043	

¹Other includes effects of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and business combinations.

Expected contributions to post-employment benefit plans to be paid in 2022 for the year ended December 31, 2021 are W 1,749,206 million.

(F) Plan assets as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 consist of the following:

(In millions of Korean won)	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	
Principal guaranteed fixed income financial instruments and other	16,935,143	13,799,119	
Other	66,748	40,924	
Total	17,001,891	13,840,043	

Plan assets are mostly invested in instruments which have a quoted price in active markets.

(G) The principal actuarial assumptions as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In percentage)	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Discount rate	0.2~7.2	0.2 ~ 7.2
Salary growth rate (including the effects of inflation)	1.5~10.0	$1.5 \sim 10.0$

(H) The sensitivity analysis of the defined benefit obligations as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 to changes in the weighted principal assumptions is as follows:

(In percentage)	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	
Discount rate			
1%p increase	91	91	
1%p decrease	110	111	
Salary growth rate			
1%p increase	110	111	
1%p decrease	91	91	

(I) The weighted average maturity of the defined benefit obligations is 9.53 years as of December 31, 2021.

15. Provisions

Changes in provisions for the year ended December 31, 2021 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	Warranty (A)	Royalty expenses (B)	Long-term incentives (C)	Other (D, E)	Total
Balance as of January 1	1,765,882	1,304,091	651,298	1,679,720	5,400,991
Charged to profit or loss	1,628,023	606,265	288,712	2,562,479	5,085,479
Payment	(1,456,266)	(464,463)	(208,673)	(1,093,757)	(3,223,159)
Other ¹	40,655	115,916	2,946	257,038	416,555
Balance as of December 31	1,978,294	1,561,809	734,283	3,405,480	7,679,866

¹ Other includes effects of changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

(A) The Company accrues warranty reserves for estimated costs of quality assurance, exchanges, repairs, recalls, and future services based on historical experience and terms of warranty programs.

(B) The Company recognizes provisions for the estimated royalty expenses that are under negotiation with counterparties. The timing and amount of payment depend on the settlement of the negotiation.

(C) The Company has a long-term incentive plan for its executives based on a three-year management performance criteria and recognizes a provision for the estimated incentive cost for the accrued period.

(D) The Company records provisions for future expenses expected to be incurred for products that have been discontinued from manufacturing and sales.

(E) The Company makes provisions for the carrying amounts of emission rights held by the Company and the emission in excess of the emission rights for the applicable years. Details of emission rights and liabilities as of December 31, 2021 are as follows:

(1) Allocated amount of emission permits and the estimated amount of emission as of December 31, 2021 are as follows:

(In ten thousand metric tons)	December 31, 2021
Allocated emission permits	1,689
Estimated volume of emission	1,946

As of December 31, 2021, emission permits allocated to the Company for the remaining plan periods are 65,420 thousand tons.

(2) Changes in the emission permits rights for the year ended December 31, 2021 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021
Balance as of January 1	44,865
Increase	1,422
Decrease	(213)
Balance as of December 31	46,074

(3) Changes in emissions liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2021 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021
Balance as of January 1	31,876
Charged to profit or loss	13,374
Submission	(201)
Balance as of December 31	45,049

16. Commitments and Contingencies

(A) Litigation

The Company is involved in various claims, disputes, and investigations conducted by regulatory bodies, which arose during the normal course of business with numerous entities. Although the outflow of resources and timing of these matters are uncertain, as of the reporting date, the Company believes the outcome will not have a material impact on the financial position of the Company.

- (B) Other commitments
 - (1)As of December 31, 2021, the Company has trade financing agreements, trade notes receivable discounting facilities, and loan facilities with accounts receivable pledged as collateral with 25 financial institutions including Woori Bank, with a combined limit of up to W 20,836,952 million. In addition, the Company has a trade financing agreement (up to W 14,513,419 million) with 19 financial institutions including Shinhan Bank and loan facilities with accounts receivable pledged as collateral and other financial agreements (up to W 2,154,508 million).
 - (2)As of December 31, 2021, unfulfilled agreements relating to the acquisition of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets amount to W 9,683,328 million.

17. Contract Liabilities

The Company has recognized contract liabilities related to contracts with customers as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	
Contract liabilities ¹	13,235,108	11,902,130	

¹ Contract liabilities include advances received, accrued expenses, other current liabilities and others.

The revenue recognized during the year ended December 31, 2021 in relation to carried-forward contract liabilities as of January 1, 2021 amounts to W 969,300 million.

18. Share Capital

As of December 31, 2021, the Company's total number of authorized shares is 25,000,000,000 shares (Ψ 100 per share). The Company has issued 5,969,782,550 shares of ordinary shares and 822,886,700 shares of preference shares as of December 31, 2021, excluding the retired shares. As of the December 31, 2021, the number of shares outstanding is the same as the number of shares issued above, and no changes were made to the number of shares outstanding during the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020. Due to the retirement of shares, the total par value of the shares issued is Ψ 679,267 million (ordinary shares of Ψ 596,978 million and preference shares of Ψ 82,289 million), which does not agree with paid-in capital of Ψ 897,514 million.

19. Retained Earnings

(A) Retained earnings as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 consist of the following:

(In millions of Korean won)	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	
Discretionary reserve, etc.	170,814,107	174,739,565	
Unappropriated retained earnings	122,250,656	96,328,646	
Total	293,064,763	271,068,211	

(B) Details of interim and year-end dividends are as follows:

(1) Interim dividends (Record date: March 31, 2021 and 2020, June 30, 2021 and 2020 and September 30, 2021 and 2020)

(In millions of I	Korean won and number of shares)		2021	2020
		Ordinary shares	5,969,782,550	5,969,782,550
	Number of shares eligible for dividends	Preference shares	822,886,700	822,886,700
1 st Orecenter	Dividend rate (based on par value)		361%	354%
1 st Quarter		Ordinary shares	2,155,092	2,113,303
	Dividend amount	Preference shares	297,062	291,302
		Total	2,452,154	2,404,605
	Number of shares eligible for dividends	Ordinary shares	5,969,782,550	5,969,782,550
		Preference shares	822,886,700	822,886,700
and o	Dividend rate (based on par value)		361%	354%
2 nd Quarter	Dividend amount	Ordinary shares	2,155,092	2,113,303
		Preference shares	297,062	291,302
		Total	2,452,154	2,404,605
	Number of shares eligible for dividends	Ordinary shares	5,969,782,550	5,969,782,550
		Preference shares	822,886,700	822,886,700
arto	Dividend rate (based on par value)		361%	354%
3 rd Quarter		Ordinary shares	2,155,092	2,113,303
	Dividend amount	Preference shares	297,062	291,302
		Total	2,452,154	2,404,605

(2) Year-end dividends (Record date: December 31, 2021 and 2020)

(In millions of Korean won and number of share	res)	2021	2020
Nymber of change aligible for dividende	Ordinary shares	5,969,782,550	5,969,782,550
Number of shares eligible for dividends	Preference shares	822,886,700	822,886,700
	Ordinary shares	361%	1932%
Dividend rate (based on par value)	Preference shares	362%	1933%
	Ordinary shares	2,155,092	11,533,620
Dividend amount	Preference shares	297,884	1,590,640
	Total	2,452,976	13,124,260

20. Other Components of Equity

Other components of equity as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Gain on valuation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	4,616,639	4,975,756
Share of other comprehensive loss of associates and joint ventures	166,835	(58,629)
Loss on overseas business translation	(3,824,733)	(10,977,583)
Remeasurement of net defined benefit assets	(3,173,977)	(2,653,425)
Other	86,763	26,726
Total	(2,128,473)	(8,687,155)

21. Expenses by Nature

Expenses by nature for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 consist of the following:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020	
Changes in finished goods, work in process, and other	(4,517,560)	(3,234,887)	
Raw materials used, merchandise purchased, and other	95,625,437	81,792,130	
Wages and salaries	28,207,782	25,054,684	
Post-employment benefit	1,360,344	1,290,179	
Depreciation	31,285,209	27,115,735	
Amortization	2,962,152	3,219,881	
Welfare	5,073,002	4,655,347	
Utilities	4,928,929	4,717,553	
Outsourcing	5,594,602	5,409,889	
Advertising	5,376,015	4,269,043	
Sales promotion expenses	6,286,159	5,861,954	
Other	45,788,872	40,661,604	
Total ¹	227,970,943	200,813,112	

¹ Equal to the sum of cost of sales and selling and administrative expenses in the consolidated statements of profit or loss.

22. Selling and Administrative Expenses

Selling and administrative expenses for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020	
Selling and administrative expenses			
Wages and salaries	7,245,981	6,763,143	
Post-employment benefit	310,823	279,711	
Commissions	6,192,568	5,678,703	
Depreciation	1,529,507	1,593,365	
Amortization	543,544	492,314	
Advertising	5,376,015	4,269,043	
Sales promotion expenses	6,286,159	5,861,954	
Transportation	2,792,690	2,218,422	
Service charges	4,039,642	3,368,401	
Other	4,840,946	4,688,270	
Subtotal	39,157,875	35,213,326	
Research and development expenses			
Total expenses	22,595,434	21,220,972	
Capitalized expenses	(193,708)	(109,482)	
Subtotal	22,401,726	21,111,490	
Total	61,559,601	56,324,816	

23. Other Non-Operating Income and Expenses

Details of other non-operating income and expenses for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020
Other non-operating income		
Dividend income	135,840	152,440
Rental income	132,801	147,104
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	340,400	154,249
Other	1,596,654	930,275
Total	2,205,695	1,384,068
(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020
Other non-operating expenses		
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	75,586	87,673
Donations	270,927	311,421
Other	1,709,458	2,089,808
Total	2,055,971	2,488,902

24. Financial Income and Expenses

Details of financial income and expenses for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020
Financial income		
Interest income	1,278,278	1,974,458
Interest income from financial assets measured at amortized cost	1,278,051	1,974,141
Interest income from financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	227	317
Foreign exchange differences	6,525,676	9,270,039
Gains from derivatives	739,233	1,023,103
Total	8,543,187	12,267,600
(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020
Financial expenses		
Interest expenses	431,540	583,013
Interest expenses from financial liabilities measured at amortized cost	213,477	302,782
Other financial liabilities	218,063	280,231
Foreign exchange differences	6,486,093	9,868,591
Losses from derivatives	786,921	866,451
Total	7,704,554	11,318,055

The Company recognizes foreign exchange gains and losses arising from foreign currency transactions and translation as financial income and expenses.

25. Income Tax Expense

(A) Income tax expense for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 consists of the following:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020
Current taxes		
Current tax on profits for the year	11,135,521	7,361,115
Adjustments recognize in the current year	(195,237)	339,673
Subtotal	10,940,284	7,700,788
Deferred taxes		
Changes in deferred taxes arising from unused tax credits	(332,975)	(325,880)
Changes in deferred taxes arising from temporary differences	2,172,312	2,312,926
Changes in deferred taxes arising from unused tax losses	507,313	264,349
Other	157,443	(14,898)
Subtotal	2,504,093	2,236,497
Items charged directly to equity	-	-
Income tax expense	13,444,377	9,937,285

(B) The tax on the Company's profit before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the weighted-average statutory tax rate applicable to profits of the Company as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020
Profit before income tax	53,351,827	36,345,117
Tax calculated at weighted average of applicable tax rates ¹	15,760,775	8,972,156
Adjustments:		
Permanent differences	(464,839)	(269,002)
Temporary differences for which no deferred income tax was recognized	(80,250)	(130,892)
Tax credits and exemptions	(4,627,136)	(1,902,680)
Results of interest in subsidiaries, etc.	2,267,026	2,774,410
Impact of changes in tax rates	8,691	(5,019)
Other	580,110	498,312
Subtotal	(2,316,398)	965,129
Income tax expense	13,444,377	9,937,285

¹ The weighted average of statutory tax rates are applied to the respective profits of the Company applicable to each tax authority as of December 31, 2021 and 2020.

(C) The movement in deferred income tax assets and liabilities resulting from the tax effect of temporary differences for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(1) 2021

	Temporary differences		Deferred income tax assets (liabilities)			
(In millions of Korean won)	Balance as of January 1	Increase (Decrease)	Balance as of December 31	Balance as of January 1	Increase (Decrease)	Balance as of December 31
Deferred tax arising from temporary differences						
Revaluation of land	(3,420,886)	14,261	(3,406,625)	(940,744)	3,922	(936,822)
Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures ¹	(111,924,859)	(14,891,920)	(126,816,779)	(19,172,409)	(1,442,145)	(20,614,554)
Accumulated depreciation and other	(2,285,841)	(1,528,757)	(3,814,598)	(992,777)	(779,016)	(1,771,793)
Accrued income	(139,406)	117,253	(22,153)	(31,486)	38,339	6,853
Provisions, accrued expenses and other	13,121,416	2,858,039	15,979,455	3,764,808	796,066	4,560,874
Foreign currency translation	(24,683)	87,298	62,615	(10,077)	22,153	12,076
Asset impairment losses	1,855,765	(721,717)	1,134,048	453,486	(194,600)	258,886
Other	562,628	(1,054,853)	(492,225)	(21,726)	(617,031)	(638,757)
Subtotal	(102,255,866)	(15,120,396)	(117,376,262)	(16,950,925)	(2,172,312)	(19,123,237)
Deferred tax arising from tax losses						
Unused tax losses	3,618,601	(1,603,153)	2,015,448	943,794	(507,313)	436,481
Deferred tax arising from tax credits						
Unused tax credits	1,328,527	358,538	1,687,065	1,333,387	332,975	1,666,362
Deferred tax recognized in equity						
Gain (loss) on valuation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and other	(1,660,421)	(1,914,673)	(3,575,094)	(909,176)	(2,246,134)	(3,155,310)
Remeasurement of net defined benefit assets	3,735,320	712,190	4,447,510	1,047,075	191,638	1,238,713
Subtotal	2,074,899	(1,202,483)	872,416	137,899	(2,054,496)	(1,916,597)
Deferred tax assets				4,275,000	(13,786)	4,261,214
Deferred tax liabilities				(18,810,845)	(4,387,360)	(23,198,205)
Total				(14,535,845)	(4,401,146)	(18,936,991)

¹ Deferred tax assets are not recognized if it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future for investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures.

(2) 2020

	Те	Temporary differences			Deferred income tax assets (liabilities)		
(In millions of Korean won)	Balance as of January 1	Increase (Decrease)	Balance as of December 31	Balance as of January 1	Increase (Decrease)	Balance as of December 31	
Deferred tax arising from temporary differ	rences						
Revaluation of land	(3,417,804)	(3,082)	(3,420,886)	(939,896)	(848)	(940,744)	
Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures ¹	(96,397,199)	(15,527,660)	(111,924,859)	(16,669,138)	(2,503,271)	(19,172,409)	
Accumulated depreciation and other	(4,529,334)	2,243,493	(2,285,841)	(982,556)	(10,221)	(992,777)	
Accrued income	(248,662)	109,256	(139,406)	(61,332)	29,846	(31,486)	
Provisions, accrued expenses and other	12,251,647	869,769	13,121,416	3,282,747	482,061	3,764,808	
Foreign currency translation	(97,929)	73,246	(24,683)	(30,227)	20,150	(10,077)	
Asset impairment losses	1,790,729	65,036	1,855,765	492,332	(38,846)	453,486	
Other	2,252,684	(1,690,056)	562,628	270,071	(291,797)	(21,726)	
Subtotal	(88,395,868)	(13,859,998)	(102,255,866)	(14,637,999)	(2,312,926)	(16,950,925)	
Deferred tax arising from tax losses							
Unused tax losses	4,563,095	(944,494)	3,618,601	1,208,143	(264,349)	943,794	
Deferred tax arising from tax credits							
Unused tax credits	1,311,498	17,029	1,328,527	1,007,507	325,880	1,333,387	
Deferred tax recognized in equity Loss on valuation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive							
income and other Remeasurement of	(2,928,550)	1,268,129	(1,660,421)	(895,922)	(13,254)	(909,176)	
net defined benefit assets	2,738,197	997,123	3,735,320	769,512	277,563	1,047,075	
Subtotal	(190,353)	2,265,252	2,074,899	(126,410)	264,309	137,899	
Deferred tax assets				4,505,049	(230,049)	4,275,000	
Deferred tax liabilities				(17,053,808)	(1,757,037)	(18,810,845)	
Total				(12,548,759)	(1,987,086)	(14,535,845)	

¹ Deferred tax assets are not recognized if it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future for investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures.

The Company assessed that the deferred tax asset is realizable as the estimated average annual taxable income in future years exceeds the tax loss carry forwards and tax credit carry forwards to be reversed in each accounting period. Temporary differences in which deferred tax effects were not recognized due to uncertainty regarding the ultimate realizability of such assets as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020
Unused tax losses	706,512	751,255
Unused tax credits	47,929	37,816

Expected expiry dates of unused tax losses and credits for which no deferred tax asset is recognized are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2021	2022	2023 and after
Unused tax losses	_	1,316	_	705,196
Unused tax credits	13,302	3,145	24,364	7,118

(D) Details of the period when the deferred tax assets (liabilities) are recovered (settled) as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as

follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	
Deferred tax assets			
Deferred tax assets to be recovered within 12 months	2,999,046	2,839,030	
Deferred tax assets to be recovered after more than 12 months	1,262,168	1,435,970	
Subtotal	4,261,214	4,275,000	
Deferred tax liabilities			
Deferred tax liabilities to be settled after more than 12 months	(23,198,205)	(18,810,845)	
Total	(18,936,991)	(14,535,845)	

26. Earnings per Share

(A) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are calculated as follows:

(1) Ordinary shares

(In millions of Korean won, thousands of number of shares)	2021	2020
Profit for the year attributable to owners of the parent company	39,243,791	26,090,846
Profit for the year available for ordinary shares	34,488,944	22,929,390
Weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding	5,969,783	5,969,783
Basic earnings per ordinary share (in Korean won)	5,777	3,841
(In millions of Korean won, thousands of number of shares)	2021	2020
(In millions of Korean won, thousands of number of shares)	2021	2020
Profit for the year attributable to owners of the parent company	39,243,791	26,090,846
Profit for the year available for preference shares	4,754,847	3,161,456
		000 007
Weighted-average number of preference shares outstanding	822,887	822,887

(B) Diluted earnings per share

The Company does not have dilutive potential ordinary shares and as a result, basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share are the same for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.

27. Statements of Cash Flows

(A) The Company used the indirect method to present cash flows from operating activities. Adjustments and changes in assets and liabilities arising from operating activities for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

- Adjustments

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020	
Adjustments:			
Income tax expense	13,444,377	9,937,28	
Financial income	(2,485,679)	(3,718,841	
Financial expenses	1,917,705	2,306,77	
Post-employment benefits	1,360,344	1,290,17	
Depreciation	31,285,209	27,115,73	
Amortization	2,962,152	3,219,88	
Bad debt expenses (reversal)	17,990	40,00	
Dividend income	(135,840)	(152,440	
Share of profit of associates and joint ventures	(729,614)	(506,530	
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(340,400)	(154,249	
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	75,586	87,67	
Loss on valuation of inventories	1,735,741	1,000,76	
Others	(51,938)	1,152,32	
Total	49,055,633	41,618,554	

- Changes in assets and liabilities arising from operating activities

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020	
Changes in assets and liabilities :			
Decrease (increase) in trade receivables	(7,302,604)	1,269,982	
Decrease (increase) in non-trade receivables	(204,348)	471,034	
Increase in prepaid expenses	(204,971)	(16,429)	
Decrease (increase) in inventories	(9,712,379)	(7,540,656)	
Increase (decrease) in trade payables	1,027,017	3,885,742	
Increase (decrease) in other payables	1,516,076	196,710	
Increase (decrease) in advances received	(24,371)	95,851	
Increase (decrease) in withholdings	275,998	99,300	
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses	3,340,697	5,332,676	
Increase (decrease) in provisions	1,862,320	944,417	
Payment of post-employment benefits	(606,870)	(610,734)	
Increase in plan assets	(2,866,087)	(2,327,602)	
Other	(3,387,362)	(1,677,867)	
Total	(16,286,884)	122,424	

(B) Significant non-cash investing and financing transactions for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020	
Valuation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	3,653,253	3,423,908	
Valuation of investments in associates and joint ventures	211,979	43,297	
Reclassification of construction in progress to property, plant and equipment	50,451,574	42,177,828	
Acquisition of right-of-use assets (New lease contracts established)	1,748,911	810,823	
Reclassification of current portion of debentures	477,651	5,318	
Reclassification of current portion of long-term borrowings	852,317	710,781	

(C) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(1) 2021

		Cash flows from	n Non-cash transactions		As of
(In millions of Korean won)	As of January 1	financing activities	New lease contracts	Other ¹	December 31
Short-term borrowings	16,553,429	(2,616,943)	-	(248,693)	13,687,793
Debentures and long-term borrowings	3,663,952	(836,470)	1,748,912	127,962	4,704,356
Total	20,217,381	(3,453,413)	1,748,912	(120,731)	18,392,149

¹ Other includes amortization and effects of changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

(2) 2020

			Non-cash transactions		
(In millions of Korean won)	As of January 1	Cash flows from financing activities	New lease contracts	Other ¹	As of December 31
Short-term borrowings	14,393,468	2,191,186	-	(31,225)	16,553,429
Debentures and long-term borrowings	4,018,569	(850,452)	810,823	(314,988)	3,663,952
Total	18,412,037	1,340,734	810,823	(346,213)	20,217,381

¹Other includes amortization, effects of changes in foreign currency exchange rates, and the cumulative effect of changes in accounting policies.

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, cash outflows from principal repayment (financial activities) amount to Ψ 876,437 million and Ψ 823,935 million, respectively, and cash outflows due to interest expenses (operating activities) in relation to the lease liabilities amount to Ψ 106,880 million and Ψ 109,040 million, respectively.

(D) The Company reported cash receipts and payments arising from transactions occurring frequently, of large gross amounts, and with short-term maturities, such as short-term financial instruments, borrowings and other, on a net basis. As of December 31, 2021, most of the Company's cash and cash equivalents consist of bank deposits.

28. Financial Risk Management

The Company's financial risk management focuses on minimizing the market risk, credit risk, and liquidity risk arising from operating activities. To mitigate these risks, the Company implements and operates a financial risk policy and program that closely monitors and manages such risks. In addition, the Company uses derivatives to hedge certain risk exposure.

The finance team mainly carries out the Company's financial risk management. After implementing the global financial risk management policies, the finance team periodically measures, evaluates, and hedges the financial risk and also establishes and implements the global financial risk management policy.

The Company also manages the foreign exchange risk by monitoring foreign exchange rate fluctuations at local finance centers across major regions (United States, United Kingdom, Singapore, China, Brazil, and Russia) and acting as an agent of foreign exchange transactions. In addition, the Company manages the liquidity risk by utilizing a globally integrated finance structure.

The Company's financial assets that are under the financial risk management are comprised of cash and cash equivalents, shortterm financial instruments, financial assets at amortized cost, trade receivables and others. The Company's financial liabilities under financial risk management are comprised of trade payables, borrowings, and others.

(A) Market risk

(1) Foreign exchange risk

The Company is exposed to the foreign exchange risk arising from its global operations performed in currencies other than its functional currency. The major currencies that are exposed to the foreign exchange risk are the US dollar, Euro, and Indian Rupee.

The Company focuses on minimizing the impact of the foreign exchange fluctuation by maintaining the equal amount of assets and liabilities denominated in each foreign currency, irrespective of the foreign exchange fluctuation considerations. To prevent the exchange position, the Company's foreign exchange management policy requires the normal business transactions, including imports and exports, as well as the financing transactions such as depositing and borrowing, to be in local currency or for the cash-in currency to be matched up with the cash-out currency. Moreover, the Company periodically evaluates and monitors the foreign exchange risk to efficiently mitigate such risk, and the speculative foreign exchange transactions are strictly prohibited.

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, when the currency rates change by 5%, the impact on profit or loss (before income tax effects) arising from financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies other than the functional currency are as follows:

	December 31, 2021		December 3	1, 2020
(In millions of Korean won)	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
USD	250,489	(250,489)	174,400	(174,400)
EUR	107,519	(107,519)	112,244	(112,244)
INR	24,216	(24,216)	21,959	(21,959)

(2) Interest rate risk

Risk of changes in interest rates for floating interest rate financial instruments is defined as the risk that the fair value of components of the statements of financial position, and future cash flows of interest income (expenses) of a financial instrument, will fluctuate because of the changes in market interest rates. The Company's position with regard to interest rate risk exposure is mainly driven by its floating interest rate debt obligations and interest-bearing deposits. The Company implemented policies and operates to minimize uncertainty arising from changes in interest rates and financial expenses.

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, changes in profit or loss (before income tax effects) as a result of a 1%p change in interest rates on floating interest rate financial assets and liabilities are presented below:

	December	31, 2021	December 31, 2020	
(In millions of Korean won)	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Financial assets	71,131	(71,131)	81,013	(81,013)
Financial liabilities	(18,779)	18,779	(2,195)	2,195
Net effect	52,352	(52,352)	78,818	(78,818)

(3) Price risk

The Company's investment portfolio consists of direct and indirect investments in equity instruments classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, which is in line with the Company's strategy.

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, price fluctuation of marketable equity securities (listed stocks) by 1% would result in changes in other comprehensive income (before income tax) of Ψ 116,087 million and Ψ 69,101 million, respectively, and changes in profit before tax of Ψ 4,784 million and Ψ 4,316 million, respectively.

(B) Credit risk

Credit risk arises during the normal course of transactions and investing activities where clients or other parties fail to discharge an obligation. The Company monitors and sets the client's and the counterparty's credit limit on a periodic basis based on the client's and counterparty's financial conditions, default histories and other important factors. Adequate insurance coverage is maintained for trade receivables related to the trading partners situated in higher risk countries.

Credit risk can arise from transactions with financial institutions which include financial instrument transactions such as cash and cash equivalents, deposits, and derivative instruments. To minimize such risk, the Company transacts only with banks which have strong international credit rating (S&P A and above), and all new transactions with financial institutions with no prior transaction history are approved, managed and monitored by the Company's finance team and the local finance center. The Company generally enters into a financial agreement with no restrictions, such as debt ratio covenants, provision of collateral and/or repayment of loans/ borrowings. The Company requires separate approvals for contracts with restrictions.

As of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the Company estimates that its maximum exposure to credit risk is the carrying amount of its financial assets, net of impairment losses.

(C) Liquidity risk

Due to large investments made by the Company, maintaining adequate levels of liquidity risk is critical. The Company strives to achieve this goal by periodically forecasting its capital balance, estimating the required cash levels, and managing income and expenses.

The Company manages its liquidity risk by periodically forecasting the projected cash flows. If abnormal signs are identified, the Company works with the local finance center and provides liquidity support by utilizing a globally integrated finance structure, such as Cash Pooling. In addition, the Company maintains a liquidity management process which provides an additional financial support from the local finance center and the Company. The Cash Pooling program allows the sharing of surplus funds among the entities and contributes to minimizing the liquidity risk and strengthening the Company's competitive position by reducing capital operation expenses and financial expenses.

For the need of large scale of liquidity, the Company secures the credit limit for overseas subsidiaries through payment guarantees.

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the following table is an undiscounted cash flow analysis for financial liabilities according to their remaining contractual maturity.

			December 31, 2021		
(In millions of Korean won)	Less than 3 months	4 - 6 months	7 – 12 months	1 - 5 years	More than 5 years
Financial liabilities	55,185,809	1,814,271	1,674,980	5,462,057	944,232
			December 31, 2020		
(In millions of Korean won)	Less than 3 months	4 – 6 months	7 - 12 months	1 - 5 years	More than 5 years
Financial liabilities	44,988,792	733,776	1,651,951	3,945,429	578,346

The table above shows the Company's financial liabilities based on the remaining period at the consolidated statements of financial position date until the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

The Company's derivative financial liabilities of Ψ 113,590 million (December 31, 2020: Ψ 47,704 million) has been included within the less than 3 months bucket. These are the Company's trading portfolio of derivative instruments, on a net settlement term, of which the contractual maturities are not essential for understanding its cash flows. These contracts are managed on a net fair value basis rather than by the maturity date. Net settled derivatives consist of forwards on currency rates used by the Company to manage the exchange rate profile.

Derivatives that are settled on a gross basis by the delivery of underlying items, including derivatives for hedging, will be settled within the next 60 months from the end of the reporting period. These derivative are not included in the table above.

There is no maximum liquidity risk exposure from those other than the above financial liabilities (e.g., payment and performance guarantees) as of December 31, 2021.

(D) Derivative financial instruments

The Company applies cash flow hedge accounting to hedge the foreign currency risk of forecasted transaction including hedging the price risk associated with inventory. Details of derivative financial instruments that qualify as cash flow hedges as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	December	31, 2021	December 31, 2020	
(In millions of Korean won)	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities
Currency forward exchange contracts				
Current items	34,075	11,090	11,311	22,236
Non-current items	16,790	3,280	11,999	19,694
Total	50,865	14,370	23,310	41,930

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company recognizes the gains and losses relating to the effective portion of changes in fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges in other comprehensive income, which amount to the gain of Ψ 50,410 million (after tax) and loss of Ψ 33,406 million (after tax), respectively, and recognizes the gains and losses relating to the ineffective portion in profit or loss, which amount to the gain of Ψ 451 million (before tax) and loss of Ψ 27 million (before tax), respectively. For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, gains and losses reclassified directly from other comprehensive income to profit or loss amount to the gain of Ψ 1,117 million (after tax) and the gain of Ψ 4,664 million (after tax), respectively and the gains reclassified from other comprehensive income to the carrying amount of inventory amount to the gain of Ψ 1,539 million (after tax) and the gain of Ψ 3,792 million (after tax), respectively.

(E) Capital risk management

The purpose of capital management is to maintain a sound capital structure. The Company monitors capital on the basis of credit ratings and debt ratio. Debt ratio is calculated by dividing the total liabilities by total equity in the financial statements.

The Company's capital risk management policy has not changed since the prior reporting periods. The Company has maintained an AA- and Aa3 credit ratings from S&P and Moody's, respectively.

The total liabilities to equity ratios as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	
Total liabilities	121,721,227	102,287,702	
Total equity	304,899,931	275,948,016	
Debt ratio	39.9%	37.1%	

(F) Fair value estimation

(1) Carrying amounts and fair values of financial instruments by category as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	December 3	31, 2021	December 31, 2020		
(In millions of Korean won)	n won) Carrying amount Fair value		Carrying amount	Fair value	
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	39,031,415	(*1)	29,382,578	(*1)	
Short-term financial instruments	81,708,986	(*1)	92,441,703	(*1)	
Short-term financial assets at amortized cost	3,369,034	(*1)	2,757,111	(*1)	
Short-term financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	40,757	40,757	71,451	71,451	
Trade receivables	40,713,415	(*1)	30,965,058	(*1)	
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Financial assets at fair value through	13,965,839	13,965,839	12,575,216	12,575,216	
profit or loss	1,525,344	1,525,344	1,202,969	1,202,969	
Other ^(*2)	9,040,189	328,216	6,634,873	239,107	
Total financial assets	189,394,979		176,030,959		
Financial liabilities					
Trade payables	13,453,351	(*1)	9,739,222	(*1)	
Short-term borrowings	13,687,793	(*1)	16,553,429	(*1)	
Other payables	14,126,970	(*1)	10,645,637	(*1)	
Current portion of long-term liabilities	1,329,968	554,106	716,099	5,318	
- Current portion of long-term borrowing	852,317	(*1)(*3)	710,781	(*3)	
- Current portion of debentures	477,651	554,106	5,318	5,318	
Debentures	508,232	546,339	948,137	997,101	
Long-term borrowings	2,866,156	(*1)(*3)	1,999,716	(*3)	
Long-term other payables ^(*2)	2,562,158	(*1)	1,274,304	2,176	
Other ^(*2)	10,781,684	337,394	9,639,252	284,628	
Total financial liabilities	59,316,312		51,515,796		

(*1) Assets and liabilities whose carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value are excluded from the fair value disclosures.

(*2) Assets measured at the cost of \mathbb{W} 8,711,973 million (December 31, 2020: \mathbb{W} 6,395,766 million) and liabilities measured at the cost of \mathbb{W} 13,006,448 million (December 31, 2020: \mathbb{W} 10,626,752 million) are excluded as the carrying amount is a reasonable estimation of fair value.

(*3) Lease liabilities, classified under the current portion of long-term liabilities and long-term borrowings, are excluded from the fair value disclosures in accordance with *Korean IFRS 1107*.

(2) Fair value hierarchy classifications of the financial instruments that are measured or disclosed at fair value as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	December 31, 2021					
(In millions of Korean won)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total balance		
1) Assets						
Short-term financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	35,620	5,137	40,757		
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	11,608,708	-	2,357,131	13,965,839		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	478,401	-	1,046,943	1,525,344		
Other	-	307,213	21,003	328,216		
2) Liabilities						
Current portion of debentures	-	554,106	-	554,106		
Debentures	-	546,339	-	546,339		
Other	-	331,956	5,438	337,394		

	December 31, 2020					
(In millions of Korean won)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total balance		
1) Assets						
Short-term financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	58,763	12,688	71,451		
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	6,910,108	-	5,665,108	12,575,216		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	431,626	-	771,343	1,202,969		
Other	-	239,107	-	239,107		
2) Liabilities						
Current portion of debentures	-	5,318	-	5,318		
Debentures	-	997,101	-	997,101		
Long-term other payables	-	-	2,176	2,176		
Other	-	277,556	7,072	284,628		

The levels of the fair value hierarchy and its application to financial assets and liabilities are described below.

- · Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs)

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the statements of financial position date. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Company is the current bid price. These instruments are included in Level 1. The instruments included in Level 1 are listed equity investments, most of which are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximize the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on the entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required for a fair value of an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2.

If one or more of the significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in Level 3.

The Company performs the fair value measurements required for financial reporting purposes, including Level 3 fair values and discusses valuation processes and results at least once every quarter in line with the Company's quarterly reporting dates. The Company's policy is to recognize transfers between levels at the end of the reporting period, if corresponding events or changes in circumstances have occurred.

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

- · Quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments
- The fair value of forward foreign exchange contracts is determined using forward exchange rates at the statements of financial position date, with the resulting value discounted back to present value

Other techniques, such as discounted cash flow analysis, are used to determine fair value for the remaining financial instruments. For trade and other receivables that are classified as current assets, the book value approximates a reasonable estimate of fair value.

(3) Valuation technique and the inputs

The Company utilizes a present value technique to discount future cash flows using a proper interest rate for corporate bonds, government and public bonds, and bank debentures that are classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

The following table presents the valuation technique and the inputs used for major financial instruments classified as Level 3 as of December 31, 2021.

Classification	Fair value	Valuation technique	Level 3 inputs	Input range (Weighted average)						
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income										
	22 100	D: (1 10	Permanent growth rate	-1.0%~1.0%(0.0%)						
Samsung Venture Investment	22,198	Discounted cash flow	Weighted average cost of capital	19.7%~21.7%(20.7%)						
MiCe Commiss Co. 141	24 (2)	Discounts I see 1 floor	Permanent growth rate	-1.0%~1.0%(0.0%)						
MiCo Ceramics Co., Ltd.	24,636	Discounted cash flow	Weighted average cost of capital	14.7%~16.7%(15.7%)						
TCL China Star Optoelectronics	1 200 215	D. (1.10	Permanent growth rate	-1.0%~1.0%(0.0%)						
Technology Co., Ltd. (CSOT)	1,309,315	Discounted cash flow	Weighted average cost of capital	11.1%~13.1%(12.1%)						
China Star Optoelectronics			Permanent growth rate	-1.0%~1.0%(0.0%)						
Semiconductor Display Technology Ltd. (CSOSDT)	418,040	Discounted cash flow	Weighted average cost of capital	11.1%~13.1%(12.1%)						
Others										
			Risk-free discount rate	0.8%~1.4%, 2.6%						
Put option on equity instruments	21,003	Binomial model		17.7%~27.7%(22.7%)						
			Price volatility	23.6%~33.6%(28.6%)						

(In millions of Korean won and percentage)

(4) Changes in Level 3 instruments for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020
Financial assets		
Balance as of January 1	6,449,139	7,407,684
Acquisitions	1,075,389	882,331
Disposals	(402,782)	(2,531,276)
Amount recognized in profit or loss	463,818	(55,103)
Amount recognized in other comprehensive income	1,543,511	829,764
Other	(5,698,861)	(84,261)
Balance as of December 31	3,430,214	6,449,139
(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020
Financial liabilities		
Balance as of January 1	9,248	2,316
Amount recognized in profit or loss	(784)	196
Other	(3,026)	6,736
Balance as of December 31	5,438	9,248

(5) Sensitivity analysis for recurring fair value measurements categorized within Level 3

Sensitivity analysis of financial instruments is performed to measure favorable and unfavorable changes in the fair value of financial instruments which are affected by the unobservable parameters, using a statistical technique. When the fair value is affected by more than two input parameters, the amounts represent the most favorable or unfavorable.

The results of the sensitivity analysis for the effect on profit or loss (before tax amount for other comprehensive income or loss) from changes in inputs for major financial instruments which are categorized within Level 3 and subject to sensitivity analysis are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	Favorable cl	nanges	Unfavorable changes		
Classification	Profit or loss	Equity	Profit or loss	Equity	
Financial assets at fair value through other					
comprehensive income ¹	-	150,377	-	(109,915)	
Others ²	2,920	-	(4,898)	-	

¹ For equity securities, changes in fair value are calculated with the correlation between the growth rate (-1%~1%) and the discount rate, which are significant unobservable inputs.

² Changes were calculated based on the correlation between the fair value and price volatility (-5%~5%), which is a significant unobservable input.

29. Segment Information

(A) Operating segment information

The chief operating decision-maker has been identified as the Management Committee. The Company determines operating segments based on the units reported to the Management Committee. The Management Committee reviews the operating profits of each operating segment in order to assess the performance and to make strategic decisions regarding the allocation of resources to the segments.

Sales revenue consists mostly of product sales. The operating segments are product-based and are identified based on the internal organization and revenue streams. As of the reporting date, the operating segments are comprised of CE, IM, DS (Semiconductor and DP), Harman, and others.

The segment information for each reporting period is prepared after allocating the intercompany reconciliations to depreciation, amortization of intangible assets and operating profits. Total assets and liabilities of each operating segment are excluded from the disclosure as these have not been provided regularly to the Management Committee.

(1) For the year ended December 31, 2021

		_	DS				
(In millions of Korean won)	CE	IM	Total ¹	Semi- conductor	DP	Harman	Total ¹
Net revenue	55,832,435	109,251,383	125,089,024	94,158,569	31,712,526	10,039,922	279,604,799
Depreciation	668,356	739,774	28,353,128	22,826,329	5,504,216	311,237	31,285,209
Amortization	74,182	1,264,152	1,179,743	930,002	239,821	229,772	2,962,152
Operating profit	3,645,721	13,647,575	33,734,199	29,199,292	4,457,365	599,097	51,633,856

¹ Other operating segments are not separately disclosed.

(2) For the year ended December 31, 2020

			DS				
(In millions of Korean won)	CE	IM	Total ¹	Semi- conductor	DP	Harman	Total ¹
Net revenue	48,173,324	99,587,493	103,036,146	72,857,803	30,585,715	9,183,748	236,806,988
Depreciation	582,929	855,573	24,330,737	18,124,847	6,183,077	264,928	27,115,735
Amortization	76,270	1,394,396	1,321,305	1,053,892	257,446	233,518	3,219,881
Operating profit	3,561,536	11,472,671	21,120,231	18,804,970	2,236,919	55,518	35,993,876

¹ Other operating segments are not separately disclosed.

(B) Regional information

The regional segment information provided to the Management Committee for the reportable segments as of and for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(1) As of and for the year ended December 31, 2021

				Asia		Intercompany	
(In millions of Korean won)	Korea	America	Europe	and Africa	China	elimination	Consolidated
Net revenue	43,971,631	97,903,868	50,323,287	41,834,609	45,571,404	-	279,604,799
Non-current assets ¹	127,116,179	10,758,956	5,951,905	9,088,409	18,244,469	(995,135)	170,164,783

¹ Financial instruments, deferred tax assets, investments in associates and joint ventures, and others are excluded from non-current assets.

(2) As of and for the year ended December 31, 2020

				Asia		Intercompany	
(In millions of Korean won)	Korea	America	Europe	and Africa	China	elimination	Consolidated
Net revenue	37,035,377	78,305,571	45,967,097	37,692,286	37,806,657	-	236,806,988
Non-current assets ¹	110,075,478	9,035,206	6,087,436	8,972,711	13,782,478	(531,915)	147,421,394

¹ Financial instruments, deferred tax assets, investments in associates and joint ventures, and others are excluded from non-current assets.

30. Related Party Transactions

(A) Sale and purchase transactions

Sale and purchase transactions with related parties for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	Name of company ¹	Sales	Purchases	Purchase of non-current assets	
Horean wony	Samsung SDS	142,435	non-current assets	1,732,273	569,840
	Samsung Electro-Mechanics	47,031	-	1,525,854	-
Associates and	Samsung SDI	76,160	269	671,169	36,180
joint ventures	Cheil Worldwide	27,740	-	758,877	16
	Other	1,288,094	68	12,361,130	118,099
	Total	1,581,460	337	17,049,303	724,135
	Samsung C&T	79,183	32,705	334,386	4,045,297
Other related parties	Other	352,919	-	1,608,435	633,109
parties	Total	432,102	32,705	1,942,821	4,678,406
	Samsung Engineering	787	-	48,284	2,404,314
Other ²	S-1	13,819	-	469,979	35,762
Other ²	Other	129,439	2,371	496,451	261,614
	Total	144,045	2,371	1,014,714	2,701,690

¹ Transactions with separate entities that are related parties of the Company.

² Although these entities are not related parties of the Company in accordance with *Korean IFRS 1024*, they belong to the same large enterprise group in accordance with the Monopoly Regulation and Fair Trade Act.

(In millions of Korean won)	Name of company ¹	Sales	Purchases	Purchase of non-current assets	
	Samsung SDS	108,634	77	1,752,792	469,270
	Samsung Electro-Mechanics	37,837	-	1,664,069	-
Associates and	Samsung SDI	73,561	272	601,286	91,949
joint ventures	Cheil Worldwide	26,996	-	649,164	-
	Other	1,059,045	30	10,556,776	166,842
	Total	1,306,073	379	15,224,087	728,061
	Samsung C&T	94,736	43,214	328,484	4,057,233
Other related parties	Other	309,819	-	1,105,252	497,163
parties	Total	404,555	43,214	1,433,736	4,554,396
	Samsung Engineering	4,104	-	70,073	1,946,409
Other ²	S-1	17,199	-	436,211	43,336
Other ²	Other	100,591	-	422,989	172,023
	Total	121,894	-	929,273	2,161,768

¹ Transactions with separate entities that are related parties of the Company.

² Although these entities are not related parties of the Company in accordance with *Korean IFRS 1024*, they belong to the same large enterprise group in accordance with the Monopoly Regulation and Fair Trade Act.

(B) Balances of receivables and payables

Balances of receivables and payables arising from the sales and purchases of goods and services as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

		December 31, 2021		
(In millions of Korean won)	Name of company ¹	Receivables	Payables ²	
	Samsung SDS	64,521	616,949	
	Samsung Electro-Mechanics	3,659	176,549	
Associates and	Samsung SDI	130,638	100,835	
joint ventures	Cheil Worldwide	206	428,090	
	Other	397,709	1,361,554	
	Total	596,733	2,683,977	
	Samsung C&T	220,550	1,739,997	
Other related parties	Other	20,306	251,766	
	Total	240,856	1,991,763	
	Samsung Engineering	338	1,151,536	
0.1 3	S-1	2,423	40,558	
Other ³	Other	48,703	185,256	
	Total	51,464	1,377,350	

¹ Balances due from and to separate entities that are related parties of the Company.

² Payables and others include lease liabilities.

³ Although these entities are not related parties of the Company in accordance with *Korean IFRS 1024*, they belong to the same large enterprise group in accordance with the Monopoly Regulation and Fair Trade Act.

		December 31, 2020		
(In millions of Korean won)	Name of company ¹	Receivables	Payables ²	
	Samsung SDS	36,905	543,388	
	Samsung Electro-Mechanics	379	120,407	
Associates and	Samsung SDI	108,561	89,178	
joint ventures	Cheil Worldwide	195	398,836	
	Other	253,921	1,154,549	
	Total	399,961	2,306,358	
	Samsung C&T	245,138	2,327,126	
Other related parties	Other	20,484	172,726	
	Total	265,622	2,499,852	
	Samsung Engineering	492	538,853	
	S-1	2,091	45,257	
Other ³	Other	11,344	55,053	
	Total	13,927	639,163	

¹ Balances due from and to separate entities that are related parties of the Company.

² Payables and others include lease liabilities.

³ Although these entities are not related parties of the Company in accordance with *Korean IFRS 1024*, they belong to the same large enterprise group in accordance with the Monopoly Regulation and Fair Trade Act.

- (C) For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company invested ¥ 47,090 million and ¥ 83,280 million, respectively, in associates and joint ventures. In addition, the Company recovered ¥ 19,169 million of investments in associates and joint ventures for the year ended December 31, 2021, and there was no return of investments in associates and joint ventures for the year ended December 31, 2020.
- (D) For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Company declared W 3,527,449 million of dividends (W 1,659,962 million for the year ended December 31, 2020) to the related parties. In addition, for the year ended December 31, 2021, the Company declared W 267,738 million (W 125,744 million for the year ended December 31, 2020) of dividends to the entities that are not related parties of the Company in accordance with *Korean IFRS 1024*, but belong to the same conglomerate according to the Monopoly Regulation and Fair Trade Act. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, there is no dividend payables to the entities that are not in scope of Korean IFRS 1024.
- (E) For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Company entered into lease agreements with its related parties amounted to W 12,602 million, and the lease payments made to the related parties for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 amounted to W 31,893 million and W 51,798 million, respectively.

(F) Key management compensation

The compensation paid or payable to key management (executive directors) for their services for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 consists of:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020
Short-term employee benefits	20,370	13,333
Post-employment benefits	886	987
Other long-term employee benefits	8,092	7,287

31. Information for Non-Controlling Interests

(A) Changes in accumulated non-controlling interests

The profit or loss allocated to non-controlling interests and accumulated non-controlling interests of subsidiaries that are material to the Company for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	Samsung Display Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries			
(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020		
Percentage of non-controlling interests	15.2%	15.2%		
Balance as of January 1	7,723,784	7,427,228		
Profit for the year	580,164	294,139		
Dividends	(3,123)	(54,121)		
Other	(272,270)	56,538		
Balance as of December 31	8,028,555	7,723,784		

(B) The summarized financial information for each subsidiary with non-controlling interests that are material to the Company before the intercompany eliminations for the years December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(1) Summarized consolidated statements of financial position

	Samsung Display Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries			
(In millions of Korean won)	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020		
Current assets	35,220,985	28,354,913		
Non-current assets	24,773,119	26,904,627		
Current liabilities	7,539,403	7,631,559		
Non-current liabilities	1,359,478	841,323		
Equity attributable to:	51,095,223	46,786,658		
Owners of the parent company	51,012,895	46,282,988		
Non-controlling interests	82,328	503,670		

(2) Summarized consolidated statements of comprehensive income

	Samsung Display Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries			
(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020		
Sales	31,557,504	30,474,830		
Profit for the year	3,511,314	1,874,486		
Other comprehensive income (loss)	1,256,904	408,022		
Total comprehensive income attributable to:	4,768,218	2,282,508		
Owners of the parent company	4,752,963	2,267,953		
Non-controlling interests	15,255	14,555		

(3) Summarized consolidated statements of cash flows

	Samsung Display Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries			
(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020		
Cash flows from operating activities	10,943,029	7,800,766		
Cash flows from investing activities	(9,927,110)	(6,933,401)		
Cash flows from financing activities	(1,284,749)	(536,883)		
Reclassification to assets held-for-sale	-	(139)		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	52,154	(27,688)		
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(216,676)	302,655		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	975,535	672,880		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	758,859	975,535		

32. Assets and Liabilities Held-for-Sale

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(A) Sales of ownership interest in SSM and SSL

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Company decided to sell its 100% ownership in Samsung Suzhou Module Co., Ltd. ("SSM") and 60% ownership in Samsung Suzhou LCD Co., Ltd. ("SSL") to TCL China Star Opto-electronics Technologies Co., Ltd. ("CSOT"). The Company entered into the sales agreement on August 28, 2020, and the sales were completed on April 1, 2021.

(B) Details of assets and liabilities classified as held-for-sale as of December 31, 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	December 31, 2020
Assets held-for-sale	
Cash and cash equivalents	139
Inventories	53,157
Other current assets	26,474
Property, plant and equipment	766,614
Intangible assets	1,421
Other non-current assets	81,627
Total	929,432
Liabilities held-for-sale	
Current liabilities	337,032
Non-current liabilities	1,710
Total	338,742

(C) Details of accumulated other comprehensive income attributable to assets held-for-sale are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	December 31, 2020	
Loss on overseas business translation, net of tax		(12,132)

4. Non-consolidated financial statements

Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.

SEPARATE STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(In millions of Korean won, in thousands of US dollars (Note 2.29))

		December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,
	Notes	2021	2020	2021	2020
		KRW	KRW	USD	USD
Assets					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	4,28	3,918,872	989,045	3,425,290	864,475
Short-term financial instruments	4, 28	15,000,576	29,101,284	13,111,255	25,435,980
Trade receivables	4, 5, 7, 28	33,088,247	24,736,740	28,920,786	21,621,150
Non-trade receivables	4, 7, 28	1,832,488	1,898,583	1,601,686	1,659,457
Prepaid expenses		817,689	890,680	714,701	778,499
Inventories	8	15,973,053	13,831,372	13,961,249	12,089,312
Other current assets	4,28	2,922,491	2,350,845	2,554,404	2,054,756
		73,553,416	73,798,549	64,289,371	64,503,629
Non-current assets					
Financial assets at fair value through					
other comprehensive income Financial assets at fair value through	4, 6, 28	1,662,532	1,539,659	1,453,136	1,345,739
profit or loss	4, 6, 28	2,135	3,107	1,866	2,716
Investments in subsidiaries, associates	0	56 225 500		40 1 42 001	40,460,252
and joint ventures Property, plant and equipment	9 10	56,225,599 103,667,025	56,587,548 86,166,924	49,143,991 90,610,174	49,460,352 75,314,209
	10	8,657,456	7,002,648	7,567,050	6,120,665
Intangible assets					
Net defined benefit assets	14	2,324,291	1,162,456	2,031,547	1,016,045
Deferred income tax assets	25	1,211,100	992,385	1,058,562	867,394
Other non-current assets	4, 7, 28	3,808,630	2,411,151	3,328,934	2,107,467
		177,558,768	155,865,878	155,195,260	136,234,587
Total assets		251,112,184	229,664,427	219,484,631	200,738,216

The above separate statements of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.

SEPARATE STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(In millions of Korean won, in thousands of US dollars (Note 2.29))

		December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,
	Notes	2021	2020	2021	2020
		KRW	KRW	USD	USD
Liabilities and Equity					
Current liabilities					
Trade payables	4, 28	11,557,441	6,599,025	10,101,783	5,767,878
Short-term borrowings	4, 5, 12, 28	9,204,268	12,520,367	8,044,991	10,943,428
Other payables	4, 28	13,206,753	9,829,541	11,543,364	8,591,511
Advances received	17	474,731	424,368	414,939	370,919
Withholdings	4, 28	624,585	432,714	545,919	378,214
Accrued expenses	4, 17, 28	8,275,410	7,927,017	7,233,123	6,928,610
Current income tax liabilities		5,599,896	3,556,146	4,894,590	3,108,250
Current portion of long-term liabilities	4, 12, 13, 28	139,328	87,571	121,780	76,541
Provisions	15	3,643,853	2,932,468	3,184,910	2,563,124
Other current liabilities	17	341,038	103,687	298,084	90,628
		53,067,303	44,412,904	46,383,483	38,819,103
Non-current liabilities					
Debentures	4, 13, 28	29,048	31,909	25,389	27,890
Long-term borrowings	4, 12, 28	431,915	150,397	377,515	131,455
Long-term other payables	4, 28	2,653,715	1,247,752	2,319,480	1,090,598
Long-term provisions	15	1,659,774	503,035	1,450,726	439,678
Other non-current liabilities		76,697	1,706	67,037	1,491
		4,851,149	1,934,799	4,240,147	1,691,112
Total liabilities		57,918,452	46,347,703	50,623,630	40,510,215

The above separate statements of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

SEPARATE STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(In millions of Korean won, in thousands of US dollars (Note 2.29))

		December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,
	Notes	2021	2020	2021	2020
		KRW	KRW	USD	USD
Equity					
Preference shares	18	119,467	119,467	104,420	104,420
Ordinary shares	18	778,047	778,047	680,052	680,052
Share premium		4,403,893	4,403,893	3,849,223	3,849,223
Retained earnings	19	188,774,335	178,284,102	164,998,228	155,829,238
Other components of equity	20	(882,010)	(268,785)	(770,922)	(234,932)
Total equity		193,193,732	183,316,724	168,861,001	160,228,001
Total liabilities and equity		251,112,184	229,664,427	219,484,631	200,738,216

The above separate statements of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

SEPARATE STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS

(In millions of Korean won, in thousands of US dollars (Note 2.29))

	For the years ended December 31,							
	Notes	2021	2020	2021	2020			
		KRW	KRW	USD	USD			
Revenue	29	199,744,705	166,311,191	174,586,881	145,364,314			
Cost of sales	21	135,823,433	116,753,419	118,716,486	102,048,338			
Gross profit		63,921,272	49,557,772	55,870,395	43,315,976			
Selling and administrative expenses	21, 22	31,928,110	29,038,798	27,906,768	25,381,365			
Operating profit	29	31,993,162	20,518,974	27,963,627	17,934,611			
Other non-operating income	23	7,359,004	797,494	6,432,138	697,049			
Other non-operating expense	23	745,978	857,242	652,022	749,272			
Financial income	24	3,796,979	5,676,877	3,318,750	4,961,875			
Financial expense	24	3,698,675	5,684,180	3,232,827	4,968,258			
Profit before income tax		38,704,492	20,451,923	33,829,666	17,876,005			
Income tax expense	25	7,733,538	4,836,905	6,759,500	4,227,697			
Profit for the year		30,970,954	15,615,018	27,070,166	13,648,308			
Earnings per share	26							
(in Korean won, in US dollars)								
- Basic		4,559	2,299	3.98	2.01			
- Diluted		4,559	2,299	3.98	2.01			

The above separate statements of profit or loss should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

SEPARATE STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In millions of Korean won, in thousands of US dollars (Note 2.29))

		For the years ended December 31,					
	Notes	2021	2020	2021	2020		
		KRW	KRW	USD	USD		
Profit for the year		30,970,954	15,615,018	27,070,166	13,648,308		
Other comprehensive income (loss)							
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:							
Gain (loss) on valuation of financial assets at							
fair value through other comprehensive income, net of tax	6, 20	(99,916)	93,251	(87,332)	81,506		
Remeasurement of net defined benefit assets, net of tax	14, 20	(513,309)	(642,550)	(448,658)	(561,621)		
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		-	-	-	-		
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year, net of tax		(613,225)	(549,299)	(535,990)	(480,115)		
Total comprehensive income for the year		30,357,729	15,065,719	26,534,176	13,168,193		

SEPARATE STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(In millions of Korean won)

2020 KRW	Notes	Preference shares	Ordinary shares	Share premium	Retained earnings	Other components of equity	Total
Balance as of January 1, 2020		119,467	778,047	4,403,893	172,288,326	280,514	177,870,247
Profit for the year		-	-	-	15,615,018	-	15,615,018
Gain on valuation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, net of tax Remeasurement of net defined benefit assets, net of tax	6, 20 14, 20	-	-	-	-	93,251 (642,550)	93,251 (642,550)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year		-	-	-	15,615,018	(549,299)	15,065,719
Dividends	19	-	-	-	(9,619,242)	-	(9,619,242)
Total transactions with owners		-	-	-	(9,619,242)	-	(9,619,242)
Balance as of December 31, 2020		119,467	778,047	4,403,893	178,284,102	(268,785)	183,316,724

SEPARATE STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(In thousands of US dollars (Note 2.29))

2020 USD	Notes	Preference shares	Ordinary shares	Share premium	Retained earnings	Other components of equity	Total
Balance as of January 1, 2020		104,420	680,052	3,849,223	150,588,629	245,183	155,467,507
Profit for the year		-	-	-	13,648,308	-	13,648,308
Gain on valuation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, net of tax	6, 20	-	-	-	-	81,506	81,506
Remeasurement of net defined benefit assets, net of tax	14, 20	-	-	-	-	(561,621)	(561,621)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year		-	-	-	13,648,308	(480,115)	13,168,193
Dividends	19	-	-	-	(8,407,699)	-	(8,407,699)
Total transactions with owners		-	-	-	(8,407,699)	-	(8,407,699)
Balance as of December 31, 2020		104,420	680,052	3,849,223	155,829,238	(234,932)	160,228,001

SEPARATE STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(In millions of Korean won)

2021 KRW	Notes	Preference shares	Ordinary shares	Share premium	Retained earnings	Other components of equity	Total
Balance as of January 1, 2021		119,467	778,047	4,403,893	178,284,102	(268,785)	183,316,724
Profit for the year		-	-	-	30,970,954	-	30,970,954
Loss on valuation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, net of tax Remeasurement of net defined benefit assets, net of tax	6, 20 14, 20	-	-	-	-	(99,916) (513,309)	(99,916) (513,309)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year		-	-	-	30,970,954	(613,225)	30,357,729
Dividends	19	-	-	-	(20,480,721)	-	(20,480,721)
Total transactions with owners		_	-	-	(20,480,721)	-	(20,480,721)
Balance as of December 31, 2021		119,467	778,047	4,403,893	188,774,335	(882,010)	193,193,732

SEPARATE STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(In thousands of US dollars (Note 2.29))

2021 USD	Notes	Preference shares	Ordinary shares	Share premium	Retained earnings	Other components of equity	Total
Balance as of January 1, 2021		104,420	680,052	3,849,223	155,829,238	(234,932)	160,228,001
Profit for the year		-	-	-	27,070,166	-	27,070,166
Loss on valuation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, net of tax Remeasurement of net defined benefit assets, net of tax	6, 20 14, 20	-	-	-	-	(87,332) (448,658)	(87,332) (448,658)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year		-	-	-	27,070,166	(535,990)	26,534,176
Dividends	19	-	-	-	(17,901,176)	-	(17,901,176)
Total transactions with owners		-	-	-	(17,901,176)	-	(17,901,176)
Balance as of December 31, 2021		104,420	680,052	3,849,223	164,998,228	(770,922)	168,861,001

SEPARATE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In millions of Korean won, in thousands of US dollars (Note 2.29))

		F	For the years ende	ed December 31,	
	Notes	2021	2020	2021	2020
		KRW	KRW	USD	USD
Operating activities					
Profit for the year		30,970,954	15,615,018	27,070,166	13,648,308
Adjustments	27	25,168,062	24,319,842	21,998,147	21,256,760
Changes in assets and liabilities arising from operating activities	27	(5,781,655)	(393,206)	(5,053,456)	(343,682)
Cash generated from operations		50,357,361	39,541,654	44,014,857	34,561,386
Interest received		282,918	448,323	247,285	391,857
Interest paid		(125,036)	(148,262)	(109,288)	(129,588)
Dividends received		6,560,011	129,569	5,733,778	113,250
Income tax paid		(5,825,185)	(2,462,259)	(5,091,504)	(2,152,138)
Net cash from operating activities		51,250,069	37,509,025	44,795,128	32,784,767
Investing activities Net decrease (increase) in short-term financial instruments Disposal of financial assets at fair value		13,600,708	(2,099,892)	11,887,700	(1,835,411)
Disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		-	503	-	440
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Disposal of financial assets at fair value		(234,975)	(204,957)	(205,380)	(179,143)
through profit or loss		912	74	797	65
Disposal of investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures Acquisition of investments in subsidiaries,		605,607	22,057	529,331	19,279
associates and joint ventures		(138,858)	(163,456)	(121,369)	(142,869)
Disposal of property, plant and equipment		408,560	431,142	357,102	376,840
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(36,021,504)	(26,962,042)	(31,484,599)	(23,566,176)
Disposal of intangible assets		5,809	1,082	5,077	946
Acquisition of intangible assets		(2,459,929)	(2,239,834)	(2,150,101)	(1,957,727)
Cash inflow (outflow) from other investing activities		(201,537)	39,748	(176,153)	34,741
Net cash used in investing activities		(24,435,207)	(31,175,575)	(21,357,595)	(27,249,015)

SEPARATE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In millions of Korean won, in thousands of US dollars (Note 2.29))

	Notes	2021	2020	2021	2020
		KRW	KRW	USD	USD
Financing activities					
Net increase (decrease) in short-term borrowings	27	(3,288,858)	2,326,350	(2,874,627)	2,033,346
Repayment of debentures and long-term borrowings	27	(117,963)	(134,443)	(103,106)	(117,510)
Dividends paid		(20,478,233)	(9,618,283)	(17,899,002)	(8,406,861)
Net cash used in financing activities		(23,885,054)	(7,426,376)	(20,876,735)	(6,491,025)
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes		19	54	17	48
Net increase(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		2,929,827	(1,092,872)	2,560,815	(955,225)
Cash and cash equivalents					
Beginning of the year		989,045	2,081,917	864,475	1,819,700
End of the year		3,918,872	989,045	3,425,290	864,475

5. Notes to non-consolidated financial statements

1. General Information

Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. (the "Company") was incorporated under the laws of the Republic of Korea in 1969 and listed its shares on the Korea Stock Exchange in 1975. The Company operates three business divisions: Consumer Electronics ("CE"), Information technology & Mobile communications ("IM"), and Device Solutions ("DS"). CE division includes digital TVs, monitors, air conditioners and refrigerators and IM division includes mobile phones, communication systems, and computers. DS division includes semiconductor products such as memory, foundry and system LSI. The Company is domiciled in the Republic of Korea.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Korean IFRS 1027, Separate Financial Statements.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

2.1 Basis of Presentation

The principal accounting policies used to prepare the separate financial statements are set out below. Except for the effect of the amendments to the Korean IFRS and new interpretations set out below, the principal accounting policies used to prepare the separate financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021 are consistent with those used to prepare the separate financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020.

The Company maintains its accounting records in Korean won and prepares the statutory financial statements in Korean language (Hangul) in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the Republic of Korea ("Korean IFRS"). The accompanying separate financial statements have been condensed, restructured and translated into English from the Korean language financial statements.

Certain information attached to the Korean language financial statements that are not required for a fair presentation of the Company's financial position, financial performance, or cash flows, are not presented in the accompanying separate financial statements.

The separate financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Korean IFRS. These are the standards, subsequent amendments and related interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) that have been adopted by the Republic of Korea.

Korean IFRS permits the use of critical accounting estimates in the preparation of the separate financial statements and requires management judgments in applying the accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the separate financial statements, are disclosed in Note 3.

2.2 Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures

(A) New and amended standards adopted by the Company

The Company applied the following amended and/or enacted standards for the first time for their annual reporting period commencing on January 1, 2021:

Amendments to Korean IFRS 1116, Lease

The amendments introduce a practical expedient that simplifies the lessee's accounting treatments for COVID-19 related rent concessions, and through such expedient a lessee may elect not to assess whether the rent concessions granted as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic are lease modification. A lessee that makes this election shall account for any changes in lease payments resulting from the rent concessions the same way as prescribed by this standard if the changes were not considered as lease modifications. The application of amendments does not have a significant impact on the Company's year-end financial statements.

(B) New and amended standards not yet adopted by the Company

The amended accounting standard issued that is not mandatory for the annual reporting period commencing on January 1, 2021 and has not been early adopted by the Company is as follows:

Amendments to Korean IFRS 1116, Lease

During the year ended December 31, 2020, the amendments to Korean IFRS 1116 introduced a practical expedient that provided practical relief to lessees in accounting for rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of COVID-19. The amendments extend the practical expedient to apply to reduction in lease payments originally due on or before 30 June 2022. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after April 1, 2021, with early application permitted.

Amendments to Korean IFRS 1103, Business Combinations

The amendments add to Korean IFRS 1103 a requirement that, for obligations within the scope of IAS 37, an acquirer applies Korean IFRS 1037 or Korean IFRS 2121 Levies to determine whether at the acquisition date a present obligation exists as a result of the past events. The amendments also add an explicit statement that an acquirer does not recognise contingent assets acquired in a business combination. The amendments are effective for business combinations for which the date of acquisition is on or after the beginning of the first annual period beginning on or after January 1, 2022, with early application permitted

Amendments to Korean IFRS 1016, Property, Plant and Equipment

The amendments prohibit deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment any proceeds from selling items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Instead, an entity recognizes the proceeds from selling such items, and the cost of producing those items, in profit or loss. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022, with early application permitted.

Amendments to Korean IFRS 1037, Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

The amendments specify that the 'cost of fulfilling' a contract comprises the 'costs that relate directly to the contract'. Costs that relate directly to a contract consist of both the incremental costs of fulfilling that contract and an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling the contract. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022, with early application permitted.

Amendments to Korean IFRS 1001, Presentation of Financial Statements

The amendments clarify that the classification of liabilities as current or non-current is based on the rights that are in existence at the end of the reporting period, specify that classification is unaffected by expectations about whether an entity will exercise its right to defer settlement of a liability, and elucidate that settlement refers to the transfer to the counterparty of cash, equity instruments, other assets or services. The amendments are applied retrospectively for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023, with early application permitted.

Amendments to Korean IFRS 1001, Presentation of Financial Statements

The amendments define the term 'material accounting policy information', and develop guidance and examples in IFRS Practice Statement 2 to explain and demonstrate the application of 'materiality'. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023, with earlier application permitted and are applied prospectively.

Amendments to Korean IFRS 1008, Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors

The amendments define accounting estimates, and clarify that it is different from changes in accounting policies. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023, to changes in accounting policies and changes in accounting estimates that occur on or after the beginning of the same period, with earlier application permitted.

Amendments to Korean IFRS 1012, Income Taxes

The amendments introduce a further exception to the initial recognition exemption. Under the amendments, an entity does not apply the initial recognition exemption for transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023, with earlier application permitted.

2.3 Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Ventures

The Company, as the ultimate controlling company in accordance with Korean IFRS 1110 *Consolidated Financial Statements* recognizes investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are recognized under the cost method in accordance with Korean IFRS 1027 *Separate Financial Statements* on the Company's separate financial statements.

If there is any objective evidence that the investment in the subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures is impaired, the Company recognizes the difference between the recoverable amount and its carrying amount as an impairment loss.

2.4 Foreign Currency Translation

(A) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the separate financial statements of each of the Company's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which each entity operates (the "functional currency"). The separate financial statements are presented in Korean won, which is the parent company's functional and presentation currency.

(B) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in profit or loss. Exchange differences arising on non-monetary financial assets and liabilities such as equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss and equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized in profit or loss and other comprehensive income, respectively, as part of the fair value gain or loss.

2.5 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, and other short-term investment assets with high liquidity that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

2.6 Financial Assets

(A) Classification

From January 1, 2018, the initial application date for Korean IFRS 1109 *Financial Instruments*, the Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- Financial assets measured at fair value (changes in fair value recognized in either other comprehensive income, or profit or loss).
- Financial assets measured at amortized cost.

The classification depends on the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For financial assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held. The Company reclassifies debt investments only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, classification will depend on whether the Company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income. Changes in fair value of the investments in equity instruments that are not elected to be accounted for as other comprehensive income are recognized in profit or loss.

(B) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Company measures a financial asset at its fair value. In the case of financial asset not measured at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset or the issuance of the financial liabilities are added to its fair value. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

Hybrid (combined) contracts with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows solely consist of the payments of principal and interest.

a) Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Company's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. The Company classifies its debt instruments into one of the following three measurement categories:

① Financial assets measured at amortized cost

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely the payments of principal and interest are measured at amortized cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortized cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognized in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in 'financial income' using the effective interest rate method.

② Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely the payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through other comprehensive income, except for the recognized in profit or loss. (reversal of impairment loss), interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognized in profit or loss. When the financial assets are derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss. Interest income from these financial assets is included in 'financial income' using the effective interest rate method. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in 'financial income' or 'financial expenses' and impairment losses are presented in 'other non-operating expenses'.

③ Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss

Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognized in profit or loss and presented in the separate statement of profit or loss within 'other non-operating income' or 'other non-operating expenses' in the year in which it arises.

b) Equity instruments

The Company subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Company's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. When the financial asset is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss on valuation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income recognized in equity is reclassified to retained earnings. Dividend income from such investments continue to be recognized in profit or loss as 'other non-operating income' when the right to receive the payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognized in 'other non-operating income' or 'other non-operating expenses' in the separate statements of profit or loss as applicable.

(C) Impairment

The Company assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortized cost and fair value through other comprehensive income. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. For trade receivables, the Company applies the simplified approach, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognized from initial recognition of the receivables.

(D) Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized or derecognized on a trade date basis. Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. If a transfer does not result in derecognizion because the Company has retained substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the transferred asset, the Company continues to recognize the transferred asset in its entirety and recognizes a financial liability for the consideration received. The Company classifies the financial liability as 'borrowings' in the separate statement of financial position.

(E) Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statements of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or, realize the assets and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business, even in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

2.7 Trade Receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for inventories sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection is expected within one year or less, they are classified as current assets. If collection is expected beyond one year, they are presented as non-current assets. Trade receivables are recognized initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less loss allowance, unless the trade receivables bear significant financial component.

2.8 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the average cost method, except for materials in transit. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labor, other direct costs and related production overheads (based on normal operating capacity). It excludes costs of idle plant and abnormal waste. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

The Company regularly estimates the changes in future customer demand in the products that may cause a significant change in the valuation allowance and recognizes the valuation allowance if there is any case such as excess, obsolescence and decline in market value. Loss on valuation of inventories is recorded as cost of sales.

2.9 Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the cost will flow to the Company and the cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amounts of the replaced parts are derecognized and the repairs and maintenance expenses are recognized in profit or loss in the period they are incurred.

Depreciation on tangible assets is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the difference between their cost and their residual values over their estimated useful lives. Land is not depreciated. Costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset, including capitalized interest costs, form part of the cost of that asset and are amortized over the estimated useful lives.

The Company's policy is that property, plant and equipment should be depreciated over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated useful lives
Buildings and structures	15, 30 years
Machinery and equipment	5 years
Other	5 years

The depreciation method, residual values and useful lives of property, plant and equipment are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognized in the separate statements of profit or loss as 'other non-operating income' or 'other non-operating expenses'.

2.10 Borrowing Costs

General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

2.11 Intangible Assets

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Company's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired subsidiaries, associates, joint ventures and businesses at the date of acquisition. Goodwill on an acquisition of businesses is included in intangible assets and goodwill on an acquisition of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures' shares is included in the investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures.

Intangible assets, except for goodwill, are initially recognized at their historical cost and carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses.

Internally generated development costs are the aggregate costs recognized after meeting the asset recognition criteria, including technical feasibility, and determined to have future economic benefits. Membership rights and certain trademarks are regarded as intangible assets with an indefinite useful life and not amortized because there is no foreseeable limit to the period over which the assets are expected to be utilized. However, the Company records impairment based on its reasonable estimation of the benefits associated with the membership rights and assessment of impairment indicators, such as a decline in the market value. Intangible assets with definite useful lives such as trademarks, licenses, and other intangible assets, are amortized using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives.

The Company's policy is that intangible assets should be amortized over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated useful lives
Development costs	2 years
Trademarks, licenses and other intangible assets	5 - 10 years

2.12 Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

Goodwill or intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not subject to amortization and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortization are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest level for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

2.13 Assets Held-for-Sale (Disposal Group)

Non-current assets (or disposal groups) are classified as assets held-for-sale when their carrying amount is to be recovered principally through a sale transaction and the sale is considered highly probable. The assets are measured at the lower of carrying amount and the fair value less costs to sell. Gain or loss on disposal is determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount of relevant assets, and is recognized in the statements of profit or loss as 'other non-operating income' or 'other non-operating expenses'.

2.14 Financial Liabilities

(A) Classification and measurement

The Company shall classify all financial liabilities as financial liabilities measured subsequently at amortized cost, except for the following:

- Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Such liabilities, including derivatives that are liabilities, shall be subsequently measured at fair value.
- Financial liabilities that arise when a transfer of a financial asset does not qualify for derecognition or when the continuing involvement approach applies. Such financial liabilities are measured based on the methodology described in Note 2.6 Financial Assets.
- Financial guarantee contracts. After the initial recognition, an issuer of such a contract shall subsequently measure it at the higher of:
 - (c) The amount of the loss allowance determined based on the expected credit losses.
 - (d) The amount initially recognized less the cumulative amount of income recognized in accordance with the principles of Korean IFRS 1115 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, when appropriate.
- Commitments to provide loan at below-market interest rate. An issuer of such a commitment shall subsequently measure it at the higher of:
 - (c) The amount of the loss allowance determined based on the expected credit losses.
 - (d) The amount initially recognized less the cumulative amount of income recognized in accordance with the principles of Korean IFRS 1115 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, when appropriate.
- Contingent consideration recognized by an acquirer in a business combination to which Korean IFRS 1103 Business Combinations applies. Such contingent consideration shall subsequently be measured at fair value with changes recognized in profit or loss.

(B) Derecognition

Financial liabilities are removed from the separate statements of financial position when it is extinguished; for example, when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expired or when the terms of an existing financial liability are substantially modified. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid (including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed) is recognized in profit or loss.

2.15 Trade Payables

Trade payables are amounts due to suppliers for inventories purchased or services received in the ordinary course of business. If payment is expected to be made within 12 months, they are classified as current liabilities. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Non-current trade payables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

2.16 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at amortized cost. Any difference between cost and the redemption value is recognized in the separate statement of profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. If the Company has an indefinite right to defer payment for a period longer than 12 months after the end of the reporting date, such liabilities are recorded as non-current liabilities, otherwise, they are recorded as current liabilities.

2.17 Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

A provision is recognized when the Company has present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are not recognized for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as interest expense.

The Company discloses a contingent liability if there is a possible obligation from past events in which the existence may only be identified through the occurrence of uncertain future events; or there is a present obligation that the possibility on the outflow of economic resources is uncertain; or the amount of economic resources required to settle the present obligation cannot be reasonably estimated.

2.18 Employee Benefits

The Company has a variety of retirement pension plans including a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan.

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate fund. The Company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service received in the current and prior periods. For a defined contribution plans, the Company pays contributions to annuity plans that are managed either publicly or privately on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The Company has no further future payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognized as employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

A defined benefit plan is a pension plan that is not a defined contribution plan. Typically a defined benefit plan establishes an amount of pension benefit that an employee will receive upon retirement, usually dependent on one or more factors such as age, years of service and compensation. The liabilities (assets) recognized in the separate statements of financial position with respect to the defined benefit pension plan is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using the interest rates of high-quality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid and that have the terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related pension obligation.

Actuarial gains and losses resulting from the changes in actuarial assumptions, and the differences between the previous actuarial assumptions and what has actually occurred, are recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which they were incurred. When plan amendments, curtailments and settlements occur, past service costs or gain or loss from settlements are immediately recognized in profit or loss.

2.19 Financial Guarantee Contract

Financial guarantee contracts are contracts that require the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payments when due.

The liability is initially measured at fair value and then subsequently measured at the higher of the following, and is recognized in the separate statements of financial position within 'other financial liabilities':

- the amount determined in accordance with the expected credit loss model and
- the amount initially recognized less the cumulative amount of income recognized in accordance with Korean IFRS 1115 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, where appropriate.

2.20 Current and Deferred Tax

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Current and deferred tax is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to the items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. The tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognized for temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts as expected tax consequences at the recovery or settlement of the carrying amounts of those assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognized if they arise from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither the accounting nor taxable profit. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that a future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

A deferred tax liability is recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates, and interests in joint ventures, except to the extent that the Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. In addition, a deferred tax asset is recognized for deductible temporary differences arising from such investments to the extent that it is probable the temporary difference will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the current tax assets against the current tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities with an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

2.21 Derivative Instruments

The Company initially recognizes rights and obligations from derivative contracts as assets and liabilities at fair value. Gain or loss arising from these contracts are recognized in profit or loss. Qualified hedged amount from cash flow hedge and hedge of a net investment in a foreign operation is deferred in equity.

The Company applies cash flow hedge accounting to hedge the price risk associated with inventory purchase and other. The effective portion of changes in fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is recognized in other comprehensive income, and the ineffective portion is recognized in financial income or expenses.

2.22 Dividend

Dividend is recognized as a liability when approved by the Company's shareholders.

2.23 Share Capital

Ordinary shares and preference shares with no repayment obligations are classified as equity. When the Company purchases its ordinary shares, the acquisition costs, including direct transaction costs, are deducted from equity until the redemption or reissuance as treasury shares. Consideration received on the reissuance of treasury shares is credited to equity attributable to owners of the parent company.

2.24 Revenue Recognition

Revenue mainly comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods in the ordinary course of the Company's activities. Revenue is shown net of value-added tax, returns, sales incentives and discounts and after eliminating intercompany transactions.

The Company applied Korean IFRS 1115 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* to the annual period beginning January 1, 2018. The Company shall recognize revenue in accordance with Korean IFRS 1115 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* by applying the following 5 steps: ① Identify the contracts with the customers, ② Identify the separate performance obligations, ③ Determine the transaction price of the contract, ④ Allocate the transaction price to each of the separate performance obligations, and ⑤ Recognize the revenue as each performance obligation is satisfied.

(A) Identification of performance obligations

The Company exports various products and merchandise in accordance with Incoterms Group C trading conditions (Incoterms CIF, and other). According to Korean IFRS 1115 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* since the seller provides the shipping service after the control of the product or merchandise has been transferred to the customer, the shipping service (including insurance) is recognized as a separate performance obligation.

(B) Performance obligations satisfied over time

The Company delivers products to customers and installs them in accordance with the system air conditioner contracts awarded by the Public Procurement Service. According to Korean IFRS 1115 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* the Company should recognize revenue over time if the Company creates or enhances an asset (for example, work in progress) that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced. The Company recognizes the revenue from system air conditioner installation over time as the customer controls the outcome of the service.

(C) Variable consideration

The Company estimates amount of variable consideration by using the 'expected value method' or the 'most likely amount method' which method the Company expects to better predict the amount of consideration. The Company recognizes revenue only to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur, and classifies the amount which the Company does not expect to be entitled as contract liabilities.

The Company measures refund liability at the amount of consideration received for which the Company does not expect to be entitled. The Company has a right to recover the product from the customer when the customer exercises his right of return and recognizes an asset and a corresponding adjustment to cost of sales. The asset is measured with reference to the former carrying amount of the product less the costs to recover the products.

(D) Allocation of the transaction price

The transaction price in an arrangement must be allocated to each separate performance obligation based on the relative standalone selling prices of the goods or services being provided to a customer. The Company determines the standalone selling price for each separate performance obligation by using methods such as the 'adjusted market assessment approach'.

2.25 Leases

A lease is a contract, whereby the lessor conveys to the lessee, the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. However, the Company did not reassess all contracts at initial application of Korean IFRS 1116 *Leases* because the Company applied the practical expedient to contracts entered into before January 1, 2019.

For a contract that is, or contains, a lease, both lessee and lessor account for each lease component within the contract as a lease separately from the non-lease components of the contract. In lessee accounting, however, the Company does not account for them separately but instead applies the practical expedient to account for each lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease component.

(A) Lessee accounting

The Company recognizes a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying leased asset and a lease liability representing its obligation to make lease payments at the commencement date of the lease.

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, adjusted for the remeasurement of lease liability. The right-of-use asset is depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term from the commencement date of the lease and is classified as 'property, plant and equipment' in the separate financial statements.

At the commencement date, the lease liability is measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. When measuring the present value, the lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If such implicit rate cannot be readily determined, the Company uses the Company's incremental borrowing rate. The lease liability is subsequently increased by the amount of interest expenses recognized on the lease liability and reduced by the lease payments made. Lease liabilities are remeasured when the future lease payments are changed due to the following:

- Changes in an index or rate
- · Changes in amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under the residual value guarantee
- · Changes in the assessment of whether a purchase option or an option to renew is reasonably certain to be exercised, or
- · Changes in the assessment of whether it is reasonably certain that an option to terminate the lease will not be exercised.

Lease liabilities are classified as 'current portion of long-term liabilities' and/or 'long-term borrowings' in the separate financial statements.

The Company elected the practical expedient for short-term leases (leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less at the commencement date) and leases of low-value assets (leases for which the underlying asset is valued at USD 5,000 or less), and the lease payments are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(B) Lessor accounting

The accounting policies as a lessor did not change significantly from the accounting policies applied before the initial application of the Korean IFRS 1116 *Leases* on January 1, 2019.

The Company classifies a lease as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership at the inception of the lease. A lease other than a finance lease is classified as an operating lease. Lease income from operating leases is recognized in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Initial direct costs incurred by the lessor in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognized as an expense over the lease term on the same basis as the lease income.

2.26 Government Grants

Government grants are recognized at their fair values when there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Company will comply with the conditions attached to it. Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognized in the separate statements of profit or loss over the period necessary to match the costs they are intended to compensate. Government grants relating to assets are recognized in liabilities as deferred income government grants, and depreciated over the expected lives of the related assets, and credited to the statements of profit or loss.

2.27 Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit for the period available to the ordinary shareholders by the weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to owners of the parent company from the separate statements of profit or loss by the weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding and potential dilutive shares. Potential dilutive shares are used in the calculation of dilutive earnings per share only when they have dilutive effects.

2.28 Reportable Segments

Reportable segments are disclosed in a manner consistent with the reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker is responsible for making strategic decisions on resource allocation and assessing performance of the reportable segments. The Management Committee, which makes strategic decisions, is regarded as the chief operating decision-maker.

2.29 Convenience Translation into United States Dollar Amounts

The Company operates primarily in Korean won and its official accounting records are maintained in Korean won. The US dollar amounts provided in the separate financial statements represent a supplementary information solely for the convenience of the reader. All Korean won amounts are expressed in U.S. dollar at the rate of W 1,144.1 to USD 1, the average exchange rate for the year ended December 31, 2021. Such presentation is not in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and should not be construed as a representation that the Korean won amounts shown could be readily converted, realized or settled in US dollar at this or at any other rate.

2.30 Approval of the Separate Financial Statements

These separate financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on January 27, 2022, and may be modified and approved at the Annual General Shareholders' Meetings.

3. Critical Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

The Company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The estimates and assumptions are continuously assessed, considering historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. In particular, the recent spread of COVID-19 during the year ended December 31, 2021 may result in changes to the Company's assumptions and estimates but its potential financial impact cannot be reasonably estimated as of the reporting date.

The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

(A) Revenue recognition

A refund liability and a right to the returned goods are recognized for the products expected to be returned at the time of sale. Accumulative experience is used to estimate such returns at the time of sale at a portfolio level (through expected value method), and the Company's revenue is affected by the changes in expected return rate.

Sales of goods are recognized based on the considerations specified in the contract, net of sales incentives, when control of the products has transferred. The sales deduction, which affects the Company's revenue, is reasonably estimated based on the historical experience and past contracts.

(B) Provision for warranty

The Company recognizes provision for warranty on products sold. The Company accrues provision for warranty based on the best estimate of amounts necessary to settle future and existing claims at the end of each accounting period. The amounts are estimated based on the past experience.

(C) Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined by using a variety of methods and assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the end of each reporting period.

(D) Impairment of financial assets

The loss allowance for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation based on the Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

(E) Lease

In determining the lease term, the Company considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not to exercise a termination option. Extension options (or periods after termination options) are only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended (or not terminated).

The lease term is reassessed if an option is actually exercised (or not exercised) or the Company becomes obliged to exercise (or not exercise) it. The Company reassesses whether it is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option (or not to exercise such option), upon the occurrence of either a significant event or a significant change in circumstances that is within the control of the lessee.

(F) Net defined benefit liabilities (assets)

The net defined benefit liabilities (assets) depend on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a number of assumptions including the discount rate. Any changes in these assumptions will impact the carrying amount of the net defined benefit liability. The Company, in consideration of the interest rates of high-quality corporate bonds, determines the appropriate discount rate at the end of each year. This is the interest rate that is used to determine the present value of the estimated future cash outflows expected to be required to settle the net defined benefit liabilities (assets). The principal actuarial assumptions associated with the net defined benefit liabilities (assets) are based on the current market expectations.

(G) Impairment of goodwill and intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life

At the end of each reporting period, the Company tests whether goodwill and intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life have become impaired by comparing the carrying amounts of assets or cash-generating units to the recoverable amounts. The recoverable amounts of assets or cash-generating units have been determined based on the value-in-use calculations, and these calculations are based on estimates.

(H) Income taxes

Income taxes on the Company's taxable income from operating activities are subject to various tax laws and determinations of each tax authority across various countries throughout the world. There is uncertainty in determining the eventual tax effects on the taxable income from operating activities. The Company has recognized current tax and deferred tax at the end of the fiscal year based on the best estimate of future taxes payable as a result of operating activities. However, the resulting deferred income tax assets and liabilities may not equal the actual future taxes payable and such difference may impact the current tax and deferred income tax assets and liabilities upon the determination of eventual tax effects.

Regarding taxes payable in Korea, if a certain portion of taxable income is not used for investments or for increases in wages or dividends, in accordance with the *Tax System for Recirculation of Corporate Income*, the Company is liable to pay additional income tax calculated based on the Korean tax law. The current and deferred tax at the end of the fiscal year are based on the best estimate of future taxes payable, which can differ from the actual future taxes payable as a result of changes in investments, wages and dividends; this results in an additional uncertainty in measuring the final tax effects.

The Company assesses uncertainty over a tax treatment. When the Company concludes it is not probable that the taxation authority will accept an uncertain tax treatment, the Company will reflect the effect of uncertainty for each uncertain tax treatment by using either of the following methods, depending on which method the Company expects to better predict the resolution of the uncertainty:

- The most likely amount: the single most likely amount in a range of possible outcomes.
- The expected value: the sum of the probability-weighted amounts in a range of possible outcomes.

4. Financial Instruments by Category

(A) Categorizations of financial assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020 are as follows:

(1) As of December 31, 2021

(In millions of Korean won)	Financial assets measured at amortized cost	Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	Total
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	3,918,872	-	-	3,918,872
Short-term financial instruments	15,000,576	-	-	15,000,576
Trade receivables	33,088,247	-	-	33,088,247
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Financial assets at fair value through	-	1,662,532	-	1,662,532
profit or loss	-	-	2,135	2,135
Other	5,076,418	-	-	5,076,418
Total	57,084,113	1,662,532	2,135	58,748,780

(In millions of Korean won)	Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost	Other financial liabilities ¹	Total
· · · · ·			
Financial liabilities			
Trade payables	11,557,441	-	11,557,441
Short-term borrowings	-	9,204,268	9,204,268
Other payables	12,948,960	-	12,948,960
Current portion of long-term liabilities	5,810	133,518	139,328
Debentures	29,048	-	29,048
Long-term borrowings	-	431,915	431,915
Long-term other payables	2,335,218	-	2,335,218
Other	3,056,156	-	3,056,156
Total	29,932,633	9,769,701	39,702,334

¹ Other financial liabilities include collateralized borrowings and lease liabilities which are not subject to categorizations.

(2) As of December 31, 2020

(In millions of Korean won)	Financial assets measured at amortized cost	Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	Total
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	989,045	-	-	989,045
Short-term financial instruments	29,101,284	-	-	29,101,284
Trade receivables	24,736,740	-	-	24,736,740
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Financial assets at fair value through	-	1,539,659	-	1,539,659
profit or loss	-	-	3,107	3,107
Other	4,149,950	-	-	4,149,950
Total	58,977,019	1,539,659	3,107	60,519,785

(In millions of Korean won)	Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost	Other financial liabilities ¹	Total
Financial liabilities			
Trade payables	6,599,025	-	6,599,025
Short-term borrowings	-	12,520,367	12,520,367
Other payables	9,671,280	-	9,671,280
Current portion of long-term liabilities	5,318	82,253	87,571
Debentures	31,909	-	31,909
Long-term borrowings	-	150,397	150,397
Long-term other payables	935,038	-	935,038
Others	3,423,251	-	3,423,251
Total	20,665,821	12,753,017	33,418,838

¹ Other financial liabilities include collateralized borrowings and lease liabilities which are not subject to categorizations.

- (B) Net gains or net losses on each category of financial assets and liabilities for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:
 - (1) For the year ended December 31, 2021

(In millions of Korean won)	Financial assets measured at amortized cost	Financial as measured at fa through ot comprehensive	ir value her	Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	Total
Financial assets					
Gain (loss) on valuation (other comprehensive income) Gain on valuation/disposal	-		(99,916)	-	(99,916)
(profit or loss)	-		-	14,003	14,003
Interest income	260,396		-	-	260,396
Foreign exchange differences (profit or loss)	69,874		-	-	69,874
Dividend income	-		3,118	593	3,711
Impairment/reversal (profit or loss)	(17,144)		-	-	(17,144)
(In millions of Korean won)	me	al liabilities asured rtized cost	Other fi	nancial liabilities ¹	Total
Financial liabilities					
Interest expense		(49,982)		(100,002)	(149,984)
Foreign exchange differences (profit or loss	5)	317,176		(21,167)	296,009

¹Other financial liabilities include collateralized borrowings, lease liabilities which are not subject to categorizations.

(2) For the year ended December 31, 2020

(In millions of Korean won)	Financial assets measured at amortized cost	Financial assets measured at fair valu through other comprehensive incon	measured at fair value	Total
Financial assets				
Gain on valuation (other comprehensive income) Gain (loss) on valuation/disposal (profit or loss)	-	93,25	1 - - (1)	93,251 (1)
Interest income	- 507.047		- (1)	
Foreign exchange differences (profit or loss)	507,947 (542,069)			507,947 (542,069)
Dividend income	-	2,16	0 1,343	3,503
Impairment/reversal (profit or loss)	(1,195)			(1,195)
(In millions of Korean won)	m	ial liabilities easured ortized cost Othe	er financial liabilities ¹	Total
Financial liabilities				
Interest expense		(44,725)	(144,576)	(189,301)

¹Other financial liabilities include collateralized borrowings, lease liabilities which are not subject to categorizations.

5. Transfer of Financial Assets

Foreign exchange differences (profit or loss)

Trade receivables of the Company have been discounted through factoring agreements with banks during the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020. Trade receivables provided as collaterals in such factoring transactions do not meet the requirements for asset derecognition as risks and rewards are not substantially transferred in the event of a debtor default due to the recourse obligation, etc. Financial liabilities recognized in relation to these transactions are included as 'short-term borrowings' on the separate statements of financial position (refer to Note 12).

110,776

The following table presents a breakdown of discounted trade receivables as of December 31, 2021 and 2020:

(In millions of Korean won)	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	
Carrying amount of the discounted trade receivables	9,204,268	12,520,367	
Carrying amount of the related borrowings	9,204,268	12,520,367	

21,112

131,888

6. Financial Assets at Fair Value

(A) Details of financial assets at fair value as of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020 are as follows:

(1) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

(In millions of Korean won)	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	
Equity instruments	1,662,532		1,539,659
2) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	3		
(In millions of Korean won)	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	
Debt instruments	2,135		3,107

(B) Changes in financial assets at fair value for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(1) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020	
Balance as of January 1	1,539,659	1,206,080	
Acquisition	260,642	204,957	
Fair value valuation gain (loss)	(137,815)	128,622	
Other	46	-	
Balance as of December 31	1,662,532	1,539,659	

(2) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020
Balance as of January 1	3,107	3,181
Disposal	(912)	(74)
Fair value valuation gain (loss)	(60)	-
Balance as of December 31	2,135	3,107

(C) Changes in gain (loss) on valuation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020	
Balance as of January 1	262,752	134,130	
Fair value valuation gain(loss)	(137,815)	128,622	
Balance as of December 31	124,937	262,752	
Income tax effects on equity	(34,358)	(72,257)	
Total	90,579	190,495	

(D) Details of listed equity securities of financial assets at fair value as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

		Decem	ber 31, 2021		December 31, 2020
(In millions of Korean won, number of shares and percentage)	Number of shares owned	Percentage of ownership ¹ (%)	Acquisition cost	Carrying amount (Market value)	Carrying amount (Market value)
Samsung Heavy Industries	134,027,281	15.2	932,158	759,935	708,882
Hotel Shilla	2,004,717	5.1	13,957	156,368	164,988
iMarket Korea	647,320	1.9	324	6,926	5,658
Skylife	240,000	0.5	3,344	2,194	2,114
Yongpyong Resort	400,000	0.8	1,869	1,958	1,702
A-Tech Solution	1,592,000	15.9	26,348	26,188	19,263
Wonik Holdings	1,759,171	2.3	15,410	8,761	11,153
Wonik IPS	1,850,936	3.8	16,214	78,295	81,904
Dongjin Semichem	2,467,894	4.8	48,277	125,863	90,078
Soulbrain Holdings	461,741	2.2	30,752	15,976	20,825
Soulbrain	373,368	4.8	24,866	103,983	101,668
S&S Tech	1,716,116	8.0	65,933	63,153	74,651
YIK Corp	9,601,617	11.7	47,336	59,530	60,010
Kctech	1,022,216	4.9	20,720	24,584	31,433
Lotvacuum	1,267,668	7.1	18,990	21,805	24,086
Newpower	2,140,939	4.9	12,739	13,723	14,109
Fine Semitech	1,522,975	7.0	43,009	38,607	-
DNF	810,030	7.0	20,964	18,509	-
Marvell	173,187	0.0	11,705	17,962	-
Total			1,354,915	1,544,320	1,412,524

¹ Ownership represents the Company's ownership of the total ordinary shares issued by each entity.

7. Trade and Non-Trade Receivables

(A) Trade and non-trade receivables as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	December 3	1, 2021	December 31, 2020	
(In millions of Korean won)	Trade	Non-trade	Trade	Non-trade
Receivables	33,353,467	1,855,136	24,841,610	1,915,583
Less: Loss allowance	(56,610)	(4,397)	(37,469)	(7,014)
Subtotal	33,296,857	1,850,739	24,804,141	1,908,569
Less: Non-current portion	(208,610)	(18,251)	(67,401)	(9,986)
Current portion	33,088,247	1,832,488	24,736,740	1,898,583

As of December 31, 2021, trade receivables discounted through factoring agreements were accounted for as collateral borrowings and amount of the trade receivables were $\frac{1}{2}$ 9,204,268 million (as of December 31, 2020, $\frac{1}{2}$ 12,520,367 million) (refer to Note 12).

(B) Movements in the loss allowance for receivables for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	l	2020	
	Trade	Non-trade	Trade	Non-trade
Balance as of January 1	37,469	7,014	37,992	5,331
Bad debt expense (reversal)	19,235	(1,998)	(489)	1,739
Write-off	(94)	(619)	(34)	(56)
Balance as of December 31	56,610	4,397	37,469	7,014

(C) The details of trade and non-trade receivables classified by past due date to measure expected credit losses as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	December 3	31, 2021	December 3	31, 2020
(In millions of Korean won)	Trade	Non-trade	Trade	Non-trade
Receivables not past due	32,986,766	1,640,450	24,504,533	1,576,620
Past due ¹ :				
Less than 31 days overdue	181,986	31,420	69,437	54,393
31 days to 90 days overdue	26,727	17,586	18,924	31,398
Over 90 days overdue	157,988	165,680	248,716	253,172
Subtotal	366,701	214,686	337,077	338,963
Total	33,353,467	1,855,136	24,841,610	1,915,583

¹ The Company does not consider trade and non-trade receivables that are overdue for less than or equal to 31 days as impaired.

(D) The maximum exposure to current credit risk is equivalent to the carrying amount of receivables as of December 31, 2021. The Company has in place insurance contracts covering the Company's major receivables.

8. Inventories

_	December 31, 2021			December 31, 2020		
(In millions of Korean won)	Gross amount	Valuation allowance	Carrying amount	Gross amount	Valuation allowance	Carrying amount
Finished goods	3,884,713	(366,987)	3,517,726	2,535,410	(118,007)	2,417,403
Work in process	9,384,285	(222,291)	9,161,994	8,904,968	(65,773)	8,839,195
Raw materials and supplies	3,211,380	(258,464)	2,952,916	2,544,706	(379,326)	2,165,380
Materials in transit	340,417	-	340,417	409,394	-	409,394
Total	16,820,795	(847,742)	15,973,053	14,394,478	(563,106)	13,831,372

Inventories as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

The inventories recognized as expense for the year ended December 31, 2021, amount to $\frac{1}{2}$ 135,609,737 million (2020: $\frac{1}{2}$ 116,543,552 million). The amount includes loss on valuation of inventories.

9. Investments in Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Ventures

(A) Changes in investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020	
Balance as of January 1	56,587,548	56,571,252	
Acquisition	138,858	163,456	
Disposal	(567,693)	(22,057)	
Impairment (reversal)	66,886	(125,103)	
Balance as of December 31	56,225,599	56,587,548	

(B) Major investments in associates as of December 31, 2021 are as follows: (refer to Note 30 for list of the Company's subsidiaries)

Investee	Nature of relationship with associate	Percentage of ownership (%) ¹	Principal business location	Fiscal period-end
Samsung Electro- Mechanics Co., Ltd.	Manufacture and supply electronic components including passive components, circuit boards, and modules	23.7	Korea	December
Samsung SDS Co., Ltd.	Provide IT services including computer programming, system integration and management, and logistical services	22.6	Korea	December
Samsung Biologics Co., Ltd.	New business investment	31.5	Korea	December
Samsung SDI Co., Ltd. ²	Manufacture and supply electronic components including secondary cell batteries	19.6	Korea	December
Cheil Worldwide, Inc.	Advertising agency	25.2	Korea	December

¹ Ownership represents the Company's ownership of the total ordinary shares issued by each entity.

² The Company's ownership of ordinary shares outstanding is 20.6%.

(C) A summary of the condensed financial information of major subsidiaries and associates as of and for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 is as follows:

(1) Major subsidiaries

	2021						
(In millions of Korean won)	Assets	Liabilities	Sales	Profit for the year			
	Assets	Liabilities	Sales	for the year			
Samsung Display Co., Ltd. (SDC) ¹	54,967,156	9,081,737	28,755,975	2,770,060			
Samsung Electronics America, Inc. (SEA) ¹	42,982,054	19,246,751	42,325,524	823,914			
Samsung (CHINA) Investment Co., Ltd. (SCIC) ¹	13,599,093	9,685,278	2,615,685	451,062			
Samsung (China) Semiconductor Co., Ltd. (SCS) ¹	19,049,536	5,168,738	7,341,018	1,708,832			
Samsung Electronics Europe Holding Cooperatief U.A. (SEEH) ¹	14,651,496	8,998,502	-	24,527			
Samsung Asia Private Ltd. (SAPL) ¹	14,683,789	58,381	-	4,668,478			
Shanghai Samsung Semiconductor Co., Ltd. (SSS) ¹	7,765,126	5,799,690	31,326,186	325,397			
Samsung Electronica da Amazonia Ltda. (SEDA) ¹	4,589,505	1,671,097	6,020,523	490,202			
Samsung India Electronics Private Ltd. (SIEL) ¹	7,765,019	3,236,745	12,222,643	522,672			
Thai Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. (TSE) ¹	3,018,358	474,223	4,443,031	142,191			
Samsung Electronics (UK) Ltd. (SEUK) ¹	2,925,062	1,992,367	5,621,922	241,403			
Samsung Electronics GmbH (SEG) ¹	2,289,391	2,228,650	6,385,080	2,158			
Samsung Electronics Hungarian Private Co., Ltd. (SEH) ¹	2,504,075	641,004	4,357,137	157,616			
Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V. (SEBN) ¹	2,612,357	766,034	2,569,603	284,816			
Samsung Electronics Europe Logistics B.V. (SELS) ¹	2,305,275	2,144,805	14,700,517	13,943			

¹ The above summary of condensed financial information is based on separate financial statements of each subsidiary.

(In millions of Korean won)	Assets	Liabilities	Sales	Profit for the year
Samsung Display Co., Ltd. (SDC) ¹	50,039,755	7,612,332	27,149,102	1,798,100
Samsung Electronics America, Inc. (SEA) ¹	36,765,070	15,828,083	35,237,365	1,623,555
Samsung (CHINA) Investment Co., Ltd. (SCIC) ¹	15,438,819	12,358,881	2,475,454	127,051
Samsung (China) Semiconductor Co., Ltd. (SCS) ¹	14,348,735	3,511,003	5,321,312	1,100,619
Samsung Electronics Europe Holding Cooperatief U.A. (SEEH) ¹	11,495,430	7,641,709	-	16,150
Samsung Asia Pte. Ltd. (SAPL) ¹	9,552,755	523,402	1,634,692	968,504
Shanghai Samsung Semiconductor Co., Ltd. (SSS) ¹	7,678,989	5,010,041	25,829,119	271,691
Samsung Electronica da Amazonia Ltda. (SEDA) ¹	6,280,131	1,556,057	6,390,696	819,561
Samsung India Electronics Private Ltd. (SIEL) ¹	6,250,492	2,523,027	10,943,343	611,571
Thai Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. (TSE) ¹	2,920,299	451,055	3,744,080	160,264
Samsung Electronics (UK) Ltd. (SEUK) ¹	2,767,563	1,886,447	4,987,522	133,016
Samsung Electronics GmbH (SEG) ¹	2,687,535	2,626,979	6,306,675	605
Samsung Electronics Hungarian Private Co., Ltd. (SEH) ¹	2,230,457	504,952	3,665,360	148,056
Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V. (SEBN) ¹	2,145,488	736,480	2,324,308	58,579
Samsung Electronics Europe Logistics B.V. (SELS) ¹	1,700,033	1,550,350	13,444,960	20,623

¹ The above summary of condensed financial information is based on separate financial statements of each subsidiary.

(2) Major associates

	2021					
(In millions of Korean won)	Samsung Electro- Mechanics	Samsung SDS	Samsung Biologics	Samsung SDI	Cheil Worldwide	
Current assets	4,598,269	7,575,968	2,823,175	7,444,907	2,018,598	
Non-current assets	5,343,105	2,941,464	5,146,835	18,388,286	523,513	
Current liabilities	2,234,657	2,370,290	1,107,295	6,461,286	1,224,222	
Non-current liabilities	835,592	703,442	1,871,614	4,175,208	190,622	
Revenue	9,675,036	13,630,002	1,568,007	13,553,220	3,325,712	
Profit or loss from continuing operations ¹	1,055,411	611,171	393,589	1,169,801	165,485	
Profit or loss from discontinued operation, net of tax ¹	(162,966)	-	-	-		
Other comprehensive income (loss) ¹	151,809	134,163	(1,270)	623,792	32,535	
Total comprehensive income ¹	1,044,254	745,334	392,319	1,793,593	198,020	

¹ Profit (loss) attributable to owners of the parent company.

	2020					
(In millions of Korean won)	Samsung Electro- Mechanics	Samsung SDS	Samsung Biologics	Samsung SDI	Cheil Worldwide	
Current assets	4,150,303	6,581,153	1,751,347	5,657,405	1,742,270	
Non-current assets	5,075,196	2,573,766	4,672,854	15,876,827	500,194	
Current liabilities	1,914,880	1,720,757	589,301	4,983,633	1,046,224	
Non-current liabilities	1,400,223	575,054	1,236,117	3,191,672	180,710	
Revenue	8,208,738	11,017,432	1,164,777	11,294,770	2,747,922	
Profit or loss from continuing operations ¹	595,938	443,455	240,975	574,723	157,400	
Profit or loss from discontinued operation, net of tax ¹	8,024	-	-	-	-	
Other comprehensive income (loss) ¹	(33,475)	(134,669)	3,354	144,901	(14,795)	
Total comprehensive income ¹	570,487	308,786	244,329	719,624	142,605	

¹ Profit (loss) attributable to owners of the parent company.

(D) Fair value of marketable investments in associates as of December 31, 2021 and are 2020 as follows:

]	December 31, 2021		December 3	31, 2020
(In millions of Korean won and number of shares)	Number of shares held	Market value	Carrying amount	Market value	Carrying amount
Samsung Electro-Mechanics	17,693,084	3,494,384	445,244	3,149,369	445,244
Samsung SDS	17,472,110	2,734,385	560,827	3,118,772	560,827
Samsung Biologics	20,836,832	18,815,659	443,193	17,211,223	443,193
Samsung SDI	13,462,673	8,818,051	1,242,605	8,454,559	1,242,605
Cheil Worldwide	29,038,075	663,520	491,599	598,184	491,599

10. Property, Plant and Equipment

(A) Changes in property, plant and equipment for the year	ears ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:
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	2021					
			Machinery			
(In millions of Korean won)	Land	Buildings and structures	and equipment	Construction in progress	Other	Total
Balance as of January 1	7,800,435	19,087,134	43,749,609	13,994,259	1,535,487	86,166,924
Acquisition cost	7,801,259	28,992,675	146,778,918	13,994,259	3,535,985	201,103,096
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(824)	(9,905,541)	(103,029,309)	-	(2,000,498)	(114,936,172)
Acquisitions and capital expenditures ¹	5,295	4,385,819	31,501,402	1,339,173	607,076	37,838,765
Depreciation	(406)	(1,614,006)	(18,016,803)	-	(532,894)	(20,164,109)
Disposals/scrap	(24,319)	(5,104)	(108,737)	-	(5,402)	(143,562)
Other	(11)	(12,027)	9,842	(25,930)	(2,867)	(30,993)
Balance as of December 31	7,780,994	21,841,816	57,135,313	15,307,502	1,601,400	103,667,025
Acquisition cost	7,782,125	33,244,532	175,487,461	15,307,502	4,022,759	235,844,379
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(1,131)	(11,402,716)	(118,352,148)	-	(2,421,359)	(132,177,354)

 1 The capitalized borrowing costs are #21,911 million, and interest rate used to calculate the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization is 1.1%.

			20	20		
(In millions of Korean won)	Land	Buildings and structures	Machinery and equipment	Construction in progress	Other	Total
Balance as of January 1	7,803,272	14,908,032	34,492,059	15,294,787	1,592,125	74,090,275
Acquisition cost	7,803,624	23,486,138	127,459,572	15,294,787	3,312,418	177,356,539
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(352)	(8,578,106)	(92,967,513)	-	(1,720,293)	(103,266,264)
Acquisitions and capital expenditures	2,254	5,569,437	23,651,596	(1,233,051)	445,494	28,435,730
Depreciation	(472)	(1,378,486)	(14,263,941)	-	(482,631)	(16,125,530)
Disposals/scrap	(4,878)	(6,526)	(128,181)	-	(21,121)	(160,706)
Other	259	(5,323)	(1,924)	(67,477)	1,620	(72,845)
Balance as of December 31	7,800,435	19,087,134	43,749,609	13,994,259	1,535,487	86,166,924
Acquisition cost	7,801,259	28,992,675	146,778,918	13,994,259	3,535,985	201,103,096
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(824)	(9,905,541)	(103,029,309)	-	(2,000,498)	(114,936,172)

(B) Changes in the right-of-use assets for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

			2021		
(In millions of Korean won)	Land	Buildings and structures	Machinery and equipment	Other	Total
Balance as of January 1	2,593	144,615	70,429	188,236	405,873
Acquisition	91	446,071	4,674	992	451,828
Depreciation	(405)	(80,085)	(36,065)	(9,617)	(126,172)
Disposals/scrap	-	(28)	-	(1,131)	(1,159)
Other ¹	-	(45)	-	-	(45)
Balance as of December 31	2,279	510,528	39,038	178,480	730,325

			2020		
(In millions of Korean won)	Land	Buildings and structures	Machinery and equipment	Other	Total
Balance as of January 1	2,703	177,324	117,522	208,852	506,401
Acquisition	103	46,476	6,414	8,796	61,789
Depreciation	(472)	(77,761)	(46,849)	(11,233)	(136,315)
Disposals/scrap	-	(1,424)	(6,510)	(17,919)	(25,853)
Other ¹	259	-	(148)	(260)	(149)
Balance as of December 31	2,593	144,615	70,429	188,236	405,873

¹Other includes cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies.

(C) Details of depreciation of property, plant and equipment for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020
Cost of sales	18,479,655	14,529,186
Selling and administrative expenses and other	1,684,454	1,596,344
Total	20,164,109	16,125,530

11. Intangible Assets

(A) Changes in intangible assets for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

		2021					
(In millions of Korean won)	Intellectual property rights	Development cost	Membership	Goodwill	Other	Total	
Balance as of January 1	1,195,319	371,392	194,277	-	5,241,660	7,002,648	
External acquisitions	286,963	-	4,329	-	3,610,518	3,901,810	
Internally generated/ developed	-	193,708	-	-	-	193,708	
Amortization	(218,754)	(321,608)	-	-	(1,851,408)	(2,391,770)	
Disposals/scrap	(42,031)	-	-	-	(557)	(42,588)	
Impairment (reversal)	-	-	(3,471)	-	-	(3,471)	
Other	4,744	(6,582)	-	-	(1,043)	(2,881)	
Balance as of December 31	1,226,241	236,910	195,135	-	6,999,170	8,657,456	

			202	0		
(In millions of Korean won)	Intellectual property rights	Development cost	Membership	Goodwill	Other	Total
	1 1 42 (02	740 726	107 106	206 741	5 720 200	0.000 (52
Balance as of January 1	1,143,602	740,736	187,186	206,741	5,730,388	8,008,653
External acquisitions	272,799	-	-	-	1,112,729	1,385,528
Internally generated/ developed	-	109,482	-	-	-	109,482
Amortization	(207,641)	(455,990)	-	-	(1,951,594)	(2,615,225)
Disposals/scrap	(29,840)	-	-	-	(6,132)	(35,972)
Impairment (reversal)	(6,545)	(3,474)	7,091	(206,741)	-	(209,669)
Other ¹	22,944	(19,362)	-	-	356,269	359,851
Balance as of December 31	1,195,319	371,392	194,277	-	5,241,660	7,002,648

¹Other includes reclassification of licenses.

(B) Details of amortization of intangible assets for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020
Cost of sales	1,931,598	2,171,952
Selling and administrative expenses and other	460,172	443,273
Total	2,391,770	2,615,225

12. Borrowings

(A) Details of the carrying amounts of borrowings as of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	Financial institutions	Interest rate (%) as of Dec 31, 2021	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Short-term borrowings				
Collateralized borrowings1	Woori Bank and other	0.0~8.7	9,204,268	12,520,367
Current portion of long-term borrowings				
Lease liabilities ²	-	1.2	133,518	82,253
Long-term borrowings				
Lease liabilities ²	-	1.2	431,915	150,397

¹ Collateralized borrowings are secured by trade receivables.

² Interest expenses arising from the lease liabilities for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 amount to \ 4,939 million and \ 4,696 million, respectively, which were determined using the weighted average incremental borrowing rate. The right-of-use assets are pledged as collateral to lessors in the event of default. Short-term lease payments and low- valued asset lease payments that are not included in measurement of lease liabilities during the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 amount to \ 56,750 million and \ 42,088 million, respectively.

(B) Maturities of lease liabilities outstanding as of December 31, 2021 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	Lease liabilities
Repayment terms	
2022	141,900
2023	94,422
2024	87,942
2025	81,229
2026 and thereafter	195,016
Total	600,509

13. Debentures

(A) Details of the carrying amounts of debentures as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

			Interest rate (%)		
(In millions of Korean won)	Issue date	Due date	as of Dec 31, 2021	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
US dollar denominated	Oct 2, 1997	Oct 1, 2027	7.7	35,565	38,080
straight bonds ¹	0012, 1997	Oct 1, 2027 7.7		(USD 30 million)	(USD 35 million)
Less: Discounts				(707)	(853)
Less: Current Portion				(5,810)	(5,318)
Total				29,048	31,909

¹ US dollar denominated straight bonds are repaid annually for twenty years after a ten-year grace period from the date of issuance. Interest is paid semi-annually.

(B) Maturities of debentures outstanding as of December 31, 2021 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	of Korean won) Debentures	
Repayment terms		
2022	5,928	
2023	5,928	
2024	5,928	
2025	5,928	
2026 and thereafter	11,853	
Total	35,565	

14. Net Defined Benefit Liabilities (Assets)

(A) Details of net defined benefit liabilities (assets) recognized in the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	
Present value of funded defined benefit obligations	11,155,187	9,740,095	
Present value of unfunded defined benefit obligations	18,449	13,987	
Subtotal	11,173,636	9,754,082	
Fair value of plan assets	(13,497,927)	(10,916,538)	
Total	(2,324,291)	(1,162,456)	

(B) The components of defined benefit costs recognized in profit or loss for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020
Current service cost	907,450	802,039
Net interest income	(40,104)	(15,895)
Total	867,346	786,144

(C) The expenses related to the defined benefit plans recognized in the statements of profit or loss for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows :

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020	
Cost of sales	341,934	317,381	
Selling and administrative expenses and other	525,412	468,763	
Total	867,346	786,144	

(D) Changes in the defined benefit obligations for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020
Balance as of January 1	9,754,082	8,277,908
Current service cost	907,450	802,039
Interest cost	296,029	240,765
Remeasurement:		
Actuarial gains or losses arising from changes in demographic assumptions Actuarial gains or losses arising from	-	(40,581)
changes in financial assumptions	150,624	622,915
Other	429,051	225,438
Benefits paid	(374,416)	(385,631)
Other	10,816	11,229
Balance as of December 31	11,173,636	9,754,082

(E) Changes in the fair value of plan assets for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020	
Balance as of January 1	10,916,538	8,764,763	
Interest income on plan assets	336,133	256,660	
Remeasurement of plan assets	(128,336)	(78,505)	
Contributions by employer	2,640,100	2,159,200	
Benefits paid	(276,733)	(194,495)	
Other	10,225	8,915	
Balance as of December 31	13,497,927	10,916,538	

Expected contributions to post-employment benefit plans for the year ended December 31, 2022 are \ 1,326,253 million.

(F) As of December 31, 2021, plan assets are invested in principal guaranteed fixed income financial instruments.

(G) The principal actuarial assumptions as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In percentage)	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	
Discount rate	3.8	3.2	
Salary growth rate (including the effects of inflation)	5.3	4.5	

(H) The sensitivity analysis of the defined benefit obligations as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 to changes in the weighted principal assumptions is as follows:

(In percentage)	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	
Discount rate			
1%p increase	91	91	
1%p decrease	110	110	
Salary growth rate			
1%p increase	110	110	
1%p decrease	91	91	

(I) The weighted average maturity of the defined benefit obligations is 9.26 years as of December 31, 2021.

15. Provisions

Changes in provisions for the year ended December 31, 2021 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	Warranty (A)	Royalty expenses (B)	Long-term incentives (C)	Other (D, E)	Total
Balance as of January 1	340,818	1,304,018	567,004	1,223,663	3,435,503
Charged to profit or loss	464,983	541,054	186,259	2,481,632	3,673,928
Payment	(419,088)	(464,463)	(194,281)	(1,025,978)	(2,103,810)
Other	-	115,916	-	182,090	298,006
Balance as of December 31	386,713	1,496,525	558,982	2,861,407	5,303,627

(A) The Company accrues warranty reserves for estimated costs of quality assurance, exchanges, repairs, recalls, and future services based on historical experience and terms of warranty programs.

(B) The Company recognizes provisions for the estimated royalty expenses that are under negotiation with counterparties. The timing and amount of payment depend on the settlement of the negotiation.

(C) The Company has a long-term incentive plan for its executives based on a three-year management performance criteria and recognizes a provision for the estimated incentive cost for the accrued period.

(D) The Company records provisions for future expenses expected to be incurred for products that have been discontinued from manufacturing and sales.

(E) The Company makes provisions for the carrying amounts of emission rights held by the Company and the emission in excess of the emission rights for the applicable years. Details of emission rights and liabilities as of December 31, 2021 are as follows:

(1) Allocated emission rights and estimated volume of emission as of December 31, 2021 are as follows:

ber 31, 2021
1,126
1,442
-

As of December 31, 2021, emission permits allocated to the Company for the remaining plan periods are 44,720 thousand tons.

(2) Changes in the emission rights for the year ended December 31, 2021 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021
Balance as of January 1	44,865
Acquisition	1,312
Submission	(104)
Balance as of December 31	46,073

(3) Changes in the emission liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2021 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021
Balance as of January 1	31,777
Charged to the statement of profit or loss	13,376
Submission	(104)
Balance as of December 31	45,049

16. Commitments and Contingencies

- (A) Guarantees
 - (1) Debt guarantees provided by the Company for overseas subsidiaries as of December 31, 2021 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won and thousands of US dollars)

			Actual	Guaranteed
Overseas subsidiaries	Creditor	Period	indebtedness	amount
SETK	BNP and others	Dec 16, 2022	121,244	956,699
SETK-P	BNP and others	Dec 16, 2022	39,516	154,115
SEIL	Citibank	Dec 16, 2022	12,978	18,494
Other			-	8,669,206
			173,738	9,798,514
Total			US\$ 146,556	US\$ 8,265,301

(2) The ceiling amount of guarantees provided by the Company for the execution of contracts by overseas subsidiaries is W 413,105 million as of December 31, 2021.

(3) The Company has not been provided any collateral or guarantees from its related parties as of December 31, 2021.

(B) Litigation

As of December 31, 2021, the Company is involved in various claims, disputes, and investigations conducted by regulatory bodies that arose during the normal course of business with numerous entities. Although the outflow of resources and timing of these matters are uncertain, the Company believes the outcome will not have a material impact on the financial position of the Company.

(C) Joint liabilities related to the divestiture

The Company, Samsung Display Co., Ltd. and others are jointly and severally liable to fulfill the debts of Samsung Display Co., Ltd. and others which relate to the periods prior to Samsung Display Co., Ltd.'s separation from the Company.

- (D) Other commitments
 - (1) As of December 31, 2021, the Company has trade financing agreements, trade notes receivable discounting facilities, and loan facilities with accounts receivable pledged as collateral with 5 financial institutions including Woori Bank, with a combined limit of up to W 10,304,805 million. In addition, the Company has a trade financing agreement (up to USD 8,950 million) with 19 financial institutions including Shinhan Bank, and loan facilities with accounts receivable pledged as collateral related to purchase payments with 4 financial institutions including Industrial Bank of Korea (up to W 408,913 million).
 - (2) As of December 31, 2021, unfulfilled agreements relating to the acquisition of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets amount to \#7,536,277 million.

17. Contract Liabilities

The Company has recognized the following contract liabilities related to revenue from contracts with customers:

(In millions of Korean won)	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Contract liabilities ¹	1,104,756	1,065,465

¹ Contract liabilities include advances received, accrued expenses, other current liabilities and others.

The revenue recognized during the current reporting period in relation to carried-forward balance of contract liabilities amounts to Ψ 330,965 million.

18. Share Capital

As of December 31, 2021, the Company's total number of authorized shares is 25,000,000,000 shares (Ψ 100 per share). The Company has issued 5,969,782,550 shares of ordinary shares and 822,886,700 shares of preference shares as of December 31, 2021, excluding the retired shares. As of the December 31, 2021, the number of shares outstanding is the same as the number of shares issued above, and no changes were made to the number of shares outstanding during the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020. Due to the retirement of shares, the total par value of the shares issued is Ψ 679,267 million (ordinary shares of Ψ 596,978 million and preference shares of Ψ 82,289 million), which does not agree with paid-in capital of Ψ 897,514 million.

19. Retained Earnings

(A) Retained earnings as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 consist of the following:

(In millions of Korean won)	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Appropriated retained earnings		
Legal reserves:		
Earned profit reserves ¹	450,789	450,789
Discretionary reserves:	164,709,023	169,432,080
Subtotal	165,159,812	169,882,869
Unappropriated retained earnings	23,614,523	8,401,233
Total	188,774,335	178,284,102

¹ The Commercial Code of the Republic of Korea requires the Company to appropriate as a legal reserve, an amount equal to a minimum of 10% of annual cash dividends declared, until the reserve equals 50% of its issued capital stock. As of December 31, 2021, since the Company's profit reserves reached 50% of its capital stock, the Company has no obligation for additional reserves.

(B) Separate statements of appropriation of retained earnings for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

The appropriation of retained earnings for the year ended December 31, 2021, is expected to be appropriated at the shareholders' meeting. The appropriation date for the year ended December 31, 2020 was March 17, 2021.

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020
Retained earnings before appropriations		
Unappropriated retained earnings carried over from prior year	30	30
Interim dividends:	30	50
		(= = 1 = 0.1 = 0
In 2021 - ₩ 1,083 (dividend rate: 1083%)	(7,356,461)	(7,213,815)
In 2020 - ₩ 1,062 (dividend rate: 1062%)		
Profit for the year	30,970,954	15,615,018
Retained earnings available for appropriation	23,614,523	8,401,233
Transfers from other reserves		
Reserve for business rationalization	-	4,723,057
Appropriations of retained earnings		
Cash dividends:	2,452,976	13,124,260
In 2021:		
Ordinary shares - ₩ 361 (dividend rate: 361%) Preference shares - ₩ 362 (dividend rate: 362%)		
In 2020:		
Ordinary shares - ¥ 1,932 (dividend rate: 1932%)		
Preference shares - W 1,933 (dividend rate: 1933%)		
Reserve for research and human resources development	21,161,517	-
Total appropriations of retained earnings	23,614,493	13,124,260
Unappropriated retained earnings to be carried forward	30	30

- (C) Details of interim and year-end dividends are as follows:
 - (1) Interim dividends (Record date: March 31, 2021 and 2020, June 30, 2021 and 2020, and September 30, 2021 and 2020)

(In millions of I	Korean won and number of shares)		2021	2020
	Number of design distributions designed	Ordinary shares	5,969,782,550	5,969,782,550
	Number of shares eligible for dividends	Preference shares	822,886,700	822,886,700
1st Opportun	Dividend rate (based on par value)		361%	354%
1 st Quarter		Ordinary shares	2,155,092	2,113,303
	Dividend amount	Preference shares	297,062	291,302
		Total	2,452,154	2,404,605
		Ordinary shares	5,969,782,550	5,969,782,550
	Number of shares eligible for dividends	Preference shares	822,886,700	822,886,700
and Orecenter	Dividend rate (based on par value)		361%	354%
2 nd Quarter		Ordinary shares	2,155,092	2,113,303
	Dividend amount	Preference shares	297,062	291,302
		Total	2,452,154	2,404,605
		Ordinary shares	5,969,782,550	5,969,782,550
	Number of shares eligible for dividends	Preference shares	822,886,700	822,886,700
ardo	Dividend rate (based on par value)		361%	354%
3 rd Quarter		Ordinary shares	2,155,092	2,113,303
	Dividend amount	Preference shares	297,062	291,302
		Total	2,452,154	2,404,605

(2) Year-end dividends (Record date: December 31, 2021 and 2020)

(In millions of Korean won and number of shares)	2021	2020
Nearly of the second is the feather dealer	Ordinary shares	5,969,782,550	5,969,782,550
Number of shares eligible for dividends	Preference shares	822,886,700	822,886,700
Dividend rate (based on par value)	Ordinary shares	361%	1932%
	Preference shares	362%	1933%
	Ordinary shares	2,155,092	11,533,620
Dividend amount	Preference shares	297,884	1,590,640
	Total	2,452,976	13,124,260

20. Other Components of Equity

Other components of equity as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 consist of the following:

(In millions of Korean won)	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Gain on valuation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	90,579	190,495
Remeasurement of net defined benefit assets	(2,732,997)	(2,219,688)
Others	1,760,408	1,760,408
Total	(882,010)	(268,785)

21. Expenses by Nature

Expenses by nature for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020
Changes in finished goods, work in process, and other	(1,423,122)	(1,102,250)
Raw materials used, merchandise purchased, and other	90,519,249	79,001,881
Wages and salaries	14,870,760	12,510,224
Post-employment benefit	898,132	811,122
Depreciation	20,164,109	16,125,530
Amortization	2,391,770	2,615,225
Welfare	2,630,171	2,327,252
Utilities	2,903,838	2,600,685
Outsourcing	3,106,610	2,989,647
Advertising	1,945,358	1,316,851
Sales promotion expenses	1,066,434	896,646
Other	28,678,234	25,699,404
Total ¹	167,751,543	145,792,217

¹ Equal to sum of cost of sales and selling and administrative expenses in the separate statements of profit or loss.

22. Selling and Administrative Expenses

Selling and administrative expenses for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020
Selling and administrative expenses		
Wages and salaries	2,396,978	2,178,159
Post-employment benefit	163,395	135,433
Commissions	2,397,640	2,226,051
Depreciation	396,881	429,725
Amortization	220,616	194,890
Advertising	1,945,358	1,316,851
Sales promotion expenses	1,066,434	896,646
Transportation	907,948	759,938
Service charges	1,675,628	1,318,609
Other	1,911,866	1,878,587
Subtotal	13,082,744	11,334,889
Research and development expenses		
Total expenses	19,039,074	17,813,391
Capitalized expenses	(193,708)	(109,482)
Subtotal	18,845,366	17,703,909
Total	31,928,110	29,038,798

23. Other Non-Operating Income and Expenses

Details of other non-operating income and expenses for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020
Other non-operating income		
Dividend income	6,560,011	129,569
Rental income	164,197	167,239
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	278,849	306,182
Other	355,947	194,504
Total	7,359,004	797,494
(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020
Other non-operating expenses		
····· ································		
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	13,366	9,831
	13,366 195,457	9,831 254,791
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	,	,

24. Financial Income and Expenses

Details of financial income and expenses for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020
Financial income		
Interest income	260,396	507,947
Interest income from financial assets measured at amortized cost	260,396	507,947
Foreign exchange differences	3,497,401	5,168,930
Gain from derivatives	39,182	-
Total	3,796,979	5,676,877
(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020
Financial expenses		
Interest expenses	149,984	189,301
Interest expenses from financial liabilities measured at amortized cost	49,982	44,725
Other financial liabilities	100,002	144,576
Foreign exchange differences	3,485,602	5,494,879
Losses from derivatives	63,089	-
Total	3,698,675	5,684,180

The Company recognizes foreign exchange gains and losses arising from foreign currency transactions and translation as financial income and expenses.

25. Income Tax Expense

(A) Income tax expense for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 consists of the following:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020
Current taxes		
Current tax on profits for the year	8,041,604	4,823,845
Adjustments recognized in the current year	(321,952)	249,914
Subtotal	7,719,652	5,073,759
Deferred taxes		
Changes in deferred taxes arising from unused tax credits	(332,351)	(34,673)
Changes in deferred taxes arising from temporary differences	346,237	(202,181)
Subtotal	13,886	(236,854)
Items charged directly to equity	-	-
Income tax expense	7,733,538	4,836,905

(B) The tax on the Company's profit before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the tax rate applicable to profits of the Company as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020	
Profit before income tax	38,704,492	20,451,923	
Tax calculated at tax rates applicable to profits ¹	10,643,735	5,624,279	
Adjustments:			
Non-taxable income	(34,706)	(94,157)	
Disallowed expense	651,517	9,073	
Tax credits	(3,420,702)	(940,044)	
Other	(106,306)	237,754	
Subtotal	(2,910,197)	(787,374)	
Income tax expense	7,733,538	4,836,905	

¹ The statutory tax rate regulated by tax law as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 is applied.

- (C) The movement in deferred income tax assets and liabilities resulting from the tax effect of temporary differences for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:
 - (1) 2021

	Temporary differences		Deferred tax assets (lia		abilities)	
	Balance as of	Increase	Balance as of	Balance as of	Increase	Balance as of
(In millions of Korean won)	January 1	(Decrease)	December 31	January 1	(Decrease)	December 31
Deferred tax arising from temporary differences						
Revaluation of land	(3,420,886)	14,261	(3,406,625)	(940,744)	3,922	(936,822)
Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures ¹	(3,994,444)	157,076	(3,837,368)	(909,018)	55,853	(853,165)
Accumulated depreciation and other	(514,103)	(1,942,199)	(2,456,302)	(141,379)	(534,104)	(675,483)
Accrued income	(112,810)	58,703	(54,107)	(31,023)	16,144	(14,879)
Provisions, accrued expenses, and other	9,540,744	1,557,561	11,098,305	2,623,704	428,330	3,052,034
Foreign currency translation	(51,955)	46,642	(5,313)	(14,288)	12,827	(1,461)
Asset impairment losses	1,744,851	(648,554)	1,096,297	399,268	(178,352)	220,916
Post-employment benefits	(4,223,358)	(1,869,997)	(6,093,355)	(1,161,424)	(514,249)	(1,675,673)
Valuation effects from spin-off ²	10,586,822	-	10,586,822	-	-	-
Other	1,038,962	2,858,629	3,897,591	115,053	363,392	478,445
Subtotal	10,593,823	232,122	10,825,945	(59,851)	(346,237)	(406,088)
Deferred tax arising from unused tax credits						
Unused tax credits	282,542	389,511	672,053	282,542	332,351	614,893
Deferred tax recognized in equity						
Loss (gain) on valuation of financial assets at fair value						
through other comprehensive income and other	(262,753)	137,815	(124,938)	(72,257)	37,899	(34,358)
Remeasurement of net defined benefit assets	3,061,640	708,012	3,769,652	841,951	194,702	1,036,653
Subtotal	2,798,887	845,827	3,644,714	769,694	232,601	1,002,295
Total				-	-	1,211,100

¹ Deferred tax assets are not recognized if it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future for investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures.

² Difference in carrying amount for accounting and tax purposes for the shares of Samsung Display Co., Ltd., the Company's subsidiary, acquired through spin-off of the LCD division in the past. As of the reporting date, the Company does not have plans to dispose of its investments in Samsung Display Co., Ltd. As it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future, deferred tax assets were not recognized.

(2) 2020

	Temporary differences		Deferre	d tax assets (lia	bilities)	
	Balance		Balance	Balance		Balance
	as of	Increase	as of	as of	Increase	as of
(In millions of Korean won)	January 1	(Decrease)	December 31	January 1	(Decrease)	December 31
Deferred tax arising from temporary differences						
Revaluation of land	(3,417,804)	(3,082)	(3,420,886)	(939,896)	(848)	(940,744)
Investments in subsidiaries, associates						
and joint ventures ¹	(3,994,444)	-	(3,994,444)	(909,018)	-	(909,018)
Accumulated depreciation and other	108,447	(622,550)	(514,103)	29,823	(171,202)	(141,379)
Accrued income	(155,013)	42,203	(112,810)	(42,628)	11,605	(31,023)
Provisions, accrued expenses, and other	7,244,548	2,296,196	9,540,744	1,992,251	631,453	2,623,704
Foreign currency translation	(124,453)	72,498	(51,955)	(34,224)	19,936	(14,288)
Asset impairment losses	1,611,087	133,764	1,744,851	443,049	(43,781)	399,268
Post-employment benefits	(2,702,738)	(1,520,620)	(4,223,358)	(743,253)	(418,171)	(1,161,424)
Valuation effects from spin-off ²	10,586,822	-	10,586,822	-	-	-
Other	466,776	572,186	1,038,962	(58,136)	173,189	115,053
Subtotal	9,623,228	970,595	10,593,823	(262,032)	202,181	(59,851)
Deferred tax arising from unused tax credits						
Unused tax credits	247,870	34,672	282,542	247,869	34,673	282,542
Deferred tax recognized in equity						
Loss on valuation of financial assets at fair value						
through other comprehensive income and other	(134,131)	(128,622)	(262,753)	(36,886)	(35,371)	(72,257)
Remeasurement of net defined benefit assets	2,175,363	886,277	3,061,640	598,225	243,726	841,951
Subtotal	2,041,232	757,655	2,798,887	561,339	208,355	769,694
Total				547,176	445,209	992,385

¹Deferred tax assets are not recognized if it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future for investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures.

² Difference in carrying amount for accounting and tax purposes for the shares of Samsung Display Co., Ltd., the Company's subsidiary acquired through a spin-off of the LCD division in the past. As of the reporting date, the Company does not have plans to dispose of its investments in Samsung Display Co., Ltd. As it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future, deferred tax assets were not recognized.

(D) Details of period when the deferred tax assets (liabilities) are recovered (settled) as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Net deferred tax assets (liabilities) to be recovered (settled) within 12 months	2,837,162	2,168,431
Net deferred tax assets (liabilities) to be recovered (settled) after more than 12 months	(1,626,062)	(1,176,046)
Total	1,211,100	992,385

26. Earnings per Share

(A) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are calculated as follows:

(1) Ordinary shares

(In millions of Korean won, thousands of number of shares)	2021	2020
Profit for the year	30,970,954	15,615,018
Profit for the year available for ordinary shares	27,218,306	13,722,639
Weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding	5,969,783	5,969,783
Basic earnings per ordinary share (in Korean won)	4,559	2,299
(In millions of Korean won, thousands of number of shares)	2021	2020
Profit for the year	30,970,954	15,615,018
Profit for the year available for preference shares	3,752,648	1,892,379
Weighted-average number of preference shares outstanding	822,887	822,887
Basic earnings per preference share (in Korean won)	4,560	2,300

(B) Diluted earnings per share

The Company does not have dilutive potential ordinary shares and as a result, basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share are the same for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.

27. Statements of Cash Flows

(A) The Company used the indirect method to present cash flows from operating activities. Adjustments and changes in assets and liabilities arising from operating activities for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

- Adjustments

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020
Adjustments :		
Income tax expense	7,733,538	4,836,905
Financial income	(514,303)	(932,340)
Financial expenses	636,934	773,679
Post-employment benefits	898,132	811,122
Depreciation	20,164,109	16,125,530
Amortization	2,391,770	2,615,225
Bad debt expenses (reversal)	19,235	(489)
Dividends income	(6,560,011)	(129,569)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(278,849)	(306,182)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	13,366	9,831
Loss (gain) on valuation of inventories	696,536	145,280
Others	(32,395)	370,850
Total	25,168,062	24,319,842

- Changes in assets and liabilities arising from operating activities

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020	
Changes in assets and liabilities :			
Decrease (increase) in trade receivables	(8,102,318)	1,680,321	
Decrease in non-trade receivables	54,306	468,606	
Increase in prepaid expenses	(198,371)	(86,681)	
Decrease (increase) in inventories	(2,732,143)	(1,680,513)	
Increase (decrease) in trade payables	4,935,529	(867,032)	
Increase in other payables	1,004,128	296,526	
Increase in advances received	50,363	68,806	
Increase (decrease) in withholdings	191,872	49,264	
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses	920,919	2,030,147	
Increase (decrease) in provisions	1,570,118	1,216,028	
Payment of post-employment benefits	(405,203)	(410,608)	
Increase in plan assets	(2,363,367)	(1,964,705)	
Other	(707,488)	(1,193,365)	
Total	(5,781,655)	(393,206)	

(B) Significant non-cash investing and financing transactions for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020
Valuation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(137,815)	128,622
Reclassification of construction in progress to property, plant and equipment	36,663,946	30,550,917
Acquisition of right-of-use assets (new lease contracts established)	451,828	61,789
Reclassification of current portion of debentures	5,810	5,318
Reclassification of current portion of long-term borrowings	133,518	82,253

(C) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(1) 2021

		_	Non-cash trar		
(In millions of Korean won)	As of January 1	Cash flows from financing activities	New lease contracts	Other ¹	As of December 31
Short-term borrowings	12,520,367	(3,288,858)	-	(27,241)	9,204,268
Debentures and long-term borrowings	269,877	(117,963)	451,828	(3,451)	600,291
Total	12,790,244	(3,406,821)	451,828	(30,692)	9,804,559

¹ Other includes amortization and effects of changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

(2) 2020

		Cash flows from	Non-cash trai	isactions		
(In millions of Korean won)	As of January 1	financing activities	New lease contracts	Other ¹	As of December 31	
Short-term borrowings	10,228,216	2,326,350	-	(34,199)	12,520,367	
Debentures and long-term borrowings	368,113	(134,443)	61,789	(25,582)	269,877	
Total	10,596,329	2,191,907	61,789	(59,781)	12,790,244	

¹ Other includes amortization, effects of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and the cumulative effect of changes in accounting policies.

- (D) For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, cash outflows from repayment of the principal (financial activities) were W 112,523 million and W 128,575 million, respectively, while cash outflows due to interest expenses (operating activities) in relation to the lease liabilities amount to W 4,939 million and W 4,696 million, respectively.
- (E) The Company reported cash receipts and payments arising from transactions occurring frequently, of large gross amounts, and with short-term maturities, such as short-term financial instruments, borrowings and other, on a net basis. As of December 31, 2021, most of the Company's cash and cash equivalents consist of bank deposits.

28. Financial Risk Management

The Company's financial risk management focuses on minimizing the market risk, credit risk, and liquidity risk arising from operating activities. To mitigate these risks, the Company implements and operates a financial risk policy and program that closely monitors and manages such risks. In addition, the Company uses derivatives to hedge certain risk exposure.

The finance team mainly carries out the Company's financial risk management. After implementing the global financial risk management policies, the finance team periodically measures, evaluates, and hedges the financial risk and also establishes and implements the global financial risk management policy.

The Company also manages the foreign exchange risk by monitoring the foreign exchange rate fluctuations at local finance centers across major regions (United States, United Kingdom, Singapore, China, Brazil, and Russia) and acting as an agent of foreign exchange transactions. In addition, the Company manages the liquidity risk by utilizing a globally integrated finance structure.

The Company's financial assets that are under the financial risk management are comprised of cash and cash equivalents, shortterm financial instruments, trade receivables and others. The Company's financial liabilities under financial risk management are comprised of trade payables, borrowings, and others.

(A) Market risk

(1) Foreign exchange risk

The Company is exposed to the foreign exchange risk arising from its global operations performed in currencies other than its functional currency. The major currencies that are exposed to the foreign exchange risk are the US dollar, Euro, and Indian Rupee.

The Company focuses on minimizing the impact of the foreign exchange fluctuation by maintaining the equal amount of assets and liabilities denominated in each foreign currency, irrespective of the foreign exchange fluctuation considerations. To prevent the exchange position, the Company's foreign exchange management policy requires the normal business transactions, including imports and exports, as well as the financing transactions such as depositing and borrowing, to be in local currency or for the cash-in currency to be matched up with the cash-out currency. Moreover, the Company periodically evaluates and monitors the foreign exchange risk to efficiently mitigate such risk, and the speculative foreign exchange transactions are strictly prohibited.

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, when the currency rates change by 5%, the impact on profit or loss (before income tax effects) arising from financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies other than the functional currency are as follows:

	December 3	1, 2021	December 3	1, 2020
(In millions of Korean won)	Increase Decrease		Increase	Decrease
USD	119,312	(119,312)	25,761	(25,761)
EUR	(33,776)	33,776	(22,112)	22,112
INR	25,057	(25,057)	21,948	(21,948)

(2) Interest rate risk

Risk of changes in interest rates for floating interest rate financial instruments is defined as the risk that the fair value of components of the statements of financial position, and future cash flows of interest income (expenses) of a financial instrument, will fluctuate because of the changes in market interest rates. The Company's position with regard to interest rate risk exposure is mainly driven by its floating interest rate debt obligations and interest-bearing deposits. The Company implemented policies and operates to minimize uncertainty arising from changes in interest rates and finance expenses.

(3) Price risk

The Company's investment portfolio consists of direct and indirect investments in equity instruments classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, which is in line with the Company's strategy.

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, price fluctuation of marketable equity securities (listed stocks) by 1% would result in changes in other comprehensive income (before income tax) of Ψ 15,443 million and Ψ 14,125 million, respectively.

(B) Credit risk

Credit risk arises during the normal course of transactions and investing activities where clients or other parties fail to discharge an obligation. The Company monitors and sets the client's and the counterparty's credit limits on a periodic basis based on the client's and counterparty's financial conditions, default histories and other important factors. Adequate insurance coverage is maintained for trade receivables related to the trading partners situated in higher risk countries.

Credit risk can arise from transactions with financial institutions which include financial instrument transactions such as cash and cash equivalents, deposits, and derivative instruments. To minimize such risk, the Company transacts only with banks which have strong international credit ratings (S&P A and above), and all new transactions with financial institutions with no prior transaction history are approved, managed and monitored by the Company's finance team. The Company generally enters into a financial agreement with no restrictions, such as debt ratio covenants, provision of collateral and/or repayment of loans/ borrowings. The Company requires separate approvals for contracts with restrictions.

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company estimates that its maximum exposure to credit risk is the carrying amount of its financial assets, net of impairment losses.

(C) Liquidity risk

Due to large investments made by the Company, maintaining adequate levels of liquidity risk is critical. The Company strives to achieve this goal by periodically forecasting its capital balance, estimating the required cash levels, and managing income and expenses.

The Company manages its liquidity risk by periodically forecasting the projected cash flows. If abnormal signs are identified, the Company works with the local finance center and provides liquidity support by utilizing a globally integrated finance structure, such as Cash Pooling. In addition, the Company maintains a liquidity management process which provides an additional financial support from the local finance center and the Company. The Cash Pooling program allows the sharing of surplus funds among the entities and contributes to minimizing the liquidity risk and strengthening the Company's competitive position by reducing capital operation expenses and financial expenses.

For the need of large scale of liquidity, the Company secures the credit limit for overseas subsidiaries through payment guarantees.

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the following table is an undiscounted cash flow analysis for financial liabilities according to their remaining contractual maturity.

			December 31, 2021		
	Less than				More than
(In millions of Korean won)	3 months	4 – 6 months	7 – 12 months	1 - 5 years	5 years
Financial liabilities	35,764,225	435,581	728,627	2,798,560	87,798
			December 31, 2020		
	Less than				More than
(In millions of Korean won)	3 months	4 – 6 months	7 – 12 months	1 - 5 years	5 years
Financial liabilities	31,594,935	131,341	608,538	1,121,448	35,383

The table above shows the Company's financial liabilities based on the remaining period at the separate statement of financial position date until the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

(D) Capital risk management

The purpose of capital management is to maintain a sound capital structure. The Company monitors capital on the basis of credit ratings and debt ratio. Debt ratio is calculated by dividing the total liabilities by total equity in the financial statements.

The Company has maintained an AA- and Aa3 credit ratings from S&P and Moody's, respectively.

The debt ratio as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	
Total liabilities	57,918,452	46,347,703	
Total equity	193,193,732	183,316,724	
Debt ratio	30.0%	25.3%	

(E) Fair value estimation

(1) Carrying amounts and fair value of financial instruments by category as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	December 3	31, 2021	December 31, 2020	
(In millions of Korean won)	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	3,918,872	(*1)	989,045	(*1)
Short-term financial instruments	15,000,576	(*1)	29,101,284	(*1)
Trade receivables	33,088,247	(*1)	24,736,740	(*1)
Financial assets at fair value through				
other comprehensive income	1,662,532	1,662,532	1,539,659	1,539,659
Financial assets at fair value through				
profit or loss	2,135	2,135	3,107	3,107
Other	5,076,418	(*1)	4,149,950	(*1)
Total financial assets	58,748,780		60,519,785	
Financial liabilities				
Trade payables	11,557,441	(*1)	6,599,025	(*1)
Short-term borrowings	9,204,268	(*1)	12,520,367	(*1)
Other payables	12,948,960	(*1)	9,671,280	(*1)
Current portion of long-term liabilities	139,328	6,276	87,571	5,318
- Current portion of long-term borrowing	133,518	(*2)	82,253	(*2)
- Current portion of debentures	5,810	6,276	5,318	5,318
Debentures	29,048	35,863	31,909	36,507
Long-term borrowings	431,915	(*2)	150397	(*2)
Long-term other payables	2,335,218	(*1)	935,038	(*1)
Other	3,056,156	(*1)	3,423,251	(*1)
Total financial liabilities	39,702,334		33,418,838	

(*1) Assets and liabilities whose carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value are excluded from the fair value disclosures.

(*2) Lease liabilities, classified under the current portion of long-term liabilities and long-term borrowings, are excluded from the fair value disclosures in accordance with *Korean IFRS 1107*.

(2) Fair value hierarchy classifications of the financial instruments that are measured at fair value or its fair value disclosed as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	December 31, 2021			
(In millions of Korean won)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total balance
1) Assets				
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Financial assets at fair value through	1,544,320	-	118,212	1,662,532
profit or loss 2) Liabilities	-	-	2,135	2,135
Current portion of debentures	-	6,276	-	6,276
Debentures	-	35,863	-	35,863

	December 31, 2020			
(In millions of Korean won)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total balance
1) Assets				
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,412,524	-	127,135	1,539,659
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	3,107	3,107
2) Liabilities				
Current portion of debentures	-	5,318	-	5,318
Debentures	-	36,507	-	36,507

The levels of the fair value hierarchy and its application to financial assets and liabilities are described below.

- · Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs)

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the statements of financial position date. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Company is the current bid price. These instruments are included in Level 1. The instruments included in Level 1 are listed equity investments, most of which are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximize the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on the entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required for a fair value of an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2.

If one or more of the significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in Level 3.

The Company performs the fair value measurements required for financial reporting purposes, including Level 3 fair values and discusses valuation processes and results at least once every quarter in line with the Company's quarterly reporting dates. The Company's policy is to recognize transfers between levels at the end of the reporting period, if corresponding events or changes in circumstances have occurred.

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

- · Quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments
- The fair value of forward foreign exchange contracts is determined using forward exchange rates at the statements of financial position date, with the resulting value discounted back to present value

Other techniques, such as discounted cash flow analysis, are used to determine fair value for the remaining financial instruments. For trade and other receivables that are classified as current assets, the book value approximates a reasonable estimate of fair value.

(3) Valuation technique and the inputs

The Company utilizes a present value technique to discount future cash flows using a proper interest rate for corporate bonds, government and public bonds, and bank debentures that are classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

The following table presents the valuation technique and the inputs used for major financial instruments classified as Level 3.

Classification Fair value		Valuation technique	Level 3 inputs	Input range (Weighted average)
Financial assets at fair value throu	gh other comprehe	nsive income		
			Permanent growth rate	-1.0%~1.0%(0.0%)
Samsung Venture Investment	22,198	Discounted cash flow	Weighted average cost of capital	19.7%~21.7%(20.7%)
		Discounts I soul floor	Permanent growth rate	-1.0%~1.0%(0.0%)
MiCo Ceramics Co., Ltd.,	24,636	Discounted cash flow, and etc.	Weighted average cost of capital	14.7%~16.7%(15.7%)
(In millions of Korean won)			2021	2020
Financial assets				
Balance as of January 1			130,242	84,536
Acquisitions				
Acquisitions			-	39,239
Disposals			(912)	39,239 (74)
-	nensive income		(912) 2,736	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Disposals	nensive income			(74)

(In millions of Korean won, and percentage)

(5) Sensitivity analysis for recurring fair value measurements categorized within Level 3

Sensitivity analysis of financial instruments is performed to measure favorable and unfavorable changes in the fair value of financial instruments which are affected by the unobservable parameters, using a statistical technique. When the fair value is affected by more than two input parameters, the amounts represent the most favorable or unfavorable.

The results of the sensitivity analysis for the effect on other comprehensive income or loss (before-tax amount for other comprehensive income or loss) from changes in inputs for major financial instruments which are categorized within Level 3 and subject to sensitivity analysis are as follows:

(In millions of Korean won)	Favorable changes		Unfavorable changes	
Classification	Profit or loss	Equity	Profit or loss	Equity
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income ¹	-	1,721	-	(1,346)

¹ For equity securities, changes in fair value are calculated with the correlation between the growth rate ($-1\% \sim 1\%$) and the discount rate, which are significant unobservable inputs.

29. Segment Information

The chief operating decision-maker has been identified as the Management Committee. The Company determines operating segments based on the units reported to the Management Committee. The Management Committee reviews the operating profits of each operating segment in order to assess the performance and to make strategic decisions regarding the allocation of resources to the segment.

Sales revenue consists mostly of product sales. The operating segments are product-based and are identified based on the internal organization and revenue streams. As of the reporting date, the operating segments are comprised of CE, IM, DS (Semiconductor), and others.

Total assets and liabilities of each operating segment are excluded from the disclosure as these have not been provided regularly to the Management Committee.

(1) For the year ended December 31, 2021

(In millions of Korean won)	CE	IM	DS	Total ¹
Sales	33,729,352	73,506,114	94,373,136	199,744,705
Depreciation	96,931	206,276	19,457,650	20,164,109
Amortization	58,754	1,251,306	891,431	2,391,770
Operating profit	(712,563)	7,118,710	25,592,201	31,993,162

¹ Other operating segments are not separately disclosed.

(2) For the year ended December 31, 2020

(In millions of Korean won)	CE	IM	DS	Total ¹
Sales	30,618,259	64,473,747	70,874,770	166,311,191
Depreciation	98,409	202,568	15,413,851	16,125,530
Amortization	50,762	1,373,849	1,021,608	2,615,225
Operating profit	592,493	4,285,747	15,633,976	20,518,974

¹ Other operating segments are not separately disclosed.

30. Related Party Transactions

(A) Subsidiaries

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List of subsidiaries as of December 31, 2021 are as follows:

Area	Subsidiaries	Industry	Percentage of ownership (%) ¹
	Samsung Electronics America, Inc. (SEA)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung International, Inc. (SII)	Manufacture of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Mexicana S.A. de C.V (SAMEX)	Manufacture of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Home Appliances America, LLC (SEHA)	Manufacture of home appliances	100.0
	Samsung Research America, Inc (SRA)	R&D	100.0
	Samsung Next LLC (SNX)	Management of overseas subsidiaries	100.0
	Samsung Next Fund LLC (SNXF)	Technology business, venture capital investments	100.0
	NeuroLogica Corp.	Manufacture and sale of medical equipment	100.0
	Samsung HVAC America, LLC	Sale of air conditioning products	100.0
	Joyent, Inc.	Cloud services	100.0
	Dacor Holdings, Inc.	Management of overseas subsidiaries	100.0
	Dacor, Inc.	Manufacture and sale of home appliances	100.0
	Dacor Canada Co.	Sale of home appliances	100.0
	SmartThings, Inc.	Sale of smart home electronics	100.0
	TeleWorld Solutions, Inc. (TWS)	Installation & optimization of network devices	100.0
	Samsung Semiconductor, Inc. (SSI)	Sale of semiconductor and display panels	100.0
	Samsung Austin Semiconductor LLC (SAS)	Manufacture of semiconductors	100.0
America	Samsung Oak Holdings, Inc. (SHI)	Management of overseas subsidiaries	100.0
America	SEMES America, Inc.	Semiconductor equipment services	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Canada, Inc. (SECA)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	AdGear Technologies Inc.	Digital advertising platforms	100.0
	Samsung Electronica da Amazonia Ltda. (SEDA)	Manufacture and sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Mexico S.A. de C.V. (SEM)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Digital Appliance Mexico, S.A. de C.V. (SEDAM)	Manufacture of home appliances	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Latinoamerica(Zona Libre), S. A. (SELA)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Latinoamerica Miami, Inc. (SEMI)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronica Colombia S.A. (SAMCOL)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Argentina S.A. (SEASA)	Marketing and services	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Chile Limitada (SECH)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Peru S.A.C. (SEPR)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Venezuela, C.A. (SEVEN)	Marketing and services	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Panama. S.A. (SEPA)	Consulting	100.0
	Harman International Industries, Inc.	Management of overseas subsidiaries	100.0
	Harman Becker Automotive Systems, Inc.	Manufacture and sale of audio products, R&D	100.0
	Harman Connected Services, Inc.	Connected service provider	100.0
	Harman Connected Services Engineering Corp.	Connected service provider	100.0

Area	Subsidiaries	Industry	Percentage o ownership (%
	Harman da Amazonia Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda.	Manufacture and sale of audio products	100.0
	Harman de Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V.	Manufacture of audio products	100.0
	Harman do Brasil Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda.	Sale of audio products, R&D	100.0
	Harman Financial Group LLC	Management company	100.0
	Harman International Industries Canada Ltd.	Sale of audio products	100.0
America	Harman International Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V.	Sale of audio products	100.0
	Harman KG Holding, LLC	Management of overseas subsidiaries	100.0
	Harman Professional, Inc.	Sale of audio products, R&D	100.0
	Beijing Integrated Circuit Industry International Fund, L.P	Venture capital investments	61.4
	China Materialia New Materials 2016 Limited Partnership	Venture capital investments	99.0
	Harman da Amazonia Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda.	Manufacture and sale of audio products	100.0
	Samsung Electronics (UK) Ltd. (SEUK)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics (CH) Etd. (SEL)	Management of overseas subsidiaries	100.0
	Samsung Semiconductor Europe Limited (SSEL)	Sale of semiconductor and display panels	100.0
	Samsung Electronics GmbH (SEG)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Holding GmbH (SEHG)	Management of overseas subsidiaries	100.0
	Samsung Semiconductor Europe GmbH (SSEG)	Sale of semiconductor and display panels	100.0
	Samsung Electronics France S.A.S (SEF)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Italia S.P.A. (SEI)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Iberia, S.A. (SEI)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Portuguesa, Unipessoal, Lda. (SEP)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Fortuguesa, Onipessoal, Eda. (SEF) Samsung Electronics Hungarian Private Co., Ltd. (SEH)	Manufacture and sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Europe Logistics B.V. (SELS)		
		Logistics Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V. (SEBN)		100.0
	Samsung Electronics Europe Holding Cooperatief U.A. (SEEH)	Management of overseas subsidiaries	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Nordic Aktiebolag (SENA)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Slovakia s.r.o. (SESK)	Manufacture of TV and monitors	100.0
	Samsung Display Slovakia s.r.o. (SDSK)	Toll processing of display panels	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Polska, SP.Zo.o (SEPOL)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
Europe	Samsung Electronics Poland Manufacturing SP.Zo.o (SEPM)	Manufacture of home appliances	100.0
& CIS	Samsung Electronics Romania LLC (SEROM)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Austria GmbH (SEAG)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Switzerland GmbH (SESG)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Czech and Slovak s.r.o. (SECZ)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Baltics SIA (SEB)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Greece S.M.S.A (SEGR)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Air Conditioner Europe B.V. (SEACE)	Sale of air conditioning products	100.0
	Samsung Nanoradio Design Center (SNDC)	R&D	100.0
	Samsung Denmark Research Center ApS (SDRC)	R&D	100.0
	Samsung Cambridge Solution Centre Limited (SCSC)	R&D	100.0
	Zhilabs, S.L.	Development and sale of network solutions	100.0
	Foodient Ltd.	R&D	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Rus Company LLC (SERC)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Rus Kaluga LLC (SERK)	Manufacture of TV	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Ukraine Company LLC (SEUC)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Central Eurasia LLP (SECE)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Overseas B.V. (SEO)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung R&D Institute Rus LLC (SRR)	R&D	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Caucasus Co., Ltd (SECC)	Marketing	100.0

Area	Subsidiaries	Industry	Percentage of ownership (%) ¹
	AKG Acoustics GmbH	Manufacture and sale of audio products	100.0
	AMX UK Limited	Sale of audio products	100.0
	Harman Audio Iberia Espana Sociedad Limitada	Sale of audio products	100.0
	Harman Automotive UK Limited	Manufacture of audio products	100.0
	Harman Becker Automotive Systems GmbH	Manufacture and sale of audio products, R&D	100.0
	Harman Becker Automotive Systems Italy S.R.L.	Sale of audio products	100.0
	Harman Becker Automotive Systems Manufacturing Kft	Manufacture of audio products, R&D	100.0
	Harman Belgium SA	Sale of audio products	100.0
	Harman Connected Services AB.	Connected service provider	100.0
	Harman Finland Oy	Connected service provider	100.0
	Harman Connected Services GmbH	Connected service provider	100.0
	Harman Connected Services Poland Sp. Zo.o	Connected service provider	100.0
	Harman Connected Services UK Ltd.	Connected service provider	100.0
	Harman Consumer Nederland B.V.	Sale of audio products	100.0
	Harman Deutschland GmbH	Sale of audio products	100.0
	Harman Finance International GP S.a.r.l	Management of overseas subsidiaries	100.0
	Harman France SNC	Sale of audio products	100.0
E.	Harman Holding GmbH & Co. KG	Management company	100.0
Europe & CIS	Harman Hungary Financing Ltd.	Financing company	100.0
a cis	Harman Inc. & Co. KG	Management of overseas subsidiaries	100.0
	Harman International Estonia OU	R&D	100.0
	Harman International Industries Limited	Sale of audio products, R&D	100.0
	Harman International Romania SRL	R&D	100.0
	Harman Finance International, SCA	Financing company	100.0
	Harman International s.r.o.	Manufacture of audio products	100.0
	Harman Management GmbH	Management of overseas subsidiaries	100.0
	Harman Professional Kft	Manufacture of audio products, R&D	100.0
	Harman Professional Denmark ApS	Sale of audio products, R&D	100.0
	Red Bend Software Ltd.	Software design	100.0
	Red Bend Software S.A.S	Software design	100.0
	Studer Professional Audio GmbH	Sale of audio products, R&D	100.0
	Harman Connected Services OOO	Connected service provider	100.0
	Harman RUS CIS LLC	Sale of audio products	100.0
	AKG Acoustics GmbH	Manufacture and sale of audio products	100.0
	AMX UK Limited	Sale of audio products	100.0
	Harman Audio Iberia Espana Sociedad Limitada	Sale of audio products	100.0
	Harman Automotive UK Limited	Manufacture of audio products	100.0

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Area	Subsidiaries	Industry	Percentage of ownership (%) ¹
Middle East & Africa	Samsung Gulf Electronics Co., Ltd. (SGE)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Turkey (SETK)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Industry and Commerce Ltd. (SETK-P)	Manufacture of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Levant Co.,Ltd. (SELV)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Maghreb Arab (SEMAG)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Egypt S.A.E (SEEG)	Manufacture and sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Israel Ltd. (SEIL)	Marketing	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Tunisia S.A.R.L (SETN)	Marketing	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Pakistan(Private) Ltd. (SEPAK)	Marketing	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Saudi Arabia Ltd. (SESAR)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Semiconductor Israel R&D Center, Ltd. (SIRC)	R&D	100.0
	Corephotonics Ltd.	R&D	100.0
	Samsung Electronics South Africa(Pty) Ltd. (SSA)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics South Africa Production (pty) Ltd. (SSAP)	Manufacture of TV and monitors	100.0
	Samsung Electronics West Africa Ltd. (SEWA) Samsung Electronics East Africa Ltd. (SEEA)	Marketing	100.0
	Global Symphony Technology Group Private Ltd.	Marketing	100.0 100.0
	Harman Connected Services Morocco	Management of overseas subsidiaries Connected service provider	100.0
	Harman Industries Holdings Mauritius Ltd.	Management of overseas subsidiaries	100.0
	Red Bend Ltd.	Manufacture of audio products	100.0
	Samsung Asia Pte. Ltd. (SAPL)	Management of overseas subsidiaries	100.0
Asia (Excluding China)	Samsung Electronics Singapore Pte. Ltd. (SESP)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Malaysia Electronics (SME) Sdn. Bhd. (SME)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Display (M) Sdn. Bhd. (SDMA)	Manufacture of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics (M) Sdn. Bhd. (SEMA)	Manufacture of home appliances	100.0
	Samsung Vina Electronics Co., Ltd. (SAVINA)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Vietnam Co., Ltd. (SEV)	Manufacture of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Vietnam THAINGUYEN Co., Ltd. (SEVT)	Manufacture of communication equipment	100.0
	Samsung Electronics HCMC CE Complex Co., Ltd. (SEHC)	Manufacture and sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Display Vietnam Co., Ltd. (SDV)	Manufacture of display panels	100.0
	PT Samsung Electronics Indonesia (SEIN)	Manufacture and sale of electronic devices	100.0
	PT Samsung Telecommunications Indonesia (STIN)	Sale of electronic devices and services	100.0
	Thai Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. (TSE)	Manufacture and sale of electronic devices	91.8
	Laos Samsung Electronics Sole Co., Ltd. (LSE)	Marketing	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Philippines Corporation (SEPCO)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Australia Pty. Ltd. (SEAU)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics New Zealand Limited (SENZ)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung India Electronics Private Ltd. (SIEL)	Manufacture and sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Display Noida Private Limited (SDN)	Manufacture of display panels	100.0
	Samsung R&D Institute India-Bangalore Private Limited (SRI-Bangalore)	R&D	100.0
	Samsung R&D Institute BanglaDesh Limited (SRBD)	R&D	100.0
	Samsung Nepal Services Pvt, Ltd. (SNSL)	Service	100.0
	Samsung Japan Corporation (SJC)	Sale of semiconductor and display panels	100.0
	Samsung R&D Institute Japan Co., Ltd. (SRJ)	R&D	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Japan Co., Ltd. (SEJ)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Harman Connected Services Corp. India Pvt. Ltd.	Connected service provider	100.0
	Harman International (India) Private Limited	Sale of audio products, R&D	100.0
	Harman International Industries PTY Ltd.	Management of overseas subsidiaries	100.0
	Harman International Japan Co., Ltd.	Sale of audio products, R&D	100.0
	Harman Singapore Pte. Ltd.	Sale of audio products	100.0

Area	Subsidiaries	Industry	Percentage of ownership (%) ¹
	Samsung (CHINA) Investment Co., Ltd. (SCIC)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Hong Kong Co., Ltd. (SEHK)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Taiwan Co., Ltd. (SET)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Tianjin Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. (TSEC)	Manufacture of TV and monitors	91.2
	Suzhou Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. (SSEC)	Manufacture of home appliances	88.3
	Samsung Suzhou Electronics Export Co., Ltd. (SSEC-E)	Manufacture of home appliances	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Suzhou Computer Co., Ltd. (SESC)	Manufacture of electronic devices	100.0
	Tianjin Samsung Telecom Technology Co., Ltd. (TSTC)	Manufacture of communication equipment	90.0
	Beijing Samsung Telecom R&D Center (SRC-Beijing)	R&D	100.0
	Samsung Electronics China R&D Center (SRC-Nanjing)	R&D	100.0
	Samsung Mobile R&D Center China-Guangzhou (SRC-Guangzhou)	R&D	100.0
	Samsung R&D Institute China-Shenzhen (SRC-Shenzhen)	R&D	100.0
	Shanghai Samsung Semiconductor Co., Ltd. (SSS)	Sale of semiconductor and display panels	100.0
	Samsung (China) Semiconductor Co., Ltd. (SCS)	Manufacture of semiconductors	100.0
	Samsung SemiConductor Xian Co., Ltd. (SSCX)	Sale of semiconductor and display panels	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Suzhou Semiconductor Co., Ltd. (SESS)	Toll processing of semiconductors	100.0
China	Tianjin Samsung LED Co., Ltd. (TSLED)	Manufacture of LED	100.0
	Samsung Semiconductor (China) R&D Co., Ltd. (SSCR)	R&D	100.0
	Samsung Display Dongguan Co., Ltd. (SDD)	Manufacture of display panels	100.0
	Samsung Display Tianjin Co., Ltd. (SDT)	Manufacture of display panels	95.0
	SEMES (XIAN) Co., Ltd.	Semiconductor equipment services	100.0
	Samsung Semiconductor Investment L.P. I	Technology business, venture capital investments	99.0
	Harman (China) Technologies Co., Ltd.	Manufacture of audio products	100.0
	Harman (Suzhou) Audio and Infotainment Systems Co., Ltd.	Sale of audio products	100.0
	Harman Automotive Electronic Systems (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.	Manufacture of audio products, R&D	100.0
	Harman Commercial (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	Sale of audio products	100.0
	Harman Connected Services Solutions (Chengdu) Co., Ltd.	Connected service provider	100.0
	Harman Holding Limited	Sale of audio products	100.0
	Harman International (China) Holdings Co., Ltd.	Sale of audio products, R&D	100.0
	Harman Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Sale of audio products, R&D	100.0
	Samsung (CHINA) Investment Co., Ltd. (SCIC)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Hong Kong Co., Ltd. (SEHK)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Taiwan Co., Ltd. (SET)	Sale of electronic devices	100.0

¹ Ownership represents the Company's ownership of the voting rights in each entity, including subsidiaries' ownerships.

Area	Subsidiaries	Industry	Percentage of ownership (%) ¹
	Samsung Display Co., Ltd.	Manufacture and sale of display panels	84.8
	SU Materials	Manufacture of display components	50.0
	STECO Co., Ltd.	Manufacture of semiconductor components	70.0
	SEMES Co., Ltd.	Manufacture and sale of semiconductor/FPD	91.5
	Samsung Electronics Service Co., Ltd.	Repair services for electronic devices	99.3
	Samsung Electronics Service Customer Satisfaction Co., Ltd.	Call center for repair services for electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Sales Co., Ltd.	Sale of electronic devices	100.0
	Samsung Electronics Logitech Co., Ltd.	General logistics agency	100.0
	Samsung Medison Co., Ltd.	Manufacture and sale of medical equipment	68.5
	Mirero System Co., Ltd.	Development and supply of semiconductor process defect and quality control software	99.9
	Dowooinssys Co., Ltd.	Manufacture of display components	69.0
	Gf-System Co., Ltd.	Manufacture of display components	100.0
	Harman International Korea	Software development and supply, etc.	100.0
	Samsung Venture Capital Union #21	Technology business, Venture capital investments	99.0
	Samsung Venture Capital Union #22	Technology business, Venture capital investments	99.0
Domestic	Samsung Venture Capital Union #26	Technology business, Venture capital investments	99.0
	Samsung Venture Capital Union #28	Technology business, Venture capital investments	99.0
	Samsung Venture Capital Union #29	Technology business, Venture capital investments	99.0
	Samsung Venture Capital Union #32	Technology business, Venture capital investments	99.0
	Samsung Venture Capital Union #33	Technology business, Venture capital investments	99.0
	Samsung Venture Capital Union #37	Technology business, Venture capital investments	99.0
	Samsung Venture Capital Union #40	Technology business, Venture capital investments	99.0
	Samsung Venture Capital Union #42	Technology business, Venture capital investments	99.0
	Samsung Venture Capital Union #43	Technology business, Venture capital investments	99.0
	Samsung Venture Capital Union #45	Technology business, Venture capital investments	99.0
	Samsung Venture Capital Union #48	Technology business, Venture capital investments	99.0
	Samsung Venture Capital Union #52	Technology business, Venture capital investments	99.0
	Samsung Venture Capital Union #55	Technology business, Venture capital investments	99.0
	Samsung Venture Capital Union #56	Technology business, Venture capital investments	99.0
	Growth type private equity trust specialized in semiconductors	Investment on semiconductor industry	66.7
	System LSI mutual benefit private equity trust	Investment on semiconductor industry	62.5

¹ Ownership represents the Company's ownership of the voting rights in each entity, including subsidiaries' ownerships.

(B) Sale and purchase transactions

Sale and purchase transactions with related parties for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

		December 31, 2021					
(In millions of Korean won)	Name of company ¹	Sales and other	Disposal of non-current assets	Purchases and other	Purchase of non-current assets		
	Samsung Display Co., Ltd.	234,883	2,475	916,709	-		
	Samsung Electronics America, Inc. (SEA)	32,860,328	-	165,629	-		
	Samsung (China) Semiconductor Co., Ltd. (SCS)	167,937	190,056	7,340,085	9,857		
	Samsung Electronics Vietnam THAINGUYEN Co., Ltd. (SEVT)	9,380,604	686	21,146,962	1,111		
	Harman and its subsidiaries ²	65	-	48,387	-		
	Samsung Electronics Vietnam Co., Ltd. (SEV)	6,652,988	1,716	15,387,219	317		
	Samsung (CHINA) Investment Co., Ltd. (SCIC)	1,525,639	-	9,019	-		
	Samsung Semiconductor, Inc. (SSI)	31,894,007	-	409,852	-		
	Samsung Asia Pte. Ltd. (SAPL)	18	-	22,855	-		
	Samsung Austin Semiconductor LLC. (SAS)	598	1,183	3,703,472	7,511		
	Samsung India Electronics Private Ltd. (SIEL)	4,327,075	2,609	3,373,962	-		
	Shanghai Samsung Semiconductor Co., Ltd. (SSS)	25,683,936	-	3,885	-		
Subsidiaries	Samsung Display Vietnam Co., Ltd. (SDV)	1,314,121	-	-	-		
Bubblelaries	Samsung Eletronica da Amazonia Ltda. (SEDA)	3,151,503	403	8,600	-		
	Samsung Electronics (UK) Ltd. (SEUK)	1,535,053	-	91,821	1		
	Samsung International, Inc. (SII)	417,680	-	7,721,915	-		
	Thai Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. (TSE)	1,459,938	-	2,489,534	-		
	Samsung Electronics HCMC CE Complex Co., Ltd. (SEHC)	652,277	3,222	5,183,912	900		
	Samsung Electronics Taiwan Co., Ltd. (SET)	4,853,191	-	674	-		
	Samsung Electronics Hungarian Private Co. Ltd. (SEH)	547,190	-	547	-		
	Samsung Electronics Europe Logistics B.V. (SELS)	4,294,662	-	11,007	-		
	Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V. (SEBN)	365,818	-	2,695	-		
	Samsung Electronics GmbH (SEG)	3,332,793	-	7,646	-		
	Samsung Display Dongguan Co., Ltd. (SDD)	288,980	-	-	-		
	Other	53,602,392	10,982	15,648,603	3,784		
	Total	188,543,676	213,332	83,694,990	23,481		
	Samsung SDS Co.,Ltd	141,014	-	1,542,039	530,412		
	Samsung Electro-Mechanics Co., Ltd	45,303	-	975,086	-		
Associates and	Samsung SDI Co., Ltd	49,995	269	360,350	30,627		
joint ventures	Cheil Worldwide Inc	26,794	-	720,533	16		
	Other	595,551	68	773,381	8,011		
	Total	858,657	337	4,371,389	569,066		
	Samsung C&T Co., Ltd	66,745	-	78,054	3,902,417		
Other related parties	Other	303,093	-	564,706	92,577		
parties	Total	369,838	-	642,760	3,994,994		
	Samsung Engineering Co., Ltd	598	-	38,556	2,106,166		
Oth3	S-1	7,132	-	401,224	27,744		
Other ³	Other	106,714	2,371	200,387	38,531		
	Total	114,444	2,371	640,167	2,172,441		

¹ Transactions with separate entities that are related parties of the Company.

² Transactions with the intermediate parent company, including Harman International Industries, Inc. and its subsidiaries.

³ Although these entities are not related parties of the Company in accordance with *Korean IFRS 1024*, they belong to the same large enterprise group according to the Monopoly Regulation and Fair Trade Act.

		2020					
(In millions of Korean won)	Name of company ¹	Sales and other	Disposal of non-current assets	Purchases and other	Purchase of non-current assets		
	Samsung Display	196,823	-	1,016,635	99		
	Samsung Electronics America. (SEA)	26,957,506	-	169,209	-		
	Samsung Electronics Vietnam THAINGUYEN (SEVT)	5,604,586	160	17,562,566	1,666		
	Samsung (CHINA) Investment (SCIC)	1,258,362	-	16,121	-		
	Harman and its subsidiaries ²	82	-	96,868	-		
	Samsung (China) Semiconductor (SCS)	151,476	266,135	5,321,169	6,447		
	Samsung Electronics Vietnam. (SEV)	3,996,320	2,650	13,734,647	1,355		
	Samsung Semiconductor, Inc. (SSI)	20,816,043	-	433,784	330		
	Samsung Asia Pte. Ltd. (SAPL)	1,623,597	-	30,383	-		
	Shanghai Samsung Semiconductor (SSS)	19,538,264	-	205,749	-		
	Samsung Display Vietnam (SDV)	1,155,048	-	-	-		
	Samsung Austin Semiconductor (SAS)	768	62,423	3,913,100	1,863		
~	Samsung Eletronica da Amazonia (SEDA)	1,043,819	243	5,089	-		
Subsidiaries	Samsung India Electronics (SIEL)	3,839,831	-	2,613,913	-		
	Thai Samsung Electronics (TSE)	1,234,284	-	2,002,528	-		
	Samsung Electronics (UK) (SEUK)	888,317	-	105,904	-		
	Samsung Electronics GmbH (SEG)	3,560,864	-	8,158	-		
	Samsung Electronics HCMC CE Complex (SEHC)	709,713	-	5,249,002	31		
	Samsung Electronics Hungarian (SEH)	884,255	-	1,849	-		
	Samsung Electronics Benelux (SEBN)	200,787	-	2,611	-		
	Samsung Display Dongguan (SDD)	79,708	-	-	-		
	Samsung Electronics Europe Logistics (SELS)	4,047,574	-	8,728	-		
	Samsung Electronics France (SEF)	2,034,589	-	4,367	-		
	Samsung Japan Corporation (SJC)	2,526,771	-	7,163	-		
	Other	42,074,984	13,361	19,651,006	14,732		
	Total	144,424,371	344,972	72,160,549	26,523		
	Samsung SDS	106,676	77	1,566,150	426,799		
	Samsung Electro-Mechanics	36,562	-	1,072,949	-		
Associates	Samsung SDI	54,356	272	314,277	69,619		
and oint ventures	Cheil Worldwide	26,244	-	620,199	-		
joint ventures	Other	541,318	30	696,055	4,360		
	Total	765,156	379	4,269,630	500,778		
04 171	Samsung C&T	87,844	-	151,612	3,491,244		
Other related parties	Other	264,426	-	535,448	84,663		
	Total	352,270	-	687,060	3,575,907		
	Samsung Engineering	3,906	-	43,472	1,614,571		
Oth an ³	S-1	10,933	-	374,209	33,340		
Other ³	Other	79,524		202,874	799		
	Total	94,363	-	620,555	1,648,710		

¹ Transactions with separate entities that are related parties of the Company.

² Transactions with the intermediate parent company, including Harman International Industries, Inc. and its subsidiaries.

³ Although these entities are not related parties of the Company in accordance with *Korean IFRS 1024*, they belong to the same large enterprise group according to the Monopoly Regulation and Fair Trade Act.

(C) Balances of receivables and payables

Balances of receivables and payables arising from the sales and purchases of goods and services as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(In millions of		December 31, 2021			
In millions of Korean won)	Name of company ¹	Receivables and other ²	Payables and other ³		
	Samsung Display Co., Ltd.	23,791	119,401		
	Samsung Electronics America, Inc. (SEA)	4,708,011	143,310		
	Samsung (China) Semiconductor Co., Ltd. (SCS)	59,110	726,945		
	Samsung Electronics Vietnam THAINGUYEN Co., Ltd. (SEVT)	734,283	4,049,400		
	Harman and its subsidiaries ⁴	-	7,541		
	Samsung Electronics Vietnam Co., Ltd. (SEV)	414,781	2,301,949		
	Samsung (CHINA) Investment Co., Ltd. (SCIC)	138,307	77,540		
	Samsung Electronics Europe Holding Cooperatief U.A. (SEEH)	316	-		
	Samsung Semiconductor, Inc. (SSI)	7,320,890	123,555		
	Samsung Asia Pte. Ltd. (SAPL)	1,736	2,164		
	Samsung Austin Semiconductor LLC. (SAS)	4,645	277,682		
	Samsung India Electronics Private Ltd. (SIEL)	1,099,927	463,652		
	Shanghai Samsung Semiconductor Co., Ltd. (SSS)	4,337,520	217		
Subsidiaries	Samsung Display Vietnam Co., Ltd. (SDV)	161,441	-		
	Samsung Eletronica da Amazonia Ltda. (SEDA)	258,490	1,040		
	Samsung Electronics (UK) Ltd. (SEUK)	201,717	19,595		
	Samsung International, Inc. (SII)	32,564	259,847		
	Thai Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. (TSE)	132,508	334,943		
	Samsung Electronics HCMC CE Complex Co., Ltd. (SEHC)	167,225	430,960		
	Samsung Electronics Taiwan Co., Ltd. (SET)	372,716	32,145		
	Samsung Electronics Hungarian Private Co. Ltd. (SEH)	58,694	99		
	Samsung Electronics Europe Logistics B.V. (SELS)	629,882	1,715		
	Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V. (SEBN)	45,171	3,351		
	Samsung Electronics GmbH (SEG)	223,603	2,272		
	Samsung Display Dongguan Co., Ltd. (SDD)	18,025	-		
	Other	9,220,424	2,284,643		
	Total	30,365,777	11,663,966		
	Samsung SDS Co., Ltd	64,364	574,443		
	Samsung Electro-Mechanics Co., Ltd	2,415	108,103		
Associates and	Samsung SDI Co., Ltd	113,845	54,076		
joint ventures	Cheil Worldwide Inc.	59	421,901		
	Other	192,550	166,311		
	Total	373,233	1,324,834		
	Samsung C&T Corporation	195,355	1,640,615		
Other related	Other	15,839	125,470		
parties	Total	211,194	1,766,085		
	Samsung Engineering Co., Ltd	289	1,099,881		
04 5	S-1 Corporation	2,058	29,620		
Other ⁵	Other	4,286	56,476		
	Total	6,633	1,185,977		

¹ Transactions with separate entities that are related parties of the Company.

² The Company has not recognized bad debt allowance in relation to the receivables due from subsidiaries as of December 31, 2021.

³ Payables and others include lease liabilities.

⁴ Transactions with the intermediate parent company, including Harman International Industries, Inc. and its subsidiaries.

⁵ Although these entities are not related parties of the Company in accordance with Korean IFRS 1024, they belong to the same large enterprise group according to the Monopoly Regulation and Fair Trade Act.

(In millions of

December 31, 2020

Korean won)	Name of Company ¹	Receivables and other ²	Payables and other ³
	Samsung Display	8,791	110,590
	Samsung Electronics America (SEA)	4,386,729	109,808
	Samsung Electronics Vietnam THAINGUYEN (SEVT)	573,990	1,475,012
	Samsung (CHINA) Investment (SCIC)	114,209	63,24
	Harman and its subsidiaries ⁴		11,64
	Samsung (China) Semiconductor (SCS)	58,124	503,142
	Samsung Electronics Vietnam (SEV)	479,330	1,642,27
	Samsung Electronics Europe Holding (SEEH)	348	
	Samsung Semiconductor, Inc. (SSI)	3,904,314	119,56
	Samsung Asia Pte. Ltd. (SAPL)	92,692	38,43
	Shanghai Samsung Semiconductor (SSS)	3,310,319	20
	Samsung Display Vietnam (SDV)	118,106	
	Samsung Austin Semiconductor (SAS)	6,634	297,16
Subsidiaries	Samsung Eletronica da Amazonia (SEDA)	368,591	93
	Samsung India Electronics (SIEL)	825,400	283,09
	Thai Samsung Electronics (TSE)	76,754	219,58
	Samsung Electronics (UK) (SEUK)	250,169	27,98
	Samsung Electronics GmbH (SEG)	674,888	1,99
	Samsung Electronics HCMC CE Complex (SEHC)	127,677	502,97
	Samsung Electronics Hungarian (SEH)	83,227	22
	Samsung Electronics Benelux (SEBN)	114,569	3,36
	Samsung Display Dongguan (SDD)	14,237	
	Samsung Electronics Europe Logistics (SELS)	939,206	1,65
	Samsung Electronics France (SEF)	313,893	34
	Samsung Japan Corporation (SJC)	227,020	57,76
	Other	6,543,308	2,253,73
	Total	23,612,525	7,724,74
	Samsung SDS	36,752	493,34
	Samsung Electro-Mechanics	310	71,04
Associates and	Samsung SDI	107,201	58,274
joint ventures	Cheil Worldwide	76	393,34
	Other	103,652	161,68
	Total	247,991	1,177,69
	Samsung C&T	212,894	2,300,74
Other related	Other	16,065	111,42
parties	Total	228,959	2,412,16
	Samsung Engineering	441	523,14
Other ⁵	S-1	1,619	32,16
Other ³	Other	3,133	20,69
	Total	5,193	576,002

¹ Transactions with separate entities that are related parties of the Company.

 2 The Company has not recognized any bad debt allowance in relation to the receivables due from subsidiaries as of December 31, 2020.

³ Payables and others include lease liabilities.

⁴ Transactions with the intermediate parent company, including Harman International Industries, Inc. and its subsidiaries.

⁵ Although these entities are not related parties of the Company in accordance with Korean IFRS 1024, they belong to the same large enterprise group according to the Monopoly Regulation and Fair Trade Act.

- (D) For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company invested ¥ 138,858 million and ¥ 163,456 million, respectively, in subsidiaries, and received ¥592,520 million and ¥ 22,057 million in return of investments for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. In addition, there were no additional investments in associates and joint ventures or return of those investments for the years ended December 31.
- (E) For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company declared dividend of ₩ 3,527,449 million and ₩ 1,659,962 million, respectively, to the related parties. In addition, for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company declared ₩ 267,738 million and ₩ 125,744 of dividends to the entities that are not related parties of the Company in accordance with *Korean IFRS 1024*, but belong to the same conglomerate according to the Monopoly Regulation and Fair Trade Act. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, no dividends declared remains unpaid.
- (F) For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, assets leased from related parties amounted to ₩ 63,887 million and ₩ 289 million, respectively, and lease payments made to the related parties amounted to ₩ 51,703 million and ₩ 67,002 million, respectively.
- (G) As of December 31, 2021, the Company provides guarantees in relation to borrowings of the related parties (refer to Note 16).

(H) Key management compensation

The compensation paid or payable to key management (executive directors) for their services for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 consists of:

(In millions of Korean won)	2021	2020
Short-term employee benefits	20,370	13,333
Post-employment benefits	886	987
Other long-term employee benefits	8,092	7,287

6. Dividends

We continue to work to enhance shareholder value alongside our efforts to strengthen competitiveness of our products and businesses. We utilized 50% of the free cash flow as the shareholder return pool for 2018 to 2020 as part of our shareholder return policy for 2018 to 2020 and paid annual, regular dividends of KRW 9.6 trillion. A special cash dividend of KRW 10.7 trillion was paid out at the same time as the 2020 end-year, regular dividend. The shareholder return policy for 2021 to 2023 was announced in January 2021. For this term, we kept the shareholder return pool at 50% of the free cash flow, but increased the annual, regular dividend to KRW 9.8 trillion. Any remaining portion of the 50% of the free cash flow will be paid out to shareholders.

Dividends paid in the three most recent fiscal years are as follows:

[Key dividend indices]

Classification	I	2021	2020	2019
Par value per share	(KRW)	100	100	100
Consolidated net profit ¹⁾	(KRW mil)	39,243,791	26,090,846	21,505,054
Separate net profit (K	RW mil)	30,970,954	15,615,018	15,353,323
EPS ²⁾ (KRW)		5,777	3,841	3,166
Total cash dividend (K	RW mil)	9,809,438	20,338,075	9,619,243
Total stock dividend (K	Total stock dividend (KRW mil)		-	-
Dividend payout rat	io (%)	25.0	78.0	44.7
Cook dividend vield (0()	Common	1.8	4.0	2.6
Cash dividend yield (%)	Preferred	2.0	4.2	3.1
	Common	-	-	-
Stock dividend yield (%)	Preferred	-	-	-
	Common	1,444	2,994	1,416
Cash dividend per share (KRW)	Preferred	1,445	2,995	1,417
Otech dividend non-share (stars)	Common	-	-	-
Stock dividend per share (share)	Preferred	-	-	-

Dividends were KRW 2,452,154 million or KRW 361 per share in the first three quarters of 2021, and KRW 2,404,605 million or KRW 354 per share in each of the first three quarters of 2019 and 2020. For further information relating to total cash dividend, see retained earnings in $\["3. Note to Consolidated Financial Statements" in "III. Financial Affairs" .$

1) Equity attributable to owners of the parent.

2) Basic earnings per common share on a consolidated basis. For further information relating to the calculation of basic EPS,

see Earnings Per Share in "3. Note to Consolidated Financial Statements, in "III. Financial Affairs, .

History of dividend payouts is as follows:

Number of continuou	us dividend payments	Average div	idend yield
Quarterly/biannual dividends	End-year dividends	Past 3 years	Past 5 years
33	33 41		2.7%

The number of continuous dividend payments includes the quarterly dividend for the quarter and the end-year dividend for the recent business year. Continuous payment of the end-year dividend started in 1981, biannual dividend in 1999, and quarterly dividend in 2017.

The average dividend yield is based on common shares. The average dividend yield of preferred shares for the past 3 years and past 5 years are 3.1% and 3.2% respectively.

The "past 3 years" refers to the period from 2019 to 2021, and the "past 5 years" refers to the period from 2017 to 2021. For the dividend yield of 2021, please refer to the table of key dividends above (common shares at 1.8%, preferred shares at 2.0%).

7. Matters about financing through the issuance of securities

7-1 Financing through the issuance of securities

[Issuance of equity securities]

N/A

[Issuance of debt securities]

A. List of issued debt securities

(As of December 31, 2021)

(KRW mil, %)

Issuing company	Type of securities	Issuance method	Date of Issuance	Total nominal amount	Interest rate	Rating (rating institution)	Maturity date	Payment status	Management company
Samsung Electronics	Corporate bonds	Public offering	Oct 2,1997	118,550	7.7	Aa3(Moody's), AA-(S&P)	Oct 1, 2027	Partial redemption	Goldman Sachs et al.
Harman International Industries, Inc	Corporate bonds	Public offering	May 11, 2015	474,200	4.2	Baa1 (Moody's), A- (S&P)	May 15, 2025	Unredeemed	J.P.Morgan et al.
Harman Finance International, SCA	Corporate bonds	Public offering	May 27, 2015	469,819	2.0	Baa1 (Moody's), A- (S&P)	May 27, 2022	Unredeemed	HSBC et al.
Dowinsys Co., Ltd	Corporate bonds	Private placement	Feb 28, 2020	23,000	0.5	-	Feb 28, 2025	Unredeemed	-
SEMES	Commercial paper	Private placement	Jan 13, 2021	70,000	1.2	A1	Apr 13, 2021	Redeemed	-
SEMES	Commercial paper	Private placement	Jan 20, 2021	15,000	1.3	A1	Apr 20, 2021	Redeemed	-
SEMES	Commercial paper	Private placement	Jan 28, 2021	115,000	1.3	A1	Apr 28, 2021	Redeemed	-
SEMES	Commercial paper	Private placement	Feb 16, 2021	120,000	1.2	A1	May 17, 2021	Redeemed	-
SEMES	Commercial paper	Private placement	Apr 20, 2021	30,000	1.2	A1	Jul 19, 2021	Redeemed	-
SEMES	Commercial paper	Private placement	Apr 28, 2021	170,000	1.2	A1	Jul 27, 2021	Redeemed	-
SEMES	Commercial paper	Private placement	May 17, 2021	120,000	1.2	A1	Aug 17, 2021	Redeemed	-
Total	-	-	-	1,725,569	-	-	-	-	-

* The exchange rate as of the reporting date has been applied.

* The rating institutions of Commercial paper are NICE Investors Service and Korea Ratings Corporation.

B. Commercial Paper Balance

Not Applicable

(Reporting Date: December 31, 2021)

Mat	urity	Under 10 days	Above 10 days / under 30 days	Above 30 days / under 90 days	Above 90 days / under 180 days	Above 180 days / under 1 year	Above 1 year / under 2 years	Above 2 years / under 3 years	Above 3 years	Total
	Public	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance	Private	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

C. Short Term Bond Unredeemed Balance

Not Applicable

(Reporting Date: December 31, 2021)

Mat	turity	Under 10 days	Above 10 days / under 30 days	Above 30 days / under 90 days	Above 90 days / under 180 days	Above 180 days / under 1 year	Total	Issue limit	Balance limit
	Public	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance	Private	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

D. Corporate Bond Unredeemed Balance

(Reporting Date: December 31, 2021)

Matu	urity	Under 1 year	Above 1 year / under 2 years	Above 2 years / under 3 years	Above 3 years / under 4 years	Above 4 years / under 5 years	Above 5 years / under 10 years	Above 10 years	Total
	Public	475,747	5,928	5,928	480,128	5,928	5,925	-	979,584
Balance	Private	-	-	-	23,000	-	-	-	23,000
	Total	475,747	5,928	5,928	503,128	5,928	5,925	-	1,002,584

* Based on consolidated financial statements

* The exchange rate as of the reporting date has been applied.

- Corporate Bond Unredeemed Balance (Samsung Electronics)

(Reporting Date: December 31, 2021)

Above 2 years Above 3 years Above 4 years Above 1 year Above 5 years Maturity Under 1 year Above 10 years Total / under 2 years / under 3 years / under 4 years / under 5 years / under 10 years 5,928 5,928 5,928 35,565 Public 5,928 5,928 5,925 Unredeemed balance 5,928 5,928 Total 5.928 5.928 5.928 5.925 35,565

* The exchange rate as of the reporting date has been applied.

- Corporate Bond Unredeemed Balance (Harman)

(Reporting Date: December 31, 2021)

(KRW	mil)
(IIIII)

Maturi	ity	Under 1 year	Above 1 year / under 2 years	Above 2 years / under 3 years	Above 3 years / under 4 years	Above 4 years / under 5 years	Above 5 years / under 10 years	Above 10 years	Total
Unredeemed	Public	469,819	-	-	474,200	-	-	-	944,019
balance	Total	469,819	-	-	474,200	-	-	-	944,019

* The exchange rate as of the reporting date has been applied.

(KRW mil)

- Corporate Bond Unredeemed Balance (Dowinsys)

(Reporting Date: December 31, 2021)

(KRW mil)

Maturi	ty	Under 1 year	Above 1 year / under 2 years	Above 2 years / under 3 years	Above 3 years / under 4 years	Above 4 years / under 5 years	Above 5 years / under 10 years	Above 10 years	Total
Unredeemed	Private	-	-	-	23,000	-	-	-	23,000
balance	Total	-	-	-	23,000	-	-	-	23,000

* Outstanding balance of corporate bonds are intercompany balances eliminated in consolidated financial statements

E. Hybrid Bond Outstanding Balance

Not Applicable

(Reporting Date: December 31, 2021)

Maturi	ty	Under 1 year	Above 1 year / under 5 years	Above 5 years / under 10 years	Above 10 years / under 15 years	Above 15 years / under 20 years	Above 20 years / under 30 years	Above 30 years	Total
	Public	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unredeemed balance	Private	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

F. Contingent Convertible Bond Outstanding Balance

Not Applicable

(Reporting Date: December 31, 2021)

Maturi	ity	Under 1 year	Above 1 year / under 2 years	Above 2 years / under 3 years	Above 3 years / under 4 years	Above 4 years / under 5 years	Above 5 years / under 10 years	Above 10 years / under 20 years	Above 20 years / under 30 years	Above 30 years	Total
	Public	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unredeemed balance	Private	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

G. Details and Compliance of the Bond Management Contract (Samsung Electronics)

(Reporting Date : December 31, 2021)

Name of security	Date of issuance	Maturity date	Issued amount	Settlement date of bond management contract	Debenture management company
US\$ 100,000,000 7.7% debenture	Oct 2, 1997	Oct 1, 2027	118,550	Oct 2, 1997	The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A.

(Reporting Date: December 31, 2021)

Financial ration	Contract details	Not applicable
Financial ratios	Implementation status	Not applicable
Constraint on collateral	Contract details	Less than 10% of net tangible assets
Constraint on conateral	Implementation status	Compliant (there is no collateral for the relevant assets)
Constraint on disposal of assets	Contract details	Certain requirements, such as transfer of obligations on the bond, must be satisfied to dispose all or most of an asset
	Implementation status	Compliant (disposed assets accounted for 0.3% of the total assets during 2021)
Constraint on anyorrange	Contract Details	Not applicable
Constraint on governance	Implementation status	Not applicable
Submission of implementation report Implementation status		Not applicable

* The exchange rate as of the base date has been applied.

* The date of the bond management contract was signed on the same day as the Fiscal Agency Agreement; accordingly, the Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. is under the authority of the Fiscal Agent.

* The net tangible assets subjected to the limitation of collaterals are production facilities and stocks owned by the Company.

* The reporting date is the date when most recent financial statements were prepared, which are used to determine the status of implementation.

* The constraint on governance is as of the reporting date.

7-2 Use of funds financed through the issuance of securities

Not applicable

8. Other financial information

A. Restatement of financial statements and other matters to note

- (1) Restatement of financial statements: Not Applicable
- (2) Acquisition, divestment, asset sales, and sale of business

The major acquisition, divestment and transfer of business during past three years are as follows.

[Sale of SSL, SSM]

On August 28, 2020, Samsung Display Co., Ltd., the Company's subsidiary, decided to sell its 100% ownership in Samsung Suzhou Module Co., Ltd. ("SSM") and 60% ownership in Samsung Suzhou LCD Co., Ltd. ("SSL") to TCL China Star Optoelectronics Technologies Co. Ltd. ("CSOT"). The sales were completed on April 1, 2021.

For information about the effect of the sales to the financial statements, please refer to Note 28 "Assets held-for-sale (Disposal group)" in "3.Notes to the consolidated financial statements".

[PLP Business]

- Details of acquisition

In accordance with the resolution of the Board of Directors on April 30, 2019, the Company acquired PLP business from Samsung Electro-Mechanics Co., Ltd.(location: South Korea; CEO: Kyehyun Kyung) at a price of KRW 785,000 million on June 1, 2019 to strengthen its semiconductor competitiveness through securing next-generation packaging technology.

- Details of the above statement can be found in the "Business Acquisition from Related Parties", published in DART (<u>http://dart.fss.or.kr/</u>) on April 30, 2019.

(KRW 10	10 mm
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		Fore	cast	Actual				
	Account	det Veer	Jund Voor	1st `	Year	2nd Year		
		1st Year 2nd Year		Actual	Difference	Actual	Difference	
	Sales	101	219	-	-	-	-	
PLP Business	Operating Income	-1,273	-2,155	-1,095	14%	-44	98%	
	Net Income	-1,273	-2,155	-1,095	14%	-2,146	0%	

* No third-party sales is recognized from PLP business as its products are internally transferred within the Company's manufacturing process.

- Actual operating income and net income for first year of acquisition (seven month period ended December 31, 2019) differs by 14% from the forecast due to several factors such as reduction in wages.
- * Actual operating income for the second year (the year ended December 31, 2020) of acquisition differs by 98% from the forecast due to several factors such as reduction in wages.

[Corephotonics Ltd.]

- Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V. (SEBN), the Company's subsidiary, acquired 83.9% of the equity shares of Corephotonics Ltd.(location: Tel Aviv, Israel; CEO: David Mendlovic) on January 28, 2019 and additional 8.5% on March 4, 2019 to secure CIS optical technology and talent.

(3) Information on the accounting treatment of the sales of assets related to asset backed securities and contingent liabilities

Accounting Treatment of the sale of assets related to asset backed securities:

- Not applicable

Litigation

The Company is involved in various claims, disputes, and investigations conducted by regulatory bodies, which arose during the normal course of business with numerous entities. Although the outflow of resources and timing of these matters are uncertain, as of the reporting date, the Company believes the outcome will not have a material impact on the financial position of the Company.

Debt guarantee

- Domestic: Not applicable

- Overseas:

(USD thousand)

Company Networksport Creation Expiry of print of data Increase of print of data Decrease of print of data <thdecrease data<="" of="" print="" th=""> Decrease o</thdecrease>				Guarantee		Transa	actions		Limit of
SEM Subsidiary BBV Act. 16-Dec.22 .<	Company	Relationship	Creditor	date		Increase	Decrease		
SAMCOL Subsidiary Cribank etc. 16-Dec-22 117,109 - 117,109 - 310,000 SEDA Subsidiary Cribank etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 6409,000 SECH Subsidiary Cribank etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 62,000 SERA Subsidiary SC8 etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 1610,000 SETK Subsidiary SC6 etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 1610,000 SETK-P Subsidiary BNP etc. 16-Dec-22 - 33,334 133,334 133,334 133,334 133,334 130,000 SECE Subsidiary MSub 16-Dec-22 - - - 77,22 - - - 73,722 SEEG Subsidiary Mizuho Bank etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 70,000 SC Subsidiary Mizuho Bank etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 712,000<	SEA	Subsidiary		16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	1,328,000
Stbaidary BRADESCO etc. 16-Dec-22 . SUbsidiary	SEM	Subsidiary	BBVA etc.	16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	906,000
SECH Subsidiary Colbank etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 150000 SER Subsidiary SocGan etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 150000 SEMAG Subsidiary SocGan etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - - 110000 SETK Subsidiary BNP etc. 16-Dec-22 169.280 - - - - 170.000 SETK-P Subsidiary Chlank etc. 16-Dec-22 - 33.34 - 33.334 130.000 SECE Subsidiary Chlank etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 77.720 SECA Subsidiary MSub Bank etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 77.000 SIC Subsidiary Credit Agricole etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 17.000 SEDAM Subsidiary Credit Agricole etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 172.000 SELA Subsidiary SOCG	SAMCOL	Subsidiary	Citibank etc.	16-Dec-22	117,109	-	-117,109	-	310,000
SEPR Subsidiary BVA etc. 16-Dec-22 .	SEDA	Subsidiary		16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	409,000
SSA Subsidiary SCB etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 318.000 SEMAG Subsidiary BWP etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 110.000 SETK Subsidiary BWP etc. 16-Dec-22 - 33.334 - 33.334 130.000 SETK-P Subsidiary BMP etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 73.722 SEEG Subsidiary Kithon ketc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 70.000 SEIN Subsidiary Cation ketc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 70.000 SEDA Subsidiary Credit Agricole etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 141.000 SEDA Subsidiary Credit Agricole etc. 16-Dec-22 - - 141.000 SELA Subsidiary Cation ketc. 16-Dec-22 - - 172.400 SELA Subsidiary Cation ketc. 16-Dec-22 - - 170.000		Subsidiary	Citibank etc.	16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	62,000
SEMAG Subsidiary SocGen etc. 16-Dec-22 10-200 - - 110.000 SETK Subsidiary BNP etc. 16-Dec-22 109.280 - -67.005 102.275 807.000 SETK-P Subsidiary DNP etc. 16-Dec-22 - 33.34 - 33.34 130.000 SECE Subsidiary DNP etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 73.722 SEEG Subsidiary BNP etc. 06-Nov-22 - - - 70.000 SLC Subsidiary Mizuho Bank etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 150.000 SELO Subsidiary Critbank etc. 16-Dec-22 - - 120.000 SELA Subsidiary Critbank etc. 16-Dec-22 - - 120.000 SELH Subsidiary Critbank 16-Dec-22 - - 120.000 SEL Subsidiary Critbank 16-Dec-22 - - 120.000	SEPR	Subsidiary	BBVA etc.	16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	150,000
SETK Subsidiary BNP etc. 16-Dec.22 169280 - -67.005 102.275 807.000 SETK-P Subsidiary BNP etc. 16-Dec.22 - - - 33.334 - 33.334 130.000 SECE Subsidiary BNP etc. 16-Dec.22 - - - - 850.000 SEIN Subsidiary HSBC 13.JU.72 - - - 850.000 SLD Subsidiary Mizuho Bank etc. 16-Dec.22 - - - 140.000 SEDA Subsidiary Citibank etc. 16-Dec.22 - - - 140.000 SEDA Subsidiary Citibank etc. 16-Dec.22 - - - 170.000 SELA Subsidiary BNB etc. 16-Dec.22 - - - 70.000 SELA Subsidiary Subsidiary SUbsidiary 16-Dec.22 - - - 712.400 SELV	SSA	Subsidiary		16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	318,000
SETK.P Subsidiary BNP etc. 16-Dec.22 33.334 33.334 130.000 SECE Subsidiary Citibank etc. 16-Dec.22 - - - 73.722 SEEG Subsidiary BSPC 13.Jun-22 - - - - 73.722 SEIN Subsidiary DRP etc. 08-Nov.22 - - - 70.000 SUC Subsidiary Credit Agricole etc. 16-Dec.22 - - - 1610.000 SECA Subsidiary Credit Agricole etc. 16-Dec.22 - - - 120,000 SECA Subsidiary Credit Agricole etc. 16-Dec.22 - - - 120,000 SECA Subsidiary Citibank 16-Dec.22 - - - 120,000 SERK Subsidiary Citibank 16-Dec.22 - - - 120,000 SEL Subsidiary Citibank 16-Dec.22 - - <	SEMAG	Subsidiary	SocGen etc.	16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	
SECE Subsidiary Citibank etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 73,722 SEEG Subsidiary HSBC 13-Jun-22 - - - 86,000 SU Subsidiary MRuho Bank etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 877,579 SELO Subsidiary Credit Agricole etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 161,000 SEDAM Subsidiary Credit Agricole etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 141,000 SECA Subsidiary Citibank etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 120,000 SEEH Subsidiary SOCGEN etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 120,000 SELV Subsidiary SOCGEN etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 10,000 SEL Subsidiary Citibank 16-Dec-22 - - - 335,000 SEL Subsidiary SOCGEN etc. 16-Dec-22 - - -	SETK	Subsidiary		16-Dec-22	169,280	-	-67,005	102,275	807,000
SEEG Subsidiary HSBC 13-un-22 - - - 85.000 SEIN Subsidiary MRP etc. 08-Nov-22 - - - 70,000 SIC Subsidiary Credit Agricole etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 877,579 SEUC Subsidiary Credit Agricole etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 141,000 SECA Subsidiary Citibank etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 141,000 SELA Subsidiary Citibank 16-Dec-22 - - - 120,000 SERK Subsidiary Citibank 16-Dec-22 - - - 120,000 SELV Subsidiary Citibank 16-Dec-22 - - - 10,947 15,600 SAPL Subsidiary SOCB 28-Feb-21 - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	SETK-P	Subsidiary	BNP etc.	16-Dec-22	-	33,334	-	33,334	130,000
SEIN Subsidiary BNP etc. 08-Nov-22 - - - - 70.000 SLC Subsidiary Mizuho Bank etc. 16-Dec.22 - - - - 877,579 SEUC Subsidiary Citibank etc. 16-Dec.22 - - - 141,000 SECA Subsidiary BoA 08-Nov-22 - - - 70,000 SELA Subsidiary BoA 08-Nov-22 - - - 70,000 SELA Subsidiary Citibank etc. 16-Dec.22 - - - 70,000 SELH Subsidiary Citibank 16-Dec.22 - - - 280,000 SELV Subsidiary Citibank 16-Dec.22 - - - 10,000 SEL Subsidiary Citibank 16-Dec.22 - 10,947 10,947 15.600 SAPL Subsidiary SCB 28-Feb-21 - - - </td <td>SECE</td> <td>Subsidiary</td> <td>Citibank etc.</td> <td>16-Dec-22</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>73,722</td>	SECE	Subsidiary	Citibank etc.	16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	73,722
SJC Subsidiary Mizuho Bank etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 877,579 SEUC Subsidiary Credit Agricole etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 150,000 SEDAM Subsidiary Credit Agricole etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 141,000 SECA Subsidiary Cibbank etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 70,000 SELA Subsidiary Cibbank etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 712,000 SERK Subsidiary Cibbank 16-Dec-22 - - - 290,000 SELV Subsidiary Cibbank 16-Dec-22 - 10,947 10,947 15,000 SAPL Subsidiary BOA etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 345,000 SEV Subsidiary SCB 28-Feb-21 - - - 51,000 SAVINA Subsidiary SCB 08-Feb-21 - - -	SEEG	Subsidiary		13-Jun-22	-	-	-	-	85,000
SEUC Subsidiary Credit Agricole etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 150,000 SEDAM Subsidiary Citibank etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - - 141,000 SECA Subsidiary BoA 08-Nov-22 - - - 70,000 SELA Subsidiary Citibank 16-Dec-22 - - - 720,000 SERK Subsidiary SOCGEN etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 290,000 SELV Subsidiary SOCGEN etc. 16-Dec-22 - - 10,000 SELV Subsidiary SOCGEN etc. 16-Dec-22 - 10,947 15,000 SAPL Subsidiary SCB 28-Feb-21 - - - 36,000 SEV Subsidiary SCB 28-Feb-21 - - - - - SAVINA Subsidiary SCB 28-Feb-21 - - - - - <td>SEIN</td> <td>Subsidiary</td> <td>BNP etc.</td> <td>08-Nov-22</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>70,000</td>	SEIN	Subsidiary	BNP etc.	08-Nov-22	-	-	-	-	70,000
SEDAM Subsidiary Citibank etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 141,000 SECA Subsidiary BoA 08-Nov-22 - - - 70,000 SELA Subsidiary Citibank 16-Dec-22 - - - 712,400 SERK Subsidiary SOCCEN etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 290,000 SELV Subsidiary Citibank 16-Dec-22 - - - 10,000 SELV Subsidiary Citibank 16-Dec-22 - - - 10,007 SAPL Subsidiary Stobiliary BCA etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 345,000 SEV Subsidiary SCB 28-Feb-21 - - - 51,000 SET Subsidiary SCB 28-Feb-21 - - - 110,000 SME Subsidiary SCB 08-Nov-22 - - - 30,000 <	SJC	Subsidiary	Mizuho Bank etc.	16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	877,579
SECA Subsidiary BoA 08-Nov-22 70,000 SELA Subsidiary Citbank 16-Dec-22 120,000 SERH Subsidiary SOCGEN etc. 16-Dec-22	SEUC	Subsidiary	Credit Agricole etc.	16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	150,000
SELA Subsidiary Citibank 16-Dec-22 - - - 120,000 SEFH Subsidiary HSC etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 290,000 SERK Subsidiary Citbank 16-Dec-22 - - - 10,947 10,000 SELV Subsidiary Citbank 16-Dec-22 - - - 10,947 15,600 SAPL Subsidiary BOA etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - - 345,000 SEV Subsidiary SCB 28-Feb-21 - - - 51,000 SET Subsidiary SCB 28-Feb-21 -	SEDAM	Subsidiary	Citibank etc.	16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	141,000
SEEH Subsidiary HSBC etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 712,400 SERK Subsidiary SOCGEN etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 290,000 SELV Subsidiary Citibank 16-Dec-22 - - - 10,000 SAPL Subsidiary Citibank 16-Dec-22 - 10.947 110,947 115,600 SAPL Subsidiary SCB 28-Feb-21 - - - 345,000 SEV Subsidiary SCB 28-Feb-21 - - - 51,000 SET Subsidiary SCB 28-Feb-21 - - - 300,000 SME Subsidiary SCB 08-Nov-22 - - - 51,000 SAMEX Subsidiary Citbank 16-Dec-22 - - - 300,000 SEASA Subsidiary Citbank 16-Dec-22 - - 5,0000 SAP	SECA	Subsidiary	BoA	08-Nov-22	-	-	-	-	70,000
SERK Subsidiary SOCGEN etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 290,000 SELV Subsidiary Citibank 16-Dec-22 - - - 10,907 SEIL Subsidiary BCM etc. 16-Dec-22 - 10,947 15,600 SAPL Subsidiary BCA etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 345,000 SEV Subsidiary SCB 28-Feb-21 - - - 51,000 SET Subsidiary SCB 28-Feb-21 - - - 300,000 SME Subsidiary SCB 08-Nov-22 - - - 110,000 SAMEX Subsidiary SCB 08-Nov-22 - - - 300,000 SAMEX Subsidiary SCB 08-Nov-22 - - - 10,000 SAMEX Subsidiary SCB 08-Nov-22 - - 4 30,000 SEAA Subsidi	SELA	Subsidiary	Citibank	16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	120,000
SELV Subsidiary Citibank 16-Dec-22 - - - 10,000 SEIL Subsidiary Citibank 16-Dec-22 - 10,947 15,600 SAPL Subsidiary BOA etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 345,000 SEV Subsidiary SCB 28-Feb-21 - - - 51,000 SET Subsidiary SCB 28-Feb-21 - - - 300,000 SET Subsidiary SCB 08-Nov-22 - - - 300,000 SMEX Subsidiary SCB 08-Nov-22 - - - 110,000 SAMEX Subsidiary SCB 08-Nov-22 - - - 300,000 SAMEX Subsidiary SCB 08-Nov-22 - - - 50,000 SEASA Subsidiary HSBC 13-Jun-22 - - - 35,000 SESAR Subsidiary <td>SEEH</td> <td>Subsidiary</td> <td>HSBC etc.</td> <td>16-Dec-22</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>712,400</td>	SEEH	Subsidiary	HSBC etc.	16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	712,400
SEIL Subsidiary Citibank 16-Dec-22 - 10,947 - 10,947 15,600 SAPL Subsidiary BOA etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 345,000 SEV Subsidiary SCB 28-Feb-21 - - - 345,000 SAVINA Subsidiary SCB 28-Feb-21 - - - - 51,000 SET Subsidiary SCB 28-Feb-21 - - - - 300,000 SME Subsidiary SCB 08-Nov-22 - - - - 110,000 SAMEX Subsidiary Citibank 16-Dec-22 - - - 2,000 SEAA Subsidiary Citibank 16-Dec-22 - - - 35,000 SEPM Subsidiary MSC 13-Jun-22 - - - 35,000 SESAR Subsidiary MSC 13-Jun-22 - -	SERK	Subsidiary	SOCGEN etc.	16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	290,000
SAPL Subsidiary BOA etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 345,000 SEV Subsidiary SCB 28-Feb-21 - - - 51,000 SAVINA Subsidiary HSBC 13-Jun-22 - - - 51,000 SET Subsidiary SCB 28-Feb-21 - - - 300,000 SME Subsidiary NBBC etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 110,000 SAMEX Subsidiary SCB 08-Nov-22 - - - 50,000 SEASA Subsidiary Citibank 16-Dec-22 - - - 2,000 SEASA Subsidiary KBC 13-Jun-22 - - - 35,000 SEPM Subsidiary HSBC 13-Jun-22 - - - 2,000 AdGear Technologies Inc. Subsidiary MSC 13-Jun-22 - - 2,000 Harman International I	SELV	Subsidiary	Citibank	16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	10,000
SEV Subsidiary SCB 28-Feb-21 - - - - - - SA SAVINA Subsidiary HSBC 13-Jun-22 - - - 51,000 SET Subsidiary SCB 28-Feb-21 - - - 300,000 SME Subsidiary SCB 08-Nov-22 - - - 110,000 SAMEX Subsidiary Citibank 16-Dec-22 - - - 50,000 SEASA Subsidiary Citibank 16-Dec-22 - - - 2,000 SSAP Subsidiary Citibank 16-Dec-22 - - - 35,000 SEPM Subsidiary MSBC 13-Jun-22 - - - 2,000 AdGear Technologies Inc. Subsidiary HSBC 13-Jun-22 - - 2,000 Harman International Industries, Inc. Subsidiary MUFG 08-Nov-22 - - <td< td=""><td>SEIL</td><td>Subsidiary</td><td>Citibank</td><td>16-Dec-22</td><td>-</td><td>10,947</td><td>-</td><td>10,947</td><td>15,600</td></td<>	SEIL	Subsidiary	Citibank	16-Dec-22	-	10,947	-	10,947	15,600
SAVINA Subsidiary HSBC 13-Jun-22 - - - 51,000 SET Subsidiary SCB 28-Feb-21 -	SAPL	Subsidiary	BOA etc.	16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	345,000
SET Subsidiary SCB 28-Feb-21 - - - - - - SCI SUbsidiary HSBC etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 300,000 SME Subsidiary SCB 08-Nov-22 - - - - 110,000 SAMEX Subsidiary Citibank 16-Dec-22 - - - - 5,000 SEASA Subsidiary Citibank 16-Dec-22 - - - - 2,000 SAP Subsidiary SCB 08-Nov-22 - - - 2,000 SEPM Subsidiary SCB 08-Nov-22 - - - 35,000 SESAR Subsidiary HSBC 13-Jun-22 - - - 2,000 AdGear Technologies Inc. Subsidiary MSC 08-Nov-22 - - - 2,000 Harman International Industries, Inc. Subsidiary MUFG 08-Nov-22 - <td>SEV</td> <td>Subsidiary</td> <td>SCB</td> <td>28-Feb-21</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>	SEV	Subsidiary	SCB	28-Feb-21	-	-	-	-	-
SCIC Subsidiary HSBC etc. 16-Dec-22 - - - 300,000 SME Subsidiary SCB 08-Nov-22 - - - 110,000 SAMEX Subsidiary Citibank 16-Dec-22 - - - - 5,000 SEASA Subsidiary Citibank 16-Dec-22 - - - 2,000 SSAP Subsidiary SCB 08-Nov-22 - - - 2,000 SEPM Subsidiary HSBC 13-Jun-22 - - - 35,000 SESAR Subsidiary HSBC 13-Jun-22 - - - 2,000 AdGear Technologies Inc. Subsidiary JP Morgan 13-Jun-22 - - - 2,000 Harman International Industries, Inc. Subsidiary JP Morgan 13-Jun-22 - - - 20,000 Harman RUS CIS LLC Subsidiary SocGen 08-Nov-22 - -	SAVINA	Subsidiary	HSBC	13-Jun-22	-	-	-	-	51,000
SME Subsidiary SCB 08-Nov-22 110,000 SAMEX Subsidiary Citibank 16-Dec-22 5,000 SEASA Subsidiary Citibank 16-Dec-22 2,000 SSAP Subsidiary SCB 08-Nov-22 35,000 SEPM Subsidiary HSBC 13-Jun-22 35,000 SESAR Subsidiary HSBC 13-Jun-22 2,000 AdGear Technologies Inc. Subsidiary BOA 08-Nov-22 2,000 Harman International Industries, Inc. Subsidiary PMorgan 13-Jun-22 2,000 Harman Ruternational Japan Co., Ltd. Subsidiary MUFG 08-Nov-22 25,000 Harman RUS CIS LLC Subsidiary HSBC 13-Jun-22 -	SET	Subsidiary	SCB	28-Feb-21	-	-	-	-	-
SAMEX Subsidiary Citibank 16-Dec-22 - - - 5,000 SEASA Subsidiary Citibank 16-Dec-22 - - - 2,000 SSAP Subsidiary SCB 08-Nov-22 - - - 35,000 SEPM Subsidiary HSBC 13-Jun-22 - - - 35,000 SESAR Subsidiary HSBC 13-Jun-22 - - - 2,000 AdGear Technologies Inc. Subsidiary BOA 08-Nov-22 - - - 2,000 Harman International Industries, Inc. Subsidiary JP Morgan 13-Jun-22 - - - 2,000 Harman International Japan Co., Ltd. Subsidiary MUFG 08-Nov-22 - - - 25,000 Harman RUS CIS LLC Subsidiary SocGen 08-Nov-22 - - - 15,000 Harman da Amazonia Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda. Subsidiary SocGen	SCIC	Subsidiary	HSBC etc.	16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	300,000
SEASA Subsidiary Citibank 16-Dec-22 - - - 2,000 SSAP Subsidiary SCB 08-Nov-22 - - - 35,000 SEPM Subsidiary HSBC 13-Jun-22 - - - 35,000 SESAR Subsidiary HSBC 13-Jun-22 - - - 35,000 AdGear Technologies Inc. Subsidiary BOA 08-Nov-22 - - - 2,000 Harman International Industries, Inc. Subsidiary JP Morgan 13-Jun-22 - - - 2,000 Harman International Japan Co., Ltd. Subsidiary MUFG 08-Nov-22 - - - 25,000 Harman RUS CIS LLC Subsidiary SocGen 08-Nov-22 - - - 15,000 Harman do Brasil Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda. Subsidiary SocGen 08-Nov-22 - - - 15,000 Harman finance International, SCA Subsidiary	SME	Subsidiary	SCB	08-Nov-22	-	-	-	-	110,000
SSAP Subsidiary SCB 08-Nov-22 35,000 SEPM Subsidiary HSBC 13-Jun-22 35,000 SESAR Subsidiary HSBC 13-Jun-22 50,000 AdGear Technologies Inc. Subsidiary BOA 08-Nov-22 2,000 Harman International Industries, Inc. Subsidiary JP Morgan 13-Jun-22 2,000 Harman International Japan Co., Ltd. Subsidiary MUFG 08-Nov-22 25,000 Harman RUS CIS LLC Subsidiary SocGen 08-Nov-22 15,000 Harman do Brasil Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda. Subsidiary HSBC 13-Jun-22 15,000 Harman da Amazonia Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda. Subsidiary SocGen 08-Nov-22 15,000 1	SAMEX	Subsidiary	Citibank	16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	5,000
SSAP Subsidiary SCB 08-Nov-22 35,000 SEPM Subsidiary HSBC 13-Jun-22 35,000 SESAR Subsidiary HSBC 13-Jun-22 50,000 AdGear Technologies Inc. Subsidiary BOA 08-Nov-22 2,000 Harman International Industries, Inc. Subsidiary JP Morgan 13-Jun-22 2,000 Harman International Japan Co., Ltd. Subsidiary MUFG 08-Nov-22 25,000 Harman RUS CIS LLC Subsidiary SocGen 08-Nov-22 15,000 Harman do Brasil Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda. Subsidiary HSBC 13-Jun-22 15,000 Harman da Amazonia Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda. Subsidiary SocGen 08-Nov-22 15,000 1	SEASA	Subsidiary	Citibank	16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	2,000
SESAR Subsidiary HSBC 13-Jun-22 - - 50,000 AdGear Technologies Inc. Subsidiary BOA 08-Nov-22 - - - 2,000 Harman International Industries, Inc. Subsidiary JP Morgan 13-Jun-22 - - - 100,000 Harman International Japan Co., Ltd. Subsidiary MUFG 08-Nov-22 - - - 25,000 Harman RUS CIS LLC Subsidiary SocGen 08-Nov-22 - - - 15,000 Harman do Brasil Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda. Subsidiary HSBC 13-Jun-22 - - - 15,000 Harman do Amazonia Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda. Subsidiary SocGen 08-Nov-22 - - - 15,000 Harman Finance International, SCA Subsidiary Subsidiary SIEL 27-May-22 430,499 - -34,195 396,304 396,304 SDN Subsidiary SIEL 22-Nov-24 273,243 297,878	SSAP	Subsidiary		08-Nov-22	-	-	-	-	35,000
AdGear Technologies Inc.SubsidiaryBOA08-Nov-222,000Harman International Industries, Inc.SubsidiaryJP Morgan13-Jun-22100,000Harman International Japan Co., Ltd.SubsidiaryMUFG08-Nov-2225,000Harman RUS CIS LLCSubsidiarySocGen08-Nov-2215,000Harman Holding LimitedSubsidiaryHSBC13-Jun-2230,000Harman do Brasil Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda.SubsidiarySocGen08-Nov-2215,000Harman Finance International, SCASubsidiaryJP Morgan etc.27-May-22430,49934,195396,304396,304SDNSubsidiarySIEL22-Nov-24273,243297,878-571,121671,908	SEPM	Subsidiary	HSBC	13-Jun-22	-	-	-	-	35,000
AdGear Technologies Inc. Subsidiary BOA 08-Nov-22 - - - 2,000 Harman International Industries, Inc. Subsidiary JP Morgan 13-Jun-22 - - - 100,000 Harman International Japan Co., Ltd. Subsidiary MUFG 08-Nov-22 - - - 25,000 Harman RUS CIS LLC Subsidiary SocGen 08-Nov-22 - - - 15,000 Harman Holding Limited Subsidiary HSBC 13-Jun-22 - - - 30,000 Harman do Brasil Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda. Subsidiary SocGen 08-Nov-22 - - - 15,000 Harman da Amazonia Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda. Subsidiary SocGen 08-Nov-22 - - - 15,000 Harman Finance International, SCA Subsidiary SUB Morgan etc. 27-May-22 430,499 - -34,195 396,304 396,304 SDN Subsidiary SIEL 22-Nov-24 273,243	SESAR	Subsidiary	HSBC	13-Jun-22	-	-	-	-	50,000
Harman International Industries, Inc. Subsidiary JP Morgan 13-Jun-22 - - - 100,000 Harman International Japan Co., Ltd. Subsidiary MUFG 08-Nov-22 - - - 25,000 Harman RUS CIS LLC Subsidiary SocGen 08-Nov-22 - - - 15,000 Harman Holding Limited Subsidiary HSBC 13-Jun-22 - - - 30,000 Harman do Brasil Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda. Subsidiary SocGen 08-Nov-22 - - - 30,000 Harman da Amazonia Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda. Subsidiary SocGen 08-Nov-22 - - - 15,000 Harman Finance International, SCA Subsidiary JP Morgan etc. 27-May-22 430,499 - -34,195 396,304 396,304 SDN Subsidiary SIEL 22-Nov-24 273,243 297,878 - 571,121 671,908	AdGear Technologies Inc.		BOA	08-Nov-22	-	-	-	-	
Harman RUS CIS LLC Subsidiary SocGen 08-Nov-22 - - - 15,000 Harman Holding Limited Subsidiary HSBC 13-Jun-22 - - - 30,000 Harman do Brasil Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda. Subsidiary SocGen 08-Nov-22 - - - 30,000 Harman da Amazonia Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda. Subsidiary SocGen 08-Nov-22 - - - 15,000 Harman Finance International, SCA Subsidiary JP Morgan etc. 27-May-22 430,499 - - 396,304 396,304 SDN Subsidiary SIEL 22-Nov-24 273,243 297,878 - 571,121 671,908		Subsidiary	JP Morgan		-	-	-	-	
Harman RUS CIS LLC Subsidiary SocGen 08-Nov-22 - - - 15,000 Harman Holding Limited Subsidiary HSBC 13-Jun-22 - - - 30,000 Harman do Brasil Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda. Subsidiary SocGen 08-Nov-22 - - - 30,000 Harman da Amazonia Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda. Subsidiary SocGen 08-Nov-22 - - - 15,000 Harman Finance International, SCA Subsidiary JP Morgan etc. 27-May-22 430,499 - - 396,304 396,304 SDN Subsidiary SIEL 22-Nov-24 273,243 297,878 - 571,121 671,908	Harman International Japan Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	MUFG	08-Nov-22	-	-	-	-	25,000
Harman Holding Limited Subsidiary HSBC 13-Jun-22 - - - 30,000 Harman do Brasil Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda. Bubsidiary SocGen 08-Nov-22 - - - - 15,000 Harman da Amazonia Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda. Subsidiary JP Morgan etc. 27-May-22 430,499 - - - 15,000 Harman Finance International, SCA Subsidiary JP Morgan etc. 27-May-22 430,499 - -34,195 396,304<			SocGen	08-Nov-22	-	-	-	-	15,000
Harman do Brasil Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda. Bubsidiary SocGen 08-Nov-22 Concentration Concentration 15,000 15,00					-	-	-	-	
Harman Finance International, SCA Subsidiary JP Morgan etc. 27-May-22 430,499 34,195 396,304 396,304 SDN Subsidiary SIEL 22-Nov-24 273,243 297,878 571,121 671,908	Harman do Brasil Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda.			08-Nov-22	-	-	-	-	15,000
SDN Subsidiary SIEL 22-Nov-24 273,243 297,878 - 571,121 671,908	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Subsidiary	JP Morgan etc.	27-May-22	430,499	-	-34,195	396.304	396.304
	,				,	297.878	-	,	
	Total	succeasing			990,131	342,159	-218,309	1,113,981	9,333,513

* Information above are prepared on consolidated basis. Debt guarantees for Harman Finance International, SCA, and SDN are provided by Harman International Industries, Inc. and Samsung Display Co., Ltd., respectively.

% SEC requires Board approval for individual guarantees exceeding 2.5% of total equity. When the guarantee amount is between 0.1% and/or less than 2.5%, the approval decision is delegated to the Management Committee. Samsung Display Co., Ltd requires Board approval for individual guarantees over KRW 10,000 million.

※ SEC claims fees on the debt guarantees depending on the maturity date of each debt guarantee, general loan interest rate, etc. In 2021, the Company claimed approximately USD 266,000 as guarantee fee and, as of the reporting date, has not collected the amount. In 2021, Samsung Display Co., Ltd. claimed approximately USD 2,529,000 as guarantee fee to SDN and, as of the reporting date, has not collected the amount.

Refer to the notes to the consolidated financial statements for the information on contingent liabilities.

(4) Other matters requiring attention in relation to the use of the financial statements

Period	Emphasis of matter	Key audit matter
		(Consolidated financial statement)
		1. Sales deduction related to the Sales promotion activities of products
2021	Not applicable	
		(Separate financial statement)
		1. Sales deduction related to the Sales promotion activities of products
		(Consolidated financial statement)
		1. Sales deduction related to the Sales promotion activities of products
2020	Not applicable	2. Impairment of goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives
2020		
		(Separate financial statement)
		1. Sales deduction related to the Sales promotion activities of products
		(Consolidated financial statement)
		1. Sales promotion activities related to the sales of products
		2. Impairment of goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives
		3. Appropriateness of depreciation expense cut-off on property, plant and equipment
2019	Not applicable	
		(Separate financial statement)
		1. Sales promotion activities related to the sales of products
		2. Appropriateness of depreciation expense cut-off on property, plant and equipment

A. Emphasis of matter and key audit matter in independent auditor's report

B. Allowance for bad debt

The allowances for bad debt by account over the past 3 years are as follows:

		1		(KRW mil
Period	Account	Receivables amount	Allowance amount	Allowance (%)
	Trade receivables	41,024,295	310,880	0.8%
	Short-term loans	17,895	73	0.4%
	Other receivables	4,569,772	72,515	1.6%
	Advances	1,122,660	3,847	0.3%
2021	Trade receivables (long-term)	225,739	-	0.0%
	Other receivables (long-term)	1,002,404	290	0.0%
	Advances (long-term)	1,770,999	9,003	0.5%
	Long-term loans	199,577	917	0.5%
	Total	49,933,341	397,525	0.8%
	Trade receivables	31,283,789	318,731	1.0%
	Short-term loans	7,813	73	0.9%
2020	Other receivables	3,663,822	59,283	1.6%
	Advances	890,413	3,371	0.4%
	Trade receivables (long-term)	85,575	-	0.0%
	Other receivables (long-term)	401,582	204	0.1%
	Advances (long-term)	1,397,698	5,972	0.4%
	Long-term loans	113,944	1,309	1.1%
	Total	37,844,636	388,943	1.0%
	Trade receivables	35,471,674	340,331	1.0%
	Short-term loans	8,744	82	0.9%
	Other receivables	4,237,479	58,359	1.4%
	Advances	1,430,317	3,484	0.2%
2019	Trade receivables (long-term)	411,229	79	0.0%
	Other receivables (long-term)	346,780	307	0.1%
	Advances (long-term)	774,472	7,333	0.9%
	Long-term loans	120,540	1,335	1.1%
	Total	42,801,235	411,310	1.0%

* Based on consolidated financial statements

% Receivables amount represents the value after deducting present value discount account

Allowance for bad debt by year

(KRW mil)

	2021	2020	2019
1. Allowance for bad debt (beginning balance)	388,943	411,310	614,882
2. Net bad debt expense ($(1 - 2+3)$)	25,926	65,575	16,715
① Bad debt expense, etc (Write-off)	22,400	40,487	6,579
② Bad debt recovered	-	745	11,294
③ Others	3,526	25,833	21,430
3. Bad debts expense	34,508	43,208	-186,857
4. Allowance for bad debts (Ending balance)	397,525	388,943	411,310

* Based on consolidated financial statements.

The guideline for bad debt allowances for trade receivables

- (1) Calculation of bad debt allowance
 - Bad debt allowance is calculated using an expected credit loss impairment model which is based on write-off experience rate and future expected bad debt amount.

(2) Calculation basis of write-off experience rate and future expected bad debt:

- Write-off experience rate for each aging group of receivables is calculated based on the actual rate of credit losses to three-year average receivables balance.
- Future expected bad debt is determined taking into consideration cases of debtor bankruptcy, compulsory execution, death, disappearance, credit information of debtor and forward-looking information.

[Bad debt allowance by circumstance]

Circumstance	Rate of allowance
Dispute or conflict	25%
Receivable through utilization of third party collection agency	50%
Receivable under litigation	75%
Customer filed or in the process of filing bankruptcy	100%

(3) Instruction: Write-off is recorded when trade receivables contain the following characteristics:

- Objective proof of bad debts, such as bankruptcy, compulsory execution, discontinuance of business, debtor's death or disappearance
- Legal action has failed or the right of collection has been extinguished.
- When the third party collection agency notifies that collection is not possible.
- When the collateral is sold or insurance is received.
- When collection expense exceeds receivables amount.

The outstanding period of trade receivables

(Reporting Date: December 31, 2021)					
	Less than 6 months	6 months ~ 1 year	1 year ~ 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Amount	41,009,414	15,082	136,756	88,782	41,250,034
Ratio	99.5%	0.0%	0.3%	0.2%	100.0%

* Base on consolidated financial statements

※ Receivables amount in net present value

C. Inventory

- The inventory status by Division over the last three years is as follows:

(KRW mil, %)

l	Division	Category	2021	2020	2019	Note
		Finished goods	5,015,240	2,351,619	1,554,116	
		Work in process	219,560	136,255	146,387	
CE		Raw material	4,542,301	3,503,321	2,012,159	
		Material in transit	737,838	1,335,111	1,895,387	
		Total	10,514,939	7,326,306	5,608,049	
IM		Finished goods	3,762,382	3,968,844	2,426,034	
		Work in process	579,525	458,318	420,664	
		Raw material	6,811,585	3,726,192	3,228,906	
		Material in transit	587,570	824,662	810,599	
		Total	11,741,062	8,978,016	6,886,203	
		Finished goods	2,421,589	1,639,523	1,740,881	
		Work in process	11,751,356	10,586,921	8,772,850	
	Semi- conductor	Raw material	2,067,629	1,636,803	1,332,267	
		Material in transit	33,844	43,564	66,033	
		Total	16,274,418	13,906,811	11,912,031	
		Finished goods	294,777	134,963	345,940	
		Work in process	874,229	650,762	488,468	
DS		Raw Material	810,325	603,779	634,990	
		Material in transit	48,253	33,271	22,214	
		Total	2,027,584	1,422,775	1,491,612	
		Finished goods	2,788,247	1,861,756	2,130,587	
		Work in process	12,698,697	11,298,157	9,302,907	
	DS total	Raw material	2,900,762	2,254,591	1,991,422	
	lotai	Material in transit	82,862	73,688	89,044	
		Total	18,470,568	15,488,192	13,513,960	
		Finished goods	533,008	502,117	746,742	
		Work in process	105,271	80,237	90,249	
	Harman	Raw material	736,109	337,386	372,231	
		Material in transit	321,128	224,961	145,329	
		Total	1,695,516	1,144,701	1,354,551	
		Finished goods	12,280,579	9,387,886	8,115,116	
		Work in process	13,473,618	11,818,090	9,886,634	
	Total	Raw material	14,184,841	9,790,766	7,747,110	
		Material in transit	1,445,366	1,046,403	1,017,604	
		Total	41,384,404	32,043,145	26,766,464	
		ry ratio (%) otal Assets] × 100	9.7%	8.5%	7.6%	
Yearl	y COGS ÷ {(Beg	y turnover (x) inning of inventory + End of itory)÷2}]	4.5	4.9	5.3	

* Based on consolidated financial statements

Inventory counts

(1) Inspection date

- End of May and November (twice a year)
- For the difference in inventories between the inspection date and at the end of the year, the Company checks all the warehouse record during the period in order to confirm the existence of the inventories as of the date of the financial statements.
- (2) Inspection method
- · Internal warehouse: Closed & entire quantity inspection
- * Sample inspection for semi-conductor and DP work-in-progress inventories, SVC materials
- Outside warehouse

Perform check for the possession confirmation documents and sample tests at the third party warehouse and inventoryin-transit.

- External auditors join and observe the inspection and carry out sample tests to check the existence and completeness.
- * For the HQ, the most recent inventory inspection was conducted from Nov 28 to Dec 1, 2021. The subsidiaries flexibly conducted the inventory inspection during the same period as HQ, considering restrictions in movements by local governments due to spread of COVID-19.

Inventory aging and valuation

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Inventory as of December 31, 2021 are as follows:

Category	Acquisition cost	Inventory valuation reserve	Balance	Note
Finished goods	13,000,200	-719,621	12,280,579	
Work in process	13,967,331	-493,713	13,473,618	
Raw material	14,864,486	-679,645	14,184,841	
Material in transit	1,445,366	-	1,445,366	
Total	43,277,383	-1,892,979	41,384,404	

* Based on consolidated financial statements

D. Fair value estimation

Refer to 3. Financial Instruments by Category and 25. Financial Risk Management in "III. Financial Affairs_.

IV. Management Discussion and Analysis

1. Note on forward-looking statements

This annual report includes forward-looking statements that relate to future events and can be generally identified by phrases containing words such as "believes," "expects," "anticipates," "foresees," "forecasts," "estimates" or other words or phrases of similar meaning. These forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and may involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may affect our actual results, performance, achievements or financial position, making them materially different from the actual future results, performance, achievements or financial position expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. Unless otherwise specified, all data presented in this report is from our consolidated financial statements.

Uncertain events that could positively or negatively affect the Company's management condition and financial performance include, but are not limited to:

- Trends of financial markets domestically and abroad, including changes in exchange rates and interest rates
- The Company's strategic decision making, including disposals and purchases of businesses
- Unexpected sudden changes in core businesses such as CE, IM, Semiconductor, DP and Harman
- Other changes domestically and abroad that can affect management condition and financial performance

The Company assumes no obligation to revise or update this report to reflect risks or uncertainties that arise after the reporting period.

(Responsibility statement)

In accordance with article 3(2) c) of the Transparency Law (Luxembourg), Ki-nam Kim and Yoon-ho Choi, as a CEO and the executive in charge of reporting confirm that, to the best of their knowledge, the consolidated financial statements and the statutory non-consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the applicable set of accounting standards give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the Company and the undertakings included in the consolidation taken as a whole and that the management report includes a fair review of the development and performance of the business and the position of the Company and the undertakings included in the consolidation taken as a whole and the principal risks and uncertainties that they face.

2. Overview

The business environment remained challenging in 2021 as uncertainties in the global economy intensified due to effects of the prolonged Covid-19 pandemic and the spread of new variants, global supply disruptions, and a slowdown in China's economic growth.

Despite the formidable economic conditions, Samsung Electronics in 2021 achieved total revenue of KRW 280 trillion and operating profit of KRW 52 trillion on a consolidated basis, and total revenue of KRW 200 trillion and operating profit of KRW 32 trillion on a standalone basis.

Our financial structure remained sound—we recorded a debt ratio of 39.9%, capital adequacy ratio of 71.5%, and ROE of 13.7% on a consolidated basis. On a standalone basis, the respective figures were 30.0%, 76.9%, and 16.5%. Our brand value in 2021 was evaluated at USD 74.6 billion (*Interbrand*; October 2021), an all-time high, and up 20% from last year's figure and maintaining our position as the world's fifth most valuable brand.

On the business side, we further strengthened profitability and cost competitiveness of the component business based on our capabilities in core technologies, including migration to 6th generation V-NAND while leading expansion of EUV technology. In addition, we solidified our market power and leadership in the industry by launching the Galaxy Z Flip and Z Fold 3 while expanding sales of Neo QLED TVs and Bespoke products.

In 2022, we expect the external environment to remain difficult: macro uncertainties in the global economy, such as a resurgence of COVID-19 and prolonged component supply disruptions, are likely to persist, while intensifying competition for our main products and a rapidly changing paradigm in the IT industry will present numerous hurdles.

As a global industry leader that values various customer experiences, we reorganized our corporate structure at the end of 2021, merging the CE Division and IM Division to launch the new Device eXperience (DX) Division to preemptively address such market changes and to sustain our commitment to create new experiences for our customers. Through the restructuring, we will offer various products, including TV, home appliances, smartphones, and communications equipment, as well as services and solutions that reflect the needs of our customers to ensure that they conveniently enjoy optimal experiences, while mobilizing all efforts to create synergies between products and establish the foundation for differentiated products and services.

3. Financial position and performance (consolidated)

A. Financial position

				(KRW mi
Classification	2021	2020	Increase/decrease	change
Current assets	218,163,185	198,215,579	19,947,606	10.1%
- Cash and cash equivalents	39,031,415	29,382,578	9,648,837	32.8%
- Short-term financial instruments	81,708,986	92,441,703	-10,732,717	-11.6%
- Other current financial assets	financial 3,409,791 2,828,562		581,229	20.5%
- Trade and other receivables	40,713,415	30,965,058	9,748,357	31.5%
- Inventories	41,384,404	32,043,145	9,341,259	29.2%
- Other current assets	11,915,174	10,554,533	1,360,641	12.9%
Non-current assets	208,457,973	180,020,139	28,437,834	15.8%
- Other non-current financial assets	15,491,183	13,778,185	1,712,998	12.4%
- Associates and joint ventures	8,932,251	8,076,779	855,472	10.6%
- Property, plant and equipment	149,928,539	128,952,892	20,975,647	16.3%
- Intangible assets	20,236,244	18,468,502	1,767,742	9.6%
- Other non-current assets	13,869,756	10,743,781	3,125,975	29.1%
Total assets	426,621,158	378,235,718	48,385,440	12.8%
Current liabilities	88,117,133	75,604,351	12,512,782	16.6%
Non-current liabilities	33,604,094	26,683,351	6,920,743	25.9%
Total liabilities	121,721,227	102,287,702	19,433,525	19.0%
Equity attributable to owners of the parent	296,237,697	267,670,331	28,567,366	10.7%
Non-controlling interest	8,662,234	8,277,685	384,549	4.6%
Total equity	304,899,931	275,948,016	28,951,915	10.5%
Total liabilities and equity	426,621,158	378,235,718	48,385,440	12.8%
Capital adequacy ratio	71.5%	73.0%	-1.5%p	
Debt-to-equity ratio	39.9%	37.1%	2.8%p	
Inventory turnover	4.5	4.9	-0.4	

Presented in accordance with K-IFRS.

Samsung Electronics' total assets in 2021 were KRW 426.6212 trillion, an increase of KRW 48.3854 trillion (12.8%) from the previous year. The main contributors to the increase in total assets are trade and other receivables and inventories, with an increase of KRW 9.7484 trillion and 9.3413 trillion respectively, as well as an increase in tangible assets caused by large-scale facility investment for the semiconductor and DP businesses worth KRW 20.9756 trillion.

Total liabilities were KRW 121.7212 trillion, an increase of KRW 19.4335 trillion (19.0%) from the previous year. This includes an increase of KRW 12.5128 trillion (16.6%) in current liabilities and an increase of KRW 6.9207 trillion (25.9%) in non-current liabilities. The changes are attributable to a KRW 3.7141 trillion and 3.6858 trillion increase in trade payables and other payables respectively. In addition, a KRW 2.3189 trillion and 4.3874 trillion increase in current income tax liabilities and deferred income tax liabilities respectively.

Total equity was KRW 304.8999 trillion, an increase of KRW 28.9519 trillion (10.5%) from the previous year. Retained earnings increased by KRW 21.9966 trillion year-on-year from net income of KRW 39.2438 trillion and dividends of KRW 20.4807 trillion. Other components of equity increased by KRW 6.5587 trillion due to factors such as the overseas operations translation difference.

In terms of financial ratios, the Company maintained a sound financial structure as the capital adequacy ratio decreased by 1.5%pts from the previous year to 71.5% and the debt-to-equity ratio increased by 2.8%pts from the previous year to 39.9%.

Classification	2021	2020	Increase/decrease	change
Sales	279,604,799	236,806,988	42,797,811	18.1%
Cost of sales	166,411,342	144,488,296	21,923,046	15.2%
Gross profit	113,193,457	92,318,692	20,874,765	22.6%
Selling and administrative expenses	61,559,601	56,324,816	5,234,785	9.3%
Operating profit	51,633,856	35,993,876	15,639,980	43.5%
Other income	2,205,695	1,384,068	821,627	59.4%
Other expenses	2,055,971	2,488,902	-432,931	-17.4%
Gain on valuation using the equity method of accounting	729,614	506,530	223,084	44.0%
Financial income	8,543,187	12,267,600	-3,724,413	-30.4%
Financial expenses	7,704,554	11,318,055	-3,613,501	-31.9%
Income before income tax expense	53,351,827	36,345,117	17,006,710	46.8%
Income tax expense	13,444,377	9,937,285	3,507,092	35.3%
Net income	39,907,450	26,407,832	13,499,618	51.1%
Equity attributable to owners of the parent	39,243,791	26,090,846	13,152,945	50.4%
Non-controlling interests	663,659	316,986	346,673	109.4%

B. Performance

Presented in accordance with K-IFRS.

In 2021, revenue increased year-on-year by KRW 42.7978 trillion (18.1%) to an all-time annual high of KRW 279.6048 trillion, driven by expanding sales of flagship smartphones and premium digital appliances, such as Neo QLED TV and Bespoke, as well as high-capacity memory and OLED panels. Operating profit increased by KRW 15.64 trillion (43.5%) to KRW 51.6339 trillion.

Income before income taxes increased year-on-year by KRW 17.0067 trillion (46.8%) to KRW 53.3518 trillion, and net income increased by KRW 13.4996 trillion (51.1%) to KRW 39.9075 trillion.

We continued to maintain a sound financial structure, highlighted by a year-on-year increase in ROE of 3.9% pts to 13.7%, and an increase in net profit ratio of 3.1% pts to 14.3%.

(IZD III '1)

[Performance by division]

							(KRW mil)
Cleasification	District	Dusinger	2021		2020		Change	
Classification	Division	Business	Amount	Share	Amount	Share	Amount	(%)
	CE D	vivision	55,832,435	20.0%	48,173,324	20.3%	7,659,111	15.9%
	IM D	ivision	109,251,383	39.1%	99,587,493	42.1%	9,663,890	9.7%
		Semi- conductor	94,158,569	33.7%	72,857,803	30.8%	21,300,766	29.2%
_	DS Division	DP	31,712,526	11.3%	30,585,715	12.9%	1,126,811	3.7%
Revenue		Others	-782,071	-0.3%	-407,372	-0.2%	-374,699	92.0%
		Total	125,089,024	44.7%	103,036,146	43.5%	22,052,878	21.4%
	Harman Division		10,039,922	3.6%	9,183,748	3.9%	856,174	9.3%
	Others		-20,607,965	-7.4%	-23,173,723	-9.8%	2,565,758	-11.1%
	Overall Sales		279,604,799	100.0%	236,806,988	100.0%	42,797,811	18.1%
	CE Division		3,645,721	7.1%	3,561,536	9.9%	84,185	2.4%
	IM Division		13,647,575	26.4%	11,472,671	31.9%	2,174,904	19.0%
		Semi- conductor	29,199,292	56.6%	18,804,970	52.2%	10,394,322	55.3%
	DS Division	DP	4,457,365	8.6%	2,236,919	6.2%	2,220,446	99.3%
Operating profit		Others	77,542	0.1%	78,342	0.2%	-800	-1.0%
		Total	33,734,199	65.3%	21,120,231	58.7%	12,613,968	59.7%
	Harmar	n Division	599,097	1.2%	55,518	0.2%	543,579	979.1%
	Ot	hers	7,264	0.0%	-216,080	-0.6%	223,344	103.4%
	Overall ope	erating profit	51,633,856	100.0%	35,993,876	100.0%	15,639,980	43.5%

Includes inter-divisional revenue and operating profit.

(CE Division)

The CE Division's revenue in 2021 increased by KRW 7.6591 trillion (15.9%) from the previous year to KRW 55.8324 trillion. Operating profit grew by KRW 0.0842 trillion (2.4%) to KRW 3.6457 trillion, the gains driven by solid sales of premium products, which include Neo QLED TVs and models in the Bespoke lineup.

In the CE Division, sales of premium products are leading sustained growth, including those for Neo QLED TVs featuring premium technology as well as for products tailored to experience-oriented lifestyles, such as our Lifestyle TVs, Bespoke products, and new home appliance products. In the Visual Display Business, we are expanding our leadership in the premium, ultra-large, over 75" TV market with QLED TVs featuring quantum dot technology, and we are growing market power with releases of new Lifestyle TV products, including The Terrace and The Premier. In addition, we keep pushing the boundary of the overall market with diverse new products such as The Wall micro LED TV, soundbars, and LED signage.

Based on positive responses for our new products, Samsung has remained atop the TV market for 16 consecutive years, spanning from 2006 to 2021; and at the peak of the digital signage market for 13 consecutive years, from 2009 to 2021, solidifying our industry leadership.

In 2022, the Company will continue to innovate to lift demand for premium TVs and sales of Lifestyle TV products. We will expand the adoption of Micro LED technology to household products and increase the portion of 8K TVs in the premium segment while reinforcing the Lifestyle TV lineup with The Freestyle, which garnered significant attention at CES 2022. In addition, we will actively adopt eco-friendly technologies and strengthen content services that can be used for in-home activities, including working out and gaming.

In the Digital Appliance Business, we continue to launch products and services that not only offer advanced functions based on highly-efficient, eco-friendly technologies, but also increase convenience in our customers' lives, all based on a deep understanding of the changing life patterns of our consumers. We are also creating new value with smart appliances that connect with various devices as well as a suite of services centering on Bixby and SmartThings.

In 2022, we will maintain growth momentum by strengthening the global sales of Bespoke products in earnest, and we will offer customized services by connecting products, enabling our consumers to enjoy even further differentiated experiences. Furthermore, we will keep fortifying our status as a market-leading, global brand in home appliances by continually releasing new products that reflect the needs of consumers and the latest trends.

(IM Division)

The IM division's revenue in 2021 was KRW 109.2514 trillion, an increase of KRW 9.6639 trillion (9.7%) compared to the previous year, while operating profit increased by KRW 2.1749 trillion (19.0%) to KRW 13.6476 trillion. Revenue and operating profit increased, aided by gains in sales volume on the back of recovery of market demand that had been stagnant due to the pandemic.

Despite unfavorable conditions, including prolonged effects of Covid-19 and a shortage of some components, the IM Division achieved solid results, achieving growth in revenue and operating profit on an increased portion of premium products and enhanced operational efficiency.

In the premium segment, following the launch of the Galaxy Z Flip and Galaxy Z Fold 2 in 2020, we released Galaxy Z Flip 3 and Z Fold 3 in 2021 to deliver experiences tailored to the various lifestyles of our users, further expanding our premium user base. Foldables, along with S-series models, are spearheading growth of our flagship products by offering unique user experiences. Moreover, Galaxy Ecosystem allowed customers to experience expanded connectivity between various products and services and take advantage of collaborations with global partners, leading growth in the tablet, PC, and wearables businesses to exceed market and thus highlight strength in this segment in 2021.

In 2022, we plan to lead changes in the mobile market and actively tackle fierce industry competition. We will push to expand our premium customer base by leveraging S22 and S21 FE to bolster leadership in the flagship market; and for foldable products, we will keep fortifying our position at the front of the market through technology and also broad cooperation with our partners. Furthermore, we will offer the utmost Multi Device experience via Galaxy Ecosystem, which enables convenient use of not only mobile products, but also TVs and home appliances.

(DS Division: Semiconductor)

In the semiconductor business, revenue in 2021 increased by KRW 21.3008 trillion (29.2%) to KRW 94.1586 trillion thanks to increased component demand for server and high-capacity products for mobile products. Operating profit increased by KRW 10.3943 trillion (55.3%) to KRW 29.1993 trillion compared to the prior year.

The memory business in 2021 achieved the highest revenue in the global semiconductor industry by maintaining its dominant position in cost competitiveness via technology leadership and through timely responses to market demand. In 2022, we will continue to preemptively address growth of contactless industries and issues in the global component supply chain to reinforce our position as a top semiconductor company.

For DRAM products, we secured core, future technologies by establishing a next-generation DRAM mass production system that applies the multi-step EUV process. We are focusing on qualitative growth that further differentiates our products and improves profitability by centering our business portfolios on high-value solutions. Furthermore, we will remain the market leader by continually enhancing competitiveness in emerging areas, such as AI and edge computing.

For NAND products, we will work to increase market share by securing a lineup of advanced products and widening the performance gap by migrating to 6th-generation V-NAND products backed by our exceptional technological capabilities, and by pursuing full-fledged adoption of 7th-generation V-NAND products in 2022..

System LSI will diversify its foundry suppliers to enable increases in production and actively address market demand amid a global semiconductor shortage. Moreover, we aim to increase revenue by adding customers via our product competitiveness and flexible pricing policy that reflects supply and demand dynamics.

For SoCs, we released new 4nm 5G products and expanded our product lineup by leveraging our 5G technology to include SoCs for mobile products and automotives. For image sensors, we will lead the market for mobile image sensors through our micro-pixel ISOCELL technology; and continue to strengthen our portfolio by expanding the product lineup of image sensors for automotives and by developing new technologies to maintain stable growth.

For Foundry in 2022, we will solidify our technology leadership in advanced node processes by applying GAA technology in the mass production of 3nm products for the first time in the world. Furthermore, we will actively address continued, strong growth of legacy processes to increase revenue and expand our customer base by securing continuity of supply despite the global chip shortage.

(DS Division: Display)

The DP Division's revenue in 2021 was KRW 31.7125 trillion, slightly up from the previous year by KRW 1.1268 trillion (3.7%). However, operating profit increased by KRW 2.2204 trillion (99.3%) to KRW 4.4574 trillion as sales of value-added OLED panels expanded.

The DP business actively addressed our customers' increasingly sophisticated needs by establishing an optimal product portfolio in the mobile business—covering mass-market through to premium products—with our Flexible and Rigid OLED panels. Indeed, our industry-leading capabilities have been recognized based on our products' differentiated technologies and performance.

For mobile panels, we solidified our position in the smartphone OLED panel market through our differentiated technologies and by increasing our customer base amid a recovery of formerly stagnant smartphone demand and rising penetration of 5G services. In large panels, we started supplying QD Display products in 4Q21, and the technology has garnered high praise from our customers.

In the mobile panel business in 2022, we will continue to expand the application of new technologies in Flexible OLED panels while also enhancing the cost competitiveness of Rigid OLED panels to promote and increase adoption of OLED panels in smartphones. Moreover, we aim to further diversify the business by expanding into IT, gaming, and automotive products to further reinforce our business leadership. In large panels, we will establish a foundation to solidify our position in the premium segment with the full-fledged mass production of QD display based on our differentiated technologies.

(Harman Division)

In the Harman Division in 2021, both revenue and operating profit increased year-on-year thanks to a recovery of demand from sluggish levels amid Covid-19 from car manufacturers and consumers; and also to continued improvement in cost efficiency, including those related to development. Revenue increased by KRW 0.8562 trillion (9.3%) to KRW 10.0399 trillion and operating profit increased by KRW 0.5436 trillion (979.1%) to KRW 0.5991 trillion. Harman recorded the strongest results since its acquisition in the automotive components, consumer audio, and professional solution markets, despite a challenging business environment caused by semiconductor shortages and supply chain disruptions.

As a leader in the car component market, we supply car manufacturers with products that apply innovative technologies, all while maintaining quality at a level befitting a premium brand. By proactively addressing the transition to digital cockpits, we gained early dominance in the infotainment market and obtained an order for 5G Telematics Control Units (TCUs). We will focus our capabilities on providing a more convenient, pleasant, and safe in-cabin experience by preparing for the era of autonomous vehicles based on our technological innovations.

In the consumer audio market, we have used our innovative technologies to firmly establish the brand's reputation among consumers and audiophiles. In particular, JBL, which celebrated its 75th anniversary last year, has sold the most Bluetooth speakers in the global market for six consecutive years, and it is also sustaining notable growth momentum in the wireless earphone market.

In 2022, we expect the external environment to remain challenging, influenced by factors such as continued short supply of automotive semiconductors, and rises in logistics and material costs, while competition is likely to intensify. However, we will strive to secure product and cost competitiveness via thorough preparations and innovative technologies while contributing to enhancing shareholder value by achieving solid earnings.

C. New and closed businesses

N/A

D. Changes in organizational structure

In March 2017, the Company acquired shares of Harman International Industries, Inc. and added the Harman Division. In June 2017, the System LSI business was divided into Foundry and System LSI businesses.

[As of June 2017]

	Before	After	
	CE Division (Visual Display, Digital Appliances, Health & Medical Equipment)	CE Division (Visual Display, Digital Appliances, Health & Medical Equipment)	
Business	IM Division (Mobile, Network)	IM Division (Mobile, Network)	
organization	DS Division (Memory, System LSI, DP)	DS Division (Memory, System LSI, Foundry, DP)	
	-	Harman Division	
Regional	Korea, North America, Latin America, Europe, CIS, Southwest Asia, Southeast Asia, China, Middle East, Africa	Korea, North America, Latin America, Europe, CIS, Southwest Asia, Southeast Asia, China, Middle East, Africa	
headquarters	Americas (DS), Europe (DS), China (DS), Southeast Asia (DS), Japan (DS)	Americas (DS), Europe (DS), China (DS), Southeast Asia (DS), Japan (DS)	

The Health & Medical Equipment Business was excluded from the CE Division in 1Q18 and re-included in 1Q20.

In December 2021, the Company merged the previous CE Division and Mobile Communications Business into the DX Division, and it renamed the IM Division to the MX (Mobile eXperience) Business.

[As of December 2021]

	Before	After	
	CE Division (Visual Display, Digital Appliances, Health & Medical Equipment)	DX Division (Visual Display, Digital Appliances, Health & Medical Equipment, Mobile eXperience, Network)	
Business	IM Division (Mobile, Network)		
organization	DS Division (Memory, System LSI, Foundry, DP)	DS Division (Memory, System LSI, Foundry, DP)	
	Harman Division	Harman Division	
Regional	Korea, North America, Latin America, Europe, CIS, Southwest Asia, Southeast Asia, China, Middle East, Africa	Korea, North America, Latin America, Europe, CIS, Southwest Asia, Southeast Asia, China, Middle East, Africa	
headquarters	Americas (DS), Europe (DS), China (DS), Southeast Asia (DS), Japan (DS)	Americas (DS), Europe (DS), China (DS), Southeast Asia (DS), Japan (DS)	

E. Foreign exchange risk

The Company experiences currency gains and losses based on the different functional currency of each entity due to global operations. As such, the Company is exposed to foreign currency volatility from exchange positions of currencies, especially related to the US dollar, Euro and Indian rupee.

(**1** ·

			(closing r	ate end at year-end by currency)
Currency	2021	2020	Change	Change (%)
USD	1,185.50	1,088.00	97.50	9.0%
EUR	1,342.34	1,338.24	4.10	0.3%
INR	15.93	14.86	1.07	7.2%

The foreign currency exposure to financial assets and liabilities of a 5% currency rate change against the Korean won (before income tax) are presented below:
(KRW mil)

	Decembe	er 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	
Currency	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
USD	250,489	-250,489	174,400	-174,400
EUR	107,519	-107,519	112,244	-112,244
INR	24,216	-24,216	21,959	-21,959

To minimize foreign exchange risk arising from operating activities, the Company maintains the same level of equity and liability in each currency regardless of foreign exchange fluctuations. The Company's foreign exchange management policy requires normal business transactions (including imports and exports) to be conducted in the local currency or for the cash-in currency to be matched with the cash-out currency.

The Company effectively manages its foreign exchange risk by regular monitoring foreign exchange rates and limits all foreign exchange transactions besides the purpose of hedging risks.

F. Recognition of asset impairment loss

The Company conducts an annual review on asset impairment of CGUs (cash generating unit). The recoverable amount of a CGU is based on the calculation of value in use, and the value in use is calculated using a BTCF (before tax cash flow) assumption that based on the financial budget for the next five years (or longer if mid- to long-term plans for new businesses with emerging technologies are deemed appropriate) approved by the management committee. In calculating terminal-year cash flow for period that exceeds the term, assumption of fixed average growth (does not exceed industry average) was used.

Impairment losses are recognized to the extent the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount of a CGU. The recoverable amount is determined by choosing the greater figure between the use-value and fair-value, which deducts the disposal amount per cost. Recognized impairment gains or losses in 2021 reached KRW 151.4 billion for tangible assets and KRW 53.7 billion for intangible assets.

Refer to ^[7]3. Notes to consolidated financial statements of ^[7]III. Financial Affairs and ^[7]B. Equity Investments in other corporations of ^[7]IX. Affiliates and Subsidiaries for more details about asset impairment loss.

4. Liquidity, financing, and expenditure

Due to large investments made by the Company, maintaining adequate levels of liquidity is critical. The Company strives to achieve this goal by periodically forecasting its cash flow, estimating required cash levels, and managing income and expenses.

The Company preemptively manages risks by predicting cash flow on a regular basis. We efficiently manage liquidity risk through cash pooling by region, which allows the use of internal funds in case of lack of funds in the region. The cash pooling program allows sharing of surplus funds among entities and contributes to minimizing liquidity risk and strengthening the Company's competitive position by reducing capital operating expenses and finance expenses.

In addition, the Company provides payment guarantees, securing the limit of borrowing for overseas subsidiaries to prepare for any potential need for large-scale liquidity.

A. Current status of liquidity

The Company has ample liquidity according to the liquidity assessment index of the global credit rating agency Moody's. The Company's cash coverage (liquid funds/borrowings), which is a major liquidity index that Moody's uses, corresponds to the highest level, Aaa.

	2020
675%	617%
	675%

Moody's requires 400% or higher for an Aaa rating

Classification	2021	2020	Change
Liquid funds			
Cash and cash equivalents	39,031,415	29,382,578	9,648,837
Short-term financial instruments	81,708,986	92,441,703	-10,732,717
Short-term financial assets at amortized cost	3,369,034	2,757,111	611,923
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	40,757	71,451	-30,694
Total financial assets	124,150,192	124,652,843	-502,651
Borrowings	i	·	
Short-term borrowings	13,687,793	16,553,429	-2,865,636
Current portion of long-term liabilities	1,329,968	716,099	613,869
Debentures	508,232	948,137	-439,905
Long-term borrowings	2,866,156	1,999,716	866,440
Total financial liabilities	18,392,149	20,217,381	-1,825,232
Net cash (liquid funds – borrowings)	105,758,043	104,435,462	1,322,58

As of December 31, 2021, the Company's liquidity is presented below:

Current portion of long-term liabilities is current portion of long-term borrowings and current portion of debentures.

As of the end of 2021, the Company had KRW 124.1502 trillion of financial assets.

These liquid funds include: i) cash and cash equivalents; ii) short-term financial instruments; iii) short-term financial assets at amortized cost; and iv) financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. This balance decreased by KRW 0.5027 trillion from KRW 124.6528 trillion at the end of the previous year.

The Company's borrowings (including debentures) are KRW 18.3921 trillion, a decrease of KRW 1.8252 trillion from KRW 20.2174 trillion at the end of the previous year.

The Company's liquidity includes an inflow of KRW 65.1054 trillion in cash flows from operating activities and an outflow of KRW 49.8290 trillion in acquisition of tangible and intangible assets, and KRW 20.5104 in dividends. The Company's net cash (liquid funds – borrowings) in 2021 is KRW 105.7580 trillion, which is an increase of KRW 1.3226 trillion from KRW 104.4355 trillion at the end of the previous year.

B. Financing and expenditures

(Borrowings)

As of December 31, 2021, the Company's borrowings (including debentures) are presented below:

13 01 December 51, 2021, the	1 5	8 8) I	(KRW mil
Classification	Creditor	Annual interest rate (%)	2021	2020
Short-term borrowings				
Collateralized borrowings	Woori Bank, etc.	0.0–13.3	11,556,101	14,275,043
Non-collateralized borrowings	CitiBank, etc.	0.0–30.0	2,131,692	2,278,386
Total short-term borrowings	-	-	13,687,793	16,553,429
Liquid long-term borrowings				
Bank borrowings	BNP	18.3–19.6	40,415	-
Capital lease liabilities	CSSD, etc.	3.3	811,902	710,781
Total liquid long-term borrowings			852,317	710,781
Long-term borrowings				
Bank borrowings	Industrial Bank of Korea	1.5	1,500	-
Capital lease liabilities	CSSD, etc.	3.3	2,864,656	1,999,716
Total long-term borrowings	-		2,866,156	1,999,716

Classification	Issuance date	Maturity date	Annual interest rate (%)	2021	2020
Debentures					
USD denominated straight bonds	Oct 2, 1997	Oct 1, 2027	7.7	35,565 (USD 30,000,000)	38,080 (USD 35,000,000)
USD denominated debenture bonds	May 11, 2015	May 15, 2025	4.2	474,200 (USD 400,000,000)	435,200 (USD 400,000,000)
EUR denominated debenture bonds	May 27, 2015	May 27, 2022	2.0	469,819 (EUR350,000,000)	468,383 (EUR350,000,000)
Sub Total				979,584	941,663
Premium on bonds payable (discount on bonds payable)				6,299	11,792
Total				985,883	953,455
Deduction: Current debentures				(477,651)	(5,318)
Non-current debentures				508,232	948,137

(Borrowings and payment of borrowings)

The Company's short-term borrowing increases or decreases depending on the discount amount of trade receivables. In 2021, short-term borrowing decreased by KRW 2.8656 trillion, while KRW 1.0404 trillion of long-term borrowing increased.

(Plan for payment of borrowings)

The Company's plan for payment of borrowings (including debentures) is presented below:

	(KRW mil)
Year of payment	Amount of payment
2022	15,114,323
2023	754,501
2024	608,122
20245	951,184
2026~	1,346,673
Total	18,774,803

Amount calculated excluding bond discount, premium on bonds payable, and present value of bonds payable discount.

(Compliance to bond management contract conditions)

The Company's bonds are subject to conditions to protect investors such as constraint on collateral, constraint on disposal of assets, etc., and the Company complies with these conditions.

5. Off-balance sheet activities

- Refer to ^{[7}2. Notes to consolidated financial statements] in ^{[7}III. Financial Affairs]

6. Other information for investment decision making

A. Significant accounting policies and estimation

- The Company applied the following major amended and enacted standards for the annual period beginning on January 1, 2021:

Amendments to Korean IFRS 1116, Lease

The amendments introduced a practical expediency that simplifies the lessee's accounting treatments for COVID-19 related rent concessions, and through such expediency a lessee may elect not to assess whether the rent concessions granted as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic are lease modifications. A lessee that makes this election shall account for any changes in lease payments resulting from the rent concessions the same way as prescribed by this standard if the changes were not considered as lease modifications. The application of the amendments does not have a significant impact on the Company's interim separate financial statements.

B. Environment and employees

- Refer to ^[7]3. Matters related to sanctions in ^[7]XI. Other information for environmental sanctions or administrative actions.
- No significant changes in employee positions during this period.

C. Legal regulations

- Refer to ^[7]3. Matters related to sanctions in ^[7]XI. Other information for major legal regulations on the Company's businesses.

D. Derivatives and risk management policy

- To manage exchange rate risk, overseas companies hedge by buying or selling currency forwards for a foreign currency position that is not among the companies' functional currencies.
- Refer to ^[5]5. Risk management and derivative trading in ^[II]I. Businesses Overview and ^[3]3. Notes to Financial Statements in ^[III]. Financial Affairs for the Company's key derivatives and risk management policy.

V. Auditor's Report

1. Introduction

Deloitte Anjin conducted audits on the consolidated/separate financial statements of financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, and Samil PwC conducted audits on the Company's consolidated/separate statements of financial position as at December 31, 2019, and the related consolidated/separate statements of profit or loss, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended and expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements.

All of the Company's subsidiaries were expressed unqualified opinion for the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020, and 2019.

Period end	Company Auditor	Audit Opinion	Emphasis of Matter	Key Audit Matter(s)
Dec 31, 2021	Deloitte Anjin	Unqualified	Not applicable	 (Consolidated) 1. Sales deduction related to the sales promotion activities of products (Separate) 1. Sales deduction related to the sales promotion activities of products
Dec 31, 2020	ec 31, 2020 Deloitte Anjin Unqualified		Not applicable	 (Consolidated) 1. Sales deduction related to the sales promotion activities of products 2. Impairment of goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives (Separate) 1. Sales deduction related to the sales promotion activities of products
Dec 31, 2019	Samil PwC	Unqualified	Not applicable	 (Consolidated) 1. Sales promotion activities related to the sale of products. 2. Impairment of goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives. 3. Appropriateness of depreciation expense cutoff on property, plant and equipment. (Separate) 1. Sales promotion activities related to the sale of products. 2. Appropriateness of depreciation expense cutoff on property, plant and equipment.

* Audit opinion on both separate and consolidated financial statements.

< Review plan for the period ended December 31, 2021>

Re	Review Period					
2021 1Q	Pre-review	Mar 8, 2021 ~ Mar 25, 2021				
2021 10	Review	Apr 5, 2021 ~ May 14, 2021				
2024.20	Pre-review	Jun 7, 2021 ~ Jun 25, 2021				
2021 2Q	Review	Jul 5, 2021 ~ Aug 13, 2021				
2024.20	Pre-review	Sep 6, 2021 ~ Sep 24, 2021				
2021 3Q	Review	Oct 4, 2021 ~ Nov 12, 2021				
Audit of IT systems a	nd automated internal controls	Mar 16, 2021 ~ Jan 7, 2022				
Early substantive au	dit procedures (annual audit)	Mar 8, 2021 ~ Dec 31, 2021				
Audit of Internal Control	over Financial Reporting ("ICFR")	Apr 5, 2021 ~ Jan 28, 2022				
Update of early substantive audit p	rocedures and audit of financial statements	Jan 3, 2022 ~ Feb 16, 2022				

* Above schedule is for the review of separate and consolidated financial statements

[Audit Contract Description]

(KRW mil)

(KRW mil)

			Con	tract	Actual	
Fiscal Period	Auditor	Description	Audit fee	Total Hours	Fee Claimed	Hours spent
Year ended Dec 31, 2021	Deloitte Anjin	 Review of the interim separate/consolidated financial statements Audit of separate/consolidated financial statements Audit of Internal Control over Financial Reporting (ICFR) 	7,900	76,741	7,900	76,999
Year ended Dec 31, 2020	Deloitte Anjin	 Review of the interim separate/consolidated financial statements Audit of separate/consolidated financial statements Audit of Internal Control over Financial Reporting (ICFR) 	8,400	85,721	8,400	86,128
Year ended Dec 31, 2019	Year ended Samil BwC - Review of the interim separate/consolidated financial statements		6,481	69,685	6,481	69,021

[Non-Audit Service Contract Description]

Fiscal Period	Contract Date	Non-audit Service Description	Period for Service	Compensation	Note
Year ended Dec 31, 2021	Jun 2017	E-discovery advisory services	Jan – Dec 2021	394	Deloitte Anjin
Year ended Dec 31, 2020	Jun 2017	E-discovery advisory services	Jan – Dec 2020	59	Deloitte Anjin
	Feb 2019	SOC 2 certification and other advisory services	Feb – Sep 2019	258	
Year ended Dec 31, 2019	Oct 2019	Custom tax and other advisory services	Oct – Dec 2019	127	Samil PwC
		Subtotal	385		

No.	Date	Participants	Method	Details of discussion
1	Jan 26, 2021	Audit Committee: 3 members Company: Head of Audit Team Auditor: Signing partner and 1 other	Face-to-face meeting	 Key Audit Matters and others audit focus areas Progress of audit of Internal Control over Financial Reporting Other required communications at the completion stage of the audit
2	Apr 27, 2021	Audit Committee: 3 members Company: Head of Audit Team Auditor: Signing partner and 1 other	Face-to-face meeting	 Yearly plan for communication with those charged with governance Audit plan for the year ending December 31, 2021 Discussion of quarterly review focus areas and independence of non-audit services
3	Jul 27, 2021	Audit Committee: 3 members Company: Head of Audit Team Auditor: Signing partner and 1 other	Face-to-face meeting	 Annual audit plan and its progress Plan for the Key Audit Matters selection Progress of audit of Internal Control over Financial Reporting Discussion of quarterly review focus areas and other required communications
4	Oct 26, 2021	Audit Committee: 3 members Company: Head of Audit Team Auditor: Signing partner and 1 other	Face-to-face meeting	 Annual audit plan and its progress Plan for the Key Audit Matters selection Progress of audit of Internal Control over Financial Reporting Discussion of quarterly review focus areas and other required communications
5	Jan 25, 2022	Audit Committee: 3 members Company: Head of Audit Team Auditor: Signing partner and 1 other	Face-to-face meeting	 Key Audit Matters and others audit focus areas Progress of audit of Internal Control over Financial Reporting Other required communications at the completion stage of the audit

[Details of internal audit committee's discussion with Auditors]

2. Change of independent auditor

There are 228 subsidiaries as of December 31, 2021. Samsung Electronics Singapore Pte. Ltd. (SESP) and Samsung Electronics Industry and Commerce Ltd (SETK-P) newly appointed Deloitte, and Gf-System Co., Ltd. newly appointed Anjin as the external auditor. And Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V. (SEBN) have changed the external auditor to E&Y from Deloitte, and Dowinsys Co., Ltd to Anjin from Samduk, respectively. Appointment of auditor was decided at the entities' own discretion.

Upon termination of the contract with previous auditor, Samil PwC, Deloitte Anjin has been designated as the Company's external auditor for three years ending December 31, 2022, in accordance with periodic designation regulation of Article 11 (1) and (2) of the "Act on External Audit of Stock Companies, Etc.", Article 17 of the "Enforcement Decree of the Act on External Audit of Stock Companies, Etc.", and Article 10 and Article 15 (1) of "Regulations on External Audit and Accounting".

There were 241 subsidiaries as at December 31, 2020. For the year ending December 31, 2020, 6 domestic subsidiaries, including Samsung Display Co., Ltd., changed external auditor from Samil PwC to Deloitte Anjin, 24 overseas subsidiaries, including Samsung Electronics America, Inc. (SEA), changed PwC to Deloitte, and 2 overseas subsidiaries, Samsung Electronica da Amazonia Ltda. (SEDA) and Samsung Gulf Electronics Co., Ltd. (SGE), changed KPMG to Deloitte. These changes in external auditors were instituted to improve efficiency in audit of consolidated financial statements due to designation of the Company's external auditor.

Details of change in subsidiaries' external auditors are as follows:

Subsidiaries	Previous auditor	Current Auditor
Samsung Display Co., Ltd.	Samil PwC	Deloitte Anjin
Samsung Electronics Service Co., Ltd.	Samil PwC	Deloitte Anjin
Samsung Electronics Service CS Co., Ltd.	Samil PwC	Deloitte Anjin
Samsung Electronics Sales Co., Ltd.	Samil PwC	Deloitte Anjin
Samsung Electronics Logitech Co., Ltd.	Samil PwC	Deloitte Anjin
Mirero System Co., Ltd.	Samil PwC	Deloitte Anjin
Samsung Electronics America, Inc. (SEA)	PwC	Deloitte
Samsung Semiconductor, Inc. (SSI)	PwC	Deloitte
Samsung Mexicana S.A. de C.V (SAMEX)	PwC	Deloitte
Samsung International, Inc. (SII)	PwC	Deloitte
Samsung Austin Semiconductor LLC. (SAS)	PwC	Deloitte
Samsung Electronics Mexico S.A. De C.V. (SEM)	PwC	Deloitte
Samsung Electronics (UK) Ltd. (SEUK)	PwC	Deloitte
Samsung Electronics Holding GmbH (SEHG)	PwC	Deloitte
Samsung Semiconductor Europe GmbH (SSEG)	PwC	Deloitte
Samsung Electronics GmbH (SEG)	PwC	Deloitte
Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V. (SEBN)	PwC	Deloitte
Samsung Vina Electronics Co., Ltd. (SAVINA)	PwC	Deloitte
Samsung Asia Private Ltd. (SAPL)	PwC	Deloitte
Samsung Electronics Australia Pty. Ltd. (SEAU)	PwC	Deloitte
Thai Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. (TSE)	PwC	Deloitte
Samsung Display Vietnam Co., Ltd. (SDV)	PwC	Deloitte
Samsung Electronics Vietnam Co., Ltd. (SEV)	PwC	Deloitte
Samsung Electronics Vietnam THAINGUYEN Co., Ltd. (SEVT)	PwC	Deloitte
Samsung Electronics HCMC CE Complex Co., Ltd. (SEHC)	PwC	Deloitte
Samsung (CHINA) Investment Co., Ltd. (SCIC)	PwC	Deloitte
Shanghai Samsung Semiconductor Co., Ltd. (SSS)	PwC	Deloitte
Samsung Electronics Saudi Arabia Ltd. (SESAR)	PwC	Deloitte
Samsung Electronics Turkey (SETK)	PwC	Deloitte
Samsung Electronics Rus Company LLC (SERC)	PwC	Deloitte
Samsung Eletronica da Amazonia Ltda. (SEDA)	KPMG	Deloitte
Samsung Gulf Electronics Co., Ltd. (SGE)	KPMG	Deloitte

The newly acquired subsidiary, TeleWorld Solutions, Inc.(TWS), appointed PwC as their external auditor. Appointment of auditor was decided at the entities' own discretion.

There were 240 subsidiaries as at December 31, 2019. The newly acquired entities during 2019, FOODIENT LTD. and Corephotonics Ltd. appointed PwC and E&Y, respectively, as the external auditor, and Zhilabs, S.L. appointed E&Y as the external auditor. The newly incorporated entities during 2019, Samsung Display Noida Private Limited (SDN) and Samsung Venture Capital Union SVIC No. 45 and No. 48 appointed PwC and KPMG, respectively, as the external auditor.

Appointment of auditors were decided at each newly acquired subsidiary's own discretion.

3. Regarding internal control

Fiscal Period	Group Auditor	Opinion	Remarks
Year ended Dec 31, 2021	Deloitte Anjin	[Audit Opinion] The Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting As of December 31, 2021, based on <i>Conceptual Framework for Designing and Operating Internal Control over Financial Reporting</i> .	Not applicable
Year ended Dec 31, 2020 Deloitte Anjin		[Audit Opinion] The Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting As of December 31, 2020, based on <i>Conceptual Framework for Designing and Operating Internal Control over Financial Reporting</i> .	Not applicable
Year ended Dec 31, 2019	Samil PwC	[Audit Opinion] The Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2019, based on <i>Conceptual Framework for Designing and Operating Internal Control over Financial Reporting</i> .	Not applicable

[Audit opinion of Internal Control over Financial Reporting (ICFR)]

VI. Corporate Governance

1. Board of Directors

A. Overview

The Board of Directors consisted of 11 directors, 5 of whom are Executive Directors (Ki-nam Kim, Hyun-suk Kim, Dongjin Koh, Jong-hee Han, and Yoon-ho Choi) and 6 Independent Directors (Jae-wan Bahk, Sun-uk Kim, Byung-gook Park, Jeong Kim, Curie Ahn, and Han-jo Kim). The Board has appointed Jae-wan Bahk as Chairman as he will be able to mediate the different opinions of Directors and is most qualified to manage Board activities. The roles of Board Chairman and CEO have been separated to enhance the Board's independence and transparency.

The Board has six committees: Management Committee, Audit Committee, Independent Director Recommendation Committee, Related Party Transactions Committee, Compensation Committee, and Sustainability Committee (formerly Governance Committee).

Classification	Composition	Members	Head	Role
	5 Executive Directors	Ki-nam Kim, Hyun-suk Kim, Dong-jin Koh, Jong-hee Han, Yoon-ho Choi	Jae-wan Bahk	 Make resolutions on matters provided for by the relevant laws and regulations or the Articles of Incorporation, matters delegated by a general
Board of Directors	6 Independent Directors	Jae-wan Bahk, Sun-uk Kim, Byung-gook Park, Jeong Kim, Curie Ahn, Han-jo Kim	(Independent)	meeting of shareholders, as well as on important matters concerning basic policies and business execution. - Supervise management.
Management Committee	5 Executive Directors	Ki-nam Kim, Hyun-suk Kim, Dong-jin Koh, Jong-hee Han, Yoon-ho Choi	Ki-nam Kim (Executive)	 Deliberate and decide on matters related to finance, general management, and on matters specifically delegated by the Board.
Audit Committee	3 Independent Directors	Jae-wan Bahk Sun-uk Kim Han-jo Kim	Jae-wan Bahk (Independent)	 Review and audit matters concerning management of the Company, including the Company's financial situation.
Independent Director Recommendation Committee	3 Independent Directors	Byung-gook Park Jeong Kim Curie Ahn	-	 Assess the independence, diversity, and ability of potential candidates for Independent Director positions. Recommend candidates.
Related Party Transactions Committee	3 Independent Directors	Sun-uk Kim Jae-wan Bahk Han-jo Kim	Sun-uk Kim (Independent)	 Voluntarily comply with fair transaction regulations to enhance corporate transparency.
Compensation Committee	3 Independent Directors	Byung-gook Park Jae-wan Bahk Jeong Kim	Byung-gook Park (Independent)	 Ensure the objectivity and transparency of the decision-making process for Director compensation.
Sustainability Committee (formerly Governance Committee)	6 Independent Directors	Jae-wan Bahk, Sun-uk Kim, Byung-gook Park, Jeong Kim, Curie Ahn, Han-jo Kim	Jae-wan Bahk (Independent)	- Promote sustainability management in ESG areas and enhance shareholder value.

Mar 17, 2021: Ki-nam Kim, Hyun-suk Kim, and Dong-jin Koh were reappointed as Executive Directors; Byung-gook Park and Jeong Kim as Independent Directors; and Sun-uk Kim as Independent Director for Audit Committee member at the AGM.

Apr 9, 2021: Executive Director Ki-nam Kim was appointed as the Head of Management Committee

Apr 27, 2021: Independent Director Sun-uk Kim was appointed as the Head of Related Party Transactions Committee.

Jul 29, 2021: The Governance Committee was reorganized into the Sustainability Committee at the Board meeting.

Head of Independent Director Recommendation Committee will be appointed at the upcoming committee meeting.

Dec 22, 2021: Independent Director Byung-gook Park was appointed as the Head of Compensation Committee.

Dec 31, 2021: Yoon-ho Choi resigned from his position of Executive Director.

The number of Independent Directors and changes in the number are shown below.

Number of Directors	Number of Independent Directory	Changes of Independent Directors					
Number of Directors	Number of Independent Directors	Appointed	Dismissed	Resigned			
11	6	3	-	-			

Mar 17, 2021: Byung-gook Park and Jeong Kim were reappointed as Independent Directors; and Sun-uk Kim as Independent Director and Audit Committee member at the AGM

B. Agendas considered and voting results (2021)

			Executive Directors (attendance)					Independent Directors (attendance)					
Date	Agenda	Results	Ki- nam Kim (100%)	Hyun- suk Kim (100%)	Dong- jin Koh (100%)	Jong- hee Han (100%)	Yoon- ho Choi (88%)	Jae- wan Bahk (100%)	Sun- uk Kim (100%)	Byung -gook Park (100%)	Jeong Kim (100%)	Curie Ahn (100%)	Han-jo Kim (100%)
	 Approval of 2020 financial statements and annual business report 	Approved	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For
Jan	② Approval of shareholder return policy for 2021 to 2023	Approved	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For
28	 ※ Reported items: 1) Report on 2020 internal accounting management system activities 2) Report on evaluation of 2020 internal accounting management system activities 												
	 Decision to convene the 52nd AGM 	Approved	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For
Feb 16	 2) Decisions on the 52nd AGM agenda items ※ Reported Items: 2020 annual audit report, 2020 annual business report, 3) Report on 2020 internal accounting management system activities ※ Agenda item 1: Approval of 2020 financial statements, including balance sheet, income statement, and the statement of appropriation of retained earnings, etc. ※ Agenda item 2: Appointment of Directors 2-1: Appointment of Independent Directors 2-1: Appointment of Jeong Kim as Independent Director 2-2: Appointment of Jeong Kim as Independent Director 2-2: Appointment of Ki-nam Kim as Independent Director 2-2: Appointment of Hyun-suk Kim as Executive Director 2-2: 3: Appointment of Dong-jin Koh as Executive Director 2-2: 3: Appointment of Dong-jin Koh as Executive Director 2-3: Appointment of Dong-jin Koh as Executive Director 	Approved	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For
	③ Approval of 2021 social contribution matching fund	Approved	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For

			Executive Directors (attendance)				Independent Directors (attendance)						
Date	Agenda	Results	Ki- nam Kim (100%)	Hyun- suk Kim (100%)	Dong- jin Koh (100%)	Jong- hee Han (100%)	Yoon- ho Choi (88%)	Jae- wan Bahk (100%)	Sun- uk Kim (100%)	Byung -gook Park (100%)	Jeong Kim (100%)	Curie Ahn (100%)	Han-jo Kim (100%)
	 Agreement on establishment and operation of SCC and revision of regulation 	Approved	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For
	(5) Donation to Chung-nam Samsung Institute	Approved	-	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For
	⑥ Contract with Samsung Biologics and Samsung Bioepis for use of Samsung Cl	Approved	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For
	 Appointment of CEO 	Approved	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For
Mar	② Appointment of Board committee members	Approved	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For
17	③ Remuneration limit of Directors	Approved	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For
	④ Appointment of SCC member	Approved	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For
	(5) Application for product liability insurance	Approved	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For
	 Approval of 1Q21 interim business report and quarterly dividend 	Approved	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For
Apr	 Charitable contributions 	Approved	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For
29	③ Joining of the New Technology Investment Association	Approved	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For
	④ Donation to incentive fund for DS Division's suppliers	Approved	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For
	 Approval of 2021 Half-year business report and quarterly dividend of 2Q21 	Approved	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For
Jul 29	 Revision of Sustainability committee(formerly, Governance) Committee regulations 	Approved	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For
	③ Package insurance policy for Domestic operations	Approved	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For
	 Establishment of plans on safety and health 	Approved	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For
	 Approval of 3Q21 interim business 	Approved	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For
	report Participation in Samsung Heavy Industries' rights offering	Approved	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For
Oct 28	 Joining of the New Technology Investment Association 	Approved	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For
20	Sponsorship of the WorldSkills Competition	Approved	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For
	 Contribution to Joint Investment Technology Development Agreement Fund 	Approved	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For
	 Approval of transaction with affiliate company 	Approved	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For
	② Payment of retirement pension plan	Approved	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For
Nov	 Approval of business plan for 2022 	Approved	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For
30	 ④ Contribution to Community Chest of Korea's annual fundraising campaign for 2022 	Approved	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For
	 S Contribution to UNDP sourced from Samsung Global Goals 	Approved	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For	For

	Agenda		Executive Directors (attendance)				Independent Directors (attendance)						
Date		Results	Ki- nam Kim (100%)	Hyun- suk Kim (100%)	Dong- jin Koh (100%)	Jong- hee Han (100%)	Yoon- ho Choi (88%)	Jae- wan Bahk (100%)	Sun- uk Kim (100%)	Byung -gook Park (100%)	Jeong Kim (100%)	Curie Ahn (100%)	Han-jo Kim (100%)
	 ※ Reported items: 1) Report on results of efficacy evaluation of compliance system 2) Report on results of the compliance review 3) Report on measures to establish compliance culture 												
	Appointment of Head of the Samsung Compliance Committee	Approved	For	For	For	For	Absent	For	For	For	For	For	For

Mar 17, 2021: Byung-gook Park and Jeong Kim were reappointed as Independent Directors; and Sun-uk Kim as Independent Director and Audit Committee member at the AGM.

*CEO Ki-nam Kim did not vote for the agenda for February 16, 2021 meeting '⑤ Donation to Chung-nam Samsung Institute', as it is a transaction between a Director and the Company in accordance with the Commercial Act and Ki-nam Kim has a special interest in the agenda item. Dec 31, 2021: Yoon-ho Choi resigned from his position of Executive Director.

C. Committees

(1) Composition of Board Committees

[As of December	r 31, 2021]			
Committee	Composition	Members	Responsibilities and authorities	Note
Management	5 Executive Directors	Ki-nam Kim (head), Hyun-suk Kim, Dong-jin Koh, Jong-hee Han, Yoon-ho Choi		Appointment of Executive Director Ki-Nam Kim as the Head (April 9, 2021)
Related Party Transactions	3 Independent Directors	Sun-uk Kim (head), Jae-wan Bahk, Han-jo Kim		Appointment of Independent Director Sun-Uk Kim as the Head (April 27, 2021)
Compensation	3 Independent Directors	Byung-gook Park(head), Jae-wan Bahk, Jeong Kim	See below	Appointment of Independent Director Byung-gook Park as the Head (December 22, 2021)
Sustainability (formerly Governance)	6 Independent Directors	Jae-wan Bahk (head), Sun-uk Kim, Byung-gook Park, Jeong Kim, Curie Ahn, Han-jo Kim		-

The Audit Committee and Independent Director Recommendation Committee were excluded according to Corporate Disclosure Guidelines.

Jul 29, 2021: The Governance Committee was reorganized into the Sustainability Committee at the Board meeting Dec 22, 2021: Independent Director Byung-gook Park was appointed as the Head of Compensation Committee. Dec 31, 2021: Yoon-ho Choi resigned from his position of Executive Director.

(The Management Committee)

Responsibilities: The Management Committee deliberates and decides on matters specified by Board regulations and resolutions or specifically delegated by the Board. The composition and operation of the management committee are determined by the Board.

- Authorities:

(A) General management

- 1. Annual or mid to long-term management policy and strategy
- 2. Key management strategy
- 3. Business planning and restructuring
- 4. Establishment, relocation, and withdrawal of overseas branch and corporation
- 5. Initiating cooperation such as strategic partnership with foreign companies
- 6. Acquisition or disposal of domestic and overseas subsidiaries
- (provided that the value of transaction exceeds 0.1% of total equity)
- 7. Other major management matters
- 8. Establishment, relocation, and withdrawal of branches and operations
- 9. Appointment or dismissal of supervisors
- 10. Suspension or shutdown of production over 5% of the total production in the recent year
- 11. Licensing agreements and technology transfer, partnership in regards to technology of over 0.5% of the total equity
- 12. Acquisitions and transfers of patents related to new material and new technology of over 0.5% of the total equity
- 13. Collection and destruction of products corresponding to over 5% of the total sales in the recent business year
- 14. Contracting for over 5% of the total sales in the recent business year
- 15. Contracting or canceling of single sales agency and suppliers over 5% of the total sales in the recent business year
- 16. Establishment of basic principles of organization management
- 17. Decision making on basic principles and any changes related to wages, bonus, and fringe benefits
- 18. Appointments, dismissals and changes of transfer agent
- 19. Closing of shareholder register and setting reference date
- 20. Establishment of corporate guidelines for business and management related activities

(B) Matters related to Finance

- 1. Acquisitions or disposals of equity investments with a value no less than 0.1% and less than 2.5% of the total equity
- 2. Direct overseas investments with a value no less than 0.1% and less than 2.5% of the total equity
- 3. New debt guarantee (excluding extension of period) or collateral issuance with a value no less than 0.1% and less than 2.5% of the total equity
 - A. Collateral: Only in the case of providing collateral for others
 - B. Guarantee: Excludes performance guarantee (eg, bid, contract, defect, difference guarantee) and tax payment guarantee
- 4. New credit agreement contract (excluding extension of period) with a value no less than 0.1% and less than 5% of the total equity
- 5. Approval of related party transactions:

Related party transactions with affiliates involving cash (loans and payments), equity (stocks and bonds) or assets (such as real estate and intangible property rights) with a value between KRW 3 billion and/or less than KRW 5 billion, as defined in the Monopoly Regulation and Fair Trade Act

* Excluding cases where existing contracts are renewed without significant change.

- 6. Issuance of corporate bonds
- 7. Acquisition and disposal of real estate with a value of over 0.1% of the total equity, provided that the transaction is with a third party
- 8. Any matters that the CEO deems necessary and important for the business (eg, capex)

(C) All other matters except for those delegated to the Board and other committees in accordance with Board regulations

(Related Party Transactions Committee)

- Responsibilities: Improve management transparency through the establishment of a voluntary compliance system
- Authorities:
- 1. Right to receive reports on related party transactions:

The Committee can request reports on related party transactions with affiliates

- * According to the Monopoly Regulation and Fair Trade Act, the Related Party Transactions committee is permitted to conduct preliminary reviews and approves on related party transactions over KRW 5 billion and other transactions that are deemed as significant
- 2. Right to order ex officio investigation of related party transactions
- 3. Right to propose corrective measures for related party transactions

(Compensation Committee)

- Responsibilities: Provide transparent and objective decision making process related to remuneration of directors

- Authorities:

- 1. Propose remuneration limit of directors at AGM
- 2. Establish the director remuneration system
- 3. Other matters delegated by the Board

(Sustainability Committee)

- Responsibilities: Promote sustainability management in ESG areas and enhance shareholder value
- Authorities:

2.

- 1. Matters related to corporate sustainability management
 - Key strategies and policies on sustainability management
 - Report on key activities for sustainability management including environment, society, and governance
 - Plans for publishing the Company's Sustainability Report
 - Matters related to shareholder value enhancement
 - Preliminary review on shareholder return policies
 - Report on key issues related to shareholder rights and interests
 - Other matters that may significantly impact sustainability management and shareholder value that are deemed necessary for the Committee to discuss
- 3. Establishment, composition, operation of organizations under the committee including research groups, councils, etc.
- 4. Other matters delegated by the Board

(2) Committee Activities

□ The Management Committee (2021)

Dete	Arrenda	Voting			Director (attendance)		
Date	Agenda	results	Ki-nam Kim (100%)	Hyun-suk Kim (100%)	Dong-jin Koh (100%)	Jong-hee Han (100%)	Yoon-ho Choi (89%)
Jan 6	① Investment in memory business	Approved	For	For	For	For	For
	① Investment in memory business	Approved	For	For	For	For	For
	 Investment in R&D 	Approved	For	For	For	For	For
Feb 5	 (3) Establishment of overseas subsidiary 	Approved	For	For	For	For	For
	 ④ Contract agreement for using Samsung Cl 	Approved	For	For	For	For	For
Mar 5	1 Investment in memory business	Approved	For	For	For	For	For
	② Investment in foundry business	Approved	For	For	For	For	For
Apr 9	 Appointment of the Head of Management Committee 	Approved	For	For	For	For	For
	② Investment in memory business	Approved	For	For	For	For	For
May 7	① Investment in foundry business	Approved	For	For	For	For	For
way i	② Licensing agreement	Approved	For	For	For	For	For
	 Investment in memory business (Pyeongtaek) 	Approved	For	For	For	For	For
	② Investment in memory business	Approved	For	For	For	For	For
Jun 18	 Investment in foundry business (Hwaseong) 	Approved	For	For	For	For	For
	 Investment in foundry business (Pyeongtaek) 	Approved	For	For	For	For	For
	(5) Investment in foundry business	Approved	For	For	For	For	For
	6 Change of trademark royalty	Approved	For	For	For	For	For
Jul 29	① Investment in DS division	Approved	For	For	For	For	For
	① Investment in memory business	Approved	For	For	For	For	For
Oct 8	 Investment in memory business (Pyeongtaek) 	Approved	For	For	For	For	For
Dec 30	① Licensing agreement	Approved	For	For	For	For	Absent

□ The Related Party Transactions Committee (2021)

Date	Agenda	Voting results	Directors (attendance)				
Date	Лусний	Voting results	Sun-uk Kim (100%)	Jae-wan Bahk (100%)	Han-jo Kim (100%)		
Jan 26	1 Report on 4Q20 related party transactions	-	-	-	-		
Feb 10	 Prior review on large-scale related party transactions Contract agreement with Samsung Biologics and Samsung Bioepis for using Samsung Cl 	-	-	-	-		
Mar 12	 Prior review on large-scale related party transactions Application for product liability insurance 	-	-	-	-		
Apr 27	 Appointment of the Head of Related Party Transactions Committee 	Approved	For	For	For		

Date	Agenda	Voting results		Directors (attendance)					
Date	лусниа	Voting results	Sun-uk Kim (100%)	Jae-wan Bahk (100%)	Han-jo Kim (100%)				
	 Prior review on large-scale related party transactions Charitable contribution Application for New Technology Investment Association 	-	-	-	-				
Jul 27	 Report on 1Q21 related party transactions Prior review on large-scale related party transactions Package insurance policy for Domestic operations 	-	-	-	-				
	 Report on 2Q21 related party transactions 	-	-	-	-				
Oct 26	 Prior review on large-scale related party transactions Participation in Samsung Heavy Industries' rights offering Joining of the New Technology Investment Association 	-	-	-	-				
	 ② Report on 3Q21 related party transactions ① Prior review on large-scale related party 								
Nov 26	 (1) Prior review of harge-scale related party transactions 1) Payment of retirement pension plan 2) Approval of 2022 large-scale product and service transactions 	-	-	-	-				

□ The Compensation Committee (2021)

Date	Agenda	Voting results	Directors (attendance)				
	Agenua	Voting results	Byung-gook Park (100%)	Jae-wan Bahk (100%)	Jeong Kim (100%)		
Feb 10	 Review of fixed annual income for each Executive Director in 2021 	Approved	For	For	For		
10010	② Review on 2021 remuneration limit for Directors	Approved	For	For	For		
	① Appointment of head of the Committee	Approved	For	For	For		
Dec 22	② Review on special bonus for Executive Directors in 2021	Approved	For	For	For		

□ The Sustainability Committee (2021)

Date			Directors (attendance)						
	Agenda	Voting results	Jae-wan Bahk (100%)	Sun-uk Kim (100%)	Byung- gook Park (100%)	Jeong Kim (100%)	Curie Ahn (100%)	Han-jo Kim (100%)	
Jan 26	 Prior review on the shareholder return policy for 2021 to 2023 	Approved	For	For	For	For	For	For	

			Directors (attendance)							
Date	Agenda	Voting results	Jae-wan Bahk (100%)	Sun-uk Kim (100%)	Byung- gook Park (100%)	Jeong Kim (100%)	Curie Ahn (100%)	Han-jo Kim (100%)		
	※ Reporting Item1) Reporting on current status of IR									
Apr 29	 ※ Reporting Item 1) Reporting on current status of IR 2) Report on plans for publishing Sustainability Report 	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Jul 29	 ※ Reporting Item 1) Reporting on current status of IR 2) Operation of the Sustainability Committee 	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Oct 28	 ※ Reporting Item 1) Reporting on current status of IR 2) Operation of the Sustainability Committee 	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Jul 29, 2021: The Governance Committee was reorganized into the Sustainability Committee at the Board meeting.

D. Director independence

(1) Appointment of Directors

The Board nominates Executive Director candidates and the Independent Director Recommendation Committee nominates Independent Director candidates. Directors are then appointed at the general meeting.

A candidate for Director needs to meet the requirements of relevant laws and the Articles of Incorporation. Executive Directors are appointed based on his or her expertise and leadership among a list of candidates that is constantly updated. Independent Directors should have no material interests with the Company and its major shareholder, possess knowledge and experience in IT, accounting, finance, law, economics, EHS, etc., and be able to fulfill the roles and responsibilities of supervising management from an independent position. The company has not set separate standards with respect to the independence of Directors besides the requirements in relevant laws and the Article of Incorporation.

Please refer to ["]VIII. Executives and Employees_" for more information about the career of each Director.

The Board submits shareholders' proposal for appointment of Directors at the general shareholder meeting as a separate agenda if the proposal satisfies related laws and regulations.

The composition of the Board of Directors, as appointed by shareholders, is as follows:

[As of December	31.	20211
	51,	2021]

Position	Name	Term (No. of reappointments)	Reasons for appointment	Nominator	Responsibility	Transaction with the Company	Relationship with the Company's major shareholders
Executive Director (CEO)	Ki-nam Kim	Mar 2018 _ Mar 2024 (1)	Director Ki-nam Kim has built expertise based on his experience as the president of Samsung Advanced Institute of Technology, head of the memory business, and president of the semiconductor business. He will play a critical role in solidifying leadership of the component business despite growing external uncertainty.	The Board	CEO, President of Samsung Advanced Institute of Technology	N/A	Related party
Executive Director (CEO)	Hyun- suk Kim	Mar 2018 – Mar 2024 (1)	Director Hyun-suk Kim is an expert in display R&D and played a crucial role in positioning the company as the leader in the global TV market. He will use this successful experience in other businesses such as the home appliance business to create synergies within the CE division.	The Board	CEO, Person in charge of Emerging Technology	N/A	Related party
Executive Director (CEO)	Dong- jin Koh	Mar 2018 Mar 2024 (1)	Director Dong-jin Koh is an expert in mobile R&D and has contributed in advancing our mobile business with the galaxy lineup. He will play a critical role in becoming a first mover in the stagnant yet competitive smartphone market.	The Board	CEO, Person in charge of HR innovation	N/A	Related party

Position	Name	Term (No. of reappointments)	Reasons for appointment	Nominator	Responsibility	Transaction with the Company	Relationship with the Company's major shareholders
Executive Director	Jong- hee Han	Mar 2020 – Mar 2023 (None)	Director Jong-hee Han is an expert in display R&D and played a leading role in continuously achieving the top position in global TV market. He will contribute to further solidifying leadership in TV market amid intensifying competition by using his excellent business capabilities.	The Board	Head of DX Division, Head of Visual Display Business	N/A	Related party
Executive Director	Yoon- ho Choi	Mar 2020 – Mar 2023 (None)	Director Yoon-ho Choi is a finance expert and contributed to enhancing synergy among businesses in SEC. He will contribute to efficient and stable management of the Company by capitalizing on his capabilities in risk management amid uncertain global economy.	The Board	General management	N/A	Related party
Independent Director	Jae- wan Bahk	Mar 2016 – Mar 2022 (1)	Director Jae-wan Bahk is an expert in finance and public sector with abundant experience relative to state affairs and policy design. He can contribute to objective supervision of the management and the Board's strategic decisions.	Independent Director Recommendation Committee	Chairman of the Board	N/A	N/A
Independent Director	Sun-uk Kim	Mar 2018 _ Mar 2024 (1)	Director Sun-uk Kim is a legal expert and has experience as a professor at a school of law and the Legislation Minister. She can present a new perspective to the Board based on objective and juridical reasoning.	Independent Director Recommendation Committee	Overall management	N/A	N/A
Independent Director	Byung- gook Park	Mar 2018–Mar 2024 (1)	Director Byung-gook Park is a professor at electrical engineering and an expert in flash memory. He will play a crucial role in strengthening expertise of the Board.	Independent Director Recommendation Committee	Overall management	N/A	N/A
Independent Director	Jeong Kim	Mar 2018 – Mar 2024 (1)	Director Jeong Kim is an IT expert and an entrepreneur. He will contribute to the Board's strategic decisions by utilizing his expertise, wide network, and business capability.	Independent Director Recommendation Committee	Overall management	N/A	N/A
Independent Director	Curie Ahn	Mar 2019 – Mar 2022 (None)	Director Curie Ahn is a medical expert who has been working for the marginalized and public good. Director Ahn will help address the increasingly important EHS issues, improving social communication and achieving sustainable growth.	Independent Director Recommendation Committee	Overall management	N/A	N/A

Position	Name	Term (No. of reappointments)	Reasons for appointment	Nominator	Responsibility	Transaction with the Company	Relationship with the Company's major shareholders
Independent Director	Han-jo Kim	Mar 2019 – Mar 2022 (None)	Director Han-jo Kim has built expertise in finance and business management through his experience as a President of Korea Exchange Bank and now serves as the chairman of a social contribution foundation. He will contribute to the Company by providing valuable insight on overall business issues and by utilizing expertise in finance, co- growth, etc.	Independent Director Recommendation Committee	Overall management	N/A	N/A

Relationship with Company's major shareholders is in accordance with Article 542-8 of the Commercial Act.

Mar 17, 2021: Executive Directors Ki-nam Kim, Hyun-suk Kim, and Dong-jin Koh were reappointed as CEOs; Byung-gook Park and Jeong Kim as Independent Directors; and Sun-uk Kim as Independent Director and Audit Committee member at the AGM.

Dec 31, 2021: Yoon-ho Choi resigned from his position as Executive Director.

Feb 15, 2022: Executive Directors Ki-nam Kim, Hyun-suk Kim, and Dong-jin Koh resigned from their positions as CEO; and Executive Director Jong-hee Han was appointed as CEO at the Board meeting.

(2) Independent Director Recommendation Committee

The Independent Director Recommendation Committee assesses the independence and ability of potential candidates and recommends selected candidates to be appointed at the annual general meeting of shareholders. As of the reporting date (December 31, 2021), the committee is composed of three Independent Directors (Byung-gook Park, Jeong Kim, and Curie Ahn) based on related laws that states more than a majority of members should be independent directors in accordance with clause 4 of Article 542-8 of the Commercial Law.

			Directors (attendance)		
Date	Agenda	Voting results	Jeong Kim (100%)	Byung-gook Park (100%)	Curie Ahn (100%)
Jan 28	 Decision on date of Independent Director candidate recommendation 	Approved	For	For	For
Feb 10	 Recommendation of Independent Director candidate 	Approved	For	For	For
Feb TU	② Recommendation of Independent Director for Audit Committee candidate	Approved	For	For	For

(3) Expertise of Independent Directors

1) Support team for Independent Directors

[As of December 31, 2021]

Team	Number of employees	Position (total years served/ years in support team)	Key activities
HR	5	Executive Vice President: 1 person (31 years and 1 month / 3 years) Executive Vice President: 1 person (27 years and 10 months / 1 year and 11 months) Principal Professional: 1 person (18 years and 11 months / 2 year and 5 months) Senior Professional: 2 persons (average: 12 years and 8 months / 3 years	 Support operation of annual shareholders' meeting, Board meetings, and Committee meetings Support education for Independent Directors and their activities Establish database on Director candidates Provide information for resolution process to each Directors Administrative work for meetings Record meeting agendas for the Board and committee meetings

2) Education programs to provide updates on key management issues for Independent Directors

1 Inspection of domestic and overseas business sites

Date	Organizer	Participants	Reasons for absence	Education contents
Aug 16, 2019 - Aug 23, 2019	HR team and management team of the region where the inspection takes place	Jae-wan Bahk, Sun-uk Kim, Byung-gook Park, Jeong Kim, Curie Ahn, Han-jo Kim	N/A	On-site inspection to check business operations

② Orientation for newly appointed Independent Directors

Date	Organizer	Participants	Reasons for absence	Education contents
Mar 20, 2019	HR team	Curie Ahn, Han-jo Kim	N/A	Key issues regarding Board activities and management
Apr 30, 2019	HR team and relevant management team	Curie Ahn, Han-jo Kim	N/A	Key issues regarding Board activities and management
Jul 30, 2019	HR team and relevant management team	Curie Ahn, Han-jo Kim	N/A	Key issues regarding Board activities and management

3 Orientation for Independent Directors

Date	Organizer	Participants	Reasons for absence	Education contents
Jan 30, 2019	Support Team	In-ho Lee, Kwang-soo Song, Jae-wan Bahk, Sun- uk Kim, Byung-gook Park, Jeong Kim	N/A	Business plans for 2019
Jan 31, 2019	Network business	In-ho Lee, Kwang-soo Song, Jae-wan Bahk, Sun- uk Kim, Byung-gook Park, Jeong Kim	N/A	Briefing on 5G technology and tour of production lines
Nov 27, 2020	Planning Team	Jae-wan Bahk, Sun-uk Kim, Byung-gook Park, Jeong Kim, Curie Ahn, Han-jo Kim	N/A	Changing environment in post-COVID- 19 era and mid- to long-term strategy

2. Audit System

A. Profiles of Audit Committee members

As of December 31, 2021, SEC operates an Audit Committee consisting of three Independent Directors. Directors Jaewan Bahk (head) and Han-jo Kim qualify as experts in finance in accordance with relevant regulations.

Nama	Maianananianaa	A	ccounting/financial expertise ¹⁾
Name	Major experience	Classification	Relevant experience
Jae-wan Bahk (Head)	 2020–present: Professor Emeritus, Department of Public Administration Graduate School of Governance at Sungkyunkwan University 1996–2020: Professor, Department of Public Administration & Graduate School of Governance, Sungkyunkwan University 2016–present: Independent Director, Lotte Shopping 2014–present: Chief Director, Hansun Foundation 2011–2013: Minister of Strategy and Finance 2010–2011: Minister of Employment and Labor 2004–2008: Member of the 17th National Assembly 	Type 2 ²⁾	 1996–2020: Professor of Public Administration, Sungkyunkwan University 1992: Gained Ph.D. in Financial Administration
Sun-uk Kim	 2018–present: Professor Emeritus, School of Law, Ewha Womans University 1995–2018: Professor, Ewha Law School, Ewha Womans University 2010–2014: President, Ewha Womans University 2005–2007: Minister of Government Legislation 	_	_
Han-jo Kim	 2019–2021: CEO/Rep Director, Hana Foundation 2015–2019: CEO/Rep Director, Hana Nanum Foundation 2015–2016: Vice Chairman, Hana Financial Group 2014–2015: President, Korea Exchange Bank 2013–2014: President, KEB Capital Inc. 	Туре 4 ³⁾	 2015–2016: Vice Chairman, Hana Financial Group 2014–2015: President, Korea Exchange Bank 2013–2014: President, KEB Capital 2012–2013: Head of Corporate Business Group, Korea Exchange Bank 1999–2002, 2004–2005: Head of Branch, Korea Exchange Bank

1) Defined in Public Disclosure Guideline and Article 37-2 of the Enforcement Decree of the Commercial Act

2) Holds at least a master's degree in accounting or finance and who has worked for a research institute or university at least as a researcher or an assistant professor in accounting or finance for an aggregate of at least five years

3) Experience at financial, government, securities-related organizations in charge of accounting or finance or in charge of supervision over accounting or finance for an aggregate of at least five years

B. Audit Committee independence

Pursuant to related laws and the Articles of Incorporation, SEC has prepared internal audit regulations which encompass composition, operation, authority, and responsibility of the Audit Committees to carry out audit related activities.

The Audit Committee is exclusively composed of Independent Directors recommended by the Board and appointed at the general shareholder meeting. Currently, it includes financial experts Jae-wan Bahk (head) and Han-jo Kim and legal expert Sun-uk Kim. Committee members do not have any relation to the Company's major shareholders that may undermine the independence of the Committee. Also, the Audit Committee satisfies requirements of relevant laws (eg, the stipulation that the role of head of the committee be held by an Independent Director).

Requirements	Requirement status	Applicable acts, etc.
The audit committee shall consist of at least three directors.	Satisfied: the committee consists of three Directors	Article 415-2 (2) of the Commercial Act,
The ratio of independent directors shall exceed two thirds of the total number of members.	Satisfied: all members are independent directors)	Article 2 of the Company's Audit Committee Regulation
At least one member of the committee shall be an accounting or financing expert.	Satisfied: Jae-wan Bahk; Han-jo Kim	Article 542-11 (2) of the Commercial Act,
The representative of the committee shall be an Independent Director.	Satisfied: Independent Director Jae-wan Bahk	Article 3 of the Company's Audit Committee Regulation
Other conditions (related party of the major shareholder, etc.)	Satisfied (n/a)	Article 542-11 (3) of the Commercial Act

[As of December 31, 2021]

Name	Term (No. of reappointments)	Reasons for appointment	Nominator	Relationship with the Company	Relationship with the Company's major shareholders	Concurrent positions
Jae-wan Bahk (Head)	Mar 2019–Mar 2022 (-)	Expertise in finance and public sector and abundant experience in state affairs and policy design. He can contribute to the committee's activities by offering an objective perspective.	Independent Director Recommendation Committee	N/A	N/A	Independent Director Lotte Shopping, Co., Ltd 2016~
Sun-uk Kim	Mar 2018–Mar 2024 (1)	Based on the legal expertise and experience running organizations in areas including administration, finance, international affairs, etc., she can carry out the duties in an aboveboard manner with strict standards.	Independent Director Recommendation Committee	N/A	N/A	-
Han-jo Kim	Mar 2019–Mar 2022 (-)	An expert in finance with broad experience, he offers impartial judgement on overall management activities while carrying out his duties	Independent Director Recommendation Committee	N/A	N/A	-

Relationship with the Company and Company's major shareholders is in accordance with Article 542-8 of the Commercial Act.

The Audit Committee reviews accounting documents including financial statements and audit process related documents presented by the external auditor, and if needed, requests the external auditor to perform additional reviews on accounting books and records. To ensure the reliability of accounting related disclosures, the audit committee receives and reviews a report on internal accounting control systems prepared by internal accounting managers. In addition, the Committee attends the Board meetings and other significant meetings. The Committee receives reports on deliberations of the Management Committee and on business performance from Directors and requests additional reviews and supplementation of data as needed.

C. Major activities of the Audit Committee (2021)

			Directors (attendance)		
Date	Agenda	Voting results	Jae-wan Bahk (100%)	Sun-uk Kim (100%)	Han-jo Kim (100%)
	 Report on 2020 internal accounting management system activities Report on evaluation of 2020 internal accounting management system activities Communication between external 	-	-	-	-
Jan 26	auditor and audit committee - Report on 2020 financial statement and	-	-	-	-
	 business report Report on 4Q20 non-audit activities Report on 4Q20 external contributions Report on 2020 audit activities 			-	
Feb 10	 Review of the 52nd AGM agenda Report on activities of internal compliance system in 2020 	-	-	-	-
	 Communication between external auditor and audit committee Decision on the terms and conditions of the audit contract with the designated 	- Approved	- For	- For	- For
Apr 27	 external auditor Report on 1Q21 interim business report Report on 1Q21 non-audit activities Report on plans for reviewing 2021 internal accounting management system 	- - -		- - -	
	 activities Report on 1Q21 external contributions Report on plans for evaluating 2020 internal accounting management system activities 	-	-	-	-
	- Communication between external auditor and audit committee	-	-	-	-
	Report on 2021 half-year business reportReport on 2Q21 non-audit activities	-	-	-	-
Jul 27	 Interim report on 2021 internal accounting management system activities 	-	-	-	-
Juizi	Report on 2Q21 external contributionsReport on 1H21 audit activities	-	-	-	-
	 Interim report on evaluation of 2021 internal accounting management system activities Report on evaluation of 2020 external audit activities 	-	-	-	-
	Communication between external auditor and audit committee	-	-	-	-
Oct 26	 Report on 3Q21 interim business report Report on 3Q21 non-audit activities 	-	-	-	-
	- Report on 3Q21 external contributions	-	-	-	-

D. Education programs for the Audit Committee

In accordance with the working guide for internal accounting management system, we are conducting additional training to ensure the expertise of the Audit Committee. Organized by external experts, finance team, and audit team, education on changes to internal control, internal accounting management system is provided more than once a year.

E. Previous education sessions

Date	Organizer	Participants	Reasons for absence	Education contents
Apr 29, 2019	Audit team Finance team HR team External experts	Jae-wan Bahk Sun-uk Kim Han-jo Kim	N/A	Introduction materials
Jul 30, 2019	External experts	Jae-wan Bahk Sun-uk Kim Han-jo Kim	N/A	Internal accounting management system
Jul 28, 2020	External experts	Jae-wan Bahk Sun-uk Kim Han-jo Kim	N/A	Internal accounting management system
Jul 27, 2021	External experts	Jae-wan Bahk Sun-uk Kim Han-jo Kim	N/A	Internal accounting management system

F. Support team for the Audit Committee

[As of December 31, 2021]

Team	Composition	Service years on team	Major tasks
Audit team	1 Executive Vice President, 2 Principal Professionals 1 Senior Professional	Executive Vice President: 2 Years Principal professional: 3 years 10 months (average) Senior Professional: 2 years 9 months	Support the Audit Committee
Internal accounting assessment support group	1 Vice President, 1 Lawyer, 1 Senior Professional	Vice President: 3 years Lawyer: 9 months Senior Professional: 11 months	Support assessment of the internal accounting management system

G. Compliance Officer

[As of December 31, 2021]

	Name	Duk-ho Ahn
	Date of birth	July 1968
	Sex	Male
	Current position	Corporate Compliance Team leader at Samsung Electronics (Jan 2020–present)
1. Personal information and major career	Career	 Jan 2020: Head of Compliance Team, SEC (Executive Vice President) Nov 2017: Head of Legal Support Team, SEC DS Division (Executive Vice President) Apr 2017: Head of Legal Support Team, SEC DS Division (Senior Vice President) Dec 2010: Office of Compliance Management, SEC (Senior Vice President) Mar 2006: Office of Legal Affairs, SEC (Vice President) Mar 2005: Office of Legal Affairs, Samsung Restructuring Head Office (Vice President) 1997–2005: Judge at the Seoul District Court, Seoul Administration Court
	Academic background	Bachelor's Degree in Law (Seoul National University)
2. Date of Board resolution		Jan 30, 2020
3. Disqualifications		N/A
4. Others		N/A

Compliance officer meets the eligibility requirement (lawyer) stated in Article 542-13 (5) of the Commercial Act.

H. Major compliance activities

The Company conducts compliance assessments on a regular and ad-hoc basis and reflects the results in the Company's business activities to improve compliance of the Company and its employees.

Date	Assessment subject	Assessment area	Results
Eab 2021	Violation risk of competitors' business secrets	Business secrets	
Feb 2021	Industrial health and safety risk	Environment & safety	
Mar 2021	Compliance of domestic and overseas third-party production customers	Technology leak, product liability, etc.	
Apr 2021	Monitoring external contributions and related party transaction risks	Anti-corruption, fair transaction	
	Voluntary compliance of overseas subsidiaries	Status of compliance program	
Jun 2021	Online compliance of overseas sales subsidiaries	Fair transaction, business secrets, etc.	
	Compliance of domestic and overseas third-party production customers	Technology leak, product liability, etc.	
Aug 2021	Monitoring external contributions and related party transaction risks	Anti-corruption, fair transaction	
Aug 2021	Compliance of subsidiaries	Business secrets, personal information, etc.	Overall result was
	Compliance of domestic sales & marketing organizations	Fair transaction, business secrets, etc.	satisfactory. Internal policies were followed in areas where there was room for
Sep 2021	Online compliance of overseas sales subsidiaries	Fair transaction, business secrets, etc.	improvement.
	Compliance of domestic and overseas third-party production customers	Technology leak, product liability, etc.	
	Violation of equipment company's business secrets	Business secrets	
Oct 2021	Industrial health and safety risk	Environment & safety	
	Monitoring external contributions and related party transaction risks	Anti-corruption, fair transaction	
	Compliance of patent application process	Technology misuse, business secrets, etc.	
Nov 2021	Compliance of subsidiaries	Business secrets, personal information, etc.	
	Online compliance of overseas sales subsidiaries	Fair transaction, business secrets, etc.	
Dec 2021	Compliance of domestic and overseas third-party production customers	Technology leak, product liability, etc.	

Assessment conducted in the final month of each quarter.

Each assessment was conducted on selected organizations.

I. Support team for the Compliance Officer

[As of December 31, 2021]

Team	Composition	Service years (average)	Major tasks
Compliance team, etc.	1 Executive Vice President 3 Vice Presidents 14 Principal Professionals 12 Lawyers 33 Senior Professionals 7 Professionals (Total: 70)	Executive Vice President (1 month) Vice Presidents (5 years 3 months) Principal Professionals (7 years 9 months) Lawyers (4 years and 2 months) Senior Professionals (5 years and 1 months) Professionals (1 year and 7 months)	Supports activities of the Compliance Officer

3. General meeting of shareholders

A. Voting method

As of December 31, 2021, the Company has not adopted cumulative voting or paper voting and has adopted electronic voting, which was used at the 52nd AGM on March 17, 2021.

On January 30, 2020, the Board resolved to adopt electronic voting to enhance convenience in exercising voting rights for shareholders in accordance with Article 368-4 (Exercise of Voting Rights by Electronic Means) of the Commercial Act. E-voting has been used at every AGM since it was introduced at the 51st AGM on March 18, 2020.

The convocation notice of general meeting of shareholders includes the information that voting rights can be exercised electronically. Owners of shares as of the last day of every settlement term can exercise their voting rights via the electronic voting system of Korea Securities Depository ten days prior to general meeting date until the day before the meeting, without being present at the meeting.

[As of December 31, 2021]

Classification	Cumulative voting	Paper voting	Electronic voting		
Adoption	Excluded	Not adopted	Adopted		
Implementation	-	-	52nd AGM (2020)		

The Company as of the reporting date employs proxy voting and it contacts shareholders directly to recommend delegating voting rights, contacts shareholders by mail or email, and also made a power of attorney form available on the Company website.

B. Minority shareholder rights

No minority shareholder rights were exercised during the reporting period.

C. Competition over management rights

No competition over management rights occurred during the reporting period.

D. Voting shares

As of December 31, 2021, SEC has 5,969,782,550 issued shares of common stock, and 822,886,700 issued shares of preferred stock with no voting rights. There are 597,491,116 shares of common stock with limited voting rights under relevant laws. Thus, the total number of shares with full voting rights is 5,372,291,434.

[As of December 31, 2021]

Classification	Share type	Number of shares	Note
Number of issued abores (A)	Common	5,969,782,550	-
Number of issued shares (A)	Preferred	822,886,700	-
Shares with no voting rights (B)	Common	-	-

Classification	Share type	Number of shares	Note
Shares with no voting rights according to Articles of Incorporation (C)	Preferred	822,886,700	-
Shares with limited voting rights	Common	596,959,200 ¹⁾	508,157,148 shares held by Samsung Life Insurance & 88,802,052 shares held by Samsung Fire & Marine Insurance
under relevant laws (D)	Preferred	531,916	Restricted by the Insurance Business Act: Shares held by Samsung Life Insurance in certain special accounts
Shares with voting rights	Common	5,372,291,434	-
(F = A - B - C - D)	Preferred	-	-

 Pursuant to Korea's Monopoly Regulation and Fair Trade Act, owners can exercise certain rights on some shares in accordance with related laws, including the right to vote on agendas such as the appointment or dismissal of directors and revisions to the Articles of Incorporation.

E. Stock affairs

Preemptive rights in the Articles of Incorporation

- New shares to be issued by the Company shall be allocated to the shareholders in proportion to their respective shareholdings in accordance with Paragraph 6, Article 8. If shares are not subscribed for as a result of waiver or loss of the preemptive right of the shareholders to subscribe for new shares, or if fractional shares remain at the time of allocation of new shares, such shares may be disposed of by a resolution of the Board of Directors in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.
- 2. Notwithstanding the above Paragraph 1, new shares may be allocated to persons other than shareholders in the following cases:
- a. If the Company issues new shares or causes underwriters to underwrite new shares by a resolution of the Board of Directors in accordance with applicable laws and regulations including the Financial Investment Services and Capital Markets Act;
- b. If the Company allocates new shares preferentially to members of the Employee Stock Ownership Association by a resolution of the Board of Directors in accordance with applicable laws and regulations including the Financial Investment Services and Capital Markets Act;
- c. If the Company issues new shares for the issuance of depositary receipts (DR) by a resolution of the Board of Directors in accordance with the applicable laws and regulations including the Financial Investment Services and Capital Markets Act;
- d. If the Company issues new shares by public offering in accordance with Article 11-3;
- e. If new shares are issued by the exercise of stock options in accordance with Article 11-4;
- f. If the Company issues new shares to the extent of 20% of the total issued and outstanding shares to domestic or foreign financial institutions for the purpose of obtaining financing urgently or to the relevant partner company for the purpose of inducing technology therefrom, etc., by a resolution of the Board of Directors; provided that the issue price of the new shares shall not be less than the price prescribed by the Financial Investment Services and Capital Markets Act and other applicable laws and regulations.
- (Note) Paragraph 6, Article 8

In the case of rights issue, bonus issue or stock dividend, the holders of common shares shall be entitled to common shares, and the holders of preferred shares shall be entitled to preferred shares, in proportion to their respective shareholdings; provided that in the case of rights issue and stock dividend the Company may, if necessary, issue only one kind of shares, where all the shareholders shall be entitled to such kind of shares to be issued.

- (Note) Article 11-3 (Public Offering)
- 1. The Company may issue new shares by public offering to the extent that the new shares do not exceed 20% of the total number of issued and outstanding shares by a resolution of the Board of Directors, pursuant to Article 165-6, Paragraph 1, Item 3 of the Financial Investment Services and Capital Markets Act.

- 2. If the Company issues new shares by public offering, the type, quantity and issue price of the shares to be newly issued shall be determined by a resolution of the Board of Directors; provided that the issue price of such new shares shall not be less than the price prescribed by the Financial Investment Services and Capital Markets Act and other applicable laws and regulations.
- (Note) Article 11-4 (Stock Options)
- 1. The Company may grant stock options to its officers and employees (including officers and employees of the related companies as set forth in Article 542-3, Paragraph 1 of the Commercial Code; the same shall apply for the purpose of this Article) by a special resolution of the general meeting of shareholders pursuant to Article 542-3 of the Commercial Code, to the extent permitted by the Commercial Code; provided, however, that the Company may grant the stock options to its officers and employees (except for the directors of the Company) by a resolution of the Board of Directors to the extent determined by the relevant laws and regulations.
- 2. The person to whom stock options may be granted are the officers and employees who have contributed or have the capacity to contribute to the establishment, management, overseas business, technical innovation, etc. of the Company; provided, however, that the officers and employees who may not be entitled to stock options under the relevant laws and regulations shall be excluded.
- 3. The shares to be issued to the officers or employees by the exercise of their stock options (in case the Company pays, either in cash or treasury shares, the difference between the exercise price of stock options and the market price, they refer to the shares which are the basis for such calculation) shall be common shares in registered form or preferred shares in registered form.
- 4. Total number of shares to be delivered in accordance with the exercise of stock options shall be up to the extent permitted by the relevant laws and regulations.
- 5. The stock options may be exercised until an expiry date determined by a resolution of the general meeting of shareholders or the Board of Directors and such expiry date shall be determined within a period not exceeding eight (8) years from the date when two (2) years have elapsed from the date of the general meeting of shareholders or the date of the Board of Directors' meeting at which a resolution to grant such stock options is adopted; provided, however, that the person to whom a stock option is granted should serve the Company for at least two (2) years after the date of such resolution in order to exercise such stock option, unless otherwise set forth by relevant laws and regulations.
- 6. The terms and conditions for stock options, such as the contents and exercise price thereof shall be determined by a special resolution of the general meeting of shareholders or by a resolution of the Board of Directors in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations and the Articles of Incorporation; provided, however, that such matters which are not provided for as matters reserved for resolutions of the general meeting of shareholders or the Board of Directors' meeting under the relevant laws and regulations or the Articles of Incorporation may be determined by the Board of Directors or a committee authorized by the Board of Directors.

7. The Company may cancel the grant of stock options by a resolution of the Board of Directors in any of the following cases:

a. In case the relevant officer or employee voluntarily retires from his/her office or leaves the Company after the grant of stock options;

b. In case the relevant officer or employee causes substantial damages to the Company due to his/her willful misconduct or negligence;

c. In case any of the causes for cancellation set forth in the stock option agreement occurs.

Settlement date	Dec 31	Annual General Meetings of Shareholders	Within 3 months after the end of every business year			
Record	Record date (closing period)			Last day of fiscal year (One month from Jan 1)		
Transfer agent	Korea Secu	rities Depository (T: +82-51	-519-1500): 40 Munhyeonge	umyung-ro, Nam-gu, Busan, Korea		
Shareholder benefit		n/a	Published on	Joongang Daily		

With Act on Electronic Registration of Stocks, Bonds, etc. ("Electronic Securities Act") taking effect Sep 16, 2019, rights specified on stocks and subscription warrants are subject to mandatory electronic registration, therefore, "Stock types" are no longer applicable.

Related information is published on Joongang Daily in pursuant to our Articles of Incorporation, as well as on our website (http://www.samsung.com/sec/ir).

F. Results of shareholder meetings

[As of December 31, 2021]

Agenda	Results
1. Approval of Balance Sheet, Income Statement, and Statement of Appropriation of Retained	Approved
Earnings, etc. for 2020	
2. Appointment of Directors	
2.1: Appointment of Independent Directors	
2.1.1: Byung-gook Park	Approved
2.1.2: Jeong Kim	Approved
2.2: Appointment of Executive Directors	
2.2.1: Ki-nam Kim	Approved
2.2.2: Hyun-suk Kim	Approved
2.2.3: Dong-jin Koh	Approved
3. Appointment of Sun-uk Kim as Independent Director for Audit Committee Member	Approved
4. Approval of remuneration limit for Directors	Approved
1. Approval of Balance Sheet, Income Statement, and Statement of Appropriation of Retained	
Earnings (draft), etc. for 2019	Approved
2. Appointment of Executive Directors	
2.1: Jong-hee Han	Approved
2.2: Yoon-ho Choi	Approved
3. Approval of remuneration limit for Directors	Approved
1. Approval of Balance Sheet, Income Statement, and Statement of Appropriation of Retained Earnings (draft), etc. for 2018	Approved
2. Appointment of Directors/Committee Members	
2.1: Independent Directors	
2.1.1: Jae-wan Bahk	Approved
2.1.2: Han-jo Kim	Approved
2.1.3: Curie Ahn	Approved
2.2: Audit Committee	FF
2.2.1: Jae-wan Bahk	Approved
2.2.2: Han-jo Kim	Approved
3. Approval of remuneration limit for Directors	Approved
	 Approval of Balance Sheet, Income Statement, and Statement of Appropriation of Retained Earnings, etc. for 2020 Appointment of Directors 1: Appointment of Independent Directors 1: Pupg-gook Park 2: Appointment of Executive Directors 2: Appointment of Executive Directors 2: Appointment of Sun-uk Kim 2: Phyon-suk Kim 2: Support of remuneration limit for Directors Approval of Balance Sheet, Income Statement, and Statement of Appropriation of Retained Earnings (draft), etc. for 2019 Approval of Balance Sheet, Income Statement, and Statement of Appropriation of Retained Earnings (draft), etc. for 2019 Approval of Balance Sheet, Income Statement, and Statement of Appropriation of Retained Earnings (draft), etc. for 2019 Approval of Balance Sheet, Income Statement, and Statement of Appropriation of Retained Earnings (draft), etc. for 2019 Approval of Balance Sheet, Income Statement, and Statement of Appropriation of Retained Earnings (draft), etc. for 2018 Approval of Balance Sheet, Income Statement, and Statement of Appropriation of Retained Earnings (draft), etc. for 2018 Approval of Balance Sheet, Income Statement, and Statement of Appropriation of Retained Earnings (draft), etc. for 2018 Approval of Balance Sheet, Income Statement, and Statement of Appropriation of Retained Earnings (draft), etc. for 2018 Appointment of Directors/Committee Members Independent Directors Independent Directors Surie Ahn Audit Committee Audit Committee

An extraordinary meeting of shareholders was not held during the reporting period.

VII. Information on Shareholders

1. Ownership of shares by the major shareholder(s) and related parties

[As of December 31, 2021]

			Ownership				
Name	Relationship ¹⁾	Type of	Period st	art	Period end		Notes
Hume	Kolutionip	share	Shares	Stake (%)	Shares	Stake (%)	Notice
	-	Common	249,273,200	4.18	0	0.00	Bequest
Kun-hee Lee		Preferred	619,900	0.08	0	0.00	Bequest
	Major	Common	508,157,148	8.51	508,157,148	8.51	-
Samsung Life Insurance	shareholder	Preferred	43,950	0.01	43,950	0.01	-
Samsung Life Insurance	Major	Common	16,284,877	0.27	13,860,804	0.23	Open market transactions
(special accounts)	shareholder	Preferred	772,567	0.09	548,463	0.07	Open market transactions
Samsung C&T	Affiliate	Common	298,818,100	5.01	298,818,100	5.01	-
Samsung Fire & Marine Insurance	Affiliate	Common	88,802,052	1.49	88,802,052	1.49	-
Samsung Welfare Foundation	Funded foundation	Common	4,484,150	0.08	4,484,150	0.08	-
Samsung Foundation Of Culture	Funded foundation	Common	1,880,750	0.03	1,880,750	0.03	-
	Related party of	Common	54,153,600	0.91	137,244,666	2.30	Inheritance
Ra-hee Hong	the major shareholder	Preferred	0	0.00	206,633	0.03	Inheritance
	Related party of	Common	42,020,150	0.70	97,414,196	1.63	Inheritance
Jae-yong Lee	the major shareholder	Preferred	0	0.00	137,757	0.02	Inheritance
Boo-jin Lee	Executive member	Common	0	0.00	55,394,044	0.93	Inheritance
Boo-jiii Lee	of affiliate	Preferred	0	0.00	137,755	0.02	Inheritance
Seo-hyun Lee	Related party of the major	Common	0	0.00	55,394,044	0.93	Inheritance
Geo-ityun Lee	shareholder	Preferred	0	0.00	137,755	0.02	Inheritance
Ki-nam Kim	Executive member of affiliate	Common	200,000	0.00	210,000	0.00	Open market transactions
Hyun-suk Kim	Executive member of affiliate	Common	99,750	0.00	99,750	0.00	-
Dong-jin Koh	Executive member of affiliate	Common	75,000	0.00	75,000	0.00	-
Jong-hee Han	Executive member of affiliate	Common	5,000	0.00	5,000	0.00	-
Byung-gook Park	Executive member of affiliate	Common	0	0.00	1,000	0.00	Open market transactions
Curie Ahn	Executive member of affiliate	Common	2,600	0.00	3,800	0.00	Open market transactions

					Ownership		
Name	Relationship ¹⁾	Type of	Period st	art	Period end	Period end	Notes
Name	Relationship /	share	Shares	Stake (%)	Shares	Stake (%)	Notes
Han-jo Kim	Executive member of affiliate	Common	2,175	0.00	2,175	0.00	-
Title		Common	1,264,258,552	21.18	1,261,846,679	21.14	-
Total		Preferred	1,436,417	0.17	1,212,313	0.15	-

Common shares carry full voting rights while preferred shares do not (owners of certain common shares have limited voting rights in accordance with relevant laws. For information on voting rights, please refer to ^{"VI.} Corporate Governance-3. General meeting of shareholders-D. Voting shares_").

The major shareholder changed to Samsung Life Insurance as the shares of the previous major shareholder (Kun-hee Lee, who passed away on October 25, 2020) were inherited by Jae-yong Lee and three others during the reporting period. For detailed information, please refer to 3) Change of the major shareholder.

For changes after December 31, please refer to 'Ownership status of securities, etc. of executives and major shareholder' published in Korean in DART (<u>http://dart.fss.or.kr</u>).

Parts of shares owned by the related party of the major shareholder (Ra-hee Hong) have been signed to the trust contract of disposal of securities on October 5, 2021. For detailed information, please refer to the "Report on Mass Holding of Securities (General)" disclosed on DART (<u>http://dart.fss.or.kr</u>) on October 8, 2021.

1) In accordance with Article 3 Paragraph 1 of Enforcement Decree of the Act on Corporate Governance of Financial Companies.

2. Matters related to the major shareholder

A. Overview of the major shareholder (corporation or organization)

(1) Basic information of the major shareholder (Samsung Life Insurance Co., Ltd.)

1) Legal, commercial name: Samsung Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

2) Date of establishment: April 24, 1957

3) Address, phone number, and English language website of the corporate headquarters

- Address: 11, Seocho-daero 74-gil, Seocho-gu, Seoul, Republic of Korea
- Phone: +82-2-1588-3114
- Website: https://www.samsunglife.com

4) CEO and major shareholder of the major shareholder (Samsung Life Insurance)

Name	CEO Major shareholder		CEO		reholder
		Name	Share ratio (%)	Name	Share ratio (%)
Samsung Life Insurance Co., Ltd	121,283	Young-muk Jeon	0.00	Samsung C&T	19.34

Based on common shares as of December 31, 2021.

5) Changes to the CEO and major shareholder of the major shareholder (Samsung Life Insurance)

Dete of change	CE	0	Major shareholder		
Date of change	Name	Share ratio (%)	Name	Share ratio (%)	
Mar 21, 2018	Chang-soo Kim	-	-	-	
Mar 21, 2018	Sung-chul Hyun	-	-	-	
Mar 27, 2018	Sung-chul Hyun	0.00	-	-	
Mar 19, 2020	Sung-chul Hyun	0.00	-	-	
Mar 19, 2020	Young-muk Jeon	-	-	-	

Data of abanga	CEC)	Major shareholder		
Date of change	Name Share ratio (%)		Name	Share ratio (%)	
Mar 23, 2020	Young-muk Jeon	0.00	-	-	
Mar 24, 2020	Young-muk Jeon	0.00	-	-	
Mar 16, 2021	Young-muk Jeon	0.00	-	-	
Apr 29, 2021	-	-	Kun-hee Lee	-	
Apr 29, 2021	-	-	Samsung C&T	19.34	

Mar 21, 2018: Chang-soo Kim resigned from his position as CEO, and Executive Director Sung-chul Hyun was appointed as CEO.

Mar 19, 2020: Sung-chul Hyun resigned from his position as CEO, and Executive Director Young-muk Jeon was appointed as CEO.

Apr 29, 2021: The major shareholder changed to Samsung C&T as the shares of the previous major shareholder (who passed away on October 25, 2020) were inherited.

(2) Financial status of the recent settlement term of the major shareholder (Samsung Life Insurance)

	(KRW mil)
Classification	
Name of the corporation or organization	Samsung Life Insurance Co., Ltd
Total assets	341,382,574
Total liabilities	301,757,207
Total equity	39,625,367
Revenue	35,079,078
Operating profit	1,701,023
Profit for the period	1,597,702

The financial status is as of December 31, 2021, based on the consolidated K-IFRS financial statements.

(3) Business conditions of the major shareholder (Samsung Life Insurance)

Samsung Life Insurance is a company in which life insurance and its related reinsurance contract are the key purpose of business operations, and it operates businesses in accordance with the Insurance Business Act and other related laws.

Its key subsidiary, Samsung Card, is a specialized credit finance business company that operates specialized credit finance businesses (including credit card business, facility leasing business, and installment financing business) in accordance with the Specialized Credit Finance Business Act and other related laws.

Please refer to the business report (interim and half-year) of Samsung Life Insurance published in DART (http://dart.fss.or.kr) for more details of the major shareholder.

B. Certain transaction that may cause changes in the major shareholder

N/A

C. Overview of the major shareholder of the major shareholder

(1) Basic information of the major shareholder (Samsung C&T) of the major shareholder (Samsung Life Insurance)

1) Legal, commercial name: Samsung C&T Corporation

2) Date of establishment and period of existence: Dongwha Real Estate was first established on December 23, 1963, and the company name was changed to Cheil Industries in July 2014. It merged with Samsung C&T Corporation (founded as Samsung Sanghoe on March 1, 1938, and established as Samsung C&T in January 1951) and changed the company name to Samsung C&T Corporation on September 2, 2015 (merger registration date).

3) Address, phone number, and English language website of the corporate headquarters

- Address: 26, Sangil-ro 6-gil, Gangdong-gu, Seoul, Republic of Korea

- Phone: +82-2-2145-5114

- Website: <u>https://www.samsungcnt.com</u>

4) CEO and major shareholder of the major shareholder (Samsung C&T) of the major shareholder

Name	Number of investors	CE	0	Major shareholder		
		Name	Share ratio (%)	Name	Share ratio (%)	
Samsung C&T 196,786		Jung-suk Koh	0.00			
	196,786	Se-chul Oh	0.00	Jae-yong Lee	18.13	
		Seung-hwan Han	0.00			

As of December 31, 2021 based on common shares

5) Changes to the CEO and major shareholder of the major shareholder (Samsung C&T) of the major shareholder (Samsung Life Insurance)

Date of change	CEC)	Major shareholder		
	Name	Share ratio (%)	Name	Share ratio (%)	
Mar 22, 2018	Chi-hun Choi	-	-	-	
Mar 22, 2018	Shin Kim	-	-	-	
Mar 22, 2018	Bong-yung Kim	-	-	-	
Mar 22, 2018	Young-ho Lee	-	-	-	
Mar 22, 2018	Jung-suk Koh	-	-	-	
Mar 22, 2018	Keum-yong Chung	-	-	-	
Mar 19, 2021	Young-ho Lee	-	-	-	
Mar 19, 2021	Keum-yong Chung	-	-	-	
Mar 19, 2021	Se-chul Oh	0.00	-	-	
Mar 19, 2021	Seung-hwan Han	0.00	-	-	
Mar 19, 2021	Jung-suk Koh	0.00	-	-	
Apr 29, 2021	-	-	Jae-yong Lee	18.13	

Mar 22, 2018: Chi-hun Choi, Shin Kim, and Bong-yung Kim resigned from their positions as CEO, and Executive Directors Young-ho Lee, Jung-suk Koh, and Keum-yong Chung were appointed as CEOs.

Mar 19, 2021: Young-ho Lee and Keum-yong Chung resigned from their positions as CEO, Executive Directors Se-chul Oh and Seung-hwan Han were appointed as CEOs, and Jung-suk Koh was reappointed as CEO.

Apr 29, 2021: The share ratio (common share) of the major shareholder was changed (17.48% \rightarrow 18.13%) as the shares were inherited (by Jae-yong Lee and three others).

(2) Financial status of the recent settlement term of the major shareholder (Samsung C&T) of the major shareholder (Samsung Life Insurance)

	(KRW mil)
Classification	
Name of the corporation or organization	Samsung C&T
Total assets	55,245,423
Total liabilities	21,892,979
Total equity	33,352,444
Revenue	34,455,182
Operating profit	1,195,983
Profit for the period	1,829,084

The financial status is as of December 31, 2021, based on the consolidated K-IFRS financial statements.

(3) Business conditions of the major shareholder (Samsung C&T) of the major shareholder (Samsung Life Insurance)

Samsung C&T is consisted of Engineering & Construction, Trading & Investment, Fashion, and Resort Groups as well as biomedicine OEM and biosimilar businesses. The Engineering & Construction Group operates businesses in building, civil infrastructure, plant, and housing areas domestically and globally; Trading & Investment trades internationally in various fields, including resource development, steel, chemical, industrial materials, and textiles. The Fashion Group manufactures and sells clothing, and processes and sells wool products (fabric). The Resort Group manages landscaping business, Everland (dry park), Caribbean Bay (water park), golf course, food supply services, and food distribution business (Samsung Welstory).

Please refer to the business report (interim and half-year) of Samsung C&T published in DART (http://dart.fss.or.kr) for more details of the major shareholder of the major shareholder.

3. Change of the major shareholder

[As of December 31, 2021]

Date of change	Name of major Shareholder	Number of shares owned	Share ratio (%)	Reason for change	Note
Apr 29, 2021	Samsung Life Insurance	1,263,050,053	21.16	Shares of the previous major shareholder were inherited by beneficiaries	-

Number of shares owned and share ratio are the sum of those of the major shareholder and its related parties, and the number of shares is based on shares with voting rights (including those with limited voting rights in accordance with relevant laws).

4. Ownership of shares

A. Share ownership status

[As of December 31, 2021]

Classification	Name	Number of shares owned	Share ratio (%)	Note
	National Pension Service	509,502,939	8.53	-
Shareholders with	Samsung Life Insurance	522,017,952	8.74	Including special accounts
over 5% voting shares ¹⁾ BlackRock Fund Advisor	BlackRock Fund Advisors	300,391,061	5.03	Based on January 28, 2019
	Samsung C&T	298,818,100	5.01	-
Employee Stock Ownership Association		-	-	-

Number of shares owned and share ratio of BlackRock Fund Advisors is based on the "Report on Mass Holding of Securities" disclosed on DART (<u>http://dart.fss.or.kr</u>) on February 7, 2019.

The number of shares owned and share ratio of Samsung Life Insurance includes special accounts.

1) Including shares with limited voting rights in accordance with relevant laws. For more information, please refer to "VI. Corporate Governance-3. General meeting of shareholders-D. Voting shares.]

B. Minority shareholders

[As of December 31, 2021]

Shareholder		Shares owned ¹⁾					
Classification	Number of Total	Portion (%)	Number of shares	Total number of shares	Portion (%)	Note	
Minority shareholder	5,066,351	5,066,466	99.99	3,922,911,893	5,969,782,550	65.71	-

Shareholders with shares less than 1/100 of total issued stocks

1) Number of voting shares, including those with limited voting rights in accordance with relevant laws.

5. Stock price and stock transactions

A. Domestic stock market

	Туре		Jul 2021	Aug 2021	Sep 2021	Oct 2021	Nov 2021	Dec 2021
		High	81,200	82,900	77,700	73,200	75,300	80,500
	Stock price (KRW)	Low	78,500	72,700	74,100	68,800	69,900	74,400
Common		Average	79,577	77,024	76,305	70,563	71,536	77,809
stock		High (day)	22,720,577	61,270,643	23,992,458	31,001,484	30,364,841	23,652,940
	Volume (shares)	Low (day)	8,330,969	11,739,124	10,103,212	8,395,448	9,422,009	9,155,219
		Month	275,886,253	499,862,582	281,233,337	300,193,653	313,117,871	343,905,413
		High	73,900	75,200	72,000	68,000	69,500	72,800
	Stock price (KRW)	Low	72,100	68,400	69,600	63,800	63,900	68,600
Preferred		Average	72,823	71,519	71,289	64,884	66,323	70,832
stock		High (day)	3,508,267	5,559,423	3,027,961	2,645,541	3,364,005	3,031,791
	Volume (shares)	Low (day)	547,300	840,355	735,939	797,614	651,103	586,325
		Month	26,730,895	38,317,492	25,648,892	27,916,033	28,830,181	29,422,863

Stock price is based on the closing exchange rate of the applicable trading day.

B. Overseas stock market

	Ту	ре		Jul 2021	Aug 2021	Sep 2021	Oct 2021	Nov 2021	Dec 2021
			USD	1,799.00	1,813.50	1,670.00	1,549.00	1,584.00	1,695.50
		High	KRW	2,033,410	2,086,794	1,931,188	1,835,875	1,874,664	2,013,406
	Price	Low.	USD	1,691.00	1,538.50	1,562.50	1,449.00	1,482.00	1,584.50
Common	per GDR	Low	KRW	1,950,061	1,806,968	1,851,406	1,737,496	1,754,095	1,865,432
Common stock		Average	USD	1,740.55	1,658.19	1,621.86	1,498.26	1,512.89	1,635.81
		Average	KRW	1,990,712	1,923,683	1,897,029	1,772,381	1,789,936	1,934,967
		High (da	ay)	25,250	55,101	26,156	38,147	26,345	38,207
	Volume (shares)	Low (da	ay)	2,806	8,611	5,250	9,970	5,696	1,487
	()	Month	ı	368,357	428,743	286,572	395,968	336,903	407,301

□ Name of stock exchange: London Stock Exchange (common stock)

Stock price in KRW is based on the closing exchange rate of the applicable trading day.

High and low price in KRW are based on the KRW/USD closing exchange rate of the applicable trading day; average price in KRW is based on monthly average KRW/USD exchange rate.

Conversion ratio between GDRs and original shares is 1:25.

□ Name of stock exchange: Luxembourg Stock Exchange (preferred stock)

	Ту	ре		Jul 2021	Aug 2021	Sep 2021	Oct 2021	Nov 2021	Dec 2021
			USD	1,628.00	1,648.00	1,564.00	1,432.00	1,460.00	1,534.00
		High	KRW	1,840,128	1,896,354	1,808,610	1,697,206	1,727,910	1,821,625
	Price		USD	1,566.00	1,454.00	1,458.00	1,348.00	1,360.00	1,444.00
	per GDR	Low	KRW	1,786,963	1,707,723	1,727,584	1,608,703	1,623,024	1,700,021
Preferred stock			USD	1,588.55	1,538.57	1,509.82	1,380.19	1,399.82	1,489.81
		Average	KRW	1,816,866	1,784,912	1,765,974	1,632,707	1,656,162	1,762,267
		High (d	ay)	2,062	2,766	3,479	4,111	3,357	4,499
	Volume (shares)	Low (day)		182	460	161	473	340	35
	(shares) Mont		า	20,152	25,190	26,451	31,384	39,567	25,711

Stock price in KRW is based on the closing exchange rate of the applicable trading day.

High and low price in KRW are based on the KRW/USD closing exchange rate of the applicable trading day; average price in KRW is based on monthly average KRW/USD exchange rate.

Conversion ratio between GDRs and original shares is 1:25.

VIII. Executives and Employees

1. Executives and employees

A. Registered Executives

I	As	of 1	Dec	31.	2021	1
	110	011		J 1 9	2021	- L.

[As of I	Dec 31,	, 2021]										(Shares)
Name	Gender	Date of	Position	Registered	Full/ part-	Responsibility	Major career		of shares ned	Relationship with the	Length of service	Term
		birth		Executive	time		•	Common	Preferred	major shareholder ¹⁾	(months)	expiration
Ki-nam Kim	М	Apr 1958	Chairman	Executive Director	Full	- CEO - President of Samsung Advanced Institute of Technology	 Doctor's degree in Electrical Engineering from UCLA Head of DS Division 	210,000	-	Executive Member of an Affiliate	46	Mar 22, 2024
Hyun-suk Kim	М	Jan 1961	Senior Advisor	Executive Director	Full	- CEO - Person in charge of Future Technology	 Master's degree in Electrical Engineering from Portland State University Head of CE Division 	99,750	-	Executive Member of an Affiliate	46	Mar 22, 2024
Dong-jin Koh	М	Mar 1961	Senior Advisor	Executive Director	Full	- CEO - Person in charge of HR Innovation	 Master's degree in Technology Policy from University of Sussex Head of IM Division 	75,000	-	Executive member of an Affiliate	46	Mar 22, 2024
Jong-hee Han	М	Mar 1962	Vice Chairman	Executive Director	Full	- Head of DX Division - Head of Visual Display Business	 Bachelor's degree in Electronic Engineering from Inha University Head of Visual Display Business 	5,000	-	Executive member of an Affiliate	22	Mar 17, 2023
Yoon-ho Choi	М	Jan 1963	President	Executive Director	Full	CFO	 Bachelor's degree in Business Management from Sungkyunkwan University Head of Corporate Management Office 	5,000	-	Executive member of an Affiliate	22	Mar 17, 2023
Jae-wan Bahk	М	Jan 1955	Director	Independent Director	Part	 Chairman of the Board Head of the Audit Committee Related Party Transactions Committee Member Compensation Committee Member Head of the Sustainability Committee 	 Doctor's degree in Public Policy from Harvard University Professor Emeritus of Graduate School of Public Administration at Sungkyunkwan University 	-	-	Executive member of an Affiliate	70	Mar 19, 2022
Sun-uk Kim	F	Dec 1952	Director	Independent Director	Part	- Audit Committee Member - Head of the Related Party Transactions Committee - Sustainability Committee Member	 Doctor's degree in Administrative Law from University of Konstanz Professor Emeritus at Ewha Womans University 	-	-	Executive member of an Affiliate	46	Mar 22, 2024
Byung- gook Park	М	Apr 1959	Director	Independent Director	Part	- Independent Director Recommendation Committee Member - Head of	 Doctor's degree in Electrical Engineering from Stanford University Professor of Electrical Engineering at Seoul National University 	1,000	-	Executive member of an Affiliate	46	Mar 22, 2024

						Compensation Committee - Sustainability Committee Member						
Jeong Kim	М	Aug 1960	Director	Independent Director	Part	 Independent Director Recommendation Committee Member Compensation Committee Member Sustainability Committee Member 	 Doctor's degree in Reliability Engineering from the University of Maryland President of Kiswe Mobile 	-	-	Executive member of an Affiliate	46	Mar 22, 2024
Curie Ahn	F	Mar 1955	Director	Independent Director	Part	 Independent Director Recommendation Committee Member Sustainability Committee Member 	 Doctor's degree in Medicine from Seoul National University Professor Emeritus at the Division of Nephrology of Seoul National University 	3,800	-	Executive member of an Affiliate	34	Mar 19, 2022
Han-jo Kim	М	Jul 1956	Director	Independent Director	Part	- Audit Committee Member - Related Party Transactions Committee Member - Sustainability Committee Member	- Bachelor's degree in French language and Literature from Yonsei University - Chairman of Hana Foundation	2,175	-	Executive member of an Affiliate	34	Mar 19, 2022

Mar 17, 2021: Ki-nam Kim, Hyun-suk Kim, and Dong-jin Koh were reappointed as Executive Directors; Byung-gook Park and Jeong Kim as Independent Directors; and Sun-uk Kim as Independent Director for Audit Committee member at the AGM.

1) In accordance with Article 3 Paragraph 1 of the Enforcement Decree of the Act on Corporate Governance of Financial Companies.

Dec 31, 2021: Yoon-ho Choi resigned from his position as Executive Director.

Feb 15, 2022: Executive Directors Ki-nam Kim, Hyun-suk Kim, and Dong-jin Koh resigned from their positions as CEO; and Executive Director Jong-hee Han was appointed as CEO at the Board meeting.

B. Registered executive director candidates (or to be retired)

[As of Feb 15, 2022]

	Name	Gender	Date of birth	Executive or Independent Director	Career highlights	Due Date of appointment or retirement	Relationship with the major shareholder ¹⁾
Appointment	Kye-Hyun Kyung	М	Mar 1963	Executive Director	Doctor's degree in Control and Measurement Engineering from Seoul National University Head of Flash Design Team at Memory Business Samsung Electronics Head of Solution Product & Development Office at Memory Business Samsung Electronics CEO of Samsung Electro-Mechanics Head of DS Division Samsung Electronics	Mar 16, 2022	Executive member of affiliated company
Appointment	Tae-Moon Roh	М	Sep 1968	Executive Director	- Doctor's degree in Electrical Engineering, Pohang University of Science and Technology - Head of Mobile R&D Office at Mobile Business Samsung Electronics - Head of MX Business Samsung Electronics	Mar 16, 2022	Executive member of affiliated company
Appointment	Hark-Kyu Park	Μ	Nov 1964	Executive Director	 Master's degree in Business and Technology Management from Korea Advanced Institute of Science and Technology COO of Samsung SDS Head of Corporate Management Office at DS Division Samsung Electronics Head of Corporate Management Office at DX Division Samsung Electronics 	Mar 16, 2022	Executive member of affiliated company

Appointment	Jung-Bae Lee	М	Feb 1967	Executive Director	Doctor's degree in Electronic Engineering from Seoul National University Head of Quality Assurance Office at Memory Business Samsung Electronics Head of DRAM Product & Technology Office at Memory Business Samsung Electronics Head of Memory Business Samsung Electronics	Mar 16, 2022	Executive member of affiliated company
Appointment	Han-Jo Kim	М	Jul 1956	Audit Committee member	- Bachelor's degree in French language and Literature from Yonsei University - Chairman of Hana Nanum Foundation - Chairman of Hana Foundation	Mar 16, 2022	Executive member of affiliated company
Appointment	Jeong Kim	М	Aug 1960	Audit Committee member	- Doctor's degree in Reliability Engineering from the University of Maryland - President and co-founder of Kiswe Mobile	Mar 16, 2022	Executive member of affiliated company
Appointment	Wha-Jin Han	F	Dec 1959	Independent Director	 Doctor's degree in Atmospheric Chemistry from UCLA President of Korea Foundation for Women in Science, Engineering and Technology (WISET) Full member of the National Academy of Engineering of Korea Endowed professor of Korea Institute of Human Resources Development in Science and Technology Visiting professor of School of Global Studies at Hallym University 	Mar 16, 2022	-
Appointment	Jun-Sung Kim	М	Oct 1967	Independent Director	- Bachelor's degree in Economics and Business Administration from Carnegie Mellon University - Managing Director of Government of Singapore Investment Corporation (GIC)	Mar 16, 2022	-
Retirement	Jae-wan Bahk	М	Jan 1955	Audit Committee member	- Doctor's degree in Public Policy from Harvard University - Professor Emeritus of Graduate School of Public Administration at Sungkyunkwan University	Mar 19, 2022	Executive member of affiliated company
Retirement	Curie Ahn	F	Mar 1955	Independent Director	- Doctor's degree in Medicine from Seoul National University - Professor Emeritus at the Division of Nephrology of Seoul National University	Mar 19, 2022	Executive member of affiliated company
Retirement	Ki-nam Kim	М	Apr 1958	Executive Director	- Doctor's degree in Electrical Engineering from UCLA - Head of DS Division Samsung Electronics - President of Samsung Advanced Institute of Technology	Mar 16, 2022	Executive member of affiliated company
Retirement	Hyun-suk Kim	М	Jan 1961	Executive Director	- Master's degree in Electrical Engineering from Portland State University - Head of CE Division Samsung Electronics	Mar 16, 2022	Executive member of affiliated company
Retirement	Dong-jin Koh	М	Mar 1961	Executive Director	- Master's degree in Technology Policy from University of Sussex - Head of IM Division Samsung Electronics	Mar 16, 2022	Executive member of affiliated company

1) Relationship with the major shareholder status was listed in accordance with Article 3 Paragraph 1 of Enforcement Decree of the Act on Corporate Governance of Financial Companies.

C. Registered Executives with concurrent positions

[As of Dec 31, 2021]

Concurrent	office holder		Company					
Name	Position	Name of company	Position	Period				
Jae-wan Bahk	Independent Director	Lotte Shopping Co., Ltd	Independent director	2016–present				
Jeong Kim	Independent Director	Kiswe Mobile	Chairman	2013–present				

D. Employees

(KRW mil)

[As of Dec 31, 2021]

			Number of e	employees1)		Average		Average	No	on-affiliate	d ³⁾
Division	Gender	Regular	Contract- based	Others	Total	length of service (years)	Total compensation (KRW mil)	compensation per employee ²⁾ (KRW mil)	Male	Female	Total
CE	М	10,075	58	-	10,133	16.1					
UE	F	2,077	9	-	2,086	11.9	-	-			
11.4	М	19,319	147	-	19,466	14.4	-	-			
IM	F	6,941	19	-	6,960	12.8	-	-			
DS	М	45,923	144	-	46,067	10.0	-	-			
03	F	17,813	22	-	17,835	10.8	-	-	25,543	8,885	34,427
Others	М	8,431	160	-	8,591	15.0	-	-			
Others	F	2,289	58	-	2,347	11.8	-	-			
Gender	М	83,748	509	-	84,257	12.2	12,683,498	154			
total	F	29,120	108	-	29,228	11.3	3,161,517	115			
Tot	tal	112,868	617	-	113,485	11.9	15,845,015	144			

Total compensation for 2021 and average compensation per employee were calculated before income tax and other deductions based on the earned income payment record submitted to the district tax office in accordance with Article 20 of the Income Tax Act.

1) Separate basis; represents employees of domestic headquarters in Korea, including employees on leave and excluding 11 registered executives (5 Executive Directors and 6 Independent Directors).

2) Calculated based on average number of employees: 109,541 employees (male: 82,111, female: 27,430).

E. Remuneration of non-registered Executives

[As of Dec 31, 2021] Classification Number of employees¹) Total compensation Average compensation per employee Non-registered 000 747.050 700

Total compensation for 2021 and average compensation per employee is calculated based on the earned income payment record (before earned income tax credit) submitted to the district tax office in accordance with Article 20 of the Income Tax Act.

717,856

Total compensation for 2021 includes incentives, and timing of the incentives being paid differ every year.

933

Average compensation per employee is calculated based on the average of the 899 employees.

1) In office as of the reporting date, and non-registered executives whose earned income was not domestic were excluded.

2. Remuneration for Directors

Executives

A. Summary on total remuneration

<Remuneration of directors and auditors>

(1) Remuneration approved at the annual general meetings of shareholders

	Number of persons ¹⁾	Amount approved at shareholders' meeting ²⁾	Note
Registered Directors	5	-	-
Independent Directors	3	-	-
Audit Committee members or Auditor	3	-	-
Total	11	41,000	-

1) As of the day of AGM, as approved on the occasion

2) Remuneration limit for directors (including those retired) approved at the AGM on March 17, 2021, as per Article 388 of the Commercial Act and our Articles of Incorporation.

(2) Remuneration Paid

[Remuneration paid for directors and auditors]

(KRW mil)

(KRW mil)

(VDW mil)

Note

790

Number of persons ¹⁾	Total amount of remuneration ²⁾	Average remuneration per Director	Note
11	39,621	3,602	-

There are no recognized expenses (compensation expenses) in this term from granting stock options.

Based on the Income Tax Act that incumbent or retired registered directors, independent directors, and members of audit committee in the fiscal year received in accordance with Article 159 of the Financial Investment Services and Capital Markets Act and Article 168 of the Enforcement Decree of the same Act.

1) The number as of the reporting date is 10, but the figure includes one person who resigned from the position as registered director during the fiscal year.

2) Earned income as per Income Tax Act (Article 20: Wage and Salary Income, Article 21: Other Income, Article 22: Retirement income). Includes remuneration that newly appointed or resigned directors received as non-registered executives.

[Remuneration paid, by Director type]

	Number of persons ¹⁾	Total amount of remuneration ²⁾	Average remuneration per Director ³⁾
Registered Directors (excluding Independent Directors and Audit Committee members)	5	38,735	7,747
Independent Directors (excluding Audit Committee members)	3	547	182
Audit Committee members	3	338	113
Auditor	-	-	-

There are no recognized expenses (compensation expenses) in this term from granting stock options.

Based on the Income Tax Act that incumbent or retired registered directors, independent directors, and members of audit committee in the fiscal year received in accordance with Article 159 of the Financial Investment Services and Capital Markets Act and Article 168 of the Enforcement Decree of the same Act.

1) The number as of the reporting date is 4, but the figure includes one person who resigned from the position as registered director during the fiscal year.

2) Earned income as per Income Tax Act (Article 20: Wage and Salary Income, Article 21: Other Income, Article 22: Retirement income). Includes remuneration that newly appointed or resigned directors received as non-registered executives.

(3) Criteria and methodology

Remuneration of directors is paid in accordance with internal regulations for Executive treatment and Independent Director treatment within the remuneration limit approved at the AGM.

Туре	Criteria and methodology
Registered Directors (excluding Independent Directors and Audit Committee members)	 Salary: In accordance with internal regulations for executive treatment (Board resolution), remuneration is determined based on position, responsibilities, and performance results. Traditional holiday bonus: 100% of monthly wage Target achievement incentive: Paid on biannual basis within the range of 0–200% of monthly wage, and CEO decides the amount according to the level of target achieved. (Adjusted according to division performance.) Performance incentive: Paid once a year within 0–50% of salary based on the compensation resources calculated according to financial factors such as profit after tax (± assessed considerations) and cost of capital for the fiscal year by business unit. (Adjusted according to individual performance.) Long-term incentive: Calculated within the director remuneration limit, based on the average salary of 3 years, using ROE, stock performance, and EBIT margin as criteria. Paid over the course of 3 years. Fringe benefits: Medical services, checkups, group accident insurance are provided in line with the internal regulations for executive treatment (Board resolution)
Independent Directors (excluding Audit Committee members)	 Salary: In accordance with internal regulations for independent director treatment, remuneration is determined based on responsibilities, etc. Fringe benefits: Medical services, checkups, group accident insurance are provided in line with the internal regulations for independent director treatment
Audit Committee members	 Salary: In accordance with internal regulations for independent director treatment, remuneration is determined based on responsibilities, etc. Fringe benefits: Medical services, checkups, group accident insurance are provided in line with the internal regulations for independent director treatment

<Remuneration for individual Directors and Auditors who are paid KRW 500 million or more > (1) Summary on Remuneration by Executive

Name	Position	Total amount of remuneration	Remuneration not included in total amount
Ki-nam Kim	CEO	8,644	-
Hyun-suk Kim	CEO	10,334	-
Dong-jin Koh	CEO	11,838	-
Jong-hee Han	Executive Director	4,505	-
Yoon-ho Choi	Executive Director	3,414	-

Based on the Income Tax Act that incumbent or retired registered directors, independent directors, and members of audit committee in the fiscal year received in accordance with Article 159 of the Financial Investment Services and Capital Markets Act and Article 168 of the Enforcement Decree of the same Act.

Earned income as per Income Tax Act (Article 20: Wage and Salary Income, Article 21: Other Income, Article 22: Retirement income). Includes remuneration that directors who were newly appointed or resigned during the fiscal year received as non-registered executives.

(2) Criteria and methodology

Name		pe of neration	Total amount	Criteria and methodology
		Salary	1,742	In accordance with internal regulations for executive treatment (Board resolution), remuneration is determined based on position (vice chairman), responsibilities, and performance results. He was paid KRW 125 million per month from January to February, KRW 200 million in March, and KRW 144 million per month from April to December.
Ki-nam Kim (CEO)	Earned Income	Bonus	6,745	 Traditional holiday bonus: 100% of monthly wage Target achievement incentive: Paid on biannual basis within the range of 0–200% of monthly wage, and CEO decides the amount according to the level of target achieved. (Adjusted according to division performance.) Performance incentive: Paid once a year within 0–50% of salary based on the compensation resources calculated according to financial factors such as profit after tax and cost of capital for the fiscal year by business unit. (Adjusted according to individual performance.) Long-term incentive: Calculated within the director remuneration limit, based on the average salary of 3 years, using ROE, stock performance, and EBIT margin as criteria. Paid over the course of 3 years. Special bonus: In accordance with internal regulations for executive treatment (Board resolution) and the approval of the Compensation Committee at the meeting held in December 2021, paid a special bonus. W Quantitative indicators suggest that the Company achieved a ROE of 15.7%, EBIT margin of 20.7%, and stock performance of 54.8% over 2017–2019; and that the DS division achieved revenue of KRW 125.09 trillion and operating profit of KRW 33.73 trillion in 2021. Qualitative indicators include maintaining leadership in the memory market and enhancing competitiveness in the future via active investments in the nonmemory business, including System LSI and Foundry. The amount of the bonus was determined based on the indicators listed above.
	exercis stoc	Profit from exercising stock option	-	n/a
		Other Income	157	 Fringe benefits: Medical services, checkups, vehicle, group accident insurance are provided in line with the internal regulations for executive treatment (Board resolution)
	Retireme	ent Income	-	n/a
	Other	Income	-	n/a

(VDW 1)

Name	Type of remuneration		Total amount	Criteria and methodology
		Salary	1,106	In accordance with internal regulations for executive treatment (Board resolution), remuneration is determined based on his position (president), responsibilities, and performance results. He was paid KRW 83 million per month from January to February, 116 million in March and 92 million per month from April to December.
Hyun-suk Kim (CEO)	Earned Income	Bonus	3,511	 Traditional holiday bonus: 100% of monthly wage Target achievement incentive: Paid on biannual basis within the range of 0–200% of monthly wage, and CEO decides the amount according to the level of target achieved. (Adjusted according to division performance.) Performance incentive: Paid once a year within 0–50% of salary based on the compensation resources calculated according to financial factors such as profit after tax and cost of capital for the fiscal year by business unit. (Adjusted according to individual performance.) Long-term incentive: Calculated within the director remuneration limit, based on the average salary of 3 years, using ROE, stock performance, and EBIT margin as criteria. Paid over the course of 3 years. Special bonus: In accordance with internal regulations for executive treatment (Board resolution) and the approval of the Compensation Committee at the meeting held in December 2021, paid a special bonus. Quantitative indicators suggest that the Company achieved ROE of 15.7%, EBIT margin of 20.7%, and stock performance of 54.8% in 2017–2019; and that the CE division achieved revenue of KRW 55.83 trillion and operating profit of KRW 3.65 trillion in 2021. Qualitative indicators include solidification of leadership in the market with innovative products, including expanding the lineup of Lifestyle TVs and Bespoke home appliances, amid intensified competitive environment in the consumer electronics industry; and contributions to establishing solid profit structure via improvement in operational structure. The amount of bonus was determined based on the indicators listed above.
	exercisii stock	Profit from exercising stock option	-	n/a
		Other Income	170	 Fringe benefits: Medical services, checkups, vehicle, group accident insurance are provided in line with the internal regulations for executive treatment (Board resolution)
	Retirement Income		5,547	 In accordance with internal regulations for severance pay of executives (Board resolution), calculated by multiplying KRW 87 million (monthly wage at the time of retirement), 19 (years of service), and a variable within a 1.0-3.5 range.
	Other	Income	-	n/a

Name	Type of remuneration		Total amount	Criteria and methodology
		Salary	1,170	In accordance with internal regulations for executive treatment (Board resolution), remuneration is determined based on his position (president), responsibilities, and performance results. He was paid KRW 98 million per month from January to December.
Dong-jin Koh (CEO)	Earned Income	Bonus	4,046	 Traditional holiday bonus: 100% of monthly wage Target achievement incentive: Paid on biannual basis within the range of 0–200% of monthly wage, and CEO decides the amount according to the level of target achieved. (Adjusted according to division performance.) Performance incentive: Paid once a year within 0–50% of salary based on the compensation resources calculated according to financial factors such as profit after tax and cost of capital for the fiscal year by business unit. (Adjusted according to individual

Name	Type of remuneration	Total amount	Criteria and methodology
			 performance.) Long-term incentive: Calculated within the director remuneration limit, based on the average salary of 3 years, using ROE, stock performance, and EBIT margin as criteria. Paid over the course of 3 years. Special bonus: In accordance with internal regulations for executive treatment (Board resolution) and the approval of the Compensation Committee at the meeting held in December 2021, paid a special bonus. % Quantitative indicators suggest that the Company achieved ROE of 15.7%, EBIT margin of 20.7%, and stock performance of 54.8% in 2017–2019; and that the IM division achieved revenue of KRW 109.25 trillion and operating profit of KRW 13.65 trillion in 2021. Qualitative indicators include leading the market with technological innovations in mobile, including Galaxy S21, foldable phones, etc. and contributions to securing next-generation communications technologies. The amount of bonus was determined based on the indicators listed above.
	Profit from exercising stock option	-	n/a
	Other Income	187	 Fringe benefits: Medical services, checkups, vehicle, group accident insurance are provided in line with the internal regulations for executive treatment (Board resolution)
	Retirement Income	6,435	 In accordance with internal regulations for severance pay of executives (Board resolution), calculated by multiplying KRW 98 million (monthly wage at the time of retirement), 20 (years of service), and a variable within a 1.0-3.5 range.
	Other Income	-	n/a

Name		be of neration	Total amount	Criteria and methodology
		Salary	938	In accordance with internal regulations for executive treatment (Board resolution), remuneration is determined based on his position (president), responsibilities, and performance results. He was paid KRW 67 million per month from January to February, KRW 108 million in March and KRW 77 million per month from April to December.
Jong-hee Han (Director)	Earned Income	Bonus	3,450	 Traditional holiday bonus: 100% of monthly wage Target achievement incentive: Paid on biannual basis within the range of 0–200% of monthly wage, and CEO decides the amount according to the level of target achieved. (Adjusted according to division performance.) Performance incentive: Paid once a year within 0–50% of salary based on the compensation resources calculated according to financial factors such as profit after tax and cost of capital for the fiscal year by business unit. (Adjusted according to individual performance.) Long-term incentive: Calculated within the director remuneration limit, based on the average salary of 3 years, using ROE, stock performance, and EBIT margin as criteria. Paid over the course of 3 years. Special bonus: In accordance with internal regulations for executive treatment (Board resolution) and the approval of the Compensation Committee at the meeting held in December 2021, paid a special bonus. Quantitative indicators suggest that the Company achieved ROE of 15.7%, EBIT margin of 20.7%, and stock performance of 54.8% in 2017–2019; and that the CE division achieved revenue of KRW 55.83 trillion and operating profit of KRW 3.65 trillion in 2021. Qualitative indicators include driving solid growth by introducing innovative products including MICRO LED, Lifestyle TV, etc. and maintaining the top position in the TV market for a 16th consecutive year despite a challenging environment. The amount of bonus was determined based on the indicators listed above.

Name	Type of remuneration		Total amount	Criteria and methodology
		Profit from exercising stock option	-	n/a
		Other Income	117	 Fringe benefits: Medical services, checkups, vehicle, group accident insurance are provided in line with the internal regulations for executive treatment (Board resolution)
	Retireme	ent Income	-	n/a
	Other	Income	-	n/a

Name	Type of remuneration		Total amount	Criteria and methodology
		Salary	777	In accordance with internal regulations for executive treatment (Board resolution), remuneration is determined based on his position (president), responsibilities, and performance results. He was paid KRW 61 million per month from January to February, KRW 97 million in March, and KRW 70 million per month from April to November.
Yoon-ho Choi (Director)	Earned Income	Bonus	2,509	 Traditional holiday bonus: 100% of monthly wage Target achievement incentive: Paid on biannual basis within the range of 0–200% of monthly wage, and CEO decides the amount according to the level of target achieved. (Adjusted according to division performance.) Performance incentive: Paid once a year within 0–50% of salary based on the compensation resources calculated according to financial factors such as profit after tax and cost of capital for the fiscal year by business unit. (Adjusted according to individual performance.) Long-term incentive: Calculated within the director remuneration limit, based on the average salary of 3 years, using ROE, stock performance, and EBIT margin as criteria. Paid over the course of 3 years. Special bonus: In accordance with internal regulations for executive treatment (Board resolution) and the approval of the Compensation Committee at the meeting held in December 2021, paid a special bonus. Quantitative indicators suggest that the Company achieved ROE of 15.7%, EBIT margin of 20.7%, and stock performance of 54.8% in 2017–2019; and that the Company achieved revenue of KRW 279.60 trillion and operating profit of KRW 51.63 trillion in 2021. Qualitative indicators include preemptive management of risks on businesses, driving solid performance improvement with advanced operation of resources; and solidifying the foundation for sustainable management via strategic investment in emerging technologies such as AI and robots and via strengthening ESG activities. The amount of bonus was determined based on the indicators listed above.
		Profit from exercising stock option	-	n/a
		Other Income	128	 Fringe benefits: Medical services, checkups, vehicle, group accident insurance are provided in line with the internal regulations for executive treatment (Board resolution)
	Retireme	ent Income	-	n/a
		Income	-	n/a

Severance pay of Director Yoon-ho Choi was transferred to affiliate Samsung SDI following his relocation in December 2021.

< Remuneration for five highest-paid Executive Directors who are paid KRW 500 million or more >

(1) Summary on remuneration by Executive

(1) 2 mining on romanon	5		(KRW mil)
Name	position	Total amount of remuneration	Remuneration not included in total amount
Dong-jin Koh	Senior Advisor	11,838	
Hyun-suk Kim	Senior Advisor	10,334	-
Sang-Kyun Kim	Senior Advisor	9,569	
Sang-hoon Lee	Senior Advisor	8,745	-
Ki-nam Kim	Chairman	8,644	

Earned income as per Income Tax Act (Article 20: Wage and Salary Income, Article 21: Other Income, Article 22: Retirement income).

(2) Criteria and methodology

	1			(KRW mil)
Name	Type of remuneration		Total amount	Criteria and methodology
		Salary	1,170	In accordance with internal regulations for executive treatment (Board resolution), remuneration is determined based on position (President), responsibilities, and performance results. He was paid KRW 98 million per month from January to December.
Dong-jin Koh	Earned Income	Bonus	4,046	 Traditional holiday bonus: 100% of monthly wage Target achievement incentive: Paid on biannual basis within the range of 0–200% of monthly wage, and CEO decides the amount according to the level of target achieved. (Adjusted according to division performance.) Performance incentive: Paid once a year within 0–50% of salary based on the compensation resources calculated according to financial factors such as profit after tax and cost of capital for the fiscal year by business unit. (Adjusted according to individual performance.) Long-term incentive: Calculated within the director remuneration limit, based on the average salary of 3 years, using ROE, stock performance, and EBIT margin as criteria. Paid over the course of 3 years. Special bonus: In accordance with internal regulations for executive treatment (Board resolution) and the approval of the Compensation Committee at the meeting held in December 2021, paid a special bonus. W Quantitative indicators suggest that the Company achieved a ROE of 15.7%, EBIT margin of 20.7%, and stock performance of 54.8% over 2017–2019; and that the IM division achieved revenue of KRW 109.25 trillion and operating profit of KRW 13.65 trillion in 2021. Qualitative indicators include leading the market with technological innovations in mobile, including Galaxy S21, foldable phones, etc. and contributions to securing next-generation communications technologies. The amount of the bonus was determined based on the indicators listed above.
	Profit from exercising stock option		-	n/a
		Other Income	187	 Fringe benefits: Medical services, checkups, vehicle, group accident insurance are provided in line with the internal regulations for executive treatment (Board resolution)
	Retirement Income		6,435	 In accordance with internal regulations for severance pay of executives (Board resolution), calculated by multiplying KRW 98 million (monthly wage at the time of retirement), 20 (years of service), and a variable within a 1.0-3.5 range.
	Other	Income	-	n/a

Name		pe of neration	Total amount	Criteria and methodology
		Salary	1,106	In accordance with internal regulations for executive treatment (Board resolution), remuneration is determined based on position (President), responsibilities, and performance results. He was paid KRW 83 million per month from January to February, 116 million in March and 92 million per month from April to December.
Hyun-suk Kim	Earned Income	Bonus	3,511	 Traditional holiday bonus: 100% of monthly wage Target achievement incentive: Paid on biannual basis within the range of 0–200% of monthly wage, and CEO decides the amount according to the level of target achieved. (Adjusted according to division performance.) Performance incentive: Paid once a year within 0–50% of salary based on the compensation resources calculated according to financial factors such as profit after tax and cost of capital for the fiscal year by business unit. (Adjusted according to individual performance.) Long-term incentive: Calculated within the director remuneration limit, based on the average salary of 3 years, using ROE, stock performance, and EBIT margin as criteria. Paid over the course of 3 years. Special bonus: In accordance with internal regulations for executive treatment (Board resolution) and the approval of the Compensation Committee at the meeting held in December 2021, paid a special bonus. Quantitative indicators suggest that the Company achieved ROE of 15.7%, EBIT margin of 20.7%, and stock performance of 54.8% in 2017–2019; and that the CE division achieved revenue of KRW 55.83 trillion and operating profit of KRW 3.65 trillion in 2021. Qualitative indicators include solidification of leadership in the market with innovative products, including expanding the lineup of Lifestyle TVs and Bespoke home appliances, amid intensified competitive environment in the consumer electronics industry; and contributions to establishing solid profit structure via improvement in operational structure. The amount of bonus was determined based on the indicators listed above.
		Profit from exercising stock option	-	n/a
		Other Income	170	 Fringe benefits: Medical services, checkups, vehicle, group accident insurance are provided in line with the internal regulations for executive treatment (Board resolution)
	Retireme	ent Income	5,547	 In accordance with internal regulations for severance pay of executives (Board resolution), calculated by multiplying KRW 87 million (monthly wage at the time of retirement), 19 (years of service), and a variable within a 1.0-3.5 range.
	Other	Income	-	n/a

Name		pe of neration	Total amount	Criteria and methodology
Sang-kyun Kim	Earned Income	Salary	808	In accordance with internal regulations for executive treatment (Board resolution), remuneration is determined based on his position (President), responsibilities, and performance results. He was paid KRW 73 million per month in January, 67 million per month from February to December.

Name		e of eration	Total amount	Criteria and methodology
		Bonus	4,867	 Traditional holiday bonus: 100% of monthly wage Target achievement incentive: Paid on biannual basis within the range of 0–200% of monthly wage, and CEO decides the amount according to the level of target achieved. (Adjusted according to division performance.) Performance incentive: Paid once a year within 0–50% of salary based on the compensation resources calculated according to financial factors such as profit after tax and cost of capital for the fiscal year by business unit. (Adjusted according to individual performance.) Long-term incentive: Calculated within the director remuneration limit, based on the average salary of 3 years, using ROE, stock performance, and EBIT margin as criteria. Paid over the course of 3 years. Special bonus: In accordance with internal regulations for executive treatment (Board resolution), paid a special bonus. W Quantitative indicators suggest that the Company achieved ROE of 15.7%, EBIT margin of 20.7%, and stock performance of 54.8% in 2017–2019; and that the Company achieved revenue of KRW 279.60 trillion and operating profit of KRW 51.63 trillion in 2021. Qualitative indicators include contributions to minimizing Company-wide legal risks by supporting businesses related to global business conflicts, responding to patent negotiation/litigation, and strengthening compliance activities. The amount of bonus was determined based on the indicators listed above.
		Profit from exercising stock option	-	n/a
		Other Income	119	 Fringe benefits: Medical services, checkups, vehicle, group accident insurance are provided in line with the internal regulations for executive treatment (Board resolution)
	Retirement Incon		3,775	 In accordance with internal regulations for severance pay of executives (Board resolution), calculated by multiplying KRW 64 million (monthly wage at the time of retirement), 16 (years of service), and a variable within a 1.0-3.5 range.
	Other	Income	-	n/a

Name	Earned Income Bonus 2,738 -	Criteria and methodology		
		Salary	778	In accordance with internal regulations for executive treatment (Board resolution), remuneration is determined based on his position (President), responsibilities, and performance results. He was paid KRW 65 million per month from January to December.
Sang-hoon Lee		Bonus	2,738	 Traditional holiday bonus: 100% of monthly wage Target achievement incentive: Paid on biannual basis within the range of 0–200% of monthly wage, and CEO decides the amount according to the level of target achieved. (Adjusted according to division performance.) Performance incentive: Paid once a year within 0–50% of salary based on the compensation resources calculated according to financial factors such as profit after tax and cost of capital for the fiscal year by business unit. (Adjusted according to individual performance.) Long-term incentive: Calculated within the director remuneration limit, based on the average salary of 3 years, using ROE, stock performance, and EBIT margin as criteria. Paid over the course of 3 years. Special bonus: In accordance with internal regulations for executive treatment (Board resolution), paid a special bonus. Quantitative indicators suggest that the Company achieved ROE of 15.7%, EBIT margin of 20.7%, and stock performance of 54.8% in 2017–2019; and that the Company achieved revenue of KRW 279.60 trillion and operating profit of KRW 51.63

Name		pe of neration	Total amount	Criteria and methodology
				trillion in 2021. Qualitative indicators include enhancing Company management, and providing ways to strengthen ESG activities as a former Chairman of the Board. The amount of the bonus was determined based on the indicators listed above.
		Profit from exercising stock option	-	n/a
		Other Income	223	 Fringe benefits: Medical services, checkups, vehicle, group accident insurance are provided in line with the internal regulations for executive treatment (Board resolution)
	Retirement Income		5,006	 In accordance with internal regulations for severance pay of executives (Board resolution), calculated by multiplying KRW 65 million (monthly wage at the time of retirement), 22 (years of service), and a variable within a 1.0-3.5 range.
	Other	Income	-	n/a

Name	Type of remuneration Total amount		Total amount	Criteria and methodology
		Salary	1,742	In accordance with internal regulations for executive treatment (Board resolution), remuneration is determined based on his position (Vice Chairman), responsibilities, and performance results. He was paid KRW 125 million per month from January to February, 200 million in March and 144 million per month from April to December.
Ki-nam Kim	Earned Income	Bonus	6,745	 Traditional holiday bonus: 100% of monthly wage Target achievement incentive: Paid on biannual basis within the range of 0–200% of monthly wage, and CEO decides the amount according to the level of target achieved. (Adjusted according to division performance.) Performance incentive: Paid once a year within 0–50% of salary based on the compensation resources calculated according to financial factors such as profit after tax and cost of capital for the fiscal year by business unit. (Adjusted according to individual performance.) Long-term incentive: Calculated within the director remuneration limit, based on the average salary of 3 years, using ROE, stock performance, and EBIT margin as criteria. Paid over the course of 3 years. Special bonus: In accordance with internal regulations for executive treatment (Board resolution) and the approval of the Compensation Committee at the meeting held in December 2021, paid a special bonus. Quantitative indicators suggest that the Company achieved ROE of 15.7%, EBIT margin of 20.7%, and stock performance of 54.8% in 2017–2019; and that the DS division achieved revenue of KRW 125.09 trillion and operating profit of KRW 33.73 trillion in 2021. Qualitative indicators include maintaining leadership in the memory market and enhancing future business competitiveness in the non-memory business, including System LSI and Foundry. The amount of the bonus was determined based on the indicators listed above.
		Profit from exercising stock option	-	n/a
		Other Income	157	 Fringe benefits: Medical services, checkups, vehicle, group accident insurance are provided in line with the internal regulations for executive treatment (Board resolution)
	Retireme	ent Income	-	n/a
	Other Income		-	n/a

B. Stock options granted and exercised

(1) Status of stock options granted to registered Directors

As of December 31, 2021, there were no accumulated-basis unexercised stock options granted to registered Directors or auditors.

			(KRW mil)
Туре	Number	Total fair value of stock options	Note
Registered Director	51)	-	-
Independent Director	3	-	-
Audit Committee member or Auditor	3	-	-
Total	11	-	-

1) There were 4 registered directors as of the reporting date; the figure above includes a person who resigned from the position of registered director during the fiscal year.

(2) Status of stock options granted to non-registered Executives

As of December 31, 2021, there were no accumulated-basis unexercised stock options granted to non-registered Executives.

IX. Affiliates and Subsidiaries

1. Affiliates & subsidiaries

A. Affiliates

As of December 31, 2021, Samsung Group is consisted of 59 domestic affiliates. Among the Samsung Group's 59 domestic affiliates, sixteen (16) affiliates including Samsung Electronics are listed, and forty-four (43) affiliates are unlisted.

[As of December 31, 2021]

Name of affiliated group	No. of Affiliates									
Name of anniated group	Listed	Unlisted	Total							
Samsung	16	43	59							

B. Ownership status of affiliates and subsidiaries

1) Domestic

Investee Investor	Samsung C&T Corp	Samsung BioLogics	Samsung Life Insurance	Samsung SDI	Samsung SDS	Samsung Engineerin g	Samsung Electro- mechanics	Samsung Electronics	Samsung Heavy Industries	Samsung Securities	Samsung Card	Samsung Fire & Marine Insurance	MULTI CAMPUS	S1 Corporation	Cheil Worldwide
Samsung C&T Corporation		43.4	19.3		17.1	7.0		5.0	0.1						
Samsung BioLogics															
Samsung Life Insurance	0.1	0.1		0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	8.7	3.0	29.6	71.9	15.0	0.0	5.4	0.3
Samsung SDI						11.7			0.4					11.0	
Samsung SDS													47.2		
Samsung Electro- mechanics									2.1						
Samsung Electronics		31.5		19.6	22.6		23.7		15.2						25.2
Samsung Heavy Industries															
Samsung Securities.														1.3	
Samsung Card														1.9	3.0
Samsung Fire & Marine Insurance						0.2		1.5						1.0	
S1 Corporation															
Cheil Worldwide									0.1						
Hotel Shilla															
SDC															
Samsung Asset Management															
Samsung Electronics Service															
Miracom															
Samsung Global Research													15.2		
Harman International Industries, Inc.															
Total	0.1	75.0	19.3	19.7	39.8	19.0	23.9	15.2	20.9	29.6	71.9	15.0	62.4	20.7	28.6

Investee Investor	Hotel Shilla	Samsung Display	Samsung Medison	Samsung BioEpis	Samsung Venture Investment	Samsung Life Service	Samsung Futures	Samsung Active Asset Manageme nt	Samsung SRA Asset Manageme nt	Samsung Welstory	Samsung Asset Manageme nt	Samsung Electronics Logitech	Samsung Electronics Service	Service CS	Samsung Electronics Sales
Samsung C&T Corporation					16.7					100.0					
Samsung BioLogics				50.0											
Samsung Life Insurance	7.4					99.8			100.0		100.0				
Samsung SDI	0.1	15.2			16.3										
Samsung SDS															
Samsung Electro- mechanics					17.0										
Samsung Electronics	5.1	84.8	68.5		16.3							100.0	99.3		100.0
Samsung Heavy Industries					17.0										
Samsung Securities.	3.1				16.7		100.0								
Samsung Card	1.3														
Samsung Fire & Marine Insurance															
S1 Corporation															
Cheil Worldwide															
Hotel Shilla															
SDC															
Samsung Asset Management								100.0							
Samsung Eelectronics Service														100.0	
Miracom															
Samsung Global Research															
Harman International Industries, Inc.															
Total	17.0	100.0	68.5	50.0	100.0	99.8	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.3	100.0	100.

Investee Investor	Samsung Card Customer Service	Samsung Corning Advanced Glass	Samsung Hedge Asset Managem ent	Samsung Fire & Marine Insurance Service	Samsung Claim Adjustme nt Service	SEMES	Suwon Samsung Bluewing s FC	STECO	Shilla HM	SD Flex	SBTM	S-1CRM	SU Materials	S-Core	STM
Samsung C&T Corporation															
Samsung BioLogics															
Samsung Life Insurance															
Samsung SDI										50.0					100.0
Samsung SDS														81.8	
Samsung Electro- mechanics															
Samsung Electronics						91.5		70.0							
Samsung Heavy Industries															
Samsung Securities.															
Samsung Card	100.0														
Samsung Fire & Marine Insurance				100.0	100.0										
S1 Corporation												100.0		0.6	
Cheil Worldwide							100.0							5.2	
Hotel Shilla									100.0		100.0				
SDC		50.0											50.0		
Samsung Asset Management			100.0												
Samsung Eelectronics Service															
Miracom														0.5	
Samsung Global Research															
Harman International Industries, Inc.															
Total	100.0	50.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	91.5	100.0	70.0	100.0	50.0	100.0	100.0	50.0	88.1	100.0

Investee Investor	HDC Shilla Duty Free LTD	Open Hands	Cheil Fashion Retail	Miracom	Samsung Global Research	Samsung Lions	Samsung Life Financial Service	Samsung Fire & Marine Financial Service	Samwoo Architects & Engineers	Seoul Lakeside CC	SECUI	CVnet	Harman International Korea	Human TSS
Samsung C&T Corporation			100.0		1.0				100.0	100.0	8.7	40.1		
Samsung BioLogics														
Samsung Life Insurance					14.8		100.0							
Samsung SDI					29.6									
Samsung SDS		100.0		83.6							56.5	9.4		
Samsung Electro- mechanics					23.8									
Samsung Electronics					29.8									
Samsung Heavy Industries					1.0									
Samsung Securities.														
Samsung Card														
Samsung Fire & Marine Insurance								100.0						
S1 Corporation				0.6										100.0
Cheil Worldwide				5.4		67.5								
Hotel Shilla	50.0													
SDC														
Samsung Asset Management														
Samsung Eelectronics Service														
Miracom														
Samsung Global Research														
Harman International Industries, Inc.													100.0	
Total	50.0	100.0	100.0	89.6	100.0	67.5	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	65.2	49.5	100.0	100.0

2) Overseas

Investor	Investee	Ownership
Samwoo Architects & Engineers	SAMOO HU Designer and Engineering Services Limited	100.0
Samwoo Architects & Engineers	SAMOO DESIGNERS & ENGINEERS INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED	100.0
Samwoo Architects & Engineers	SAMOO (KL) SDN. BHD.	100.0
Samsung C&T America Inc.	Meadowland Distribution	100.0
Samsung C&T America Inc.	Samsung Green repower, LLC	100.0
Samsung C&T America Inc.	Samsung Solar Construction Inc.	100.0
Samsung C&T America Inc.	QSSC, S.A. de C.V.	20.0
Samsung C&T America Inc.	Samsung Solar Energy LLC	100.0
Samsung C&T America Inc.	Equipment Trading Solutions Group, LLC	70.0
Samsung C&T America Inc.	FLOWFY COMMERCE SERVICE LLC	100.0
Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	SP Armow Wind Ontario LP	50.0
Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	SRE GRW EPC GP Inc.	100.0
Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	SRE GRW EPC LP	100.0
Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	SRE SKW EPC GP Inc.	100.0
Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	SRE SKW EPC LP	100.0
Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	SRE WIND PA GP INC.	100.0
Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	SRE WIND PA LP	100.0
Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	SRE GRS Holdings GP Inc.	100.0
Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	SRE GRS Holdings LP	100.0
Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	SRE K2 EPC GP Inc.	100.0
Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	SRE K2 EPC LP	100.0
Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	SRE KS HOLDINGS GP INC.	100.0
Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	SRE KS HOLDINGS LP	100.0
Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	SP Belle River Wind LP	42.5
Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	SRE Armow EPC GP Inc.	100.0
Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	SRE Armow EPC LP	100.0
Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	North Kent Wind 1 LP	35.0
Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	SRE Wind GP Holding Inc.	100.0
Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	South Kent Wind LP Inc.	50.0
Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	Grand Renewable Wind LP Inc.	45.0
Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	SRE North Kent 2 LP Holdings LP	100.0
Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	SRE Solar Development GP Inc.	100.0
Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	SRE Solar Development LP	100.0
Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	SRE Windsor Holdings GP Inc.	100.0
Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	SRE Southgate Holdings GP Inc.	100.0
Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	SRE Solar Construction Management GP Inc.	100.0
Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	SRE Solar Construction Management LP	100.0
Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	SRE BRW EPC GP INC.	100.0
Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	SRE BRW EPC LP	100.0
Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	SRE North Kent 1 GP Holdings Inc	100.0
Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	SRE North Kent 2 GP Holdings Inc	100.0
Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	SRE Belle River GP Holdings Inc	100.0
Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	SRE NK1 EPC GP Inc	100.0
Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	SRE NK1 EPC LP	100.0
Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	SRE Summerside Construction GP Inc.	100.0
Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	SRE Summerside Construction LP	100.0
Samsung Green repower, LLC	Monument Power, LLC	100.0
SP Armow Wind Ontario GP Inc	SP Armow Wind Ontario LP	0.0
Samsung C&T Oil & Gas Parallel Corp.	PLL Holdings LLC	83.6
Samsung C&T Oil & Gas Parallel Corp.	PLL E&P LLC	90.0
SRE GRW EPC GP Inc.	SRE GRW EPC LP	0.0
SRE SKW EPC GP Inc.	SRE SKW EPC LP	0.0
PLL Holdings LLC	Parallel Petroleum LLC	61.0

Investor	Investee	Ownership
SRE WIND PA GP INC.	SRE WIND PA LP	0.0
SRE GRS Holdings GP Inc.	Grand Renewable Solar GP Inc.	50.0
SRE GRS Holdings GP Inc.	SRE GRS Holdings LP	0.0
SRE K2 EPC GP Inc.	SRE K2 EPC LP	0.0
SRE KS HOLDINGS GP INC.	KINGSTON SOLAR GP INC.	50.0
SRE KS HOLDINGS GP INC.	SRE KS HOLDINGS LP	0.0
SP Belle River Wind GP Inc	SP Belle River Wind LP	0.0
SRE Armow EPC GP Inc.	SRE Armow EPC LP	0.0
SRE Wind GP Holding Inc.	SP Armow Wind Ontario GP Inc	50.0
SRE Wind GP Holding Inc.	South Kent Wind GP Inc.	50.0
SRE Wind GP Holding Inc.	Grand Renewable Wind GP Inc.	50.0
South Kent Wind GP Inc.	South Kent Wind LP Inc.	0.0
Grand Renewable Wind GP Inc.	Grand Renewable Wind LP Inc.	0.0
North Kent Wind 1 GP Inc	North Kent Wind 1 LP	0.0
SRE Solar Development GP Inc.	SRE Solar Development LP	0.0
SRE Solar Construction Management GP Inc.	SRE Solar Construction Management LP	0.0
SRE BRW EPC GP INC.	SRE BRW EPC LP	0.0
SRE North Kent 1 GP Holdings Inc	North Kent Wind 1 GP Inc	50.0
SRE North Kent 2 GP Holdings Inc	SRE North Kent 2 LP Holdings LP	0.0
SRE Belle River GP Holdings Inc	SP Belle River Wind GP Inc	50.0
SRE NK1 EPC GP Inc	SRE NK1 EPC LP	0.0
SRE Summerside Construction GP Inc.	SRE NITERCER	0.0
	Samsung Solar Energy 1 LLC	100.0
Samsung Solar Energy LLC		
Samsung Solar Energy LLC	Samsung Solar Energy 2 LLC	100.0
Samsung Solar Energy LLC	Samsung Solar Energy 3, LLC	100.0
Samsung Solar Energy 1 LLC	CS SOLAR LLC	50.0
Samsung Solar Energy 3, LLC	SST SOLAR, LLC	50.0
Samsung C&T Deutschland GmbH	POSS-SLPC, S.R.O	20.0
Samsung C&T Deutschland GmbH	Solluce Romania 1 B.V.	20.0
Samsung C&T Deutschland GmbH	S.C. Otelinox S.A	99.7
Solluce Romania 1 B.V.	LJG GREEN SOURCE ENERGY ALPHA S.R.L.	78.0
Samsung C&T Malaysia SDN. BHD	WARIS GIGIH ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY SDN. BHD.	70.0
Samsung C&T Singapore Pte., Ltd.	Samsung Chemtech Vina LLC	48.3
Samsung C&T Singapore Pte., Ltd.	Samsung C&T Thailand Co., Ltd	0.2
Samsung C&T Singapore Pte., Ltd.	PT. INSAM BATUBARA ENERGY	10.0
Samsung C&T Singapore Pte., Ltd.	Malaysia Samsung Steel Center Sdn.Bhd	30.0
Samsung C&T Singapore Pte., Ltd.	S&G Biofuel PTE.LTD	12.6
S&G Biofuel PTE.LTD	PT. Gandaerah Hendana	95.0
S&G Biofuel PTE.LTD	PT. Inecda	95.0
CHEIL HOLDING INC.	SAMSUNG CONST. CO. PHILS.	75.0
Samsung C&T Hongkong Ltd.	Samsung C&T Thailand Co., Ltd	6.8
Samsung C&T Hongkong Ltd.	SAMSUNG TRADING (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD	100.0
Samsung C&T Hongkong Ltd.	Samsung Precision Stainless Steel(pinghu) Co.,Ltd.	45.0
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Japan Corporation	100.0
Samsung Electronics	Samsung R&D Institute Japan Co. Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Electronics America, Inc.	100.0
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Electronics Canada, Inc.	100.0
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Electronics Mexico S.A. De C.V.	63.6
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Electronics Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Electronics (UK) Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Electronics Holding GmbH	100.0
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Electronics Iberia, S.A.	100.0
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Electronics France S.A.S	100.0
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Electronics Hungarian Private Co. Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Electronics Italia S.P.A.	100.0

Investor	Investee	Ownership
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Electronics Europe Logistics B.V.	100.0
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V.	100.0
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Electronics Overseas B.V.	100.0
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Electronics Polska, SP.Zo.o	100.0
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Electronics Portuguesa, Unipessoal, Lda.	100.0
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Electronics Nordic Aktiebolag	100.0
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Electronics Austria GmbH	100.0
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Electronics Slovakia s.r.o	55.7
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Electronics Europe Holding Cooperatief U.A.	100.0
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Electronics Display (M) Sdn. Bhd.	75.0
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Electronics (M) Sdn. Bhd.	100.0
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Vina Electronics Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Asia Pte. Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Electronics	Samsung India Electronics Private Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Electronics	Samsung R&D Institute India-Bangalore Private Limited	100.0
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Electronics Australia Pty. Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Electronics	PT Samsung Electronics Indonesia	100.0
Samsung Electronics	Thai Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.	91.8
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Malaysia Electronics (SME) Sdn. Bhd.	100.0
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Electronics Hong Kong Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Electronics	Suzhou Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.	69.1
		100.0
Samsung Electronics	Samsung (CHINA) Investment Co., Ltd.	
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Electronics Suzhou Semiconductor Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Electronics	Tianjin Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.	48.2
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Electronics Taiwan Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Electronics	Tianjin Samsung Telecom Technology Co., Ltd.	90.0
Samsung Electronics	Shanghai Samsung Semiconductor Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Electronics Suzhou Computer Co., Ltd.	73.7
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Semiconductor (China) R&D Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Electronics	Samsung (China) Semiconductor Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Electronics	Samsung SemiConductor Xian Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Gulf Electronics Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Electronics Egypt S.A.E	0.1
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Electronics South Africa(Pty) Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Electronics Latinoamerica(Zona Libre), S. A.	100.0
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Eletronica da Amazonia Ltda.	87.0
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Electronics Argentina S.A.	98.0
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Electronics Chile Limitada	4.1
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Electronics Rus Company LLC	100.0
Samsung Electronics	Samsung Electronics Rus Kaluga LLC	100.0
Samsung Electronics	Tianjin Samsung LED Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Biologics	Samsung Biologics America, Inc.	100.0
Samsung BioEpis	Samsung Bioepis United States Inc.	100.0
Samsung BioEpis	SAMSUNG BIOEPIS UK LIMITED	100.0
Samsung BioEpis	Samsung Bioepis NL B.V.	100.0
Samsung BioEpis	Samsung Bioepis CH GmbH	100.0
Samsung BioEpis	Samsung Bioepis PL Sp z o.o.	100.0
Samsung BioEpis	SAMSUNG BIOEPIS AU PTY LTD	100.0
Samsung BioEpis	SAMSUNG BIOEPIS NZ LIMITED	100.0
Samsung BioEpis	SAMSUNG BIOEPIS TW Limited	100.0
Samsung BioEpis	Samsung Bioepis HK Limited	100.0
Samsung BioEpis	SAMSUNG BIOEPIS IL LTD	100.0
Samsung BioEpis	SAMSUNG BIOEPIS BR PHARMACEUTICAL LTDA	100.0
Samsung Display	Intellectual Keystone Technology LLC	41.9
Samsung Display	Samsung Display Slovakia, s.r.o.	100.0

Investor	Investee	Ownership
Samsung Display	Samsung Display Vietnam Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Display	Samsung Display Noida Private Limited	100.0
Samsung Display	Samsung Display Dongguan Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Display	Samsung Display Tianjin Co., Ltd.	95.0
Samsung Display	Novaled GmbH	9.9
SEMES	SEMES America, Inc.	100.0
SEMES	SEMES (XIAN) Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Electronics America, Inc.	NeuroLogica Corp.	100.0
Samsung Electronics America, Inc.	Dacor Holdings, Inc.	100.0
Samsung Electronics America, Inc.	Samsung HVAC America, LLC	100.0
Samsung Electronics America, Inc.	SmartThings, Inc.	100.0
Samsung Electronics America, Inc.	Samsung Oak Holdings, Inc.	100.0
Samsung Electronics America, Inc.	Joyent, Inc.	100.0
	TeleWorld Solutions, Inc.	
Samsung Electronics America, Inc.	Samsung Semiconductor, Inc.	100.0
Samsung Electronics America, Inc.		100.0
Samsung Electronics America, Inc.	Samsung Research America, Inc	100.0
Samsung Electronics America, Inc.	Samsung Electronics Home Appliances America, LLC	100.0
Samsung Electronics America, Inc.	Samsung International, Inc.	100.0
Samsung Electronics America, Inc.	Harman International Industries, Inc.	100.0
Dacor Holdings, Inc.	Dacor, Inc.	100.0
Dacor, Inc.	Dacor Canada Co.	100.0
Samsung Semiconductor, Inc.	Samsung Austin Semiconductor LLC.	100.0
Samsung Electronics Canada, Inc.	AdGear Technologies Inc.	100.0
Samsung Research America, Inc	SAMSUNG NEXT LLC	100.0
SAMSUNG NEXT LLC	SAMSUNG NEXT FUND LLC	100.0
Samsung International, Inc.	Samsung Mexicana S.A. de C.V	100.0
Samsung Electronics Mexico S.A. De C.V.	Samsung Electronics Digital Appliance Mexico, SA de CV	100.0
Harman International Industries, Inc.	Harman International Japan Co., Ltd.	100.0
Harman International Industries, Inc.	Harman International Industries Canada Ltd.	100.0
Harman International Industries, Inc.	Harman Becker Automotive Systems, Inc.	100.0
Harman International Industries, Inc.	Harman Professional, Inc.	100.0
Harman International Industries, Inc.	Harman Connected Services, Inc.	100.0
Harman International Industries, Inc.	Harman Financial Group LLC	100.0
Harman International Industries, Inc.	Harman Belgium SA	100.0
Harman International Industries, Inc.	Harman France SNC	100.0
Harman International Industries, Inc.	Red Bend Software SAS	100.0
Harman International Industries, Inc.	Harman Inc. & Co. KG	66.0
Harman International Industries, Inc.	Harman KG Holding, LLC	100.0
Harman International Industries, Inc.		100.0
Harman International Industries, Inc.	Harman Becker Automotive Systems Italy S.R.L. Harman Finance International, SCA	100.0
,	Harman Finance International GP S.a.r.I	
Harman International Industries, Inc.		100.0
Harman International Industries, Inc.	Harman Industries Holdings Mauritius Ltd.	100.0
Harman International Industries, Inc.	Harman International Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V.	99.9
Harman Becker Automotive Systems, Inc.	Harman International Estonia OU	100.0
Harman Professional, Inc.	AMX UK Limited	100.0
Harman Professional, Inc.	Harman Singapore Pte. Ltd.	100.0
Harman Professional, Inc.	Harman da Amazonia Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda.	0.0
Harman Professional, Inc.	Harman do Brasil Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda.	0.0
Harman Connected Services, Inc.	Harman Connected Services Engineering Corp.	100.0
Harman Connected Services, Inc.	Harman Connected Services AB.	100.0
Harman Connected Services, Inc.	Harman Connected Services UK Ltd.	100.0
Harman Connected Services, Inc.	Harman Connected Services Corp. India Pvt. Ltd.	1.6
Harman Connected Services, Inc.	Global Symphony Technology Group Private Ltd.	100.0
Harman Financial Group LLC	Harman International (India) Private Limited	0.0
Harman Financial Group LLC	Harman International Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V.	0.1

Investor	Investee	Ownership
Harman Financial Group LLC	Harman de Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V.	0.0
Samsung Electronics (UK) Ltd.	Samsung Semiconductor Europe Limited	100.0
Samsung Electronics Holding GmbH	Samsung Semiconductor Europe GmbH	100.0
Samsung Electronics Holding GmbH	Samsung Electronics GmbH	100.0
Samsung Electronics Hungarian Private Co. Ltd.	Samsung Electronics Czech and Slovak s.r.o.	31.4
Samsung Electronics Hungarian Private Co. Ltd.	Samsung Electronics Slovakia s.r.o	44.3
Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V.	Samsung Electronics Mexico S.A. De C.V.	36.4
Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V.	SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS BALTICS SIA	100.0
Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V.	Samsung Electronics West Africa Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V.	Samsung Electronics East Africa Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V.	Samsung Electronics Saudi Arabia Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V.	Samsung Electronics Egypt S.A.E	99.9
Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V.	Samsung Electronics Israel Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V.	Samsung Electronics Tunisia S.A.R.L	99.0
Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V.	Samsung Electronics Pakistan(Private) Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V.	Samsung Electronics South Africa Production (pty) Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V.	Samsung Electronics Turkey	100.0
Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V.	Samsung Electronics Industry and Commerce Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V.	Samsung Semiconductor Israel R&D Center, Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V.	Samsung Electronics Levant Co.,Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V.	Samsung Electronics Maghreb Arab	100.0
Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V.	Samsung Electronics Venezuela, C.A.	100.0
Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V.	Samsung Eletronica da Amazonia Ltda.	13.0
Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V.	Samsung Electronics Chile Limitada	95.9
Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V.	Samsung Electronics Peru S.A.C.	100.0
Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V.	Samsung Electronics Ukraine Company LLC	100.0
Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V.	Samsung R&D Institute Rus LLC	100.0
Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V.	Samsung Electronics Central Eurasia LLP	100.0
Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V.	Samsung Electronics Caucasus Co. Ltd	100.0
Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V.	Corephotonics Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Electronics Nordic Aktiebolag	Samsung Nanoradio Design Center	100.0
AKG Acoustics Gmbh	Harman Professional Denmark ApS	100.0
AKG Acoustics Gmbh	Studer Professional Audio GmbH	100.0
Harman Professional Denmark ApS	Martin Professional Japan Ltd.	40.0
Harman Professional Denmark ApS	Harman International s.r.o	100.0
Harman Becker Automotive Systems GmbH	Harman International Romania SRL	0.0
Harman Holding Gmbh & Co. KG	Harman Becker Automotive Systems GmbH	100.0
Harman Holding Gmbh & Co. KG	Harman Deutschland GmbH	100.0
Harman Holding Gmbh & Co. KG	Harman Becker Automotive Systems Manufacturing Kft	100.0
Harman Holding Gmbh & Co. KG	Harman RUS CIS LLC	100.0
Harman Inc. & Co. KG	Harman Holding Gmbh & Co. KG	100.0
Harman Inc. & Co. KG	Harman Management Gmbh	100.0
Harman Inc. & Co. KG	Harman Hungary Financing Ltd.	100.0
Harman Connected Services GmbH	Harman Connected Services OOO	100.0
Harman KG Holding, LLC	Harman Inc. & Co. KG	34.0
Harman Becker Automotive Systems Manufacturing Kft	Harman Professional Kft	100.0
Harman Becker Automotive Systems Manufacturing Kft	Harman Consumer Nederland B.V.	100.0
Harman Becker Automotive Systems Manufacturing Kft	Harman International Romania SRL	100.0
Harman Becker Automotive Systems Manufacturing Kft	Red Bend Ltd.	100.0
Harman Becker Automotive Systems Manufacturing Kft	Harman do Brasil Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda.	100.0
Harman Hungary Financing Ltd.	Harman International Industries Limited	100.0
Harman Finance International GP S.a.r.I	Harman Finance International, SCA	0.0
Harman Consumer Nederland B.V.	AKG Acoustics Gmbh	100.0
Harman Consumer Nederland B.V.	Harman Audio Iberia Espana Sociedad Limitada	100.0
Harman Consumer Nederland B.V.	Harman Holding Limited	100.0

Investor	Investee	Ownership
Harman Audio Iberia Espana Sociedad Limitada	Harman France SNC	0.0
Harman Connected Services AB.	Harman Finland Oy	100.0
Harman Connected Services AB.	Harman Connected Services GmbH	100.0
Harman Connected Services AB.	Harman Connected Services Poland Sp.zoo	100.0
Harman Connected Services AB.	Harman Connected Services Solutions (Chengdu) Co., Ltd.	100.0
Harman International Industries Limited	Harman Automotive UK Limited	100.0
Harman International Industries Limited	Harman International Industries PTY Ltd.	100.0
Harman International Industries Limited	Harman de Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V.	100.0
Harman Connected Services UK Ltd.	Harman Connected Services Morocco	100.0
Samsung Electronics Austria GmbH	Samsung Electronics Switzerland GmbH	100.0
Samsung Electronics Europe Holding Cooperatief U.A.	Samsung Electronics Czech and Slovak s.r.o.	68.6
Samsung Electronics Europe Holding Cooperatief U.A.	Samsung Electronics Romania LLC	100.0
Samsung Electronics Europe Holding Cooperatief U.A.	Zhilabs, S.L.	100.0
Samsung Electronics Europe Holding Cooperatief U.A.	Porta Nuova Varesine Building 2 S.r.l.	49.0
Samsung Electronics Europe Holding Cooperatief U.A.	Samsung Electronics Poland Manufacturing SP.Zo.o	100.0
Samsung Electronics Europe Holding Cooperatief U.A.	Samsung Electronics Greece S.M.S.A	100.0
Samsung Electronics Europe Holding Cooperatief U.A.	Samsung Electronics Air Conditioner Europe B.V.	100.0
Samsung Electronics Europe Holding Cooperatief U.A.	FOODIENT LTD.	100.0
Samsung Electronics Europe Holding Cooperatief U.A.	Samsung Denmark Research Center ApS	100.0
Samsung Electronics Europe Holding Cooperatief U.A.	Samsung Cambridge Solution Centre Limited	100.0
Samsung Electronics Europe Holding Cooperatief U.A.	Novaled GmbH	40.0
Samsung Electronics Singapore Pte. Ltd.	Samsung Electronics Display (M) Sdn. Bhd.	25.0
Samsung Electronics Singapore Pte. Ltd.	iMarket Asia Co., Ltd.	11.4
Samsung Asia Pte. Ltd.	Samsung Electronics Japan Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Asia Pte. Ltd.	Samsung Electronics Singapore Pte. Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Asia Pte. Ltd.	Samsung Electronics New Zealand Limited	100.0
Samsung Asia Pte. Ltd.	Samsung Electronics Philippines Corporation	100.0
Samsung Asia Pte. Ltd.	Samsung R&D Institute BanglaDesh Limited	100.0
Samsung Asia Pte. Ltd.	Samsung Electronics Vietnam Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Asia Pte. Ltd.	Samsung Electronics Vietnam THAINGUYEN Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Asia Pte. Ltd.	Samsung Electronics HCMC CE Complex Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung India Electronics Private Ltd.	Samsung Nepal Services Pvt, Ltd	100.0
PT Samsung Electronics Indonesia	PT Samsung Telecommunications Indonesia	100.0
Thai Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.	Laos Samsung Electronics Sole Co., Ltd	100.0
Samsung Electronics Hong Kong Co., Ltd.	iMarket Asia Co., Ltd.	11.3
Suzhou Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.	Samsung Suzhou Electronics Export Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung (CHINA) Investment Co., Ltd.	Suzhou Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.	19.2
Samsung (CHINA) Investment Co., Ltd.	Samsung Mobile R&D Center China-Guangzhou	100.0
Samsung (CHINA) Investment Co., Ltd.	Samsung R&D Institute China-Shenzhen	100.0
Samsung (CHINA) Investment Co., Ltd.	Tianjin Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.	43.1
Samsung (CHINA) Investment Co., Ltd.	Beijing Samsung Telecom R&D Center	100.0
Samsung (CHINA) Investment Co., Ltd.	Samsung Electronics Suzhou Computer Co., Ltd.	26.3
Samsung (CHINA) Investment Co., Ltd.	Samsung Electronics China R&D Center	100.0
Harman International (China) Holdings Co., Ltd.	Harman (Suzhou) Audio and Infotainment Systems Co., Ltd.	100.0
Harman International (China) Holdings Co., Ltd.	Harman Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	100.0
Harman International (China) Holdings Co., Ltd.	Harman (China) Technologies Co., Ltd.	100.0
Harman Holding Limited	Harman Commercial (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	100.0
Harman Holding Limited	Harman International (China) Holdings Co., Ltd.	100.0
Harman Holding Limited	Harman Automotive Electronic Systems (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Gulf Electronics Co., Ltd.	Samsung Electronics Egypt S.A.E	0.1
Samsung Electronics Maghreb Arab	Samsung Electronics Tunisia S.A.R.L	1.0
Harman Industries Holdings Mauritius Ltd.	Harman International (India) Private Limited	100.0
Global Symphony Technology Group Private Ltd.	Harman Connected Services Corp. India Pvt. Ltd.	98.4
Red Bend Ltd.	Red Bend Software Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Electronics Latinoamerica(Zona Libre), S. A.	Samsung Electronics Latinoamerica Miami, Inc.	100.0

Investor	Investee	Ownership
Samsung Electronics Latinoamerica(Zona Libre), S. A.	Samsung Electronica Colombia S.A.	100.0
Samsung Electronics Latinoamerica(Zona Libre), S. A.	Samsung Electronics Panama. S.A.	100.0
Samsung Eletronica da Amazonia Ltda.	Samsung Electronics Argentina S.A.	2.0
Harman do Brasil Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda.	Harman da Amazonia Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda.	100.0
Samsung Electronics Central Eurasia LLP	Samsung Electronics Caucasus Co. Ltd	0.0
Samsung SDI	Intellectual Keystone Technology LLC	41.0
Samsung SDI	Samsung SDI Japan Co., Ltd.	89.2
Samsung SDI	Samsung SDI America, Inc.	91.7
Samsung SDI	Samsung SDI Hungary., Zrt.	100.0
Samsung SDI	Samsung SDI Europe GmbH	100.0
Samsung SDI	Samsung SDI Battery Systems GmbH	100.0
Samsung SDI	Samsung SDI Vietnam Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung SDI	Samsung SDI Energy Malaysia Sdn, Bhd.	100.0
Samsung SDI	Samsung SDI India Private Limited	100.0
Samsung SDI	Samsung SDI(Hong Kong) Ltd.	97.6
Samsung SDI	Samsung SDI China Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung SDI	Samsung SDI-ARN (Xi'An) Power Battery Co., Ltd.	65.0
Samsung SDI	Samsung SDI (Tianjin) Battery Co.,Ltd.	80.0
Samsung SDI	Novaled GmbH	50.1
Samsung SDI	SAMSUNG SDI WUXI CO.,LTD.	100.0
Samsung SDI	iMarket Asia Co., Ltd.	8.7
Samsung SDI(Hong Kong) Ltd.	Samsung SDI India Private Limited	0.0
Samsung SDI(Hong Kong) Ltd.	Tianjin Samsung SDI Co., Ltd.	80.0
Samsung Electro-Mechanics	Samsung Electro-Machanics Japan Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Electro-Mechanics	Samsung Electro-Mechanics America, Inc.	100.0
Samsung Electro-Mechanics	Samsung Electro-Mechanics GmbH	100.0
Samsung Electro-Mechanics	Samsung Electro-Mechanics(Thailand) Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Electro-Mechanics	Samsung Electro-Mechanics Philippines, Corp.	100.0 39.8
Samsung Electro-Mechanics Samsung Electro-Mechanics	Calamba Premier Realty Corporation Samsung Electro-Mechanics Pte Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Electro-Mechanics	Samsung Electro-Mechanics Vietnam Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Electro-Mechanics	Samsung Electro-Mechanics Vietnam Co., Ed.	99.9
Samsung Electro-Mechanics	Dongguan Samsung Electro-Mechanics Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Electro-Mechanics	Tianjin Samsung Electro-Mechanics Co., Ltd.	81.8
Samsung Electro-Mechanics	Samsung High-Tech Electro-Mechanics Co., Etd.	95.0
Samsung Electro-Mechanics	Samsung Electro-Mechanics (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Electro-Mechanics	Kunshan Samsung Electro-Mechanics Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Electro-Mechanics	iMarket Asia Co., Ltd.	8.7
Calamba Premier Realty Corporation	Batino Realty Corporation	100.0
Samsung Electro-Mechanics Pte Ltd.	Samsung Electro-Mechanics Software India Bangalore Private Limited	0.1
Samsung Fire & Marine Insurance	Samsung Fire & Marine Management Corporation	100.0
Samsung Fire & Marine Insurance	SAMSUNG FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY OF EUROPE LTD.	100.0
Samsung Fire & Marine Insurance	PT. Asuransi Samsung Tugu	70.0
Samsung Fire & Marine Insurance	SAMSUNG VINA INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED	75.0
Samsung Fire & Marine Insurance	Samsung Reinsurance Pte. Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Fire & Marine Insurance	Samsung Property & Casualty Insurance Company(China), Ltd	100.0
Samsung Fire & Marine Insurance	Samsung Fire & Marine Insurance Management Middle East Limited	100.0
Samsung Heavy Industries Co.,Ltd.	Camellia Consulting Corporation	100.0
Samsung Heavy Industries Co.,Ltd.	Samsung Heavy Industries India Pvt.Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Heavy Industries Co.,Ltd.	SAMSUNG HEAVY INDUSTRIES (M) SDN.BHD	100.0
Samsung Heavy Industries Co.,Ltd.	Samsung Heavy Industries(Ningbo) Co., Ltd	100.0
Samsung Heavy Industries Co.,Ltd.	Samsung Heavy Industries(Rongcheng) Co., Ltd	100.0
Samsung Heavy Industries Co.,Ltd.	Rongcheng Gaya Heavy Industries Co., Ltd	100.0
Samsung Heavy Industries Co.,Ltd.	SAMSUNG HEAVY INDUSTRIES NIGERIA LIMITED	100.0

Investor	Investee	Ownership
Samsung Heavy Industries Co.,Ltd.	Samsung Heavy Industries Mozambique LDA	100.0
Samsung Heavy Industries Co.,Ltd.	Samsung Heavy Industries Rus LLC	100.0
SAMSUNG HEAVY INDUSTRIES NIGERIA LIMITED	SHI - MCI FZE	70.0
Samsung Life Insurance	Porta Nuova Varesine Building 2 S.r.I.	51.0
Samsung Life Insurance	THAI SAMSUNG LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD.	48.9
Samsung Life Insurance	Beijing Samsung Real Estate Co Ltd	90.0
Samsung Asset Management	Samsung Asset Management (New York), Inc.	100.0
Samsung Asset Management	Samsung Global SME Private Equity Manager Fund Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Asset Management	Samsung Asset Management(London) Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Asset Management	Samsung Private Equity Manager I Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Asset Management	Samsung Asset Management (Hong Kong) Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Asset Management (Hong Kong) Ltd.	Samsung Asset Management (Beijing) Ltd.	100.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	Samsung C&T Japan Corporation	100.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	Samsung C&T America Inc.	100.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	Samsung E&C America, INC.	100.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	100.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	QSSC, S.A. de C.V.	80.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	Samsung C&T Oil & Gas Parallel Corp.	100.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	Samsung C&T Lina S.A.C.	100.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	Samsung C&T Deutschland GmbH	100.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	Samsung C&T Deutschland Ginbh Samsung C&T U.K. Ltd.	100.0
Y	Samsung C&T C.N. Ltu. Samsung C&T ECUK Limited	100.0
Samsung C&T Corporation		
Samsung C&T Corporation	Whessoe engineering Limited	100.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	POSS-SLPC, S.R.O	50.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	Solluce Romania 1 B.V.	80.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	SAM investment Manzanilo.B.V	53.3
Samsung C&T Corporation	Samsung C&T (KL) Sdn.,Bhd.	100.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	Samsung C&T Malaysia SDN. BHD	100.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	Erdsam Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	Samsung Chemtech Vina LLC	51.7
Samsung C&T Corporation	Samsung C&T Thailand Co., Ltd	93.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	PT. INSAM BATUBARA ENERGY	90.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	Samsung C&T India Private Limited	100.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	Samsung C&T Corporation India Private Limited	100.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	Malaysia Samsung Steel Center Sdn.Bhd	70.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	Samsung C&T Singapore Pte., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	S&G Biofuel PTE.LTD	50.5
Samsung C&T Corporation	SAMSUNG C&T Mongolia LLC.	70.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	Samsung C&T Eng.&Const. Mongolia LLC.	100.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	S&WOO CONSTRUCTION PHILIPPINES, INC.	100.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	VSSC STEEL CENTER LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY	85.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	Vista Contracting and Investment Global Pte. Ltd.	100.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	SAMSUNG CONST. CO. PHILS.	25.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	CHEIL HOLDING INC.	40.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	Samsung C&T Hongkong Ltd.	100.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	Samsung C&T Taiwan Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	Samsung Precision Stainless Steel(pinghu) Co.,Ltd.	55.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	SAMSUNG C&T (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD.	100.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	Samsung C&T (Xi'an) Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	WARIS GIGIH ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY SDN. BHD.	30.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	SAMSUNG C&T CORPORATION SAUDI ARABIA	100.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	SAM Gulf Investment Limited	100.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	Samsung C&T Chile Copper SpA	100.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	SCNT Power Kelar Inversiones Limitada	100.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	Samsung C&T Corporation Rus LLC	100.0

Investor	Investee	Ownership
Samsung C&T Corporation	Samsung SDI America, Inc.	8.3
Samsung C&T Corporation	Samsung SDI(Hong Kong) Ltd.	2.4
Samsung C&T Corporation	Beijing Samsung Real Estate Co Ltd	10.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	Cheil Industries Corp., USA	100.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	CHEIL INDUSTRIES ITALY SRL	100.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	Samsung Fashion Trading Co. ,Ltd	100.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	SAMSUNG C&T CORPORATION VIETNAM CO., LTD	100.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	Samsung C&T Corporation UEM Construction JV Sdn Bhd	60.0
Samsung C&T Corporation	iMarket Asia Co., Ltd.	19.3
Samsung Welstory	WELSTORY VIETNAM COMPANY LIMITED	100.0
Samsung Welstory	Shanghai Ever-Hongjun Business Mgt Service Co.,LTD	85.0
Samsung Welstory	Shanghai Welstory Food Company Limited	81.6
MULTICAMPUS	LANGUAGE TESTING INTERNATIONAL, INC.	82.4
Pengtai Greater China Company Limited	PENGTAI CHINA CO.,LTD.	100.0
Pengtai Greater China Company Limited	PengTai Taiwan Co., Ltd.	100.0
PENGTAI CHINA CO.,LTD.	PENGTAI E-COMMERCE CO.,LTD	100.0
PENGTAI CHINA CO.,LTD.	PENGTAI MARKETING SERVICE CO.,LTD.	100.0
PENGTAL INTERACTIVE ADVERTISING CO., LTD	Medialytics Inc.	100.0
PENGTAL INTERACTIVE ADVERTISING CO., LTD	Beijing Pengtai Baozun E-commerce Co., Ltd.	51.0
iMarket Asia Co., Ltd.	iMarket China Co., Ltd.	80.0
		100.0
Samsung Securities	Samsung Securities (America), Inc.	
Samsung Securities	Samsung Securities (Europe) Limited.	100.0
Samsung Securities	Samsung Securities (Asia) Limited.	100.0
Samsung SDS	iMarket Asia Co., Ltd.	40.6
Samsung SDS	Samsung SDS America, Inc.	100.0
Samsung SDS	SAMSUNG SDS GSCL Canada., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung SDS	Neo EXpress Transportation (NEXT) Inc.	51.0
Samsung SDS	Samsung SDS Europe, Ltd.	100.0
Samsung SDS	Samsung SDS Global SCL Hungary, Kft.	100.0
Samsung SDS	Samsung SDS Global SCL Slovakia, S.R.O.	100.0
Samsung SDS	Samsung SDS Global SCL Poland Sp. Z.o.o.	100.0
Samsung SDS	Samsung GSCL Sweden AB	100.0
Samsung SDS	Samsung SDS Global SCL France SAS	100.0
Samsung SDS	Samsung SDS Global SCL Greece Societe Anonyme	100.0
Samsung SDS	Samsung SDS Global SCL Italy S.R.L. A Socio Unico	100.0
Samsung SDS	Samsung SDS Global Supply Chain Logistics Spain S.L.U	100.0
Samsung SDS	Samsung SDS Global SCL Netherlands Cooperatief U.A.	100.0
Samsung SDS	Samsung SDS Global SCL Germany GmbH	100.0
Samsung SDS	Samsung SDS Global SCL Romania S.R.L	100.0
Samsung SDS	Samsung SDS Asia Pacific Pte, Ltd.	100.0
Samsung SDS	Samsung Data Systems India Private Limited	100.0
Samsung SDS	Samsung SDS Vietnam Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung SDS	PT. Samsung SDS Global SCL Indonesia	100.0
Samsung SDS	Samsung SDS Global SCL Philippines Co., Ltd.Inc.	100.0
Samsung SDS	Samsung SDS Global SCL Thailand Co.,Ltd	100.0
Samsung SDS	Samsung SDS Global SCL Malaysia SDN.BHD.	100.0
Samsung SDS	SAMSUNG SDS Global SCL Austraila Pty.,Ltd.	100.0
Samsung SDS	SDS-ACUTECH CO., Ltd.	50.0
Samsung SDS	ALS SDS Joint Stock Company	51.0
Samsung SDS	SDS-MP Logistics Joint Stock Company	51.0
Samsung SDS	Samsung SDS China Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung SDS	Samsung SDS Global SCL Hong Kong Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung SDS	SAMSUNG SDS Global SCL Egypt	100.0
Samsung SDS	Samsung SDS Global SCL South Africa (PTY) Ltd.	100.0
Samsung SDS	Samsung SDS Global SCL South Anica (FTT) Ltd. Samsung SDS Global SCL Nakliyat ve Lojistik Anonim Sirketi	100.0

Investor	Investee	Ownership
Samsung SDS	Samsung SDS Global Supply Chain Logistics Middle East DWC-LLC	100.0
Samsung SDS	Samsung SDS Latin America Solucoes Em Tecnologia Ltda.	99.7
Samsung SDS	INTE-SDS Logistics S.A. de C.V.	51.0
Samsung SDS	Samsung SDS Rus Limited Liability Company	100.0
Miracom	MIRACOM INC ASIA PACIFIC LIMITED	100.0
Samsung SDS America, Inc.	Samsung SDS Mexico, S.A. DE C.V.	99.0
Samsung SDS America, Inc.	Samsung SDS Global SCL Panama S. A.	100.0
Samsung SDS America, Inc.	Samsung SDS Global SCL Chile Limitada	100.0
Samsung SDS America, Inc.	Samsung SDS Global SCL Peru S.A.C.	100.0
Samsung SDS America, Inc.	Samsung SDS Global SCL Colombia S.A.S.	100.0
Samsung SDS America, Inc.	Samsung SDS Latin America Solucoes Em Tecnologia Ltda.	0.3
Samsung SDS Europe, Ltd.	Samsung SDS Global SCL Netherlands Cooperatief U.A.	0.0
Samsung SDS Global SCL Netherlands Cooperatief		0.0
U.A.	Samsung SDS Global SCL Poland Sp. Z.o.o.	0.0
Samsung SDS Global SCL Netherlands Cooperatief U.A.	Samsung SDS Global SCL Greece Societe Anonyme	0.0
Samsung SDS Global SCL Netherlands Cooperatief U.A.	Samsung SDS Global SCL Romania S.R.L	0.0
Samsung SDS Global SCL Netherlands Cooperatief U.A.	Samsung SDS Rus Limited Liability Company	0.0
Samsung SDS China Co., Ltd.	Samsung SDS Global Development Center Xi'an	100.0
Samsung SDS China Co., Ltd.	Samsung SDS Global SCL Beijing Co., Ltd	100.0
Samsung Engineering	Samsung Engineering America Inc.	100.0
Samsung Engineering	Samsung Engineering Hungary Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Engineering	Samsung Engineering Italy S.R.L.	100.0
Samsung Engineering	Samsung Engineering (Malaysia) SDN. BHD.	100.0
Samsung Engineering	PT Samsung Engineering Indonesia Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Engineering	Samsung Engineering (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	81.0
Samsung Engineering	Samsung Engineering India Private Limited	100.0
Samsung Engineering	Samsung Engineering Vietnam Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Engineering	Samsung Engineering Construction(Shanghai) Co., Ltd	100.0
Samsung Engineering	Samsung Engineering Construction Xi' an Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Engineering	Samsung Saudi Arabia Co., Ltd.	100.0
Samsung Engineering	Muharrag Wastewater Services Company W.L.L.	99.8
Samsung Engineering	Muharrag STP Company B.S.C.	6.6
Samsung Engineering	Muharraq Holding Company 1 Ltd.	65.0
Samsung Engineering	Samsung Ingenieria Mexico Construccion Y Operacion S.A. De C.V.	99.9
Samsung Engineering	Samsung Engineering Trinidad Co., Ltd.	100.0
	Samsung Ingenieria Manzanillo, S.A. De C.V.	99.9
Samsung Engineering Samsung Engineering	Grupo Samsung Ingenieria Marizanino, S.A. De C.V.	100.0
		100.0
Samsung Engineering	Samsung Ingenieria Energia S.A. De C.V.	100.0
Samsung Engineering	Samsung Engineering Bolivia S.A	
Samsung Engineering	Samsung Ingenieria DUBA S.A. de C.V.	100.0
Samsung Engineering	Samsung Engineering Kazakhstan L.L.P.	100.0
Samsung Engineering America Inc.	SEA Construction, LLC	100.0
Samsung Engineering America Inc.	SEA Louisiana Construction, L.L.C.	100.0
Samsung Engineering (Malaysia) SDN. BHD.	Muharraq Wastewater Services Company W.L.L.	0.3
Samsung Engineering India Private Limited	Samsung Saudi Arabia Co., Ltd.	0.0
Samsung Saudi Arabia Co., Ltd.	Samsung EPC Company Ltd.	75.0
Muharraq Holding Company 1 Ltd.	Muharraq Holding Company 2 Ltd.	100.0
Muharraq Holding Company 2 Ltd.	Muharraq STP Company B.S.C.	89.9
Samsung Ingenieria DUBA S.A. de C.V.	Asociados Constructores DBNR, S.A. de C.V.	49.0
S1 Corporation	S-1 CORPORATION HUNGARY LLC	100.0
S1 Corporation	S-1 CORPORATION VIETNAM CO., LTD	100.0
S1 Corporation	Samsung Beijing Security Systems	100.0
Cheil Worldwide	PENGTAI INTERACTIVE ADVERTISING CO., LTD	100.0

Investor	Investee	Ownership
Cheil Worldwide	Cheil USA Inc.	100.0
Cheil Worldwide	Cheil Central America Inc.	100.0
Cheil Worldwide	Iris Worldwide Holdings Limited	100.0
Cheil Worldwide	CHEIL EUROPE LIMITED	100.0
Cheil Worldwide	Cheil Germany GmbH	100.0
Cheil Worldwide	Cheil France SAS	100.0
Cheil Worldwide	CHEIL SPAIN S.L	100.0
Cheil Worldwide	Cheil Benelux B.V.	100.0
Cheil Worldwide	Cheil Nordic AB	100.0
Cheil Worldwide	Cheil India Private Limited	100.0
Cheil Worldwide	Cheil (Thailand) Ltd.	100.0
Cheil Worldwide	Cheil Singapore Pte. Ltd.	100.0
Cheil Worldwide	CHEIL VIETNAM COMPANY LIMITED	99.0
Cheil Worldwide	Cheil Integrated Marketing Philippines, Inc.	100.0
Cheil Worldwide	CHEIL MALAYSIA SDN. BHD.	100.0
Cheil Worldwide	Cheil New Zealand Limited	100.0
Cheil Worldwide	CHEIL CHINA	100.0
Cheil Worldwide	Cheil Hong Kong Ltd.	100.0
Cheil Worldwide	Caishu (Shanghai) Business Consulting Co., Ltd	100.0
	Caishu (Shanghar) Business Consulting Co., Ltd Cheil MEA FZ-LLC	
Cheil Worldwide		100.0
Cheil Worldwide	Cheil South Africa (Pty) Ltd	100.0
Cheil Worldwide	CHEIL KENYA LIMITED	99.0
Cheil Worldwide	Cheil Communications Nigeria Ltd.	99.0
Cheil Worldwide	Cheil Worldwide Inc./Jordan LLC.	100.0
Cheil Worldwide	Cheil Ghana Limited	100.0
Cheil Worldwide	Cheil Egypt LLC	99.9
Cheil Worldwide	Cheil Brasil Comunicacoes Ltda.	100.0
Cheil Worldwide	Cheil Mexico, S.A. de C.V.	98.0
Cheil Worldwide	Cheil Chile SpA.	100.0
Cheil Worldwide	Cheil Peru S.A.C.	100.0
Cheil Worldwide	CHEIL ARGENTINA S.A.	98.0
Cheil Worldwide	Cheil Rus LLC	100.0
Cheil Worldwide	Cheil Ukraine LLC	100.0
Cheil Worldwide	Cheil Kazakhstan LLC	100.0
Hotel Shilla	Samsung Hospitality America Inc.	100.0
Hotel Shilla	Shilla Travel Retail Pte. Ltd.	100.0
Hotel Shilla	Samsung Shilla Business Service Beijing Co., Ltd.	100.0
Hotel Shilla	Shilla Travel Retail Hong Kong Limited	100.0
Hotel Shilla	Shilla Travel Retail Taiwan Limited	64.0
HDC Shilla Duty Free LTD	HDC SHILLA (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD	100.0
SBTM	Samsung Hospitality U.K. Inc.	100.0
SBTM	Samsung Hospitality Europe GmbH	100.0
SBTM	SAMSUNG HOSPITALITY ROMANIA SRL	100.0
SBTM	Samsung Hospitality Vietnam Co., Ltd.	99.0
SBTM	Samsung Hospitality Philippines Inc.	100.0
SBTM	Samsung Hospitality India Private Limited	100.0
Samsung Venture Investment	Samsung Venture Investment (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	100.0
Iris Americas, Inc.	Iris (USA) Inc.	100.0
Iris Americas, Inc.	Iris Atlanta, Inc.	100.0
Iris Americas, Inc.	Iris Experience, Inc.	100.0
Iris Americas, Inc.	Iris Latin America, Inc.	100.0
Iris Americas, Inc.	Iris Worldwide San Diego, Inc.	100.0
Iris Americas, Inc.	89 Degrees, Inc.	100.0
Iris Latin America, Inc.	Irisnation Latina No.2, S. de R.L. de C.V.	0.0
Iris Latin America, Inc.	Irisnation Latina, S. de R.L. de C.V.	0.0

ris Canada Holdings Ltd Cheil USA Inc. Cheil USA Inc. Cheil USA Inc. Cheil USA Inc. Iris Worldwide Holdings Limited Iris Nation Worldwide Limited Iris Nation Worldwide Limited Iris Nation Worldwide Limited Iris Nation Worldwide Limited	Pricing Solutions Ltd The Barbarian Group LLC McKinney Ventures LLC Cheil India Private Limited Cheil Mexico, S.A. de C.V. Iris Nation Worldwide Limited Iris Americas, Inc. Irisnation Latina No.2, S. de R.L. de C.V. Irisnation Latina, S. de R.L. de C.V. Iris Canada Holdings Ltd	100.0 100.0 0.0 2.0 100.0 100.0
Cheil USA Inc. Cheil USA Inc. Cheil USA Inc. Iris Worldwide Holdings Limited Iris Nation Worldwide Limited Iris Nation Worldwide Limited Iris Nation Worldwide Limited	McKinney Ventures LLC Cheil India Private Limited Cheil Mexico, S.A. de C.V. Iris Nation Worldwide Limited Iris Americas, Inc. Irisnation Latina No.2, S. de R.L. de C.V. Irisnation Latina, S. de R.L. de C.V.	100.0 0.0 2.0 100.0 100.0
Cheil USA Inc. Cheil USA Inc. Iris Worldwide Holdings Limited Iris Nation Worldwide Limited Iris Nation Worldwide Limited Iris Nation Worldwide Limited	Cheil India Private Limited Cheil Mexico, S.A. de C.V. Iris Nation Worldwide Limited Iris Americas, Inc. Irisnation Latina No.2, S. de R.L. de C.V. Irisnation Latina, S. de R.L. de C.V.	0.0 2.0 100.0 100.0
Cheil USA Inc. Iris Worldwide Holdings Limited Iris Nation Worldwide Limited Iris Nation Worldwide Limited Iris Nation Worldwide Limited	Cheil Mexico, S.A. de C.V. Iris Nation Worldwide Limited Iris Americas, Inc. Irisnation Latina No.2, S. de R.L. de C.V. Irisnation Latina, S. de R.L. de C.V.	2.0 100.0 100.0
ris Worldwide Holdings Limited ris Nation Worldwide Limited ris Nation Worldwide Limited ris Nation Worldwide Limited	Iris Nation Worldwide Limited Iris Americas, Inc. Irisnation Latina No.2, S. de R.L. de C.V. Irisnation Latina, S. de R.L. de C.V.	100.0 100.0
ris Nation Worldwide Limited ris Nation Worldwide Limited ris Nation Worldwide Limited	Iris Americas, Inc. Irisnation Latina No.2, S. de R.L. de C.V. Irisnation Latina, S. de R.L. de C.V.	100.0
ris Nation Worldwide Limited ris Nation Worldwide Limited ris Nation Worldwide Limited	Irisnation Latina No.2, S. de R.L. de C.V. Irisnation Latina, S. de R.L. de C.V.	100.0
ris Nation Worldwide Limited ris Nation Worldwide Limited	Irisnation Latina No.2, S. de R.L. de C.V. Irisnation Latina, S. de R.L. de C.V.	
	Irisnation Latina, S. de R.L. de C.V.	100.0
		100.0
		100.0
ris Nation Worldwide Limited	Iris London Limited	100.0
ris Nation Worldwide Limited	Iris Promotional Marketing Ltd	100.0
ris Nation Worldwide Limited	Iris Ventures 1 Limited	98.6
ris Nation Worldwide Limited	Founded Partners Limited	100.0
ris Nation Worldwide Limited	Iris Products (Worldwide) Limited	100.0
ris Nation Worldwide Limited	Iris Korea Limited	100.0
Iris Nation Worldwide Limited	Iris Digital Limited	100.0
Iris Nation Worldwide Limited	Iris Amsterdam B.V.	100.0
		100.0
Iris Nation Worldwide Limited	Iris Ventures (Worldwide) Limited	
Iris Nation Worldwide Limited	Iris Culture Limited	100.0
Iris Nation Worldwide Limited	Concise Consultants Limited	100.0
Iris Nation Worldwide Limited	Atom42 Ltd	100.0
Iris Nation Worldwide Limited	WDMP Limited	49.0
Iris Nation Worldwide Limited	Pricing Solutions (UK) Limited	100.0
ris Nation Worldwide Limited	Iris Services Limited Dooel Skopje	100.0
ris Nation Worldwide Limited	Irisnation Singapore Pte. Itd.	100.0
ris Nation Worldwide Limited	Iris Worldwide Integrated Marketing Private Limited	100.0
ris Nation Worldwide Limited	Iris Sydney PTY Ltd	100.0
ris Nation Worldwide Limited	Iris Worldwide (Thailand) Limited	100.0
ris Nation Worldwide Limited	Iris Beijing Advertising Company Limited	100.0
ris London Limited	Iris Partners LLP	100.0
ris Promotional Marketing Ltd	Holdings BR185 Limited	100.0
ris Ventures 1 Limited	Iris Germany GmbH	100.0
Founded Partners Limited	Founded, Inc.	100.0
ris Germany GmbH	Pepper NA, Inc.	100.0
ris Germany GmbH	Pepper Technologies Pte. Ltd.	100.0
CHEIL EUROPE LIMITED	Beattie McGuinness Bungay Limited	100.0
CHEIL EUROPE LIMITED	Cheil Italia S.r.I	100.0
Cheil Germany GmbH	Cheil Austria GmbH	100.0
Cheil Germany GmbH	Centrade Integrated SRL	100.0
Centrade Integrated SRL	Centrade Cheil HU Kft.	100.0
Centrade Integrated SRL	Centrade Cheil Adriatic D.O.O.	100.0
Cheil India Private Limited	Experience Commerce Software Private Limited	100.0
Cheil Singapore Pte. Ltd.	Pengtai Greater China Company Limited	95.7
Cheil Singapore Pte. Ltd.	PT. CHEIL WORLDWIDE INDONESIA	100.0
Cheil Integrated Marketing Philippines, Inc.	Cheil Philippines Inc.	30.0
Shilla Travel Retail Pte. Ltd.	Shilla Retail Plus Pte. Ltd.	100.0
Cheil Hong Kong Ltd.	Pengtai Greater China Company Limited	3.1
Samsung Shilla Business Service Beijing Co., Ltd.	Tianjin Samsung International Travel Service Co., Ltd	100.0
Shilla Travel Retail Hong Kong Limited	Shilla Retail Limited	100.0
Shilla Travel Retail Hong Kong Limited	Shilla Travel Retail Duty Free HK Limited	100.0
Cheil MEA FZ-LLC	One Agency FZ-LLC	100.0
Cheil MEA FZ-LLC	One RX Project Management Design and Production Limited Company	0.0
Cheil MEA FZ-LLC		
Cheil South Africa (Pty) Ltd	Cheil Egypt LLC CHEIL KENYA LIMITED	0.1

Investor	Investee	Ownership
Cheil South Africa (Pty) Ltd	Cheil Communications Nigeria Ltd.	1.0
One Agency FZ-LLC	One RX India Private Limited	100.0
One Agency FZ-LLC	One RX Project Management Design and Production Limited Company	100.0
One Agency FZ-LLC	ONE RX INTERIOR DECORATION L.L.C	100.0
One Agency FZ-LLC	ONE AGENCY PRINTING L.L.C	100.0
One Agency FZ-LLC	One Agency South Africa (Pty) Ltd	100.0
ONE RX INTERIOR DECORATION L.L.C	One RX India Private Limited	0.0
Holdings BR185 Limited	Brazil 185 Participacoes Ltda	100.0
Brazil 185 Participacoes Ltda	Iris Router Marketing Ltda	100.0
Cheil Brasil Comunicacoes Ltda.	CHEIL ARGENTINA S.A.	2.0

C. Related statute & regulation

Restrictions on cross-holdings within Samsung Group are in accordance with the Monopoly Regulation and Fair Trade Act

- (1) Date of announcement by authorities of companies deemed Samsung Group companies for the current year: May 1, 2021
- (2) Summary of Regulation
 - Restriction on cross-holdings
 - Restriction on debt guarantee between affiliates
 - Restriction on affiliate voting rights of financial & insurance companies
 - Decision making of board committee and public disclosure of large-scale inter-affiliate transactions
 - Public disclosure of important matters of unlisted companies
 - Other public disclosures related to Group status

D. Concurrent position with other affiliates

[As of December 31, 2021]

		Concurrent position		
Name	Position	Name of company	Position	Full/part time
Kye-hyun Kyung	President	Samsung Electro-mechanics	Representative Director	Full time
Hark-kyu Park	President	Samsung Display	Non-Executive director	Part time
Yong-kwan Kim	Executive VP	Samsung Medison	Representative Director	Full time
Yeon-sung Kim	Executive VP	Samsung Electronics Sales	Auditor	Part time
		Samsung Electronics Logitech	Auditor	Part time
		Samsung Electronics Service	Auditor	Part time
Sung-won Son	Executive VP	Samsung Medison	Auditor	Part time
Khi-jae Cho	Executive VP	Samsung Display	Auditor	Part time
Eung-joon Chi	VP	SEMES	Auditor	Part time
Hyung-joon Moon	VP	STECO	Non-Executive director	Part time
Sung-wuk Kang	VP	Samsung Venture Investment	Auditor	Part time
Han-jong Yoo	VP	Samsung Global Research	Auditor	Part time
Myeong-cheol Kim	VP	SEMES	Non-Executive director	Part time
Doug-yong Sung	VP	SEMES	Non-Executive director	Part time
Yong-joo Kim	VP	STM	Internal Director	Part time

E. Equity investments in other corporations

The total book value of equity investments in other corporations as of December 31, 2021 is KRW 57,890 billion (for the purpose of management participation, etc.)

(As of December 31, 2021)

(KRW Million)

	N	o. of investee	s	Invested amount						
Investment	estment		Increase(
Purpose	Listed	Unlisted	Total	Beginning Balance	Acquisition (Disposal)	Valuation gain(loss)	Ending Balance			
Management Participation	20	78	98	58,020,727	-168,190	-84,078	57,768,459			
General Investment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Simple Investment	4	38	42	109,571	-911	13,147	121,807			
	24	116	140	58,130,298	-169,101	-70,931	57,890,266			

X. Transactions with Affiliates and Subsidiaries

1. Credit offerings for affiliates and subsidiaries

As of December 31, 2021, SEC provides a debt guarantee for financing of subsidiaries, including Samsung Electronics America, Inc. (SEA) and other subsidiaries as listed below. (USD thousand)

,	Ì				as listed be		Limit of c	uarantee	1	ransactions	(USD tho	Interes
Company	Relationship	Creditor	Туре	Purpose	Guarantee start date	Guarantee expiry date	Beginning of	End of	Beginning	Increase/	End of	Rate
SEA	Subsidiary	BOA etc.	Payment	Operating	Apr 16, 2021	Dec 16, 2022	period 1,328,000	period 1,328,000	of period	decrease	period	(%)
SEM	Subsidiary	BBVA etc.	guarantee Payment	fund Operating	Mar 28, 2021	Dec 16, 2022	485,000	906.000	-	-	-	
	-	Citibank	guarantee Payment	fund Operating				,	-	-		
SAMCOL	Subsidiary	etc. BRADESC	guarantee	fund	Jun 14, 2021	Dec 16, 2022	310,000	310,000	117,109	-117,109	-	
SEDA	Subsidiary	O etc.	Payment guarantee	Operating fund	Sep 30, 2021	Dec 16, 2022	559,000	409,000	-	-	-	
SECH	Subsidiary	Citibank etc.	Payment guarantee	Operating fund	Jun 14, 2021	Dec 16, 2022	142,000	62,000	-	-	-	
SEPR	Subsidiary	BBVA etc.	Payment guarantee	Operating fund	Jun 01, 2021	Dec 16, 2022	230,000	150,000	-	-	-	
SSA	Subsidiary	SCB etc.	Payment guarantee	Operating fund	Jun 14, 2021	Dec 16, 2022	318,000	318,000	-	-	-	
SEMAG	Subsidiary	SocGen etc.	Payment guarantee	Operating fund	Nov 09, 2021	Dec 16, 2022	110,000	110,000	-	-	-	
SETK	Subsidiary	BNP etc.	Payment guarantee	Operating fund	Jun 14, 2021	Dec 16, 2022	837,000	807,000	169,280	-67,005	102,275	19.99
SETK-P	Subsidiary	BNP etc.	Payment guarantee	Operating fund	Nov 09, 2021	Dec 16, 2022	-	130,000	-	33,334	33,334	25.69
SECE	Subsidiary	Citibank etc.	Payment guarantee	Operating fund	Jul 19, 2021	Dec 16, 2022	74,434	73,722	-	-	-	
SEEG	Subsidiary	HSBC	Payment guarantee	Operating fund	Jun 14, 2021	Jun 13, 2022	85,000	85,000	-	-	-	
SEIN	Subsidiary	BNP etc.	Payment guarantee	Operating fund	Jun 14, 2021	Nov 08, 2022	145,000	70,000	-	-	-	
SJC	Subsidiary	Mizuho Bank etc.	Payment guarantee	Operating fund	Apr 30, 2021	Dec 16, 2022	916,062	877,579	-	-	-	
SEUC	Subsidiary	Credit Agricole etc.	Payment guarantee	Operating fund	Jun 14, 2021	Dec 16, 2022	150,000	150,000	-	-	-	
SEDAM	Subsidiary	Citibank etc.	Payment guarantee	Operating fund	Jun 14, 2021	Dec 16, 2022	222,000	141,000	-	-	-	
SECA	Subsidiary	BoA	Payment guarantee	Operating fund	Nov 09, 2021	Nov 08, 2022	70,000	70,000	-	-	-	
SELA	Subsidiary	Citibank	Payment guarantee	Operating fund	Dec 17, 2021	Dec 16, 2022	120,000	120,000	-	-	-	
SEEH	Subsidiary	HSBC etc.	Payment guarantee	Operating fund	Jun 14, 2021	Dec 16, 2022	653,000	712,400	-	-	-	
SERK	Subsidiary	SOCGEN etc.	Payment guarantee	Operating fund	Jun 14, 2021	Dec 16, 2022	269,800	290,000	-	-	-	
SELV	Subsidiary	Citibank	Payment guarantee	Operating fund	Dec 17, 2021	Dec 16, 2022	10,000	10,000	-	-	-	
SEIL	Subsidiary	Citibank	Payment quarantee	Operating fund	Dec 17, 2021	Dec 16, 2022	-	15,600	-	10,947	10,947	1.35
SAPL	Subsidiary	BOA etc.	Payment guarantee	Operating fund	Jun 14, 2021	Dec 16, 2022	395,000	345,000	-	-	-	
SEV	Subsidiary	SCB	Payment	Operating fund	Nov 09, 2020	Feb 28, 2021	15,000	-	-	-	-	
SAVINA	Subsidiary	HSBC	Payment guarantee	Operating fund	Jun 14, 2021	Jun 13, 2022	71,000	51,000	-	-	-	
SET	Subsidiary	SCB	Payment	Operating fund	Nov 09, 2020	Feb 28, 2021	30,000	-	-	-	-	
SCIC	Subsidiary	HSBC etc.	Payment guarantee	Operating fund	Jun 14, 2021	Dec 16, 2022	300,000	300,000	-	-	-	
SME	Subsidiary	SCB	Payment	Operating fund	Nov 09, 2021	Nov 08, 2022	110,000	110,000	-	-	-	
SAMEX	Subsidiary	Citibank	Payment	Operating fund	Dec 17, 2021	Dec 16, 2022	5,000	5,000	-	-	-	
SEASA	Subsidiary	Citibank	Payment	Operating fund	Dec 17, 2021	Dec 16, 2022	2,000	2,000	-	-	-	
SSAP	Subsidiary	SCB	Payment	Operating fund	Nov 09, 2021	Nov 08, 2022	30,000	35,000	-	-	-	
SEPM	Subsidiary	HSBC	Payment	Operating	Jun 14, 2021	Jun 13, 2022	35,000	35,000	-	-	-	
SESAR	Subsidiary	HSBC	guarantee Payment	fund Operating	Jun 14, 2021	Jun 13, 2022	50,000	50,000	-	-	-	
AdGear Technologies Inc.	Subsidiary	BOA	guarantee Payment guarantee	fund Operating fund	Nov 09, 2021	Nov 08, 2022	2,000	2,000	-	-	-	

Harman International Industries, Inc.	Subsidiary	JP Morgan	Payment guarantee	Operating fund	Jun 14, 2021	Jun 13, 2022	100,000	100,000	-	-	-	
Harman International Japan Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	MUFG	Payment guarantee	Operating fund	Nov 09, 2021	Nov 08, 2022	25,000	25,000	-	-	-	
Harman RUS CIS LLC	Subsidiary	SocGen	Payment guarantee	Operating fund	Nov 09, 2021	Nov 08, 2022	15,000	15,000	-	-	-	
Harman Holding Limited	Subsidiary	HSBC	Payment guarantee	Operating fund	Jun 14, 2021	Jun 13, 2022	30,000	30,000	-	-	-	
Harman do Brasil Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda. Harman da Amazonia Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda.	Subsidiary	SocGen	Payment guarantee	Operating fund	Nov 09, 2021	Nov 08, 2022	15,000	15,000	-	-	-	
			Total				8,264,296	8,265,301	286,389	-139,833	146,556	

Separate basis.

See ^[1]. Subsidiaries subject to consolidated financial statements (detailed) in ^{[XII.} Appendix ^[] for names of subsidiaries.

The approval decision is resolved by the Management Committee when the guarantee amount per transaction is between 0.1% and/or less than 2.5%, and by the Board of Directors when the guarantee amount per transaction is 2.5% and above.

SEC receives fees on the debt it guarantees depending on the maturity date of each debt guarantee, general loan interest rate, etc.

The Company claimed approximately USD 266 thousand in guarantee fees in 2021 but has not yet received it as of December 31, 2021.

2. Acquisitions and disposals of assets with affiliates and subsidiaries

In 2021, the Company sold assets to affiliates, including Samsung China Semiconductor LLC. (SCS), to increase production capacity of such affiliates. Also, the Company acquired assets including facility equipment from affiliates to improve efficiency of domestic production.

							(KRW mil)
Company	Relationship	Transaction type	Transaction date ¹⁾	Asset	Purpose of transaction	Amount ²⁾	Gain or loss on disposal
SCS	Affiliates	Asset sale/purchase	Dec 28, 2021	Machinery, etc.	Enhance capacity and production efficiency	199,913	119,712
SESS	Affiliates	Asset sale/purchase	Oct 19, 2021	Machinery, etc.	Enhance capacity and production efficiency	14,451	775
SAS	Affiliates	Asset sale/purchase	Oct 22, 2021	Machinery, etc.	Enhance capacity and production efficiency	8,694	730
SEHC	Affiliates	Asset sale/purchase	Dec 09, 2021	Machinery, etc	Enhance capacity and production efficiency	4,122	81
SIEL	Affiliates	Asset sale	Jun 14, 2021	Machinery, etc.	Enhance capacity and production efficiency	2,609	356
Samsung Bioepis	Affiliates	Asset sale	May 13, 2021	Machinery, etc.	Enhance capacity and production efficiency	2,371	51
SEV	Affiliates	Asset sale/purchase	Dec 01, 2021	Machinery, etc.	Enhance capacity and production efficiency	2,033	625
SEVT	Affiliates	Asset sale/purchase	Dec 24, 2021	Machinery, etc.	Enhance capacity and production efficiency	1,797	208
Samsung SDI	Affiliates	Asset sale	Feb 17, 2021	Machinery, etc.	Enhance capacity and production efficiency	269	181
SEDA	Affiliates	Asset sale	Jul 23, 2021	Machinery, etc.	Enhance capacity and production efficiency	403	170
SEIN	Affiliates	Asset purchase	Jan 11, 2021	Machinery, etc.	Enhance capacity and production efficiency	162	-
TSEC	Affiliates	Asset purchase	Mar 24, 2021	Machinery, etc.	Enhance capacity and production efficiency	102	-

Separate basis; acquisitions and disposals of assets listed above are not subject to a resolution of the Board.

See $\[\] 1$. Subsidiaries subject to consolidated financial statements (detailed) $\]$ in $\[\] XII$. Appendix $\]$ for names of subsidiaries.

1) Most recent transaction.

2) Properly calculated by an appropriate method based upon market value assessment. Transaction was made under normal conditions (eg, terms of cash payment within the 15th, 30th of the following month of transaction).

3. Business transactions with affiliates and subsidiaries

In 2021, the Company had transactions such as sales and purchases with affiliates, including Samsung Electronics America, Inc. (SEA).

Company	Relationship	Type of transaction	Date	Details	Amount
SEA	Affiliates	Sales, purchases, etc.	Jan–Dec 2021	HHPs and home appliances	33,025,957
SSI	Affiliates	Sales, purchases, etc.	Jan– Dec 2021	Semiconductors	32,303,859
SEVT	Affiliates	Sales, purchases, etc.	Jan– Dec 2021	HHPs	30,527,566
SSS	Affiliates	Sales, purchases, etc.	Jan– Dec 2021	Semiconductors	25,687,821
SEV	Affiliates	Sales, purchases, etc.	Jan– Dec 2021	HHPs	22,040,207

Separate basis; Transactions worth 5% and above of revenue of the current business year are subject to public disclosure

See ^[]1. Subsidiaries subject to consolidated financial statements (detailed) in ^[]XII. Appendix for names of subsidiaries.

4. Transactions with stakeholders other than affiliates and subsidiaries

As of December 31, 2021, the Company's outstanding loan amount is KRW 114.6 billion related to support for supplier companies for product competitiveness and mutual development as well as home loan and educational expenses for employee welfare.

					(KRW mil)					
			Loans							
				Transaction						
Company	Relationship	Account title	Beginning of period (Jan 1, 2021)	Change	End of period (Dec 31, 2021)					
Elentec Co., Ltd., etc.	Partner company and employee	Short-term loans	32,818	10,181	42,999					
Bumjin I&D, etc.	Partner company and employee	Long-term loans	81,283	-9,679	71,604					
	Total		114,101	502	114,603					

Separate basis; amounts reflect the discounted present value of debts before accounting for impaired debts (impairment losses).

XI. Other Information

1. Changes in public disclosure

- N/A

2. Contingent liabilities

A. Litigation

The Company is involved in various claims, disputes, and investigations conducted by regulatory bodies, which arose during the normal course of business with numerous entities. Although the outflow of resources and timing of these matters are uncertain, as of the reporting date, the Company believes the outcome will not have a material impact on the financial position of the Company.

B. Guarantees

- Domestic: Not applicable
- Overseas:

			-				(*	JSD thousan
_			Guarantee		Transa	actions		Limit of
Company	Relationship	Creditor	Expiry date	Beginning of period	Increase	Decrease	End of period	guarantee
SEA	Subsidiary	BOA etc.	16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	1,328,000
SEM	Subsidiary	BBVA etc.	16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	906,000
SAMCOL	Subsidiary	Citibank etc.	16-Dec-22	117,109	-	-117,109	-	310,000
SEDA	Subsidiary	BRADESCO etc.	16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	409,000
SECH	Subsidiary	Citibank etc.	16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	62,000
SEPR	Subsidiary	BBVA etc.	16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	150,000
SSA	Subsidiary	SCB etc.	16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	318,000
SEMAG	Subsidiary	SocGen etc.	16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	110,000
SETK	Subsidiary	BNP etc.	16-Dec-22	169,280	-	-67,005	102,275	807,000
SETK-P	Subsidiary	BNP etc.	16-Dec-22	-	33,334	-	33,334	130,000
SECE	Subsidiary	Citibank etc.	16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	73,722
SEEG	Subsidiary	HSBC	13-Jun-22	-	-	-	-	85,000
SEIN	Subsidiary	BNP etc.	08-Nov-22	-	-	-	-	70,000
SJC	Subsidiary	Mizuho Bank etc.	16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	877,579
SEUC	Subsidiary	Credit Agricole etc.	16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	150,000
SEDAM	Subsidiary	Citibank etc.	16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	141,000
SECA	Subsidiary	BoA	08-Nov-22	-	-	-	-	70,000
SELA	Subsidiary	Citibank	16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	120,000
SEEH	Subsidiary	HSBC etc.	16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	712,400
SERK	Subsidiary	SOCGEN etc.	16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	290,000
SELV	Subsidiary	Citibank	16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	10,000
SEIL	Subsidiary	Citibank	16-Dec-22	-	10,947	-	10,947	15,600
SAPL	Subsidiary	BOA etc.	16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	345,000
SEV	Subsidiary	SCB	28-Feb-21	-	-	-	-	-
SAVINA	Subsidiary	HSBC	13-Jun-22	-	-	-	-	51,000
SET	Subsidiary	SCB	28-Feb-21	-	-	-	-	-
SCIC	Subsidiary	HSBC etc.	16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	300,000
SME	Subsidiary	SCB	08-Nov-22	-	-	-	-	110,000
SAMEX	Subsidiary	Citibank	16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	5,000
SEASA	Subsidiary	Citibank	16-Dec-22	-	-	-	-	2,000
SSAP	Subsidiary	SCB	08-Nov-22	-	-	-	-	35,000
SEPM	Subsidiary	HSBC	13-Jun-22	-	-	-	-	35,000
SESAR	Subsidiary	HSBC	13-Jun-22	-	-	-	-	50,000
AdGear Technologies Inc.	Subsidiary	BOA	08-Nov-22	-	-	-	-	2,000
Harman International Industries, Inc.	Subsidiary	JP Morgan	13-Jun-22	-	-	-	-	100,000
Harman International Japan Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	MUFG	08-Nov-22	-	-	-	-	25,000
Harman RUS CIS LLC	Subsidiary	SocGen	08-Nov-22	-	-	-	-	15,000
Harman Holding Limited	Subsidiary	HSBC	13-Jun-22	_	_	-	-	30,000

Harman do Brasil Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda.	Subsidiarv	SocGen	08-Nov-22					15,000
Harman da Amazonia Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda.	Subsidiary	Succen	00-1100-22	-	-	-	-	15,000
Harman Finance International, SCA	Subsidiary	JP Morgan etc.	27-May-22	430,499	-	-34,195	396,304	396,304
SDN	Subsidiary	SIEL	22-Nov-24	273,243	297,878	-	571,121	671,908
Total				990,131	342,159	-218,309	1,113,981	9,333,513

- * Information above are prepared on a consolidated basis. Debt guarantees for Harman Finance International, SCA, and SDN are provided by Harman International Industries, Inc. and Samsung Display Co., Ltd., respectively.
- % SEC requires Board approval for individual guarantees exceeding 2.5% of total equity. When the guarantee amount is between 0.1% and/or less than 2.5%, the approval decision is delegated to the Management Committee. Samsung Display Co., Ltd requires Board approval for individual guarantees over KRW 10,000 million.
- ※ SEC claims fees on the debt guarantees depending on the maturity date of each debt guarantee, general loan interest rate, etc. In 2021, the Company claimed approximately USD 266,000 as guarantee fee and, as of the reporting date, has not collected the amount. In 2021, Samsung Display Co., Ltd. claimed approximately USD 2,529,000 as guarantee fee to SDN and, as of the reporting date, has not collected the amount.

Refer to the notes to the consolidated financial statements for the information on contingent liabilities.

3. Sanctions and others

A. Sanctions of investigative and judicial agencies

[Summary]

						(KRW mil)
Date	Agency	Subject	Punishment or measure	Amount of monetary sanction	Amount of embezzlement/breach of trust	Relevant laws
Apr 18, 2019.	Seoul Central District Court	Employees of SEC	Fine	100	-	Article 14 Paragraph 4 and Article 68 Subparagraph 4 of the Monopoly Regulation and Fair Trade Act
Dec 9, 2019	Seoul Central District Court (Appeal in progress)	Employees of SEC	Imprisonment	-	-	Article 155 Paragraph 1, Article 31 Paragraph 1, and Article 30 of the Criminal Act
Feb 14, 2020	Suwon District Court	SEC and employees of SEC	Fine	12	-	Articles 23, 24, 29, 67, 68, 70, 71, etc., of the former Occupational Safety and Health Act
Jan 25, 2021	Seoul High Court (Retrial)	Employees of SEC	Imprisonment	-	Approximately 8,681	Act on the Aggravated Punishment, etc. of Specific Economic Crimes
		Employees of SEC	Imprisonment	-	-	Articles 90, 81, etc., of the Trade Union and Labor Relations Adjustment Act
Feb 4, 2021	Supreme Court of Korea	Subsidiary and employees (Samsung Electronics Service)	Fine, Imprisonment	50	-	Articles 90, 81, etc., of the Trade Union and Labor Relations Adjustment Act, Article 10 of the Punishment of Tax Offenses Act

The Fair Trade Commission on November 21, 2018, filed a complaint against Chairman Kun-hee Lee for omitting Samoo Architects & Engineers and Seoyoung Engineering from Samsung affiliates when submitting required materials in 2014 under Article 14 Paragraph 4 of the Monopoly Regulation and Fair Trade Act, and the prosecution filed a summary indictment.

Chairman Kun-hee Lee on April 18, 2019, was ordered to pay a fine of KRW 100 million by the Seoul Central District Court, and the fine was subsequently paid.

On December 9, 2019, the Seoul Central District Court ruled on allegations that an SEC executive ordered executives and employees of Samsung Biologics and Samsung Bioepis to hide or destroy evidence related to the alleged fraudulent accounting. For violating Article 30, Article 31 Paragraph 1, and Article 155 Paragraph 1 of the Criminal Act, prison sentences were handed down to Executive Vice President K (27 service years) of 1 year and 6 months; Executive Vice President L (31 service years) of 1 year and 6 months; Executive Vice President M (9 service years) of 2 years; Vice President N (16 service years) of 1 year and 6 months and a 3-year suspended sentence; Vice President O (10 service years) of 1 year and 6 months and a 3-year suspended sentence.

An appeal against the decision has been filed. The Company will check on future developments of the court proceedings and relevant matters.

On February 14, 2020, regarding matters related to a CO_2 leak accident at the Giheung plant on September 4, 2018, the Suwon District Court ordered the Company to pay a fine of KRW 7 million and Executive Vice President P (27 service years), the person in general charge of safety and health, to pay KRW 5 million for violating Article 23 (Safety Measures), Article 24 (Health Measures), and Article 29 (Safety and Health Measures in Contracting) of the former Occupational Safety and Health Act, and the fines were subsequently paid.

To prevent recurrences and comply with the relevant law, the Company has strengthened the capabilities of its employees and partner companies to guarantee safety and health.

Regarding matters related to the allegations of violation of the Act on the Aggravated Punishment, etc., of Specific Economic Crimes (embezzlement) by five of the Company's executives (Vice Chairman Jae-yong Lee, former Vice Chairman Gee-sung Choi, former President Choong-ki Chang, former President Sang-jin Park, and former Senior Vice President Seong-soo Hwang) in the case of an influence-peddling scandal involving South Korea's president, the Supreme Court of Korea on August 29, 2019 rejected part of a lower court's ruling and ordered a retrial to the Seoul High Court. On January 18, 2021 at the retrial, the Seoul High Court sentenced Vice Chairman Jae-yong Lee, former Vice Chairman Gee-sung Choi, and former President Choong-ki Chang each to 2 years and 6 months in prison. Former President Sang-jin Park and former Senior Vice President Seong-soo Hwang each received sentences of 2 years and 6 months in prison and a 4-year suspended sentence. The judgements were confirmed on January 25, 2021.

To prevent recurrences, the Company has strengthened its process regarding external contributions and newly established the Samsung Compliance Committee, an external and independent organization.

On February 4, 2021, the Supreme Court dismissed an appeal regarding the violation of Articles 90 and 81 of the Trade Union and Labor Relations Adjustment Act by SEC and employees of SEC and confirmed the sentences of 1 year and 4 months for Executive Vice President A (29 service years), 1 year and 2 months and a 2-year suspended sentence for former Executive Vice President B, 10 months and a 2-year suspended sentence for Executive Vice President C (34 service years), 1 year and a 2-year suspended sentence for Senior Vice President E (32 service years), 1 year and 2 months and a 2-year suspended sentence for Senior Vice President F (24 service years), 10 months and a 2-year suspended sentence for Vice President G (27 service years), 10 months and a 2-year suspended sentence for Vice President G (27 service years), 10 months and a 2-year suspended sentence for Vice President G (27 service years), 10 months and a 2-year suspended sentence for Vice President I (18 service years) as ordered by the Seoul High Court on August 10, 2020; and SEC and former SEC Chairman of the Board (39 service years) were pronounced not guilty. Moreover, regarding the violation of Articles 90 and 81 of the Trade Union and Labor Relations Adjustment Act and violation of Article 10 of the Punishment of Tax Offenses Act with regard to receiving fake tax invoices (amount of violation approximately KRW 1,678 million) by Samsung Electronics Service and employees, the court issued a penalty of KRW 50 million for Samsung Electronics Service's former CEO (4 service years) of 1 year and 4 months, Senior Vice President I (11 service years) of 1 year) of 1 year. Vice President I (21 service years) of 1 year and 4 months, Senior Vice President I (11 service years) of 1 year) of 1 year. Vice President I (21 service years) of 10 months and a 2-year suspended sentence.

To prevent recurrence, the Company has specified the guarantee of labor's three primary rights in the code of conduct and provides education on the prevention of unfair labor practices to all employees.

B. Sanctions of administrative agencies

(1) Sanctions of Fair Trade Commission (FTC)

[Summary]

Date	Agency	Subject	Punishment or measure	Amount of monetary sanction	Reasons and relevant laws
Oct 4, 2018	FTC	SEC	Corrective order, penalty surcharge	488	Article 3 (Prohibition, etc. against Unfair Labeling or Advertising) Paragraph 1 Subparagraph 2 of the Act on Fair Labeling and Advertising and Article 3 Paragraph 2 of the Enforcement Decree of the same Act
Nov 21, 2018	FTC	Employees of SEC	Prosecution charge	-	Article 14 (Designation of Business Groups Subject to Limitations on Cross Shareholding) Paragraph 4 of the Monopoly Regulation and Fair Trade Act
Aug 23, 2019	FTC	SEC	Corrective measure, fine	0.5	Article 5 Paragraph 4 (Duty to Provide Online Completion Service) and Article 10 Paragraph 1 (Cybermall Operators' Indication Duty) of the Act on the Consumer Protection in Electronic Commerce, etc.
Jun 22, 2021	FTC	SEC and employees of SEC	Prosecution charge	-	Article 23 (Prohibition on Unfair Trade Practices) Paragraph 1 Subparagraph 7 of the Monopoly Regulation and Fair Trade Act
Aug 27,		SEC	Corrective measure, penalty surcharge	101,217	Article 23 (Prohibition on Unfair Trade Practices) Paragraph 1 Subparagraph 7 of the Monopoly Regulation and Fair Trade Act
2021	FTC	Subsidiary (Samsung Display)	Corrective measure, penalty surcharge	22,857	Article 23 (Prohibition on Unfair Trade Practices) Paragraph 1 Subparagraph 7 of the Monopoly Regulation and Fair Trade Act
Nov 17, 2021	FTC	Subsidiary (Samsung Electronics Service CS)	Fine	2.4	Article 11-4 (Disclosure of Status of Business Groups) of the Monopoly Regulation and Fair Trade Act

On October 4, 2018, regarding matters related to the advertising of the Company's air purifying products, including air purifiers, the Fair Trade Commission issued a corrective order against the Company and ordered the Company to pay a penalty surcharge of KRW 488 million for violating Article 3 (Prohibition, etc., against Unfair Labeling or Advertising) Paragraph 1 Subparagraph 2 of the Act on Fair Labeling and Advertising and Article 3 Paragraph 2 of the Enforcement Decree of the same Act, and the Company has subsequently paid the fine. In litigation to cancel the order, the Supreme Court on March 11, 2021 ruled partially in favor of the Company.

The Fair Trade Commission on November 21, 2018, filed a complaint against Chairman Kun-hee Lee for omitting Samoo Architects & Engineers and Seoyoung Engineering from Samsung affiliates when submitting required materials in 2014 under Article 14 (Designation of Business Groups Subject to Limitations on Cross Shareholding) Paragraph 4 of the Monopoly Regulation and Fair Trade Act.

* Please refer to ^TA. Sanctions of investigative and judicial agencies₁ for more information, such as the details of the punishment.

On August 23, 2019, regarding matters related to Milk Music, the Fair Trade Commission issued corrective measures against the Company and ordered the Company to pay a fine of KRW 0.5 million under the Act on the Consumer Protection in Electronic Commerce, etc., for violating Article 5 Paragraph 4 (Duty to Provide Online Completion Service) and Article 10 Paragraph 1 (Cybermall Operators' Indication Duty). The Company subsequently paid the fine.

On June 22, 2021, the Fair Trade Commission, regarding matters related to food service transactions with Samsung Welstory, filed a complaint against the Company and the former Head of Future Strategy Office Gee-sung Choi, a retiree, for violating Article 23 (Prohibition on Unfair Trade Practices) Paragraph 1 Subparagraph 7 of the Monopoly Regulation and Fair Trade Act.

(KRW mil)

On August 27, 2021, the Fair Trade Commission, regarding matters related to food service transactions with Samsung Welstory, issued corrective measures and ordered Samsung Electronics and Samsung Display to pay penalties (SEC: KRW 101.217 billion; SD: 22.857 billion) for violating Article 23 Paragraph 1 Subparagraph 7 of the Act of the Monopoly Regulation and Fair Trade Act. The administrative litigation against the disposition is in progress, and on January 27, 2022, the decision to suspend the execution of the corrective measures was finalized.

To ensure compliance with regulations on fair trade and labeling and advertising, the Company has strengthened its internal management standard and it provides preventive education to employees to prevent unfair trade practices and advertising.

On November 5, 2021, the Fair Trade Commission, regarding a voluntary correction disclosure of Status of Large Business Groups (omission of member of the Board of Directors) of the Company's subsidiary, Samsung Electronics Service CS, ordered the company to pay a fine of KRW 2.4 million for violating Article 11-4 (Disclosure of Status of Business Groups) of the Monopoly Regulation and Fair Trade Act, and on November 17, 2021, the company has subsequently paid the fine.

To prevent recurrences and comply with the relevant law, Samsung Electronics Service CS has strengthened its internal management standard, including adding more people in charge.

(2) Sanctions of other administrative or public agencies (including financial supervision and tax authorities)

[Summary]

					(KRW mil)
Date	Agency	Subject	Punishment or measure	Amount of monetary sanction	Reasons and relevant laws
Jan 18, 2019	Yongin Fire Station	SEC (Giheung site)	Fine	0.5	Article 20 (Fire Safety Control of Specific Objects of Fire Service) Paragraph 6 of the Act on Fire Prevention and Installation, Maintenance, and Safety Control of Firefighting Systems
Jan 3, 2019– Dec 14, 2020	Ministry of Employment and Labor	SEC (Pyeongtaek, Onyang, Cheonan, Giheung/ Hwaseong sites)	Fine	14.1	Article 48 (Submission of Hazard Prevention Plans) Paragraph 1 of the former Occupational Safety and Health Act, Article 46 (Implementation of Process-Safety Reports) Paragraph 1, etc., of the Occupational Safety and Health Act
Dec 2, 2019– Dec 28, 2020	Ministry of Employment and Labor	SEC (Gwangju site)	Fine	386.3	Article 41 (Preparation and Keeping of Material Safety Data Sheets) Paragraph 3, Article 10 (Record and Report of Industrial Accidents) Paragraph 2, etc., of the former Occupational Safety and Health Act, Article 57 (Prohibition on Concealing Occurrence of Industrial Accidents and Reporting Thereof) Paragraph 3, Article 164 (Retention of Documents) Paragraph 1, etc., of the Occupational Safety and Health Act
Mar 2, 2021	Ministry of Environment	SEC (Gwangju site)	Cancellation of designation of green enterprise	-	Article 16-3 (Cancellation of Designation of Green Enterprise) Paragraph 1 Subparagraph 1 of the Environmental Technology and Industry Support Act
Aug 10, 2021	Ministry of Justice	SEC	Fine	0.1	Article 19 (Obligation to Report by Employers of Aliens) of the Immigration Act
Jul 8, 2020	Korea Communications Commission	Subsidiary (Samsung Electronics Sales)	Corrective order, fine	36	Article 3 (Prohibition of Discriminative Subsidy Payment) Paragraph 1 and Article 4 (Restriction on Payment of Excessive Subsidies and Public Announcement) Paragraph 5 of the Mobile Device Distribution Improvement Act
Sep 18, 2020	Ministry of Employment and Labor	Subsidiary (Samsung Electronics Sales)	Suspension of construction work order, fine	5	Article 55 (Measures for Suspension of Work by the Minister of Employment and Labor in Cases of Serious Accidents) and Article 68 (Safety and Health Coordinators) Paragraph 1 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act

Date	Agency	Subject	Punishment or measure	Amount of monetary sanction	Reasons and relevant laws
Apr 1, 2021	Ministry of Employment and Labor	Subsidiary (Samsung Electronics Service CS)	Fine	1	Article 15 (Reporting, etc. on Insured Status) of the Employment Insurance Act
Sep 29, 2021	Ministry of Employment and Labor	Subsidiary (Samsung Electronics Service)	Partial suspension of work order, fine	14	Article 16 (Supervisors) Paragraph 1, Article 41 (Measures for Preventing Health Impairments Caused by Abusive Language of Customers) Paragraph 7, Article 53 (Corrective Measures by Minister of Employment and Labor) Paragraph 3, and Article 114 (Posting of Material Safety Data Sheets and Education) Paragraph 3 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act
Nov 23, 2021	Ministry of Employment and Labor	Subsidiary (Samsung Display)	Fine	0.2	Article 46 (Implementation of Process-Safety Reports) Paragraph 1 of the Occupational Safety And Health Act

With regards to a CO₂ leak accident at the Giheung plant on September 4, 2018, pursuant to the results of a special investigation by the Yongin Fire Station conducted from November 27 through December 6, 2018, the Company was ordered to pay a fine of KRW 0.5 million for violating Article 20 Paragraph 6 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act on January 18, 2019, and the Company has subsequently paid the fine.

To prevent recurrence and strengthen compliance, the Company has built a legal safety assessment evaluation system and conducts regular assessment.

Pursuant to the results of the 2nd process safety management (PSM) inspection on the Pyeongtaek site (P1-2) by the Ministry of Employment and Labor over September 10 through September 13, 2018, the Company was ordered to pay a fine of KRW 10 million for violating Article 48 (Submission, etc. of Plans for Prevention of Harm and Dangers) Paragraph 1 of the former Occupational Safety and Health Act on January 3, 2019 and has subsequently paid the fine.

Pursuant to results of monitoring the implementation of a PSM system on the Onyang site by the Ministry of Employment and Labor on February 19, 2020, the Company was ordered to pay a fine of KRW 0.2 million for violating Article 46 (Implementation of Process-Safety Reports) Paragraph 1, etc., of the Occupational Safety and Health Act on February 25, 2020 and has subsequently paid the fine.

Pursuant to results of monitoring the implementation of a PSM system on the Cheonan site by the Ministry of Employment and Labor from May 26–28, 2020, the Company was ordered to pay a fine of KRW 0.9 million for violating Article 46 (Implementation of Process-Safety Reports) Paragraph 1, etc., of the Occupational Safety and Health Act on June 29, 2020 and has subsequently paid the fine.

Pursuant to results of monitoring the implementation of a PSM system on the Pyeongtaek site by the Ministry of Employment and Labor from November 16–18, 2020, the Company was ordered to pay a fine of KRW 2.1 million for violating Article 46 (Implementation of Process-Safety Reports) Paragraph 1, etc., of the Occupational Safety and Health Act on November 26, 2020 and has subsequently paid the fine.

Pursuant to results of monitoring the implementation of a PSM system on the Giheung Hwaseong site by the Ministry of Employment and Labor from December 7–11, 2020, the Company was ordered to pay a fine of KRW 0.9 million for violating Article 46 (Implementation of Process-Safety Reports) Paragraph 1, etc. of the Occupational Safety and Health Act on December 14, 2020 and has subsequently paid the fine.

The Company took measures regarding the violations above and submitted a report on improvements to the Ministry of Employment and Labor. We also established a PSM Innovation Organization and a PSM Management System which manages activities related to approval, design, 12 key tasks, expertise improvement, etc. We also foster development of on-site process safety experts and conduct voluntary process safety evaluation.

Following the investigation on MSDS warning signs compliance on November 28, 2019 at Gwangju office by the Ministry of Employment and Labor, the Company on December 2, 2019, was ordered to pay a fine of KRW 1.4 million for violating Article 41 (Preparation, Keeping, etc. of Material Safety Data Sheets) Paragraph 3, etc., of the Occupational

Safety and Health Act, and has subsequently paid the fine. (Paragraph 3 has since been deleted.) We conducted a company-wide investigation on the handling space of chemical substances and implemented relevant improvement measures. In addition, we are improving the prior evaluation process on new G-EHS chemical substances and providing education for supervisors in departments handling chemical substances.

Regarding the industrial incident at Gwangju site on May 19, 2020, the Company delayed the submission of industrial accident questionnaire to the Gwangju Regional Employment and Labor Office of the Ministry of Employment and Labor and as a result was ordered to pay a fine of KRW 7 million for violating Article 57 (Prohibition of Concealment; Reporting of Incidents) Paragraph 3 of Occupational Safety and Health Act on June 26, 2020, and the Company has subsequently paid the fine.

To prevent the recurrence and strengthen compliance, the Company has provided special education for the on-site environment and safety managers and supervisors.

With regards to the investigation from August 18, 2020 to January 18, 2021 by the Gwangju Regional Employment and Labor Office of Ministry of Employment and Labor on the Gwangju operation, the Company was ordered to pay the following fines regarding industrial incidents that have taken place since 2015: KRW 6 million for violating Article 10 (Recording and Reporting of Industrial Accidents) Paragraph 2 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act on September 1, 2020 (Paragraph 2 has since been deleted); KRW 60.4 million and 11.5 million, respectively, for violating Article 57 (Prohibition of Concealment; Reporting of Incidents) Paragraph 3 and Article 164 (Preservation of Documents) Paragraph 1 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act on September 10 and 23, 2020. The Company has subsequently paid the fines. Other fines include: KRW 20 million for violating Article 57 (Prohibition of Concealment; Reporting of Incidents) Paragraph 2 of the former Occupational Safety and Health Act on December 19, 2020; and KRW 280 million for violating Article 10 (Prohibition of Concealment; Reporting of Incidents) Paragraph 2 of the former Occupational Safety and Health Act on December 28, 2020. The Company subsequently paid the fines.

To prevent the recurrence and strengthen compliance, the Company has provided special education for the on-site environment and safety managers and supervisors.

On March 2, 2021, Yeongsangang River Basin Environmental Office of Ministry of Environment, based on its air pollutant measurement, cancelled the Green Enterprise designation on our Gwangju site in pursuant to Article 16-3 (Cancellation of Designation of Green Enterprise) Paragraph 1 Subparagraph 1 of the Environmental Technology and Industry Support Act.

On August 10, 2021, the Suwon Immigration Office ordered the Company to pay a fine of KRW 100,000 for violating the obligation to report changes to the employment status of non-Korean employees under Article 19 (Obligation to Report by Employers of Aliens) Paragraph 1 of the Immigration Act and the Company has subsequently paid the fine.

To strengthen compliance of the deadline for reporting changes in employment of non-Korean employees no longer employed by the Company, the Company has improved the exit process.

Korea Communications Commission ordered Samsung Electronics Sales to implement corrective measures and to pay a fine of KRW 36 million for violating Article 3 (Prohibition of Discriminative Subsidy Payment) Paragraph 1 and Article 4 (Restriction on Payment of Excessive Subsidies and Public Announcement) Paragraph 5 of the Mobile Device Distribution Improvement Act on July 8, 2020 and have subsequently paid the fine.

In order to prevent reoccurrences and comply with the relevant law, Samsung Electronics Sales strengthened its internal management standard, provided education for executives and employees.

Regarding a fatal accident on September 16, 2020 during the construction of an elevator wall structure, part of the construction process of newly-opening Hongdae branch of Samsung Digital Plaza, a site inspection was conducted on September 17, 2020 and Seoul West District Office of Seoul Regional Employment and Labor Office of Ministry of Employment and Labor on September 18, 2020 ordered Samsung Electronics Sales to suspend construction in pursuant to Article 55 (Suspension, etc. of Work on Occurrence of Serious Accidents) of the Occupational Safety and Health Act. In addition, Samsung Electronics Sales was ordered to pay a fine of KRW 5 million for violating Article 68 (Safety and Health Coordinator) Paragraph 1 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act and has subsequently paid the fine, and the Company appointed a safety and health coordinator.

To prevent reoccurrences and comply with the relevant law, Samsung Electronics Sales provided a special training for onsite safety managers and supervisors. On April 1, 2021, Samsung Electronics Service CS was ordered by the Jungbu Regional Employment and Labor Office of Ministry of Employment and Labor to pay a fine of KRW 1 million for the delayed report of the attainment of the employment insurance, violating Article 15 (Reporting, etc. on Insured Status) of the Employment Insurance Act, and the Company has subsequently paid the fine.

To prevent reoccurrences and strengthen compliance, Samsung Electronics Service CS is monitoring the revision of the Employment Insurance Act periodically and providing education for managers.

Regarding an electrocution accident of a worker who was repairing a washing machine on September 28, 2021, the Southern Seoul District Office of the Seoul Regional Employment and Labor Office of the Ministry of Employment and Labor ordered Samsung Electronics Service on September 29, 2021 to partially suspend work in pursuant to Article 53 (Corrective Measures by Minister of Employment and Labor) of the Occupational Safety and Health Act.

In response, Samsung Electronics Service submitted plans to improve safety and health measures for all of its domestic worksites, and the order of partial suspension was withdrawn on November 10, 2021.

Moreover, on November 15, 2021, Samsung Electronics Service was ordered to pay fines of KRW 14 million in total for violating Article 16 Paragraph 1, Article 41 Paragraph 7, and Article 114 Paragraph 3 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act, and on December 28, 2021, it has subsequently paid the fine.

Pursuant to results of monitoring the implementation of a PSM system at the Giheung site by the Ministry of Employment and Labor from November 15–16, 2021, Samsung Display was ordered to pay a fine of KRW 0.16 million for violating Article 46 (Implementation of Process-Safety Reports) Paragraph 1, etc., of the Occupational Safety and Health Act on November 23, 2021 and has subsequently paid the fine.

C. Sanctions from Korea Exchange

- N/A

D. Return of short-swing profits

- N/A

4. Subsequent events and other matters

A. Subsequent events

- N/A

B. External contributions

Contribution	Amount	Details	Date of Board approval	
Management plans for Social Contribution Fund for 2019 KRW 11.73 billion		 The Social Contribution Fund consists of voluntary contributions of employees and matching funds raised by SEC. SEC plans to contribute KRW 11.73 billion in matching funds for 2019. The contribution will be used for domestic and overseas volunteer programs as well as and local social contribution activities. 	Jan 31, 2019	
Contribution to Samsung Dream Scholarship Foundation	KRW 1.12 billion	The contribution was made to support education of low-income high school students.		
Sponsoring the WorldSkills Competition	EUR 1.5 million (approximately KRW 1.95 billion)	The contribution was made to support the Organizing Committee of WorldSkills International in WorldSkills Kazan 2019 as the top sponsor.	Feb 26, 2019	
Donation to Chung-nam Samsung Institute	KRW 2.991 billion	The contribution was made to improve education of the region.		
Donation to Foundation of Samsung Welfare, etc.	KRW 73.0 billion	 The contribution was made to support Dream Class, a program to support learning for underprivileged middle school students (Samsung Welfare Foundation, KRW 19.5 billion) The contribution was made to improve facilities and research infrastructure at Samsung Medical Center and support research for MERS vaccine development (Samsung Life Public Welfare Foundation, KRW 31.0 billion) The contribution was made for the Ho-Am Prize (Ho-Am Foundation, KRW 5.0 billion) The contribution was made to provide funds for legal expenses for faculty members and Samsung scholarships for students (Sungkyunkwan University, KRW 17.5 billion) 	Apr 30, 2019	
Contribution to the Korea Occupational Safety & Health Agency	KRW 31.0 billion	The fund is for building an electronics industry health and safety center and establishing health and safety infrastructure.		
Performance incentive to suppliers of the DS division	KRW 77.45 billion	The contribution was provided to 296 primary and secondary suppliers of the DS division to prevent work accidents, improve productivity, and promote co-prosperity of the Company and its partner companies.		
Financial support for startup program at Daegu, Gyeongbuk Creative Innovation Center	KRW 12.0 billion	 Vitalize startup ecosystem and contribute to job creation to nurture startups in Korea Donation to Daegu Gyeongbuk University Start-up Maegu Gyeongbuk University Start-up established a fund with the donation from Samsung Electronics. 	Jul 31, 2019	
Donation to Heemang 2020 Nanum Campaign	KRW 31.0 billion	The contribution was made to Community Chest of Korea to fulfill corporate social responsibilities and help the marginalized.	Nov 29, 2019	
Contribution to Samsung Dream Scholarship Foundation	KRW 1.12 billion	The contribution was made to support education of low-income high school students.	Jan 30, 2020	
Management plans for Social Contribution Fund for 2020	KRW 11.89 billion	 The Social Contribution Fund consists of voluntary contributions of employees and matching funds raised by SEC. SEC plans to contribute KRW 11.89 billion in matching funds for 2020. The contribution was made to support adolescent education. 	Feb 21, 2020	
Donation to Chung-nam Samsung Institute	KRW 2.576 billion	The contribution was made to improve education of the region.		
Donation to support emergency relief related to	KRW 23.0 billion	The contribution was made to support emergency relief measures for persons and communities impacted by COVID-19.	Feb 26, 2020	

Contribution	Amount	Details	Date of Board approval
COVID-19			
Donation to Samsung Welfare Foundation, etc.	KRW 51.8 billion	 The contribution was made to support Dream Class, a program to support learning for underprivileged middle school students (Samsung Welfare Foundation, KRW 10.6 billion) The contribution was made to improve facilities and research infrastructure at Samsung Medical Center and support research for MERS vaccine development (Samsung Life Public Welfare Foundation, KRW 26.5 billion) The contribution was made for the Ho-Am Prize (Ho-Am Foundation) The contribution was made to provide funds for legal expenses for faculty members and Samsung scholarships for students (Sungkyunkwan University, KRW 14.7 billion) 	Apr 29, 2020
Performance incentive to suppliers of the DS division KRW 62.0 billion		 The incentive was provided to prevent safety incidents at sites, enhance productivity, and promote co-growth with suppliers For the first and secondary suppliers of the DS division stationed at the sites 	
Donation to Ho-Am Foundation	KRW 4.1 billion	The contribution was made to help award those with significant contributions in the field of academia, art, and human welfare	May 27, 2020

Contribution	Amount	Details	Date of Board approval	
Donation to Heemang 2021 Nanum Campaign	KRW 33.8 billion	The contribution was made to Community Chest of Korea to fulfill corporate social responsibilities and help the marginalized.		
Contribution to the United Nations Development Programme (Samsung Global Goals)	USD 1,421,154 (approximately KRW 1.57 billion)	 The contribution was made to the UNDP (United Nations Development Programme) for relief activities in different countries. 	Nov 30, 2020	
Management plans for Social Contribution Fund for 2021				
Donation to Chung-nam Samsung Institute	The contribution was made to improve education of the region.			
Donation to Samsung Welfare Foundation, etc. KRW 60.1 billion		 The contribution was made to support Dream Class, a program to support learning for underprivileged middle school students (Samsung Welfare Foundation, KRW 11.5 billion) The contribution was made to support facilities and research infrastructure at Samsung Medical Center and support the operation of emergency helicopters (Samsung Life Public Welfare Foundation, KRW 29.9 billion) The contribution was made to provide funds for legal expenses for faculty members and Samsung scholarships for students (Sungkyunkwan University, KRW 15 billion) The contribution was made to help award those with significant contributions in the field of academia, art, and human welfare (Ho-Am Foundation, KRW 3.7 billion) 	Apr 29, 2021	
Performance incentive to suppliers of the DS division	Approximately KRW 63.2 billion	 The incentive was provided to prevent safety incidents at sites, enhance productivity, and promote co-growth with suppliers For the first and secondary suppliers of the DS division stationed at the sites 		
Sponsoring the WorldSkills Competition	EUR 1.5 million (approximately KRW 2.09 billion)	 The contribution was made to support WorldSkills International and WorldSkills Shanghai 2020. 	Oct 28, 2021	
Contribution to Joint Investment Technology Development Agreement Fund· Participated in Joint Investment Technology Development Agr Fund supervised by the Ministry of SMEs and Startups. · The contribution was made to establish an agreement fund Ministry of SMEs and Startups, which will be allocated to chose based on evaluations of tasks related to robotics, AI, biohealth, semiconductors, and domestic production of materials, participated in Joint Investment Technology		 Participated in Joint Investment Technology Development Agreement Fund supervised by the Ministry of SMEs and Startups. The contribution was made to establish an agreement fund with the Ministry of SMEs and Startups, which will be allocated to chosen SMEs based on evaluations of tasks related to robotics, AI, biohealth, system semiconductors, and domestic production of materials, parts, and equipment. 	Oct 28, 2021	
Donation to Heemang 2022 Nanum Campaign	KRW 25.6 billion	The contribution was made to Community Chest of Korea to fulfill corporate social responsibilities and help the marginalized.	Nov 30, 2021	
Contribution to the United Nations Development Programme (Samsung Global Goals)	USD 2,689,094 (approximately KRW 3.20 billion)	The contribution was made to the UNDP (United Nations Development Programme) for relief activities in different countries.	Nov 30, 2021	

External contributions are based on a resolution of the Board.

C. Acquisition and divestments

The major divestment and transfer of business transactions in the past three business years on a parent basis (separate basis) are as follows. For information on the business combinations and divestitures of subsidiaries, please refer to the notes on the business combination and assets held for sale (assets of disposal group) of the consolidated financial statements.

[PLP Business]

(1) Details of acquisition

In accordance to the resolution of the Board of Directors on April 30, 2019, the Company acquired PLP business from Samsung Electro-Mechanics Co., Ltd. (location: South Korea; CEO: Kyehyun Kyung) at the price of KRW 785,000 million on June 1, 2019 to strengthen its semiconductor competitiveness through securing next-generation packaging technology.

Details of the above statement can be found in the "Business Acquisition from Related Parties", published in DART (<u>http://dart.fss.or.kr/</u>) on April 30, 2019.

(KRW 100 mil)

		Fore	cast	Actual					
Account	1st Year	2nd Year	1st `	Year	2nd Year				
		ist rear	Zilu fear	Actual	Difference	Actual	Difference		
	Sales	101	219	-	-	-	-		
PLP Business	Operating Income	-1,273	-2,155	-1,095	14%	-44	98%		
	Net Income	-1,273	-2,155	-1,095	14%	-2,146	0%		

- * No third-party sales is recognized from PLP business as its products are internally transferred within the Company's manufacturing process.
- * Actual operating income and net income for first year of acquisition (seven month period ended December 31, 2019) differs by 14% from the forecast due to several factors such as reduction in wages.
- * Actual operating income for the second year (the year ended December 31, 2020) of acquisition differs by 98% from the forecast due to several factors such as reduction in wages.

D. Green management

The Company is actively securing "Designation of Green Enterprise" and "Green Technology Certifications" to follow the Low Carbon Green Growth policy of the Korean government. In particular, greenhouse gas emission and energy consumption generated at our operations are reported to the government, required by relevant law. Also, relevant information are provided transparently to stakeholders through the Sustainability Report, etc.

(Designation of Green Enterprise)

The Company strives to fulfill its responsibility as an eco-friendly enterprise by reducing pollutants, conserving resources and energy, establishing/utilizing a green management system, etc. As of December 31, 2021 (on a separate basis), our business sites in Suwon, Gumi, Giheung, Hwaseong, Pyeongtaek, and Onyang have been designated as green enterprises

in accordance with Article 16-2 (Designation, etc., of Green Enterprise) of the Environmental Technology and Industry Support Act. In March, the Green Enterprise designation was cancelled for Gwangju site in pursuant to Article 16-3 (Cancellation of Designation of Green Enterprise) Paragraph 1 Subparagraph 1 of the Environmental Technology and Industry Support Act.

(Green Technology Certification)

The Company is acquiring Green Technology Certifications in accordance with Article 32 (Standardization and Certification and Green Technology Green Industries) Paragraph 2 of the Framework Act on Low Carbon Green Growth. By concentrating on developing eco-friendly products and expanding the supply of these products with our "Planet First" strategy, which strives to conduct business activities in a manner that respect people and the nature, the Company, as of December 31, 2021, has secured 10 valid Green Technology Certifications since the certification system was introduced in 2010. In addition, the Company has acquired 'Green Technology' product certificates for 136 models of commercialized products.

Certified Green Technologies as of December 31, 2021 are as follows:

Division	Certified Green Technologies	No.
CE	Technology to: 1) enhance energy efficiency of dryers using high-efficiency heat pump and heat exchanger; and 2) reduce stand-by power use by monitors etc.	9
IM	Technology to reduce stand-by power use by laptops utilizing high-efficiency power conversion technology	1

Separate basis.

(Greenhouse gas emission and energy consumption management)

The Company is a "controlled entity" according to Article 42 (Coping with Climate Change and Management of Targets for Energy) Paragraph 6 of the Framework Act on Low Carbon, Green Growth. Thus, the Company has been reporting the amount of greenhouse gas emission and energy consumption, verified by a third-party, to the authorities and disclosing it to stakeholders according to Article 44 (Reporting on Quantity of Greenhouse Gases Emitted and Quantity of Energy Consumed) of the same Act since May 2011.

The reported amount of greenhouse gas emission and energy use on a separate basis are provided below:

(Unit: tCO ₂ -eq, T						
	2021	2020	2019			
Greenhouse gas (tCO2-eq)	14,420,000	12,532,779	11,143,405			
Energy (TJ)	187,000	177,122	161,123			

Separate basis.

Domestic manufacturing facilities, office buildings, buildings owned by the Company, leased buildings, etc.

Reported Greenhouse gas emission excludes ozone depletion substances (ODS).

Amounts may differ based on the result of governmental evaluations on emissions.

From 2015, in accordance with Article 8 (Designation of Business Entities Eligible for Allocation) of the Act on the Allocation and Trading of Greenhouse-Gas Emission Permits, the Company is an eligible business entity under the Act.

XII. Appendix

1. Subsidiaries subject to consolidated financial statements (detailed)

As of December 31, 2021, Samsung Electronics' consolidated subsidiaries numbered 228 with the addition of 5 subsidiaries and reduction of 18 subsidiaries when compared to totals as of December 31, 2020. Below is the list of consolidated subsidiaries.

Subsidiary	Date established	Major business	Assets as of Dec 31, 2021	Ownership	(KRW mil Classified as major subsidiary (Y/N)
Samsung Electronics America, Inc. (SEA)	Jul 1978	Electronic goods sales	42,982,054	Over 50%	Y
Samsung International, Inc. (SII)	Oct 1983	Electronic goods production	2,064,637	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Mexicana S.A. de C.V (SAMEX)	Mar 1988	Electronic goods production	63,019	Over 50%	N
Samsung Electronics Home Appliances America, LLC (SEHA)	Aug 2017	Home appliance production	763,537	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Research America, Inc (SRA)	Oct 1988	R&D	748,415	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Next LLC (SNX)	Aug 2016	Subsidiary management (overseas)	177,851	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Next Fund LLC (SNXF)	Aug 2016	Tech/emerging-tech venture firm investments	248,020	Over 50%	Y
NeuroLogica Corp.	Feb 2004	Medical device production and sales	211,236	Over 50%	Y
Samsung HVAC America, LLC	Jul 2001	Air conditioner sales	59,622	Over 50%	N
Joyent, Inc.	Mar 2005	Cloud services	180,789	Over 50%	Y
Dacor Holdings, Inc.	Dec 1998	Subsidiary management (overseas)	27,464	Over 50%	N
Dacor, Inc.	Mar 1965	Home appliance production and sales	27,441	Over 50%	N
Dacor Canada Co.	Jun 2001	Home appliance sales	-	Over 50%	N
SmartThings, Inc.	Apr 2012	Smart home platform	179,239	Over 50%	Y
TeleWorld Solutions, Inc. (TWS)	May 2002	Network equipment installation and optimization	26,061	Over 50%	N
Samsung Semiconductor, Inc. (SSI)	Jul 1983	Semiconductor and display panel sales	13,744,799	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Austin Semiconductor LLC. (SAS)	Feb 1996	Semiconductor production	8,705,085	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Oak Holdings, Inc. (SHI)	Jun 2016	Subsidiary management (overseas)	380,569	Over 50%	Y
SEMES America, Inc.	Oct 1998	Semiconductor equipment services	2,070	Over 50%	N
Samsung Electronics Canada, Inc. (SECA)	Jul 1980	Electronic goods sales	1,861,549	Over 50%	Y
AdGear Technologies Inc.	Aug 2010	Digital advertising platform	103,625	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Eletronica da Amazonia Ltda. (SEDA)	Jan 1995	Electronic goods production and sales	4,589,505	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Mexico S.A. de C.V. (SEM)	Jul 1995	Electronic goods sales	1,417,629	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Digital Appliance Mexico, S.A. de C.V. (SEDAM)	Dec 2012	Home appliance production	944,189	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Latinoamerica (Zona Libre), S. A. (SELA)	Apr 1989	Electronic goods sales	1,247,421	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Latinoamerica Miami, Inc. (SEMI)	May 1995	Electronic goods sales	434,912	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronica Colombia S.A. (SAMCOL)	Mar 1997	Electronic goods sales	601,744	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Argentina S.A. (SEASA)	Jun 1996	Marketing and services	72,793	Over 50%	N
Samsung Electronics Chile Limitada (SECH)	Dec 2002	Electronic goods sales	737,184	Over 50%	Y

Subsidiary	Date established	Major business	Assets as of Dec 31, 2021	Ownership	Classified as major subsidiary (Y/N)
Samsung Electronics Peru S.A.C. (SEPR)	Apr 2010	Electronic goods sales	363,052	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Venezuela, C.A. (SEVEN)	May 2010	Marketing and services	5	Over 50%	N
Samsung Electronics Panama. S.A. (SEPA)	Jul 2012	Consulting	3,022	Over 50%	Ν
Harman International Industries, Inc.	Jan 1980	Subsidiary management (overseas)	16,641,325	Over 50%	Y
Harman Becker Automotive Systems, Inc.	Jun 1981	Audio product production, sales, and R&D	7,888,591	Over 50%	Y
Harman Connected Services, Inc.	Feb 2002	Connected Service Provider	2,115,037	Over 50%	Y
Harman Connected Services Engineering Corp.	Sep 2004	Connected Service Provider	225	Over 50%	Ν
Harman da Amazonia Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda.	Jul 2005	Audio product production and sales	53,360	Over 50%	Ν
Harman de Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V.	Feb 1997	Audio product production	135,106	Over 50%	Y
Harman do Brasil Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda.	Nov 1958	Audio product sales and R&D	230,102	Over 50%	Y
Harman Financial Group LLC	Jun 2004	Management Company	22,651	Over 50%	N
Harman International Industries Canada Ltd.	May 2005	Audio product sales	180	Over 50%	N
Harman International Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V.	Dec 2014	Audio product sales	22,143	Over 50%	Ν
Harman KG Holding, LLC	Mar 2009	Subsidiary management (overseas)	-	Over 50%	Ν
Harman Professional, Inc.	Jul 2006	Audio product sales and R&D	810,140	Over 50%	Y
Beijing Integrated Circuit Industry International Fund, L.P	Dec 2014	Venture firm investments	13,192	Over 50%	Ν
China Materialia New Materials 2016 Limited Partnership	Sep 2017	Venture firm investments	7,200	Over 50%	N
Samsung Electronics (UK) Ltd. (SEUK)	Jul 1995	Electronic goods sales	2,925,062	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Ltd. (SEL)	Jan 1999	Subsidiary management (overseas)	7,030	Over 50%	N
Samsung Semiconductor Europe Limited (SSEL)	Apr 1997	Semiconductor and display panel sales	95,032	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics GmbH (SEG)	Dec 1984	Electronic goods sales	2,289,391	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Holding GmbH (SEHG)	Feb 1982	Subsidiary management (overseas)	395,130	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Semiconductor Europe GmbH (SSEG)	Dec 1987	Semiconductor and display panel sales	1,200,667	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics France S.A.S (SEF)	Jan 1988	Electronic goods sales	1,727,313	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Italia S.P.A. (SEI)	Apr 1991	Electronic goods sales	1,477,767	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Iberia, S.A. (SESA)	Jan 1989	Electronic goods sales	1,208,209	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Portuguesa, Unipessoal, Lda. (SEP) (Formerly Samsung Electronics Portuguesa S.A.)	Sep 1982	Electronic goods sales	271,224	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Hungarian Private Co. Ltd. (SEH)	Oct 1989	Electronic goods production and sales	2,504,075	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Europe Logistics B.V. (SELS)	May 1991	Logistics	2,305,275	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V. (SEBN)	Jul 1995	Electronic goods sales	2,612,357	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Europe Holding Cooperatief U.A. (SEEH)	Oct 2008	Subsidiary management (overseas)	14,651,496	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Nordic Aktiebolag (SENA)	Mar 1992	Electronic goods sales	1,408,535	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Slovakia s.r.o (SESK)	Jun 2002	TV and monitor production	1,644,977	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Display Slovakia s.r.o. (SDSK)	Mar 2007	Display panel processing	28,711	Over 50%	N
Samsung Electronics Polska, SP.Zo.o (SEPOL)	Apr 1996	Electronic goods sales	1,141,465	Over 50%	Y

Subsidiary	Date established	Major business	Assets as of Dec 31, 2021	Ownership	Classified as major subsidiary (Y/N)
Samsung Electronics Poland Manufacturing SP.Zo.o (SEPM)	Feb 2010	Home appliance production	525,067	Over 50%	Ŷ
Samsung Electronics Romania LLC (SEROM)	Sep 2007	Electronic goods sales	353,140	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Austria GmbH (SEAG)	Jan 2002	Electronic goods sales	536,140	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Switzerland GmbH (SESG)	May 2013	Electronic goods sales	354,611	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Czech and Slovak s.r.o. (SECZ)	Jan 2010	Electronic goods sales	320,233	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Baltics SIA (SEB)	Oct 2001	Electronic goods sales	156,054	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Greece S.M.S.A (SEGR)	Apr 2010	Electronic goods sales	145,588	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Air Conditioner Europe B.V. (SEACE)	Apr 2017	Air conditioner sales	167,050	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Nanoradio Design Center (SNDC)	Feb 2004	R&D	29,111	Over 50%	Ν
Samsung Denmark Research Center ApS (SDRC)	Sep 2012	R&D	28,330	Over 50%	N
Samsung Cambridge Solution Centre Limited (SCSC)	Sep 2012	R&D	165,106	Over 50%	Y
Zhilabs, S.L.	Nov 2008	Network solution R&D and sales	14,277	Over 50%	N
Foodient Ltd.	Mar 2012	R&D	4,489	Over 50%	Ν
Samsung Electronics Rus Company LLC (SERC)	Oct 2006	Electronic goods sales	1,714,693	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Rus Kaluga LLC (SERK)	Jul 2007	TV production	1,338,993	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Ukraine Company LLC (SEUC)	Sep 2008	Electronic goods sales	322,369	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Central Eurasia LLP (SECE)	Sep 2008	Electronic goods sales	570,861	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Overseas B.V. (SEO)	Jan 1997	Electronic goods sales	1,863	Over 50%	Ν
Samsung R&D Institute Rus LLC (SRR)	Nov 2011	R&D	49,064	Over 50%	Ν
Samsung Electronics Caucasus Co. Ltd (SECC)	Oct 2014	Marketing	2,199	Over 50%	Ν
AKG Acoustics GmbH	Mar 1947	Audio product production and sales	330,677	Over 50%	Y
AMX UK Limited	Mar 1993	Audio product sales	-	Over 50%	N
Harman Audio Iberia Espana Sociedad Limitada	Nov 2012	Audio product sales	1,116	Over 50%	N
Harman Automotive UK Limited	Oct 2012	Audio product production	-	Over 50%	Ν
Harman Becker Automotive Systems GmbH	Jul 1990	Audio product production, sales, and R&D	3,805,205	Over 50%	Y
Harman Becker Automotive Systems Italy S.R.L.	Dec 2005	Audio product sales	1,222	Over 50%	N
Harman Becker Automotive Systems Manufacturing Kft	Aug 1994	Audio product R&D and production	3,127,200	Over 50%	Y
Harman Belgium SA	Apr 1967	Audio product sales	1,969	Over 50%	N
Harman Connected Services AB.	Oct 1984	Connected Service Provider	17,747	Over 50%	N
Harman Finland Oy	Jul 1998	Connected Service Provider	-	Over 50%	Ν
Harman Connected Services GmbH	Dec 2005	Connected Service Provider	45,171	Over 50%	N
Harman Connected Services Poland Sp.Zo.o	Jun 2007	Connected Service Provider	8,256	Over 50%	N
Harman Connected Services UK Ltd.	Sep 2008	Connected Service Provider	60,540	Over 50%	N
Harman Consumer Nederland B.V.	Dec 1995	Audio product sales	460,178	Over 50%	Y
Harman Deutschland GmbH	Mar 1998	Audio product sales	13,272	Over 50%	N

Subsidiary	Date established	Major business	Assets as of Dec 31, 2021	Ownership	Classified as major subsidiary (Y/N)
Harman Finance International GP S.a.r.l	Apr 2015	Subsidiary management (overseas)	-	Over 50%	N
Harman France SNC	Nov 1995	Audio product sales	154,903	Over 50%	Y
Harman Holding Gmbh & Co. KG	Jun 2002	Management Company	5,256,219	Over 50%	Y
Harman Hungary Financing Ltd.	Jun 2012	Financing Company	35,823	Over 50%	N
Harman Inc. & Co. KG	Jun 2012	Subsidiary management (overseas)	4,247,706	Over 50%	Y
Harman International Estonia OU	May 2015	R&D	193	Over 50%	Ν
Harman International Industries Limited	Mar 1980	Audio product sales and R&D	78,684	Over 50%	Y
Harman International Romania SRL	Feb 2015	R&D	17,632	Over 50%	Ν
Harman Finance International, SCA	Apr 2015	Financing Company	486,810	Over 50%	Y
Harman International s.r.o	Feb 2015	Audio product production	69	Over 50%	Ν
Harman Management GmbH	Apr 2002	Subsidiary management (overseas)	-	Over 50%	Ν
Harman Professional Kft	Dec 2014	Audio product R&D and production	54,034	Over 50%	N
Harman Professional Denmark ApS	Jul 1987	Audio product sales and R&D	47,985	Over 50%	Ν
Red Bend Software Ltd.	Aug 2004	Software design	-	Over 50%	N
Red Bend Software S.A.S	Oct 2002	Software design	7,784	Over 50%	N
Studer Professional Audio GmbH	Nov 2003	Audio product sales and R&D	8,725	Over 50%	N
Harman Connected Services OOO	Nov 1998	Connected Service Provider	17,799	Over 50%	Ν
Harman RUS CIS LLC	Aug 2011	Audio product sales	155,602	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Gulf Electronics Co., Ltd.(SGE)	May 1995	Electronic goods sales	1,776,336	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Turkey (SETK)	Dec 1984	Electronic goods sales	422,159	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Industry and Commerce Ltd. (SETK-P)	Feb 2021	Electronic goods production	131,811	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Levant Co.,Ltd. (SELV)	Jul 2009	Electronic goods sales	349,640	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Maghreb Arab (SEMAG)	Nov 2009	Electronic goods sales	322,510	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Egypt S.A.E (SEEG)	Jul 2012	Electronic goods production and sales	946,599	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Israel Ltd. (SEIL)	Sep 2012	Marketing	14,889	Over 50%	N
Samsung Electronics Tunisia S.A.R.L (SETN)	Sep 2012	Marketing	5,206	Over 50%	N
Samsung Electronics Pakistan(Private) Ltd. (SEPAK)	Nov 2012	Marketing	3,343	Over 50%	N
Samsung Electronics Saudi Arabia Ltd. (SESAR)	Nov 2019	Electronic goods sales	440,098	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Semiconductor Israel R&D Center, Ltd. (SIRC)	Oct 2007	R&D	150,482	Over 50%	Y
Corephotonics Ltd.	Jan 2012	R&D	12,963	Over 50%	Ν
Samsung Electronics South Africa(Pty) Ltd. (SSA)	Jun 1994	Electronic goods sales	500,605	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics South Africa Production (pty) Ltd. (SSAP)	Jul 2014	TV and monitor production	92,169	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics West Africa Ltd. (SEWA)	Mar 2010	Marketing	23,034	Over 50%	N
Samsung Electronics East Africa Ltd. (SEEA)	Dec 2011	Marketing	16,851	Over 50%	N
Global Symphony Technology Group Private Ltd.	Jan 2002	Subsidiary management (overseas)	51,892	Over 50%	N

Subsidiary	Date established	Major business	Assets as of Dec 31, 2021	Ownership	Classified as major subsidiary (Y/N)
Harman Connected Services Morocco	Apr 2012	Connected Service Provider	921	Over 50%	N
Harman Industries Holdings Mauritius Ltd.	Oct 2009	Subsidiary management (overseas)	87,624	Over 50%	Y
Red Bend Ltd.	Feb 1998	Audio product production	109,755	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Asia Pte. Ltd. (SAPL)	Jul 2006	Subsidiary management (overseas)	14,683,789	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Singapore Pte. Ltd. (SESP)	Oct 2020	Electronic goods sales	669,485	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Malaysia Electronics (SME) Sdn. Bhd. (SME)	May 2003	Electronic goods sales	625,662	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Display (M) Sdn. Bhd. (SDMA)	Mar 1995	Electronic goods production	24,681	Over 50%	N
Samsung Electronics (M) Sdn. Bhd. (SEMA)	Sep 1989	Home appliance production	263,523	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Vina Electronics Co., Ltd. (SAVINA)	Jan 1995	Electronic goods sales	105,109	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Vietnam Co., Ltd. (SEV)	Mar 2008	Electronic goods production	13,023,272	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Vietnam THAINGUYEN Co., Ltd. (SEVT)	Mar 2013	Telecom product production	17,521,446	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics HCMC CE Complex Co., Ltd. (SEHC)	Feb 2015	Electronic goods production and sales	3,129,104	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Display Vietnam Co., Ltd. (SDV)	Jul 2014	Display panel production	6,821,066	Over 50%	Y
PT Samsung Electronics Indonesia (SEIN)	Aug 1991	Electronic goods production and sales	1,139,901	Over 50%	Y
PT Samsung Telecommunications Indonesia (STIN)	Mar 2003	Electronic goods sales and service	63,990	Over 50%	N
Thai Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. (TSE)	Oct 1988	Electronic goods production and sales	3,018,358	Over 50%	Y
Laos Samsung Electronics Sole Co., Ltd (LSE)	Sep 2016	Marketing	1,064	Over 50%	N
Samsung Electronics Philippines Corporation (SEPCO)	Mar 1996	Electronic goods sales	358,559	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Australia Pty. Ltd. (SEAU)	Nov 1987	Electronic goods sales	765,487	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics New Zealand Limited (SENZ)	Sep 2013	Electronic goods sales	181,670	Over 50%	Y
Samsung India Electronics Private Ltd. (SIEL)	Aug 1995	Electronic goods production and sales	7,765,019	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Display Noida Private Limited (SDN)	Jul 2019	Display panel production	657,924	Over 50%	Y
Samsung R&D Institute India-Bangalore Private Limited (SRI- Bangalore)	May 2005	R&D	477,710	Over 50%	Y
Samsung R&D Institute BanglaDesh Limited (SRBD)	Aug 2010	R&D	18,277	Over 50%	N
Samsung Nepal Services Pvt, Ltd (SNSL)	Nov 2017	Service	385	Over 50%	N
Samsung Japan Corporation (SJC)	Dec 1975	Semiconductor and display panel sales	1,311,938	Over 50%	Y
Samsung R&D Institute Japan Co. Ltd. (SRJ)	Aug 1992	R&D	161,184	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Japan Co., Ltd. (SEJ)	Sep 2008	Electronic goods sales	880,101	Over 50%	Y
Harman Connected Services Corp. India Pvt. Ltd.	Apr 2002	Connected Service Provider	311,892	Over 50%	Y
Harman International (India) Private Limited	Jan 2009	Audio product sales and R&D	361,520	Over 50%	Y
Harman International Industries PTY Ltd.	Dec 2014	Subsidiary management (overseas)	-	Over 50%	N
Harman International Japan Co., Ltd.	Jun 1991	Audio product sales and R&D	63,699	Over 50%	N
Harman Singapore Pte. Ltd.	Aug 2007	Audio product sales	10,738	Over 50%	N
Samsung (CHINA) Investment Co., Ltd. (SCIC)	Mar 1996	Electronic goods sales	13,599,093	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Hong Kong Co., Ltd. (SEHK)	Sep 1988	Electronic goods sales	1,788,990	Over 50%	Y

Subsidiary	Date established	Major business	Assets as of Dec 31, 2021	Ownership	Classified as major subsidiary (Y/N)
Samsung Electronics Taiwan Co., Ltd. (SET)	Nov 1994	Electronic goods sales	2,033,992	Over 50%	Y
Tianjin Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. (TSEC)	Apr 1993	TV and monitor production	551,511	Over 50%	Y
Suzhou Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. (SSEC)	Apr 1995	Home appliance production	670,959	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Suzhou Electronics Export Co., Ltd. (SSEC-E)	Apr 1995	Home appliance production	559,267	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Suzhou Computer Co., Ltd. (SESC)	Sep 2002	Electronic goods production and R&D	147,973	Over 50%	Y
Tianjin Samsung Telecom Technology Co., Ltd. (TSTC)	Mar 2001	Telecom product production	654,546	Over 50%	Y
Beijing Samsung Telecom R&D Center (SRC-Beijing)	Sep 2000	R&D	157,755	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics China R&D Center (SRC-Nanjing)	May 2004	R&D	81,122	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Mobile R&D Center China- Guangzhou (SRC- Guangzhou)	Jan 2010	R&D	106,664	Over 50%	Y
Samsung R&D Institute China-Shenzhen (SRC-Shenzhen)	Mar 2013	R&D	42,903	Over 50%	N
Shanghai Samsung Semiconductor Co., Ltd. (SSS)	Oct 2001	Semiconductor and display panel sales	7,765,126	Over 50%	Y
Samsung (China) Semiconductor Co., Ltd. (SCS)	Sep 2012	Semiconductor production	19,049,536	Over 50%	Y
Samsung SemiConductor Xian Co., Ltd. (SSCX)	Apr 2016	Semiconductor and display panel sales	1,154,516	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Suzhou Semiconductor Co., Ltd. (SESS)	Dec 1994	Semiconductor processing	1,477,600	Over 50%	Y
Tianjin Samsung LED Co., Ltd. (TSLED)	May 2009	LED production	567,151	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Semiconductor (China) R&D Co., Ltd. (SSCR)	Apr 2003	R&D	68,955	Over 50%	N
Samsung Display Dongguan Co., Ltd. (SDD)	Nov 2001	Display panel production	2,149,277	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Display Tianjin Co., Ltd. (SDT)	Jun 2004	Display panel production	1,546,613	Over 50%	Y
SEMES (XIAN) Co., Ltd.	Jul 2013	Semiconductor equipment services	3,491	Over 50%	Ν
Harman (China) Technologies Co., Ltd.	Mar 2011	Audio product production	140,969	Over 50%	Y
Harman (Suzhou) Audio and Infotainment Systems Co., Ltd.	Mar 2013	Audio product sales	5,791	Over 50%	N
Harman Automotive Electronic Systems (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.	Sep 2006	Audio product R&D and production	313,303	Over 50%	Y
Harman Commercial (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	Oct 2010	Audio product sales	247	Over 50%	N
Harman Connected Services Solutions (Chengdu) Co., Ltd.	Aug 2007	Connected Service Provider	14,865	Over 50%	Ν
Harman Holding Limited	May 2007	Audio product sales	567,202	Over 50%	Y
Harman International (China) Holdings Co., Ltd.	Jun 2009	Audio product sales and R&D	697,932	Over 50%	Y
Harman Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Sep 2004	Audio product sales and R&D	28,762	Over 50%	N
Samsung Semiconductor Investment L.P. I	Dec 2021	Tech/emerging-tech venture firm investments	18,409	Over 50%	Ν
Samsung Display	Apr 2012	Display panel production and sales	54,967,156	Over 50%	Y
SU Materials	Aug 2011	Display panel component production	34,863	Over 50%	N
STECO	Jun 1995	Semiconductor component production	153,976	Over 50%	Y
SEMES	Jan 1993	Semiconductor/FPD manufacturing equipment production and sales	1,931,476	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Service	Oct 1998	Electronics goods repair services	553,466	Over 50%	Y
Samsung Electronics Service CS	Oct 2018	Customer management services	20,082	Over 50%	N
Samsung Electronics Sales	Jul 1996	Electronic goods sales	1,374,619	Over 50%	Y

Subsidiary	Date established	Major business	Assets as of Dec 31, 2021	Ownership	Classified as major subsidiary (Y/N)
Samsung Electronics Logitech	Apr 1998	Total logistics services	386,841	Over 50%	Ŷ
Samsung Medison	Jul 1985	Medical device production and sales	451,830	Over 50%	Y
Mirero System	Jan 1994	Semiconductor software development and supply	31,668	Over 50%	N
Dowoo Insys	Mar 2010	Display panel component production	62,894	Over 50%	N
GF Co., Ltd.	Oct 2015	Display panel component production	6,826	Over 50%	N
Harman Korea	Jan 2005	Semiconductor software development and supply	21,682	Over 50%	N
SVIC #21 Venture Capital Union	Nov 2011	Tech/emerging-tech venture firm investments	123,575	Over 50%	Y
SVIC #22 Venture Capital Union	Nov 2011	Tech/emerging-tech venture firm investments	93,345	Over 50%	Y
SVIC #26 Venture Capital Union	Nov 2014	Tech/emerging-tech venture firm investments	81,623	Over 50%	Y
SVIC #28 Venture Capital Union	Feb 2015	Tech/emerging-tech venture firm investments	498,438	Over 50%	Y
SVIC #29 Venture Capital Union	Apr 2015	Tech/emerging-tech venture firm investments	42,774	Over 50%	N
SVIC #32 Venture Capital Union	Aug 2016	Tech/emerging-tech venture firm investments	355,271	Over 50%	Y
SVIC #33 Venture Capital Union	Nov 2016	Tech/emerging-tech venture firm investments	396,087	Over 50%	Y
SVIC #37 Venture Capital Union	Nov 2017	Tech/emerging-tech venture firm investments	77,214	Over 50%	Y
SVIC #40 Venture Capital Union	Jun 2018	Tech/emerging-tech venture firm investments	43,552	Over 50%	N
SVIC #42 Venture Capital Union	Nov 2018	Tech/emerging-tech venture firm investments	15,429	Over 50%	N
SVIC #43 Venture Capital Union	Dec 2018	Tech/emerging-tech venture firm investments	8,066	Over 50%	N
SVIC #45 Venture Capital Union	May 2019	Tech/emerging-tech venture firm investments	169,143	Over 50%	Y
SVIC #48 Venture Capital Union	Dec 2019	Tech/emerging-tech venture firm investments	75,736	Over 50%	Y
SVIC #52 Venture Capital Union	May 2021	Tech/emerging-tech venture firm investments	9,102	Over 50%	N
SVIC #55 Venture Capital Union	Sep 2021	Tech/emerging-tech venture firm investments	85,899	Over 50%	Y
SVIC #56 Venture Capital Union	Nov 2021	Tech/emerging-tech venture firm investments	22,404	Over 50%	N
Private Equity Fund for Semiconductor Growth	Mar 2017	Semiconductor industry investments	74,436	Over 50%	N
Private Equity Fund for Co-existence of System Semiconductor Firms	Apr 2020	Semiconductor industry investments	79,710	Over 50%	Y

Companies with over KRW 75 billion in total assets as of December 31, 2020 are classified as major subsidiaries.

See "II. Businesses Overview_ for detailed information about major business segments.

(Changes in subsidiaries)

	Americas	Europe/ CIS	MEA/ Africa	Asia ex China	China	Domestic	Total	Increase	Decrease
As of Dec 31, 2018	56	79	21	35	36	25	252	-	•
Changes in 2019	(2)	(4)	(2)	(5)	(2)	3	(12)	[Europe/CIS: 1] Foodient Ltd. [MEA/Africa: 2] Corephotonics Ltd. Samsung Electronics Saudi Arabia Ltd. (SESAR) [Asia ex China: 1] Samsung Display Noida Private Limited (SDN) [Domestic: 4] SVIC #45 Venture Capital Union SVIC #48 Venture Capital Union Dowoo Insys GF Co., Ltd.	[Americas: 2] Harman Investment Group, LLC Red Bend Software Inc. [Europe/CIS: 5] Samsung France Research Center SARL (SFRC) Innoetics E.P.E. Duran Audio B.V. Harman International SNC Harman Professional France SAS [MEA/Africa: 4] Broadsense Ltd. iOnRoad Itd iOnRoad Technologies Ltd Towersec Ltd. [Asia ex China: 6] Harman Connected Services Japan Co., Ltd. Red Bend Software Japan Co., Ltd. Studer Japan Ltd. Harman International Singapore Pte. Ltd. AMX Products And Solutions Private Limited Samsung Medison India Private Ltd. (SMIN) [China: 2] Samsung Electronics (Beijing) Service Company Limited (SBSC) Harman Connected Services Solutions (Beijing) Co., Ltd. [Domestic: 1] Red Bend Software Inc.
As of Dec 31 2019	54	75	19	30	34	28	240	-	
Changes in 2020	1	-	-	-	(1)	1	1	[Americas: 4] TeleWorld Solutions, Inc. (TWS) TWS LATAM B, LLC TWS LATAM S, LLC SNB Technologies, Inc. Mexico, S.A. de C.V [Asia ex China: 1] Samsung Electronics Singapore Pte. Ltd. (SESP) [Domestic: 1] Private Equity Fund for Co-existence of System Semiconductor Firms	[Americas: 3] Harman Connected Services South America S.R.L. EverythingDacor.com, Inc. Distinctive Appliances of California, Inc. [Asia ex China: 1] Martin Professional Pte. Ltd. [China: 1] Samsung Tianjin Mobile Development Center (SRC-Tianjin)
As of Dec 31 2020	55	75	19	30	33	29	241	-	
Changes in 2021	(9)	(4)	1	-	(3)	2	(13)	[China: 1] Samsung Semiconductor Investment L.P. I [MEA/Africa: 1] Samsung Electronics Industry and Commerce Ltd. (SETK-P) [Domestic: 3] SVIC #52 Venture Capital Union SVIC #55 Venture Capital Union SVIC #56 Venture Capital Union	[Americas: 9] Viv Labs. Inc. Stellus Technologies, Inc. SigMast Communications Inc. Prismview, LLC Zhilabs, Inc. TWS LATAM B, LLC TWS LATAM S, LLC SNB Technologies, Inc. Mexico, S.A. de C.V • RT SV CO-INVEST, LP [Europe/CIS: 4] Arcam Limited A&R Cambridge Limited Harman Connected Services Limited Martin Manufacturing (UK) Ltd. [China: 4] Samsung Suzhou Module Co., Ltd. (SSM) Samsung Suzhou LCD Co., Ltd. (SSL)

	Americas	Europe/ CIS	MEA/ Africa	Asia ex China	China	Domestic	Total	Increase	Decrease
									Samsung Electronics Huizhou Co., Ltd.(SEHZ) Shenzhen Samsung Electronics Telecommunication Co., Ltd.(SSET) [Domestic: 1] SVIC #27 Venture Capital Union
As of Dec 31 2021	46	71	20	30	30	31	228		•

2. Affiliates & subsidiaries (detailed)

A. Domestic Affiliates

As of December 31, 2021, Samsung Group is comprised of 59 domestic affiliates. Among Samsung Group's 59 domestic affiliates, sixteen (16) affiliates including Samsung Electronics are listed, and forty-four (43) affiliates are unlisted.

[As of December 31, 2021]

Listing	No. of affiliates	Name of affiliates	
Listed	16	Samsung C&T Samsung Electronics; Samsung SDI; Samsung Electro-mechanics; Samsung Fire & Marine Insurance; Samsung Heavy Industries; Samsung Life Insurance; Multicampus; Samsung Securities; Samsung SDS; Samsung Card; Samsung Engineering; S1; Cheil Worldwide; Hotel Shilla; Samsung Biologics	
Unlisted	43	Seoul Lakeside CC; Samwoo Architects & Engineers; CVnet Corporation; Samsung Bioepis; Samsung Display; Samsung Corning Advanced Glass; SU Materials; STECO; SEMES; Samsung Electronics Service; Samsung Electronics Sales; Samsung Electronics Logitech; Suwon Samsung Bluewings FC; Samsung Medison; Samsung Claim Adjustment Service; Samsung Fire & Marine Insurance Service; Samsung Fire & Marine Insurance Financial Service; Samsung Electronics Service CS; Samsung Futures; Samsung Asset Management; Samsung Life Service; Samsung SRA Asset Management; Samsung Life Financial Service; SD Flex; Cheil Fashion Retail Co., Ltd.; Samsung Welstory; SECUI; STM; S-Core; OpenHands; Miracom; Samsung Card Customer Service; Human TSS; S-1CRM; Shilla HM; HDC Shilla Duty Free LTD; Samsung global research(SGR); Samsung Lions; Samsung Venture Investment Corporation; Samsung Active Asset Management; Samsung Hedge Asset Management; Harman International Korea; SBTM	
Total	59		

B. Foreign Affiliates

[As of December 31, 2021]

Listing	No. of affiliates	Name of affiliates	Country
Unlisted	576	SAMOO HU Designer and Engineering Services Limited	Hungary
		SAMOO DESIGNERS & ENGINEERS INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED	India
		SAMOO (KL) SDN. BHD.	Malaysia
		Meadowland Distribution	USA
		Samsung Green repower, LLC	USA
		Samsung Solar Construction Inc.	USA
		QSSC, S.A. de C.V.	Mexico
		Samsung Solar Energy LLC	USA
		Equipment Trading Solutions Group, LLC	USA
		FLOWFY COMMERCE SERVICE LLC	USA
		SP Armow Wind Ontario LP	Canada
		SRE GRW EPC GP Inc.	Canada
		SRE GRW EPC LP	Canada
		SRE SKW EPC GP Inc.	Canada
		SRE SKW EPC LP	Canada
		SRE WIND PA GP INC.	Canada
		SRE WIND PA LP	Canada
		SRE GRS Holdings GP Inc.	Canada
		SRE GRS Holdings LP	Canada
		SRE K2 EPC GP Inc.	Canada
		SRE K2 EPC LP	Canada
		SRE KS HOLDINGS GP INC.	Canada
		SRE KS HOLDINGS LP	Canada
		SP Belle River Wind LP	Canada
		SRE Armow EPC GP Inc.	Canada
		SRE Armow EPC LP	Canada
		North Kent Wind 1 LP	Canada
		SRE Wind GP Holding Inc.	Canada
		South Kent Wind LP Inc.	Canada
		Grand Renewable Wind LP Inc.	Canada
		SRE North Kent 2 LP Holdings LP	Canada
		SRE Solar Development GP Inc.	Canada
		SRE Solar Development LP	Canada
		SRE Windsor Holdings GP Inc.	Canada
		SRE Southgate Holdings GP Inc.	Canada
		SRE Solar Construction Management GP Inc.	Canada
		SRE Solar Construction Management LP	Canada
		SRE BRW EPC GP INC.	Canada
		SRE BRW EPC LP	Canada
		SRE North Kent 1 GP Holdings Inc	Canada
		SRE North Kent 2 GP Holdings Inc	Canada
		SRE Belle River GP Holdings Inc	Canada

Listing	No. of affiliates	Name of affiliates	Country
		SRE NK1 EPC GP Inc	Canada
		SRE NK1 EPC LP	Canada
		SRE Summerside Construction GP Inc.	Canada
		SRE Summerside Construction LP	Canada
		Monument Power, LLC	USA
		PLL Holdings LLC	USA
		PLL E&P LLC	USA
		Parallel Petroleum LLC	USA
		Grand Renewable Solar GP Inc.	Canada
		KINGSTON SOLAR GP INC.	Canada
		SP Armow Wind Ontario GP Inc	Canada
		South Kent Wind GP Inc.	Canada
		Grand Renewable Wind GP Inc.	Canada
		North Kent Wind 1 GP Inc	Canada
		SP Belle River Wind GP Inc	Canada
		Samsung Solar Energy 1 LLC	USA
		Samsung Solar Energy 2 LLC	USA
		Samsung Solar Energy 3, LLC	USA
		CS SOLAR LLC	USA
		SST SOLAR, LLC	USA
		POSS-SLPC, S.R.O	Slovakia
		Solluce Romania 1 B.V.	Romania
		S.C. Otelinox S.A	Romania
		LJG GREEN SOURCE ENERGY ALPHA S.R.L.	Romania
		WARIS GIGIH ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY SDN. BHD.	Malaysia
		Samsung Chemtech Vina LLC	Vietnam
		Samsung C&T Thailand Co., Ltd	Thailand
		PT. INSAM BATUBARA ENERGY	Indonesia
		Malaysia Samsung Steel Center Sdn.Bhd	Malaysia
		S&G Biofuel PTE.LTD	Singapore
		PT. Gandaerah Hendana	Indonesia
		PT. Inecda	Indonesia
		SAMSUNG CONST. CO. PHILS.	Philippines
		SAMSUNG TRADING (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD	China
		Samsung Precision Stainless Steel(pinghu) Co.,Ltd.	China
		Samsung Japan Corporation	Japan
		Samsung R&D Institute Japan Co. Ltd.	Japan
		Samsung Electronics America, Inc.	USA
		Samsung Electronics Canada, Inc.	Canada
		Samsung Electronics Mexico S.A. De C.V.	Mexico
		Samsung Electronics Ltd.	United Kingdom
		Samsung Electronics (UK) Ltd.	United Kingdom
		Samsung Electronics Holding GmbH	Germany
		Samsung Electronics Iberia, S.A.	Spain
		Samsung Electronics France S.A.S	France
		Samsung Electronics Hungarian Private Co. Ltd.	Hungary
		Samsung Electronics Italia S.P.A.	Italy
		Samsung Electronics Europe Logistics B.V.	Netherlands

Listing	No. of affiliates	Name of affiliates	Country
		Samsung Electronics Benelux B.V.	Netherlands
		Samsung Electronics Overseas B.V.	Netherlands
		Samsung Electronics Polska, SP.Zo.o	Poland
		Samsung Electronics Portuguesa, Unipessoal, Lda.	Portugal
		Samsung Electronics Nordic Aktiebolag	Sweden
		Samsung Electronics Austria GmbH	Austria
		Samsung Electronics Slovakia s.r.o	Slovakia
		Samsung Electronics Europe Holding Cooperatief U.A.	Netherlands
		Samsung Electronics Display (M) Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia
		Samsung Electronics (M) Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia
		Samsung Vina Electronics Co., Ltd.	Vietnam
		Samsung Asia Pte. Ltd.	Singapore
		Samsung India Electronics Private Ltd.	India
		Samsung R&D Institute India-Bangalore Private Limited	India
		Samsung Electronics Australia Pty. Ltd.	Australia
		PT Samsung Electronics Indonesia	Indonesia
		Thai Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.	Thailand
		Samsung Malaysia Electronics (SME) Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia
		Samsung Electronics Hong Kong Co., Ltd.	Hong Kong
		Suzhou Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.	China
		Samsung (CHINA) Investment Co., Ltd.	China
		Samsung Electronics Suzhou Semiconductor Co., Ltd.	China
		Tianjin Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.	China
		Samsung Electronics Taiwan Co., Ltd.	Taiwan
		Tianjin Samsung Telecom Technology Co., Ltd.	China
		Shanghai Samsung Semiconductor Co., Ltd.	China
		Samsung Electronics Suzhou Computer Co., Ltd.	China
		Samsung Semiconductor (China) R&D Co., Ltd.	China
		Samsung (China) Semiconductor Co., Ltd.	China
		Samsung SemiConductor Xian Co., Ltd.	China
		Samsung Gulf Electronics Co., Ltd.	Utd.Arab Emir.
		Samsung Electronics Egypt S.A.E	Egypt
		Samsung Electronics South Africa(Pty) Ltd.	South Africa
		Samsung Electronics Latinoamerica(Zona Libre), S. A.	Panama
		Samsung Eletronica da Amazonia Ltda.	Brazil
		Samsung Electronics Argentina S.A.	Argentina
		Samsung Electronics Chile Limitada	Chile
		Samsung Electronics Rus Company LLC	Russian Fed.
		Samsung Electronics Rus Kaluga LLC	Russian Fed.
		Tianjin Samsung LED Co., Ltd.	China
		Samsung Biologics America, Inc.	USA
		Samsung Bioepis United States Inc.	USA
		SAMSUNG BIOEPIS UK LIMITED	United Kingdom
		Samsung Bioepis NL B.V.	Netherlands
		Samsung Bioepis CH GmbH	Switzerland
		Samsung Bioepis PL Sp z o.o.	Poland
		SAMSUNG BIOEPIS AU PTY LTD	Australia
		SAMSUNG BIOEPIS NZ LIMITED	New Zealand

Listing	No. of affiliates	Name of affiliates	Country
		SAMSUNG BIOEPIS TW Limited	Taiwan
		Samsung Bioepis HK Limited	Hong Kong
		SAMSUNG BIOEPIS IL LTD	Israel
		SAMSUNG BIOEPIS BR PHARMACEUTICAL LTDA	Brazil
		Intellectual Keystone Technology LLC	USA
		Samsung Display Slovakia, s.r.o.	Slovakia
		Samsung Display Vietnam Co., Ltd.	Vietnam
		Samsung Display Noida Private Limited	India
		Samsung Display Dongguan Co., Ltd.	China
		Samsung Display Tianjin Co., Ltd.	China
		Novaled GmbH	Germany
		SEMES America, Inc.	USA
		SEMES (XIAN) Co., Ltd.	China
		NeuroLogica Corp.	USA
		Dacor Holdings, Inc.	USA
		Samsung HVAC America, LLC	USA
		SmartThings, Inc.	USA
		Samsung Oak Holdings, Inc.	USA
		Joyent, Inc.	USA
		TeleWorld Solutions, Inc.	USA
		Samsung Semiconductor, Inc.	USA
		Samsung Research America, Inc	USA
		Samsung Electronics Home Appliances America, LLC	USA
		Samsung International, Inc.	USA
		Harman International Industries, Inc.	USA
		Dacor, Inc.	USA
		Dacor Canada Co.	Canada
		Samsung Austin Semiconductor LLC.	USA
		AdGear Technologies Inc.	Canada
		SAMSUNG NEXT LLC	USA
		SAMSUNG NEXT FUND LLC	USA
		Samsung Mexicana S.A. de C.V	Mexico
		Samsung Electronics Digital Appliance Mexico, SA de CV	Mexico
		Harman International Japan Co., Ltd.	Japan
		Harman International Industries Canada Ltd.	Canada
		Harman Becker Automotive Systems, Inc.	USA
		Harman Professional, Inc.	USA
		Harman Connected Services, Inc.	USA
		Harman Financial Group LLC	USA
		Harman Belgium SA	Belgium
		Harman France SNC	France
		Red Bend Software SAS	France
		Harman Inc. & Co. KG	Germany
		Harman KG Holding, LLC	USA
		Harman Becker Automotive Systems Italy S.R.L.	Italy
		Harman Finance International, SCA	Luxembourg
		Harman Finance International GP S.a.r.I	Luxembourg
		Harman Industries Holdings Mauritius Ltd.	Mauritius

Listing	No. of affiliates	Name of affiliates	Country
		Harman International Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico
		Harman International Estonia OU	Estonia
		AMX UK Limited	United Kingdom
		Harman Singapore Pte. Ltd.	Singapore
		Harman da Amazonia Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda.	Brazil
		Harman do Brasil Industria Eletronica e Participacoes Ltda.	Brazil
		Harman Connected Services Engineering Corp.	USA
		Harman Connected Services AB.	Sweden
		Harman Connected Services UK Ltd.	United Kingdom
		Harman Connected Services Corp. India Pvt. Ltd.	India
		Global Symphony Technology Group Private Ltd.	Mauritius
		Harman International (India) Private Limited	India
		Harman de Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico
		Samsung Semiconductor Europe Limited	United Kingdom
		Samsung Semiconductor Europe GmbH	Germany
		Samsung Electronics GmbH	Germany
		Samsung Electronics Czech and Slovak s.r.o.	Czech Republic
		SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS BALTICS SIA	Latvia
		Samsung Electronics West Africa Ltd.	Nigeria
		Samsung Electronics East Africa Ltd.	Kenya
		Samsung Electronics Saudi Arabia Ltd.	Saudi Arabia
		Samsung Electronics Israel Ltd.	Israel
		Samsung Electronics Tunisia S.A.R.L	Tunisia
		Samsung Electronics Pakistan(Private) Ltd.	Pakistan
		Samsung Electronics South Africa Production (pty) Ltd.	South Africa
		Samsung Electronics Turkey	Turkey
		Samsung Electronics Industry and Commerce Ltd.	Turkey
		Samsung Semiconductor Israel R&D Center, Ltd.	Israel
		Samsung Electronics Levant Co.,Ltd.	Jordan
		Samsung Electronics Maghreb Arab	Могоссо
		Samsung Electronics Venezuela, C.A.	Venezuela
		Samsung Electronics Peru S.A.C.	Peru
		Samsung Electronics Ukraine Company LLC	Ukraine
		Samsung R&D Institute Rus LLC	Russian Fed.
		Samsung Electronics Central Eurasia LLP	Kazakhstan
		Samsung Electronics Caucasus Co. Ltd	Azerbaijan
		Corephotonics Ltd.	Israel
		Samsung Nanoradio Design Center	Sweden
		Harman Professional Denmark ApS	Denmark
		Studer Professional Audio GmbH	Switzerland
		Martin Professional Japan Ltd.	Japan
		Harman International s.r.o	Czech Republic
		Harman International Romania SRL	Romania
		Harman Becker Automotive Systems GmbH	Germany
		Harman Deutschland GmbH	Germany
		Harman Becker Automotive Systems Manufacturing Kft	Hungary
		Harman RUS CIS LLC	Russian Fed.
		Harman Holding Gmbh & Co. KG	Germany

Listing	No. of affiliates	Name of affiliates	Country
		Harman Management Gmbh	Germany
		Harman Hungary Financing Ltd.	Hungary
		Harman Connected Services OOO	Russian Fed.
		Harman Professional Kft	Hungary
		Harman Consumer Nederland B.V.	Netherlands
		Red Bend Ltd.	Israel
		Harman International Industries Limited	United Kingdom
		AKG Acoustics Gmbh	Austria
		Harman Audio Iberia Espana Sociedad Limitada	Spain
		Harman Holding Limited	Hong Kong
		Harman Finland Oy	Finland
		Harman Connected Services GmbH	Germany
		Harman Connected Services Poland Sp.zoo	Poland
		Harman Connected Services Solutions (Chengdu) Co., Ltd.	China
		Harman Automotive UK Limited	United Kingdom
		Harman International Industries PTY Ltd.	Australia
		Harman Connected Services Morocco	Могоссо
		Samsung Electronics Switzerland GmbH	Switzerland
		Samsung Electronics Romania LLC	Romania
		Zhilabs, S.L.	Spain
		Porta Nuova Varesine Building 2 S.r.I.	Italy
		Samsung Electronics Poland Manufacturing SP.Zo.o	Poland
		Samsung Electronics Greece S.M.S.A	Greece
		Samsung Electronics Air Conditioner Europe B.V.	Netherlands
		FOODIENT LTD.	United Kingdom
		Samsung Denmark Research Center ApS	Denmark
		Samsung Cambridge Solution Centre Limited	United Kingdom
		iMarket Asia Co., Ltd.	Hong Kong
		Samsung Electronics Japan Co., Ltd.	Japan
		Samsung Electronics Singapore Pte. Ltd.	Singapore
		Samsung Electronics New Zealand Limited	New Zealand
		Samsung Electronics Philippines Corporation	Philippines
		Samsung R&D Institute BanglaDesh Limited	Bangladesh
		Samsung Electronics Vietnam Co., Ltd.	Vietnam
		Samsung Electronics Vietnam THAINGUYEN Co., Ltd.	Vietnam
		Samsung Electronics HCMC CE Complex Co., Ltd.	Vietnam
		Samsung Nepal Services Pvt, Ltd	Nepal
		PT Samsung Telecommunications Indonesia	Indonesia
		Laos Samsung Electronics Sole Co., Ltd	Laos
		Samsung Suzhou Electronics Export Co., Ltd.	China
		Samsung Mobile R&D Center China-Guangzhou	China
		Samsung R&D Institute China-Shenzhen	China
		Beijing Samsung Telecom R&D Center	China
		Samsung Electronics China R&D Center	China
		Harman (Suzhou) Audio and Infotainment Systems Co., Ltd.	China
		Harman Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	China
		Harman (China) Technologies Co., Ltd.	China
		Harman Commercial (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	China

Listing	No. of affiliates	Name of affiliates	Country
		Harman International (China) Holdings Co., Ltd.	China
		Harman Automotive Electronic Systems (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.	China
		Red Bend Software Ltd.	United Kingdom
		Samsung Electronics Latinoamerica Miami, Inc.	USA
		Samsung Electronica Colombia S.A.	Colombia
		Samsung Electronics Panama. S.A.	Panama
		Samsung SDI Japan Co., Ltd.	Japan
		Samsung SDI America, Inc.	USA
		Samsung SDI Hungary., Zrt.	Hungary
		Samsung SDI Europe GmbH	Germany
		Samsung SDI Battery Systems GmbH	Austria
		Samsung SDI Vietnam Co., Ltd.	Vietnam
		Samsung SDI Energy Malaysia Sdn, Bhd.	Malaysia
		Samsung SDI India Private Limited	India
		Samsung SDI(Hong Kong) Ltd.	Hong Kong
		Samsung SDI China Co., Ltd.	China
		Samsung SDI-ARN (Xi'An) Power Battery Co., Ltd.	China
		Samsung SDI(Tianjin)Battery Co.,Ltd.	China
		SAMSUNG SDI WUXI CO.,LTD.	China
		Tianjin Samsung SDI Co., Ltd.	China
		Samsung Electro-Machanics Japan Co., Ltd.	Japan
		Samsung Electro-Mechanics America, Inc.	USA
		Samsung Electro-Mechanics GmbH	Germany
		Samsung Electro-Mechanics(Thailand) Co., Ltd.	Thailand
		Samsung Electro-Mechanics Philippines, Corp.	Philippines
		Calamba Premier Realty Corporation	Philippines
		Samsung Electro-Mechanics Pte Ltd.	Singapore
		Samsung Electro-Mechanics Vietnam Co., Ltd.	Vietnam
		Samsung Electro-Mechanics Software India Bangalore Private Limited	India
		Dongguan Samsung Electro-Mechanics Co., Ltd.	China
		Tianjin Samsung Electro-Mechanics Co., Ltd.	China
		Samsung High-Tech Electro-Mechanics(Tianjin) Co., Ltd.	China
		Samsung Electro-Mechanics (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	China
		Kunshan Samsung Electro-Mechanics Co., Ltd.	China
		Batino Realty Corporation	Philippines
		Samsung Fire & Marine Management Corporation	USA
		SAMSUNG FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY OF EUROPE LTD.	United Kingdom
		PT. Asuransi Samsung Tugu	Indonesia
		SAMSUNG VINA INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED	Vietnam
		Samsung Reinsurance Pte. Ltd.	Singapore
		Samsung Property & Casualty Insurance Company(China), Ltd	China
		Samsung Fire & Marine Insurance Management Middle East Limited	Utd.Arab Emir.
		Camellia Consulting Corporation	USA
		Samsung Heavy Industries India Pvt.Ltd.	India
		SAMSUNG HEAVY INDUSTRIES (M) SDN.BHD	Malaysia
		Samsung Heavy Industries(Ningbo) Co., Ltd	China
		Samsung Heavy Industries(Rongcheng) Co., Ltd	China
		Rongcheng Gaya Heavy Industries Co., Ltd	China

Listing	No. of affiliates	Name of affiliates	Country
		SAMSUNG HEAVY INDUSTRIES NIGERIA LIMITED	Nigeria
		Samsung Heavy Industries Mozambique LDA	Mozambique
		Samsung Heavy Industries Rus LLC	Russian Fed.
		SHI - MCI FZE	Nigeria
		THAI SAMSUNG LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD.	Thailand
		Beijing Samsung Real Estate Co Ltd	China
		Samsung Asset Management (New York), Inc.	USA
		Samsung Global SME Private Equity Manager Fund Co., Ltd.	Cayman Islands
		Samsung Asset Management(London) Ltd.	United Kingdom
		Samsung Private Equity Manager I Co., Ltd.	Cayman Islands
		Samsung Asset Management (Hong Kong) Ltd.	Hong Kong
		Samsung Asset Management (Beijing) Ltd.	China
		Samsung C&T Japan Corporation	Japan
		Samsung C&T America Inc.	USA
		Samsung E&C America, INC.	USA
		Samsung Renewable Energy Inc.	Canada
		Samsung C&T Oil & Gas Parallel Corp.	USA
		Samsung C&T Lima S.A.C.	Peru
		Samsung C&T Deutschland GmbH	Germany
		Samsung C&T U.K. Ltd.	United Kingdom
		Samsung C&T ECUK Limited	United Kingdom
		Whessoe engineering Limited	United Kingdom
		SAM investment Manzanilo.B.V	Netherlands
		Samsung C&T (KL) Sdn.,Bhd.	Malaysia
		Samsung C&T Malaysia SDN. BHD	Malaysia
		Erdsam Co., Ltd.	Hong Kong
		Samsung C&T India Private Limited	India
		Samsung C&T Corporation India Private Limited	India
		Samsung C&T Singapore Pte., Ltd.	Singapore
		SAMSUNG C&T Mongolia LLC.	Mongolia
		Samsung C&T Eng.&Const. Mongolia LLC.	Mongolia
		S&WOO CONSTRUCTION PHILIPPINES, INC.	Philippines
		VSSC STEEL CENTER LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY	Vietnam
		Vista Contracting and Investment Global Pte. Ltd.	Singapore
		CHEIL HOLDING INC.	Philippines
		Samsung C&T Hongkong Ltd.	Hong Kong
		Samsung C&T Taiwan Co., Ltd.	Taiwan
		SAMSUNG C&T (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD.	China
		Samsung C&T (Xi'an) Co., Ltd.	China
		SAMSUNG C&T CORPORATION SAUDI ARABIA	Saudi Arabia
		SAM Gulf Investment Limited	Utd.Arab Emir.
		Samsung C&T Chile Copper SpA	Chile
		SCNT Power Kelar Inversiones Limitada	Chile
		Samsung C&T Corporation Rus LLC	Russian Fed.
		Cheil Industries Corp., USA	USA
		CHEIL INDUSTRIES ITALY SRL	Italy
		Samsung Fashion Trading Co. ,Ltd	China
		SAMSUNG C&T CORPORATION VIETNAM CO., LTD	Vietnam

Listing	No. of affiliates	Name of affiliates	Country
		Samsung C&T Corporation UEM Construction JV Sdn Bhd	Malaysia
		WELSTORY VIETNAM COMPANY LIMITED	Vietnam
		Shanghai Ever-Hongjun Business Mgt Service Co.,LTD	China
		Shanghai Welstory Food Company Limited	China
		LANGUAGE TESTING INTERNATIONAL, INC.	USA
		PENGTAI CHINA CO.,LTD.	China
		PengTai Taiwan Co., Ltd.	Taiwan
		PENGTAI E-COMMERCE CO.,LTD	China
		PENGTAI MARKETING SERVICE CO., LTD.	China
		Medialytics Inc.	China
		Beijing Pengtai Baozun E-commerce Co., Ltd.	China
		iMarket China Co., Ltd.	China
		Samsung Securities (America), Inc.	USA
		Samsung Securities (Europe) Limited.	United Kingdom
		Samsung Securities (Asia) Limited.	Hong Kong
		Samsung SDS America, Inc.	USA
		SAMSUNG SDS GSCL Canada., Ltd.	Canada
		Neo EXpress Transportation (NEXT) Inc.	USA
		Samsung SDS Europe, Ltd.	United Kingdom
		Samsung SDS Global SCL Hungary, Kft.	Hungary
		Samsung SDS Global SCL Slovakia, S.R.O.	Slovakia
		Samsung SDS Global SCL Poland Sp. Z.o.o.	Poland
		Samsung GSCL Sweden AB	Sweden
		Samsung SDS Global SCL France SAS	France
		Samsung SDS Global SCL Greece Societe Anonyme	Greece
		Samsung SDS Global SCL Italy S.R.L. A Socio Unico	Italy
		Samsung SDS Global Supply Chain Logistics Spain S.L.U	Spain
		Samsung SDS Global SCL Netherlands Cooperatief U.A.	Netherlands
		Samsung SDS Global SCL Germany GmbH	Germany
		Samsung SDS Global SCL Romania S.R.L	Romania
		Samsung SDS Asia Pacific Pte, Ltd.	Singapore
		Samsung Data Systems India Private Limited	India
		Samsung SDS Vietnam Co., Ltd.	Vietnam
		PT. Samsung SDS Global SCL Indonesia	Indonesia
		Samsung SDS Global SCL Philippines Co., Ltd.Inc.	Philippines
		Samsung SDS Global SCL Thailand Co.,Ltd	Thailand
		Samsung SDS Global SCL Malaysia SDN.BHD.	Malaysia
		SAMSUNG SDS Global SCL Austraila Pty.,Ltd.	Australia
		SDS-ACUTECH CO., Ltd.	Thailand
		ALS SDS Joint Stock Company	Vietnam
		SDS-MP Logistics Joint Stock Company	Vietnam
		Samsung SDS China Co., Ltd.	China
		Samsung SDS Global SCL Hong Kong Co., Ltd.	Hong Kong
		SAMSUNG SDS Global SCL Egypt	Egypt
		Samsung SDS Global SCL South Africa (PTY) Ltd.	South Africa
		Samsung SDS Global SCL Nakliyat ve Lojistik Anonim Sirketi	Turkey
		Samsung SDS Global Supply Chain Logistics Middle East DWC-LLC	Utd.Arab Emir.
		Samsung SDS Latin America Solucoes Em Tecnologia Ltda.	Brazil

Listing	No. of affiliates	Name of affiliates	Country
		INTE-SDS Logistics S.A. de C.V.	Mexico
		Samsung SDS Rus Limited Liability Company	Russian Fed.
		MIRACOM INC ASIA PACIFIC LIMITED	Hong Kong
		Samsung SDS Mexico, S.A. DE C.V.	Mexico
		Samsung SDS Global SCL Panama S. A.	Panama
		Samsung SDS Global SCL Chile Limitada	Chile
		Samsung SDS Global SCL Peru S.A.C.	Peru
		Samsung SDS Global SCL Colombia S.A.S.	Colombia
		Samsung SDS Global Development Center Xi'an	China
		Samsung SDS Global SCL Beijing Co., Ltd	China
		Samsung Engineering America Inc.	USA
		Samsung Engineering Hungary Ltd.	Hungary
		Samsung Engineering Italy S.R.L.	Italy
		Samsung Engineering (Malaysia) SDN. BHD.	Malaysia
		PT Samsung Engineering Indonesia Co., Ltd.	Indonesia
		Samsung Engineering (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	Thailand
		Samsung Engineering India Private Limited	India
		Samsung Engineering Vietnam Co., Ltd.	Vietnam
		Samsung Engineering Construction(Shanghai) Co., Ltd	China
		Samsung Engineering Construction Xi' an Co., Ltd.	China
		Samsung Saudi Arabia Co., Ltd.	Saudi Arabia
		Muharraq Wastewater Services Company W.L.L.	Bahrain
		Muharraq STP Company B.S.C.	Bahrain
		Muharraq Holding Company 1 Ltd.	Utd.Arab Emir.
		Samsung Ingenieria Mexico Construccion Y Operacion S.A. De C.V.	Mexico
		Samsung Engineering Trinidad Co., Ltd.	Trinidad,Tobago
		Samsung Ingenieria Manzanillo, S.A. De C.V.	Mexico
		Grupo Samsung Ingenieria Mexico, S.A. De C.V.	Mexico
		Samsung Ingenieria Energia S.A. De C.V.	Mexico
		Samsung Engineering Bolivia S.A	Bolivia
		Samsung Ingenieria DUBA S.A. de C.V.	Mexico
		Samsung Engineering Kazakhstan L.L.P.	Kazakhstan
		SEA Construction, LLC	USA
		SEA Louisiana Construction, L.L.C.	USA
		Samsung EPC Company Ltd.	Saudi Arabia
		Muharraq Holding Company 2 Ltd.	Utd.Arab Emir.
		Asociados Constructores DBNR, S.A. de C.V.	Mexico
		S-1 CORPORATION HUNGARY LLC	Hungary
		S-1 CORPORATION VIETNAM CO., LTD	Vietnam
		Samsung Beijing Security Systems	China
		PENGTAI INTERACTIVE ADVERTISING CO., LTD	China
		Cheil USA Inc.	USA
		Cheil Central America Inc.	USA
		Iris Worldwide Holdings Limited	United Kingdom
		CHEIL EUROPE LIMITED	United Kingdom
		Cheil Germany GmbH	Germany
		Cheil France SAS	France
		CHEIL SPAIN S.L	Spain

Listing	No. of affiliates	Name of affiliates	Country
		Cheil Benelux B.V.	Netherlands
		Cheil Nordic AB	Sweden
		Cheil India Private Limited	India
		Cheil (Thailand) Ltd.	Thailand
		Cheil Singapore Pte. Ltd.	Singapore
		CHEIL VIETNAM COMPANY LIMITED	Vietnam
		Cheil Integrated Marketing Philippines, Inc.	Philippines
		CHEIL MALAYSIA SDN. BHD.	Malaysia
		Cheil New Zealand Limited	New Zealand
		CHEIL CHINA	China
		Cheil Hong Kong Ltd.	Hong Kong
		Caishu (Shanghai) Business Consulting Co., Ltd	China
		Cheil MEA FZ-LLC	Utd.Arab Emir.
		Cheil South Africa (Pty) Ltd	South Africa
		CHEIL KENYA LIMITED	Kenya
		Cheil Communications Nigeria Ltd.	Nigeria
		Cheil Worldwide Inc./Jordan LLC.	Jordan
		Cheil Ghana Limited	Ghana
		Cheil Egypt LLC	Egypt
		Cheil Brasil Comunicacoes Ltda.	Brazil
		Cheil Mexico, S.A. de C.V.	Mexico
		Cheil Chile SpA.	Chile
		Cheil Peru S.A.C.	Peru
		CHEIL ARGENTINA S.A.	Argentina
		Cheil Rus LLC	Russian Fed.
		Cheil Ukraine LLC	Ukraine
		Cheil Kazakhstan LLC	Kazakhstan
		Samsung Hospitality America Inc.	USA
		Shilla Travel Retail Pte. Ltd.	Singapore
		Samsung Shilla Business Service Beijing Co., Ltd.	China
		Shilla Travel Retail Hong Kong Limited	Hong Kong
		Shilla Travel Retail Taiwan Limited	Taiwan
		HDC SHILLA (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD	China
		Samsung Hospitality U.K. Inc.	United Kingdom
		Samsung Hospitality Europe GmbH	Germany
		SAMSUNG HOSPITALITY ROMANIA SRL	Romania
		Samsung Hospitality Vietnam Co., Ltd.	Vietnam
		Samsung Hospitality Philippines Inc.	Philippines
		Samsung Hospitality India Private Limited	India
		Samsung Venture Investment (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	China
		Iris (USA) Inc.	USA
		Iris Atlanta, Inc.	USA
		Iris Experience, Inc.	USA
		Iris Latin America, Inc.	USA
		Iris Worldwide San Diego, Inc.	USA
		89 Degrees, Inc.	USA
		Irisnation Latina No.2, S. de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico
		Irisnation Latina, S. de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico

Listing	No. of affiliates	Name of affiliates	Country
		Pricing Solutions Ltd	Canada
		The Barbarian Group LLC	USA
		McKinney Ventures LLC	USA
		Iris Nation Worldwide Limited	United Kingdom
		Iris Americas, Inc.	USA
		Iris Canada Holdings Ltd	Canada
		Iris London Limited	United Kingdom
		Iris Promotional Marketing Ltd	United Kingdom
		Iris Ventures 1 Limited	United Kingdom
		Founded Partners Limited	United Kingdom
		Iris Products (Worldwide) Limited	United Kingdom
		Iris Korea Limited	United Kingdom
		Iris Digital Limited	United Kingdom
		Iris Amsterdam B.V.	Netherlands
		Iris Ventures (Worldwide) Limited	United Kingdom
		Iris Culture Limited	United Kingdom
		Concise Consultants Limited	United Kingdom
		Atom42 Ltd	United Kingdom
		WDMP Limited	United Kingdom
		Pricing Solutions (UK) Limited	United Kingdom
		Iris Services Limited Dooel Skopje	Macedonia
		Irisnation Singapore Pte. Itd.	Singapore
		Iris Worldwide Integrated Marketing Private Limited	India
		Iris Sydney PTY Ltd	Australia
		Iris Worldwide (Thailand) Limited	Thailand
		Iris Beijing Advertising Company Limited	China
		Iris Partners LLP	United Kingdom
		Holdings BR185 Limited	Brit.Virgin Is.
		Iris Germany GmbH	Germany
		Founded, Inc.	USA
		Pepper NA, Inc.	USA
		Pepper Technologies Pte. Ltd.	Singapore
		Beattie McGuinness Bungay Limited	United Kingdom
		Cheil Italia S.r.l	Italy
		Cheil Austria GmbH	Austria
		Centrade Integrated SRL	Romania
		Centrade Cheil HU Kft.	Hungary
		Centrade Cheil Adriatic D.O.O.	Serbia/Monten.
		Experience Commerce Software Private Limited	India
		Pengtai Greater China Company Limited	Hong Kong
		PT. CHEIL WORLDWIDE INDONESIA	Indonesia
		Cheil Philippines Inc.	Philippines
		Shilla Retail Plus Pte. Ltd.	Singapore
		Tianjin Samsung International Travel Service Co., Ltd	China
		Shilla Retail Limited	Macau
		Shilla Travel Retail Duty Free HK Limited	Hong Kong
		One Agency FZ-LLC	Utd.Arab Emir.
		One RX Project Management Design and Production Limited Company	Turkey

Listing	No. of affiliates	Name of affiliates	Country
		One RX India Private Limited	India
		ONE RX INTERIOR DECORATION L.L.C	Utd.Arab Emir.
		ONE AGENCY PRINTING L.L.C	Utd.Arab Emir.
		One Agency South Africa (Pty) Ltd	South Africa
		Brazil 185 Participacoes Ltda	Brazil
		Iris Router Marketing Ltda	Brazil

3. Equity investments in other corporations (detailed)

The total book value of equity investments in other corporations as of December 31, 2021 is KRW 57,890 billion (for the purpose of management participation, etc.).

[As of December 31, 2021]

(1,000 shares, KRW million, %)

Listing	Listing Name of Company		Objective	Acquisition	В	eginning Bal	ance	Inc	crease/Decre	ase	E	Ending Bala	nce	Current Financial Stats	
Listing	Name of Company	Date	Objective	Cost	Ċ,	Owner	Book	Acquisitio	n/Disposal			Owner	5	-	Net
					Qty	ship (%)	Value	Qty	Amount	Valuation	Qty	ship (%)	Book Value	Total Asset	Income (Loss)
Listed	Samsung Electro- Mechanics	1977.01	Management Participation	250	17,693	23.7	445,244	-	-	-	17,693	23.7	445,244	9,957,485	917,737
Listed	Samsung SDI	1977.01	Management Participation	304	13,463	19.6	1,242,605	-	-	-	13,463	19.6	1,242,605	25,833,193	1,250,402
Listed	Samsung Heavy Industries	1977.09	Management Participation	125	100,693	16.0	708,882	33,334	196,670	-145,617	134,027	15.2	759,935	12,138,596	-1,452,070
Listed	Hotel Shilla	1979.12	Management Participation	252	2,005	5.1	164,988	-	-	-8,620	2,005	5.1	156,368	2,656,450	27,065
Listed	Cheil Worldwide	1988.09	Management Participation	185	29,038	25.2	491,599	-	-	-	29,038	25.2	491,599	2,572,977	168,144
Listed	Samsung SDS	1992.07	Management Participation	6,160	17,472	22.6	560,827	-	-	-	17,472	22.6	560,827	10,517,432	633,381
Listed	Samsung BioLogics	2011.04	Management Participation	30,000	20,837	31.5	443,193	-	-	-	20,837	31.5	443,193	7,967,751	396,856
Unlisted	Samsung Display	2012.04	Management Participation	16,009,547	221,969	84.8	18,509,307	-	-	-	221,969	84.8	18,509,307	54,967,156	2,770,060
Unlisted	STECO	1995.06	Management Participation	24,000	2,590	70.0	35,861	-	-	-	2,590	70.0	35,861	153,976	9,630
Unlisted	SEMES	1992.12	Management Participation	1,000	2,173	91.5	71,906	-	-	-	2,173	91.5	71,906	1,931,476	264,309
Unlisted	Samsung Electronics Service	1998.01	Management Participation	30,000	6,000	99.3	48,121	-	-	-	6,000	99.3	48,121	553,466	10,060
Unlisted	Samsung Electronics Sales	2000.12	Management Participation	3,100	1,767	100.0	247,523	-	-	-	1,767	100.0	247,523	1,374,619	7,448
Unlisted	Samsung Electronics Logitech	1999.04	Management Participation	76	1,011	100.0	46,669	-	-	-	1,011	100.0	46,669	386,841	6,076
Unlisted	Samsung Medison	2011.02	Management Participation	286,384	87,350	68.5	302,283	-	-	66,886	87,350	68.5	369,169	451,830	58,928
Unlisted	Samsung Global Research	1991.05	Management Participation	320	3,576	29.8	24,942	-	-	-	3,576	29.8	24,942	174,402	164
Unlisted	Samsung Venture Investment	1999.11	Management Participation	4,900	980	16.3	22,060	-	-	138	980	16.3	22,198	186,149	39,250
Unlisted	SVIC #21	2011.11	Management Participation	19,800	1	99.0	80,888	-1	-75,181	-	0	99.0	5,707	123,575	98,824
Unlisted	SVIC #22	2011.11	Management Participation	19,800	1	99.0	93,624	-0	-18,166	-	1	99.0	75,458	93,345	30,312

	Listing Name of Company			Acquisition	В	eginning Bala	ance	Inc	crease/Decre	ase	E	Ending Bala	ince	Current Fina	ancial Stats
Listing	Name of Company	Acquisition Date	Objective	Acquisition Cost		Owner	Book	Acquisitio	n/Disposal			Owner			Net
					Qty	ship (%)	Value	Qty	Amount	Valuation	Qty	ship (%)	Book Value	Total Asset	Income (Loss)
Unlisted	SVIC #26	2014.11	Management Participation	19,800	2	99.0	98,577	-0	-2,134	-	2	99.0	96,443	81,623	-435
Unlisted	SVIC #27	2014.09	Management Participation	5,940	0	99.0	43,785	-0	-43,785	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unlisted	SVIC #28	2015.02	Management Participation	7,425	2	99.0	168,980	-1	-99,270	-	1	99.0	69,710	498,438	231,970
Unlisted	SVIC #32	2016.08	Management Participation	19,800	2	99.0	182,606	-0	-11,465	-	2	99.0	171,141	355,271	75,710
Unlisted	SVIC #33	2016.11	Management Participation	4,950	2	99.0	173,307	-0	-6,333	-	2	99.0	166,974	396,087	60,496
Unlisted	SVIC #42	2018.11	Management Participation	4,950	0	99.0	11,048	0	7,609	-	0	99.0	18,657	15,429	-741
Unlisted	SVIC #45	2019.05	Management Participation	19,800	1	99.0	113,417	1	59,625	-	2	99.0	173,042	169,143	7,121
Unlisted	SVIC #52	2021.05	Management Participation	9,900	-	-	-	0	9,900	-	0	99.0	9,900	9,102	-1,532
Unlisted	SVIC #56	2021.11	Management Participation	22,084	-	-	-	0	22,084	-	0	99.0	22,084	22,404	-112
Unlisted	Semiconductor Growth Fund	2017.03	Management Participation	500	50,000, 000	66.7	50,000	-	-	-	50,000 000	66.7	50,000	74,436	-646
Unlisted	System LSI Mutual benefit private equity trust	2020.04	Management Participation	25,000	25,000, 000	62.5	25,000	25,000, 000	25,000	-	50,000, 000	62.5	50,000	79,710	-330
Listed	iMarket Korea	2000.12	Management Participation	1,900	647	1.8	5,658	-	-	1,268	647	1.9	6,926	1,120,160	44,499
Listed	KT Skylife	2001.12	Simple Investment	3,344	240	0.5	2,114	-	-	80	240	0.5	2,194	1,275,645	62,309
Listed	Yongpyong Resort	2007.05	Simple Investment	1,869	400	0.8	1,702	-	-	256	400	0.8	1,958	911,905	-17,562
Listed	ATech Solution	2009.11	Simple Investment	26,348	1,592	15.9	19,263	-	-	6,925	1,592	15.9	26,188	199,851	5,464
Listed	Wonik Holdings	2013.12	Management Participation	15,411	1,759	2.3	11,153	-	-	-2,392	1,759	2.3	8,761	1,946,027	148,039
Listed	Wonik IPS	2016.04	Management Participation	16,214	1,851	3.8	81,904	-	-	-3,609	1,851	3.8	78,295	1,167,586	145,117
Listed	Dongjin Semichem	2017.11	Management Participation	48,277	2,468	4.8	90,078	-	-	35,785	2,468	4.8	125,863	1,186,189	102,879
Listed	Soulbrain Holdings	2017.11	Management Participation	30,752	462	2.2	20,825	-	-	-4,849	462	2.2	15,976	1,339,378	1,444,437
Listed	Soulbrain	2020.07	Management Participation	24,866	373	4.8	101,668	-	-	2,315	373	4.8	103,983	717,745	64,883
Listed	S&S Tech	2020.08	Management Participation	65,933	1,716	8.0	74,651	-	-	-11,498	1,716	8.0	63,153	197,438	11,499
Listed	YIK Corp	2020.08	Management Participation	47,336	9,602	11.9	60,010	-	-	-480	9,602	11.7	59,530	467,841	51,189

	Listing Name of Company			Acquisition	В	eginning Bala	ance	Inc	crease/Decre	ase	E	Ending Bala	ince	Current Fina	ancial Stats
Listing	Name of Company	Acquisition Date	Objective	Cost		Owner	Book	Acquisitio	n/Disposal			Owner			Net
					Qty	ship (%)	Value	Qty	Amount	Valuation	Qty	ship (%)	Book Value	Total Asset	Income (Loss)
Listed	KCTech	2020.11	Management Participation	20,720	1,022	4.9	31,433	-	-	-6,849	1,022	4.9	24,584	452,895	42,011
Listed	lotvacuum	2020.11	Management Participation	18,990	1,268	7.7	24,086	-	-	-2,282	1,268	7.1	21,804	266,645	19,187
Listed	NEW POWER PLASMA	2020.11	Management Participation	12,739	2,141	4.9	14,109	-	-	-386	2,141	4.9	13,723	477,500	28,000
Listed	FineSemitech	2021.03	Management Participation	43,009	-	-	-	1,523	43,009	-4,402	1,523	7.0	38,607	343,722	28,700
Listed	DNF	2021.08	Management Participation	20,964	-	-	-	810	20,964	-2,455	810	7.0	18,509	190,023	10,306
Listed	Marvell	2021.10	Simple Investment	11,705	-	-	-	173	11,705	6,258	173	-	17,963	26,103,337	-488,761
Unlisted	The Korea Economic Daily	1987.05	Simple Investment	150	72	0.4	365	-	-	-	72	0.4	365	441,164	41,109
Unlisted	Korea Business Banking	1995.01	Simple Investment	5,000	1,000	17.2	3,040	-	-	-76	1,000	17.2	2,964	85,896	1,150
Unlisted	Cyber Bank	2000.12	Simple Investment	8,000	1,083	7.5	-	-	-	-	1,083	7.5	-	-	-
Unlisted	FineChips	2001.12	Simple Investment	10	2	3.2	10	-	-	-	2	3.2	10	12,090	1,187
Unlisted	Inkel	2006.11	Simple Investment	130	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	60,103	-1,142
Unlisted	Intellectual Discovery	2011.05	Simple Investment	5,000	357	10.7	1,922	-	-	-	357	10.7	1,922	61,020	9,249
Unlisted	Maltani Corp.	2012.04	Simple Investment	16,544	45	15.0	9,121	-	-	-296	45	15.0	8,825	66,859	-1,581
Unlisted	Pantech	2013.06	Simple Investment	53,000	53,000	10.0	-	-	-	-	53,000	10.0	-	43,812	-16,267
Unlisted	AI Research Institute	2016.07	Simple Investment	3,000	600	14.3	3,000	-	-	-	600	14.3	3,000	9,040	-3,519
Unlisted	Mico Ceramics	2020.11	Management Participation	21,667	747	15.7	21,667	-	-	2,969	747	13.7	24,636	143,870	9,419
Unlisted	Shinsung Eng & Construction	2010.07	Simple Investment	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	165,328	3,411
Unlisted	Woobang	2010.07	Simple Investment	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	603,062	56,443
Unlisted	Sambo Computer	2012.09	Simple Investment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	58,956	2,112
Unlisted	Daewoo Development	2012.12	Simple Investment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	333,750	12,414
Unlisted	Daewoo Songdo Development	2012.12	Simple Investment	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	19,369	-350
Unlisted	Zyle Motor Sales	2012.12	Simple Investment	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	350,007	5,097

l intin a	Norre of Company	Acquisition	Ohioatius	Acquisition	В	eginning Bal	ance	Inc	crease/Decre	ease	E	Ending Bala	ince	Current Financial Stats	
Listing	Name of Company	Date	Objective	Cost	Qty	Owner ship (%)	Book Value	Acquisitio Qty	n/Disposal Amount	Valuation	Qty	Owner ship (%)	Book Value	Total Asset	Net Income (Loss)
Unlisted	Sungwon Construction	2014.04	Simple Investment	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	27,744	-627
Unlisted	Inhee	2014.04	Simple Investment	-	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	0.1	-	2,232	-128
Unlisted	Point Anybeam	2019.12	Simple Investment	61	12	3.5	61	-	-	-	12	3.5	61	1,392	133
Unlisted	JNT	2011.02	Simple Investment	1,800	-	24.0	1,758	-	-	-	-	24.0	1,758	3,501	-2
Unlisted	Daishin Aju IB	2011.08	Simple Investment	258	-	3.0	681	-	-423	-	-	3.0	258	5,120	6,250
Unlisted	TS	2011.11	Simple Investment	1,700	-	20.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unlisted	L&S	2012.07	Simple Investment	848	-	7.5	309	-	-308	-	-	7.5	1	53,924	-967
Unlisted	KTCNP-GC	2013.12	Simple Investment	960	-	3.6	1,816	-	-	-	-	3.6	1,816	82,189	-15,438
Unlisted	POSCO Social Enterprise Fund	2013.12	Simple Investment	600	-	10.0	240	-	-180	-	-	10.0	60	726	324
Unlisted	SEA	1978.07	Management Participation	59,362	492	100.0	17,166,557	-	-	-	492	100.0	17,166,557	42,982,054	823,914
Unlisted	SECA	1992.08	Management Participation	3,823	-	100.0	90,922	-	-	-	-	100.0	90,922	1,861,549	9,679
Unlisted	SEDA	1994.01	Management Participation	13,224	77,205, 709	87.0	647,620	-	-	-	77,205, 709	87.0	647,620	4,589,505	490,202
Unlisted	SEM	1995.07	Management Participation	3,032	3,837	63.6	165,638	-	-	-	3,837	63.6	165,638	1,417,629	74,731
Unlisted	SELA	1989.04	Management Participation	319	40	100.0	86,962	-	-	-	40	100.0	86,962	687,592	30,921
Unlisted	SEASA	1996.06	Management Participation	4,696	21,854	98.0	6,779	-	-	-	21,854	98.0	6,779	72,793	8,097
Unlisted	SECH	2002.12	Management Participation	597	-	4.1	597	-	-	-	-	4.1	597	737,184	69,566
Unlisted	SEUK	1995.07	Management Participation	33,908	109,546	100.0	433,202	-	-	-	109,546	100.0	433,202	2,925,062	241,403
Unlisted	SEL	1998.12	Management Participation	8,280	4,393	100.0	-	-	-	-	4,393	100.0	-	7,030	-
Unlisted	SEHG	1982.02	Management Participation	28,042	-	100.0	354,846	-	-	-	-	100.0	354,846	395,130	113,378
Unlisted	SEF	1991.08	Management Participation	230	2,700	100.0	234,115	-	-	-	2,700	100.0	234,115	1,727,313	73,640
Unlisted	SEI	1993.05	Management Participation	862	677	100.0	143,181	-	-	-	677	100.0	143,181	1,477,767	55,657
Unlisted	SESA	1989.01	Management Participation	3,276	8,021	100.0	142,091	-	-	-	8,021	100.0	142,091	1,208,209	46,703

Listing	Listing Name of Company		Objective	Acquisition	В	eginning Bala	ance	Inc	crease/Decre	ease	I	Ending Bala	nce	Current Financial Stats	
Listing	Name of Company	Date	Objective	Cost	Qty	Owner ship (%)	Book Value	Acquisitio Qty	on/Disposal Amount	Valuation	Qty	Owner ship (%)	Book Value	Total Asset	Net Income (Loss)
Unlisted	SEP	1982.09	Management Participation	204	1,751	100.0	37,616	-	-	-	1,751	100.0	37,616	271,224	7,183
Unlisted	SEH	1991.05	Management Participation	1,954	753	100.0	650,157	-	-	-	753	100.0	650,157	2,504,075	157,616
Unlisted	SELS	1991.05	Management Participation	18,314	1,306	100.0	24,288	-	-	-	1,306	100.0	24,288	2,305,275	13,943
Unlisted	SEBN	1995.07	Management Participation	236	539,138	100.0	914,751	-	-	-	539,138	100.0	914,751	2,612,357	284,816
Unlisted	SEEH	2008.01	Management Participation	4,214	-	100.0	1,369,992	-	-	-	-	100.0	1,369,992	14,651,496	24,527
Unlisted	SENA	1992.03	Management Participation	392	1,000	100.0	69,372	-	-	-	1,000	100.0	69,372	1,408,535	43,962
Unlisted	SESK	2002.06	Management Participation	8,976	-	55.7	263,767	-	-	-	-	55.7	263,767	1,644,977	77,453
Unlisted	SEPOL	1996.04	Management Participation	5,462	106	100.0	78,267	-	-	-	106	100.0	78,267	1,141,465	61,622
Unlisted	SEAG	2002.01	Management Participation	40	-	100.0	32,162	-	-	-	-	100.0	32,162	536,140	22,163
Unlisted	SERC	2006.01	Management Participation	24,877	-	100.0	188,290	-	-	-	-	100.0	188,290	1,714,693	93,530
Unlisted	SERK	2007.07	Management Participation	4,600	-	100.0	204,555	-	-	-	-	100.0	204,555	1,338,993	77,697
Unlisted	SEO	1997.01	Management Participation	120	-	100.0	-10,043	-	-	-	-	100.0	-10,043	1,863	-166
Unlisted	SGE	1995.05	Management Participation	827	-	100.0	32,836	-	-	-	-	100.0	32,836	1,776,336	30,755
Unlisted	SEEG	2012.07	Management Participation	23	-	0.1	39	-	-	-	-	0.1	39	946,599	56,203
Unlisted	SSA	1998.12	Management Participation	263	2,000	100.0	32,622	-	-	-	2,000	100.0	32,622	500,605	37,741
Unlisted	SAPL	2006.07	Management Participation	793	877,133	100.0	981,483	-	-	-	877,133	100.0	981,483	669,485	20,355
Unlisted	SME	2003.05	Management Participation	4,796	17,100	100.0	7,644	-	-	-	17,100	100.0	7,644	625,662	19,314
Unlisted	SDMA	1995.03	Management Participation	21,876	71,400	75.0	18,741	-	-	-	71,400	75.0	18,741	24,681	-716
Unlisted	SEMA	1989.09	Management Participation	4,378	16,247	100.0	103,402	-	-	-	16,247	100.0	103,402	263,523	19,651
Unlisted	SAVINA	1995.01	Management Participation	5,839	-	100.0	28,365	-	-	-	-	100.0	28,365	105,109	26,857
Unlisted	SEIN	1991.08	Management Participation	7,463	46	100.0	118,909	-	-	-	46	100.0	118,909	1,139,901	48,291
Unlisted	TSE	1988.01	Management Participation	1,390	11,020	91.8	279,163	-	-	-	11,020	91.8	279,163	3,018,358	142,191

Listing	Name of Company	Acquisition	Objective	Acquisition	В	eginning Bal	ance	Inc	crease/Decre	ease	I	Ending Bala	nce	Current Financial Stats	
Listing	Name of Company	Date	Objective	Cost	Qty	Owner	Book	•	on/Disposal	Valuation	Qty	Owner	Book Value	Total Asset	Net Income
					,	ship (%)	Value	Qty	Amount		,	ship (%)			(Loss)
Unlisted	SEAU	1987.11	Management Participation	392	53,200	100.0	111,964	-	-	-	53,200	100.0	111,964	765,487	36,687
Unlisted	SIEL	1995.08	Management Participation	5,414	216,787	100.0	75,263	-	-	-	216,787	100.0	75,263	7,765,019	522,672
Unlisted	SRI-B	2005.05	Management Participation	7,358	17	100.0	31,787	-	-	-	17	100.0	31,787	477,710	52,314
Unlisted	SJC	1975.12	Management Participation	273	1,560	100.0	253,108	-	-	-	1,560	100.0	253,108	1,311,938	19,009
Unlisted	SRJ	1992.08	Management Participation	3,120	122	100.0	117,257	-	-	-	122	100.0	117,257	161,184	3,222
Unlisted	SCIC	1996.03	Management Participation	23,253	-	100.0	640,452	-	-	-	-	100.0	640,452	13,599,093	451,062
Unlisted	SEHK	1988.09	Management Participation	349	274,250	100.0	79,033	-	-	-	274,250	100.0	79,033	1,788,990	21,613
Unlisted	SET	1994.11	Management Participation	456	27,270	100.0	112,949	-	-	-	27,270	100.0	112,949	2,033,992	50,966
Unlisted	SEHZ	1992.12	Management Participation	792	-	89.6	255,535	-	-255,535	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unlisted	TSEC	1993.04	Management Participation	15,064	-	48.2	103,134	-	-	-	-	48.2	103,134	551,511	82,218
Unlisted	SSEC	1995.04	Management Participation	32,128	-	69.1	130,551	-	-	-	-	69.1	130,551	670,959	77,078
Unlisted	SESC	2002.09	Management Participation	5,471	-	73.7	34,028	-	-	-	-	73.7	34,028	147,973	14,071
Unlisted	TSTC	2001.03	Management Participation	10,813	-	90.0	260,092	-	-	-	-	90.0	260,092	654,546	8,285
Unlisted	SSET	2002.02	Management Participation	6,009	-	100.0	41,182	-	-41,182	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unlisted	SSS	2001.01	Management Participation	1,200	-	100.0	19,189	-	-	-	-	100.0	19,189	7,765,126	325,397
Unlisted	SCS	2012.09	Management Participation	111,770	-	100.0	5,275,760	-	-	-	-	100.0	5,275,760	19,049,536	1,708,832
Unlisted	SSCX	2016.04	Management Participation	1,141	-	100.0	1,141	-	-	-	-	100.0	1,141	1,154,516	46,597
Unlisted	SESS	1994.12	Management Participation	18,875	-	100.0	504,313	-	-	-	-	100.0	504,313	1,477,600	94,586
Unlisted	TSLED	2012.04	Management Participation	119,519	-	100.0	119,519	-	-	-	-	100.0	119,519	567,151	-35,518
Unlisted	SSCR	2006.09	Management Participation	3,405	-	100.0	9,332	-	-	-	-	100.0	9,332	68,955	7,843
Unlisted	TSST Japan	2004.03	Management Participation	1,639	30	49.0	-	-	-	-	30	49.0	-	237	-33
Unlisted	STE	1996.01	Management Participation	4,206	2	49.0	-	-	-	-	2	49.0	-	6,643	-

L'alla a	Listing Name of Company		Objection	Acquisition	В	eginning Bala	ance	Inc	crease/Decre	ease	E	Ending Bala	nce	Current Fina	ancial Stats
Listing	Name of Company	Acquisition Date	Objective	Cost	Qty	Owner	Book	•	n/Disposal	Valuation	Qty	Owner	Book Value	Total Asset	Net Income
						ship (%)	Value	Qty	Amount			ship (%)			(Loss)
Unlisted	Semiconductor Portal	2002.12	Simple Investment	38	-	1.2	10	-	-	-	-	1.2	10	2,041	60
Unlisted	Nanosys	2010.08	Simple Investment	4,774	1,747	1.3	2,387	253	-	-	2,000	0.8	2,387	144,024	-10,951
Unlisted	One-Blue	2011.07	Management Participation	1,766	-	16.7	1,766	-	-	-	-	16.7	1,766	21,163	564
Unlisted	TidalScale	2013.08	Simple Investment	1,112	2,882	4.3	1,112	-	-	-	2,882	4.3	1,112	6,173	-7,641
Unlisted	Sentiance	2012.12	Simple Investment	3,422	7	7.2	3,422	-	-	-	7	7.2	3,422	13,840	-2,927
Unlisted	Mantis Vision	2014.01	Simple Investment	1,594	355	2.1	1,980	-	-	-	355	2.1	1,980	31,758	-20,478
Unlisted	Leman	2014.08	Simple Investment	1,019	17	3.4	1,019	-	-	-	17	3.4	1,019	3,602	-3,363
Unlisted	Keyssa	2016.01	Simple Investment	3,332	1,235	1.9	3,332	-	-	-	1,235	1.9	3,332	6,371	-16,193
Unlisted	SensiFree	2016.01	Simple Investment	2,111	666	9.5	2,111	-	-	-	666	9.5	2,111	1,119	-1,710
Unlisted	Unispectral	2016.02	Simple Investment	1,112	2,308	7.9	2,130	-	-	-	2,308	7.9	2,130	3,357	-2,757
Unlisted	Quobyte	2016.04	Simple Investment	2,865	729	11.8	2,865	-	-	-	729	11.8	2,865	2,391	-82
Unlisted	Afero	2016.05	Simple Investment	5,685	723	5.5	5,685	-	-	-	723	5.5	5,685	59,600	-6,289
Unlisted	Graphcore	2016.06	Simple Investment	3,494	12,000	3.3	3,494	-	-	-	12,000	1.4	3,494	279,496	-148,852
Unlisted	Soundhound	2016.12	Simple Investment	7,059	306	1.1	7,059	-	-	-	306	1.1	7,059	119,637	-38,507
Unlisted	Aimotive	2017.12	Simple Investment	3,302	2	3.2	3,302	-	-	-	2	3.2	3,302	47,351	-8,200
Unlisted	Fasetto	2019.01	Simple Investment	6,701	475	5.2	12,554	-	-	-	475	5.2	12,554	4,129	-7,665
Unlisted	Innovium	2020.09	Simple Investment	11,705	987	0.9	11,705	-987	-11,705	-	-	-	-	-	-

* Based on separate financial statements

* Ownership percentage is calculated based on the number of common shares issued

* The Company measures fair value of financial instruments (equity shares) in accordance with K-IFRS. The Company annually evaluates if there is indication of impairment that investment in subsidiaries or affiliates may be impaired, and estimates the recoverable amount of assets with indication of impairment.

* Financial stats of Sungwon Construction is as of December 31 2016, financial stats of Daewoo Songdo Development is as of December 31 2017,

financial stats of Mantis Vision, Soundhound are as of December 31 2018, due to difficulties in obtaining the most recent financial data

4. R&D results (detailed)

	CE Division
Research project	Details
Visual Display	
QLED 8K TV	□ Flat QLED 8K TV (65/75/85")
February 2019–June 2020	- Blends well with walls: flat design and Infinity screen; no border between screen and bezel-a world's first.
	 Innovative form factor: metal stand which gives a floating impression
	- QLED 8K enables picture quality close to real life, high resolution via AI upscaling, True Reality picture quality in any
	given environment
	 Multi-sound channel and Object Tracking Sound+ synchronize video and sound, maximizing surround sound experience Wide range of content, multimedia experiences, and entertainment-specific functions provide convenient and colorful
	 wide range of content, multimedia experiences, and entertainment-specific functions provide convenient and colonial experiences
Neo QLED 8K	□ Ultra high-resolution, slim 8K TV based on Mini LED technology (65 • 75 • 85")
March 2021–June 2021	- Q900 (65 · 75 · 85") / Q800 (65 · 75 · 85") / Q700 (65 · 75 ")
	- QLED 8K resolution offers viewing experience as if looking at real-life objects, with enhanced contrast of sophisticated
	Mini LED
Neo QLED 4K	□ Mini LED-based products come in 3 series and up to 7 sizes (43 · 50 · 55 · 65 · 75 · 85 · 98")
March 2021-September 2021	- Q85 (55 · 65 · 75 · 85")
·	$- Q90 (43 \cdot 50 \cdot 55 \cdot 65 \cdot 75 \cdot 85 \cdot 98")$
	- Q95 (55 · 65 · 75 · 85")
	□ Slim design by adopting Mini LED, premium look with bezel-less/metal design
	 New LED with Quantum Nano-Layer Multi-Cell structure, enabling slim design, high luminance efficiency, luminance
	profile control
QLED 4K TV	□ Flat QLED 4K TV (43 · 50 · 55 · 60 · 65 · 70 · 75 · 82 · 85")
March 2021	□ Specs and features
	- Flagship QLED maximizes viewing experience with the highest picture quality within 4K (Al/brightness/viewing angle)
	and sound quality (OTS)
	- Maximizes immersive experience with the highest level of brightness contrast, free viewing angle, life-like color, and
	optimal brightness
	Optimal viewing experience by identifying user context based on voice recognition and AI technologies
UHD TV March 2021	□ Flat UHD TV (43 · 50 · 55 · 58 · 65 · 70 · 75 · 82 · 85")
March 2021	□ Specs and features
	 UHD Smart TV with slim, bezel-less design provides colors close to real-life UHD picture quality expresses picture quality of original content through Dynamic Crystal Color and Dual LED
	 Provides a multi-media screen experience, rich content, and complete smart experience via smart home experience
Lifestyle TV	□ The SERO (43")
September 2021	- Simple, modern vertical screen that rotates 360 degrees with flat-type speaker
	- Easily installed in any living space, mobile floor stand included
	□ The Frame (43 · 50 · 55 · 65 · 75 · 85")
	- Design resembles a real picture frame; completes a picture frame experience
	- Exhibit various famous paintings and pictures; adopted lifestyle design which blends in with the interior
	 Additional introduction of 85" to meet the needs for ultra-large Lifestyle products
	□ The Serif (43 • 49 • 55 • 65")
	- I-shaped serif font design; distinct from other products; works as beautiful interior design object
	- Additional introduction of 65" to expand the position of large screen products
	□ Outdoor TV (55 • 65 • 75")
	 Differentiated product tailored to a lifestyle of relaxing and enjoying entertainment outdoors The Premiere (100–130")
	 Ultra-short-throw laser projector with high-resolution, providing the best Smart UX/OTT experience in the industry
	 Complements any environment with blended design, can be placed directly in front of a wall and has an easily adjustable
	screen size.
	 Complete experience of our TV models including the differentiated picture quality and sound
Sound Bar	
March 2020	 Bar-shaped audio product well suited to TVs
	 Adopted AI solution enabling voice recognition
	 Adopted 3D surround system, creating enriching sounds close to first-hand experiences

	CE Division
Research project	Details
LCD monitor January 2021–June 2021	 Space monitor Application of integrated arm stand that minimizes space needed for the monitor Neo QLED Gaming monitor (49") Strengthened black gamut based on enhanced brightness contrast by applying Neo QLED More immersive gaming experience with 1000R curvature—the world's highest High-resolution QHD monitor (34") Offers picture solution comfortable to the eye with Intelligent Eye Care solution, etc.
	 LCD Smart monitor Enjoy VOD services without using a PC via Smart TV services (Netflix, YouTube, etc.)
Signage October 2019–June 2021	 LCD-based B2B Smart Signage (LFD, Video Wall, etc.) (49 • 55 • 65 • 75 • 85 • 98") Indoor/outdoor signage using LED All-in-one Kiosk (24"), all additional equipment embedded Payment platform for developing Tizen payment module and ordering app, antibacterial finishing Flip-edu (75 • 85") interactive feature for education
Home appliances	
Refrigerators August 2021	 Bespoke refrigerator T-Type · Kimchi · BMF · Ladder 1Door (24" R/F/Kimchi) · 18" New 1Door Customers can configure designs in many ways, easy design changes Can set up combinations of fridge/freezer/kimchi refrigerators between similar models, Kitchen Fit models available Chef Collection refrigerator High-end, premium refrigerator Premium Bespoke design and new CMF Features water & ice solution: Auto fill pitcher, auto ice maker (dual mode: cocktail Ice, standard Ice) FDSR energy efficiency grade 1 Cube refrigerator Multi Cube refrigerator: customized design and storage (different temperatures for storing wine, beer, and cosmetic products) Peltier System identifies and creates optimal temperature (between 5–18 °C) Double Glass System blocks UV and maintains the right temperature Wi-Fi Control enables real-time monitoring and control RM (Remote Management) Function: remote assessment and repair, provides information on expiration date of beverages in the fridge New TMF in North/Latin America Strengthened competitiveness and offered differentiation with large capacity (440L/480L), specialized storage compartments, and new design Flex Zone (fridge 1°C / chilled -1°C / soft freezing) & Quick Chill Smart Alarm Strengthened competitiveness with flat door & Bespoke CMF, capacity (20L more), and optimal size Dual voltage, auto ice maker, water dispenser, Big Box
Washer September 2021	 Dotat Voltage, and for the initial, watch dispersed, big box Bespoke washer & dryer Bespoke flat design that perfectly fits into your space Korea's highest capacity all-in-one Control UX design Al clothing care (Al tailored washing and drying) from washing to drying Hygiene management solution from 99.9% sterilization to dehumidification of laundry room Agitator washer Entrance to the North American market for Agitator (occupied 50% of the Top Loader market) Implementation of ActiveWave™ Agitator which enables heavy washing along with the reduction of noise, vibration, and entanglement Implementation of Active Water Jet which enables pretreating of soiled or heavily stained clothes Eco-friendly dryer with new refrigerant for Europe Eco-friendly refrigerant: applied environmentally friendly R290 to reduce GHG emissions Energy label of A+++: achieved the highest energy rating in Europe Sensor Dry: senses the degree of dryness during the drying process, capable of automatically adjusting from additional drying to ending the process Simple UX: improved product usability (delivery of detailed information on drying and customized panel setting) Hygiene Care: eliminates over 99% of three common types of harmful bacteria (Bacillus pyocyaneus, Escherichia coli, and Staphylococcus aureus)

CE Division	
Research project	Details
Air conditioner April 2021	 □ Wind-Free[™] Gallery Floor-standing (56.9 • 62.6 • 75.5 • 81.8 • 92.5 m²) - Developed next-gen wind-free platform with the highest level of energy efficiency (56.9 m² single duct model achieved energy efficiency grade 2) - Equipped with wind-free panel 1.5 times larger than previous model and strong booster wind
	Booster purification: Filter with 99.95% dust collection efficiency, Design resembling that of furniture, fits comfortably into the surroundings
	 □ Wind-Free™ Gallery Wide air conditioner (24.4 · 29.3 · 39.6 · 49.5 m²) - Secured cost competitiveness by developing new integrated QMD-based platform, strengthened product competitiveness
	 12% larger fans cools air faster Wind-free ultra-energy-efficient technology saves up to 77% on electricity
	 PM1.0 wind-free filtration system removing particles as small as ultra-fine dust Bespoke Window Fit air conditioner (17m², green/blue/pink/beige/gray) Convenient self-installation with the integrated indoor/outdoor unit
	 Strong rotational cooling with double wings which quickly circulate cold air Twin inverter compressor that enables low noise and vibration level of 37dB, as quiet as a library Up to 70% lower power consumption in silent mode
Vacuums May 2021	 Bespoke Jet stick vacuum (up to 210W suction) Embedded auto-empty dustbin, smart display of information via LCD Display Wet Brush dispenses water, thinner cotton-flannel brush
	 Det Bot AI Robot Vacuum Seamless navigation with the realization of world's best object recognition capability (up to 1 cm3) by developing Active 3D sensor and applying it—a world's first
	 Al autonomous navigation that recognizes house structure and types of objects Strong suction with jet cyclone and digital inverter motor Integrated Clean Station which automatically empties dustbin when the Jet Bot starts charging
	 More convenient cleaning with SmartThings (Al Smart Control) Bespoke slim stick vacuum
	 Up to 150W suction with a strong cyclone and digital invertor mode Self-standing, convenient emptying of the dustbin without having to bend over (Pop & Shoot) Easy cleaning without pressure on the wrist (ergonomic design)
Cooking appliances March 2021	 Bespoke Qooker Multi-cook function allows cooking multiple dishes with different heat sources, temperatures, and cooking times. Cook more than one dish and finish at the same time with Multi-cook mode Collaborated with eight food companies to apply Qooker-exclusive algorithm Easy automatic cooking with just one scan using SmartThings
Water Purifier	 Oven interior material changed from enamel to STS for more heat-efficient, sophisticated design. Water Purifier for homes
March 2021	 Modularized water purifier upgradable and customizable to customer's lifestyle; includes auto-care feature May be modularized to users' needs (ambient/cold/hot water) Smart Al care, filter received highest number of NSF certification for tankless water purifier
Clothing Care Machine	- Bespoke water purifier, customized to users' lifestyle and space □ Bespoke Air Dresser (18 • 24")
February 2019–May 2021	 Al drying and washing cycle syncing Long clothing care zone, holds 5 hangers, compared to 3 for 18" model Real-care (inner-garment care, low noise level), real purification with ultra-fine dust filter, real odor elimination with odor decomposing filter, real-sanitization with jet steam, wrinkle care, real dehumidification dehumidifies the room even with the door closed Shoe Dresser
	 Shoe Dresser Powerful odor elimination with Air Wash and UV odor decomposing filter Low temperature, delicate drying to make your everyday shoes a pleasure to wear. 99.9% sterilization with the application of a Xenon UVC disinfection system—a first for home appliances in Korea Tailored care and management of various types of shoes with Jet Shoe Tree
Air purifier December 2020	 Bespoke Cube air purifier Premium air purifier in Bespoke lineup Use one of the three specialized filters as needed: sterilization, deodorization, pet Customizable to the space, interior, and lifestyle Mountable on walls to fit the interior without compromising dust-removing function with cubic filtration feature
Air-purification ventilation system	 Air-purification ventilation system Ventilation capacity 33 m², Airflow 40–50CMH
September 2020	 Ventilates and purifies air indoors by linking ventilation system with air-purification module Individual air-purification for each separate space, circulation & wind-free purification Sensors detecting CO₂, etc. enables automatic ventilation depending on air quality change

	IM Division
Research project	Details
Mobile	
Galaxy Foldable	□ Galaxy Fold (September 2019)
September 2019-	- Creating a new market and securing market share by developing world's first in-foldable smart phone
August 2021	- 7.3" QXGA+(1,536 \times 2,152) 1.5R in-foldable display
	- Secured standard technology by developing hinge for in-foldable phones—a world's first (released Feb 2019)
	- Offers new user experience tailored to foldable smart phones
	- Can use up to three apps with multi-active window function, offering unrivaled multitasking environment
	- When folding or unfolding the phone, provides app using experience with smooth changes between screens with
	minimal interruption
	□ Galaxy Z flip (February 2020)
	- Design: New style with innovative foldable display
	- Screen: Main 6.7" flexible ultra-thin glass (2,636 x 1080)
	- cover 1.1"super AMOLED (300 x 112)
	- Size (W x H x D): (unfolded) 73.6mm x 167.3mm x 6.9–7.2mm
	(folded) 73.6mm x 87.4mm x 15.4–17.3mm
	- Platform (H/W, S/W): SDM855+, Android 10.0
	- Ultra-thin glass technology allows foldable glass display—a first among Galaxy models—and enhances durability
	- Easy to carry with a new form factor allowing compact size by flip fold
	- Free-stop feature enables users to freely control the angle of the flip, allowing Flex Mode experience
	Screen ratio 21.9:9 enhances suitability of multi active window
	□ Galaxy Z Fold 2 (September 2020)
	 Screen: Main display 7.6", cover display 6.2" Size (W x H x D): (folded) 68mm x 159.2mm x 13.8 (~16.8) mm
	- Size (W x H x D): (folded) offnin x 139.2000 x 13.0 (~ 10.0) find - Platform (H/W, S/W): SDM 865 Plus, Android 10, One UI 2.5
	- Supports ultra-high speed 5G and 12MP camera
	- Supports dire-high speed 3G and 12MF camera - Infinity Flex Display supports flex mode
	- Dynamic AMOLED 2X display with 120Hz flexible scan rate
	- Samsung Ultra Thin Glass
	- Supports wireless Samsung DeX and UWB
	 Evolved multi-active window enabling simultaneous use of three apps maximum
	 Provides app continuity from cover display to main display
	□ Galaxy Z Fold 3 5G (August 2021)
	- Screen: Main display 7.6", cover display 6.2"
	- Size (W x H x D): (folded) 158.2mm x 67.1mm x 14.4~16.0mm (unfolded) 158.2mm x 128.1mm x 6.4mm
	- Platform (H/W, S/W): 5nm 64-bit octa-core processor, Android 11, One UI 3.1.1
	- Supports IPX8 rating (water resistance with a depth of up to 1.5m of freshwater for up to thirty minutes), which is a first
	for a foldable smartphone
	- Strengthened durability with the application of Armor Aluminum and tempered glass of Corning® Gorilla® Glass Victus™
	- Equipped with 7.6" Infinity Flex Display and applied Under Display Camera
	- Display screen approximately 29% brighter with the new Eco ² technology
	 Main/cover display all support 120Hz screen refresh rate
	- Applied S-pen for the first time for foldables
	- Supports both top and bottom half of the screen at any angle with Flex mode panel feature even for apps that are not
	optimized
	 Supports Multi Active Window, which splits the screen and allows using up to three apps at once
	□ Galaxy Z Flip 3 5G (August 2021)
	- Screen: Main display 6.7", cover display 1.9"
	 Size (W x H x D): (folded) 86.4mm x 72.2mm x 15.9~17.1mm (unfolded) 166mm x 72.2mm x 6.9mm
	- Platform (H/W, S/W): 5nm 64-bit octa-core processor, Android 11, One UI 3.1.1
	- Supports IPX8 rating (water resistance with a depth of up to 1.5m of freshwater for up to thirty minutes), which is a first
	for a foldable smartphone
	- Strengthened durability with the application of Armor Aluminum and tempered glass of Corning® Gorilla® Glass Victus™
	- Enhanced usability of cover display: allows to scroll through up to 8 lines of notification/message and supports weather,
	daily step count, and Samsung Pay
	- Enhanced Flex mode: supports Auto Framing, which automatically adjusts the frame according to the number of people
	within the frame, and Dual Preview
	 Main display supports 120Hz screen refresh rate

	IM Division
Research project	Details
Galaxy S ~January 2021	 □ Galaxy S10e • S10 • S10 + • S10 5G (5.8/6.1/6.4/6.7") (March 2019, 5G: April 2019) - Design: Full Front Punch Hole Infinity Display - Platform (H/W, S/W): Exynos9820, SDM855, Android 9 - World's first model using commercialized 5G technology - Combination of triple cameras delivers zoom, tele, ultra wide function: wide (12M)+tele (12M)+ultra wide (16M) - Supports HDR10+ video shooting on mobile for the first time in the world - Dynamic AMOL ED display delivers pear-original colors. supports HDR
	 Dynamic AMOLED display delivers near-original colors, supports HDR On-screen fingerprint recognition sensor using ultrasound Galaxy S20 · S20+ · S20 Ultra 5G (March 2020) Design: Best Fit in hand compact, yet large screen design Screen: S20 6.2", S20+ 6.7", S20 U 6.9" Size (W x H x D): S20 69.1mm x 151.7mm x 7.9mm; S20+ 73.7 x 161.9 x 7.8mm; S20 U 76.0 x 166.9 x 8.8mm Platform (H/W, S/W): Exynos990 · SDM865, Android 10.0, One UI 2.1 Smartphone that will change the future of mobile and pictures: significantly higher resolution and 8K video recording allows taking pictures and videos in unprecedented quality and easy and swift sharing with 5G Pictures and videos with significantly higher resolution: S20 · S20+ 64MP, S20 U 108MP 100x zoom, the highest space zoom yet in smartphones: S20 U 108MP Take higher quality, clearer and brighter pictures and videos even at night with three times bigger sensor (using Al technology) Take videos in 8K, the highest quality yet in smartphones Super steady feature reduces blur from shaking but captures dynamic movements Single take allows the best pictures and videos with a single shot Galaxy S20 FE (October 2020) Makes S series experience available to more customers Screen: 6.5" FHD+ sAMOLED Infinity-O (2,400 x 1,080)
	 Size (W x H x D): 74.5mm x 159.8mm x 8.4mm Platform (H/W, S/W): Exynos990, SDM865, Android 10.0, One UI 2.5 New entry-level flagship product equipped with premium features enhances market influence and provides experiences for various functions optimal to customers Provides major S20 features: 120Hz display, same specs for camera and battery, same AP with flagship models, One UI 2.5 UX □ Galaxy S21 5G • S21+ 5G • S21 Ultra 5G (January 2021) Design: lconic and premium full metal camera housing, bezel-less design Screen: S21 5G 6.2", S21+ 5G 6.7", S21 Ultra 5G 6.8" Size (W x H x D): S21 5G 71.2mm x 151.7mm x 7.9mm, S21+ 5G 75.6mm x 161.5mm x 7.8 mm, S21 Ultra 5G 75.6mm x 165.1mm x 8.9 mm Platform (H/W, S/W): Exynos2100 SDM888, Android 11.0, One UI 3.1 Supports ultra-high speed 5G, Wi-Fi 6E, high-resolution camera Camera: S21 Ultra 108MP, S21 · S21+ 64MP, Multi Camera Recording function Dynamic AMOLED 2X Infinity-O display with maximum adaptive frequency of 120Hz Easy registration and finding objects synced with SmartTag Supports Digital Car Key service (S21+ 5G · S21 Ultra 5G only)
Galaxy Note ~August 2020	Supports S Pen (S21 Ultra 5G only) Galaxy Note10 · 10+ (6.3/6.8") (August 2019) Design: Full Front Punch Hole Infinity Display Platform (H/W, S/W): Exynos9825, SDM855, Android 9.0 Upgraded S Pen Enhanced usability with higher battery capacity and improved BT latency Camera controls (can take pictures, change mode, change zoom, etc.), change volume, run apps, operate stopwatch Note 10+: Quad camera supports high-resolution and maximum viewing angle shooting under wide range of illuminance Wide (12M) + tele (12M) + Ultra Wide (16M) + VGA
	 Note10 has three rear cameras □ Galaxy Note20 · 20 Ultra (6.7 · 6.9") (August 2020) Size (W x H x D): Note20 75.2mm x 161.6mm x 8.3 mm, Note20 Ultra 77.2mm x 164.8mm x 8.1 mm Platform (H/W, S/W): Exynos 990 · SDM 865 Plus, Android 10, One UI 2.5 Supports high-speed 5G and Wi-Fi 6 First in the Galaxy lineup to support Ultra Wide Band (Note 20 Ultra) 108MP camera (Note 20 Ultra), 64MP camera (Note 20) Maximum 120Hz scan rate display (Note 20 Ultra) First to support wireless Samsung DeX Supports S pen and Samsung Note; easy-to-use and perfectly resembling pen-writing experience; supports MS Xbox Game

	IM Division
Research project	Details
Galaxy Tab ~December 2021	□ Galaxy Tab S7 • S7+ (August 2020) - Design: Premium Tablet (display, pen, performance)
	 Screen: 12.4" WQXGA AMOLED (16:10, 2800x1752/120Hz), 11" WQXGA LTPS TFT (16:10, 2,560x1,600/120Hz) Size (W x H x D): 285.0mm x 185.0mm x 5.7mm (12.4"), 253.8 x 165.3 x 6.3mm (11")
	- Platform (H/W, S/W): SDM865+, Android 10, One UI 2.5
	 Secured premium competitiveness by developing a thin large-display metal design The first tablet that supports 5G (mmWave) for global carriers and the four major carriers in the US
	 Enhanced usability of Samsung Notes with 120Hz display and optimal pen latency (9ms)
	N-generation AP maximizes performance (seamless multi-tasking & gaming experience)
	□ Galaxy Tab S7 FE (June 2021)
	 Screen: 12.4" WQXGA (2560x1600) Size (W x H x D) & weight: 284.8mm x 185.0mm x 6.3mm, 608g (based on the LTE model)
	 Immersive display with 12.4" large-screen display and slim bezel
	- Long play time (10,090mAh, up to 13 hours of video play)
	 Rich sound with the application of Dolby Atmos Enhanced usability of Samsung Note
	Simple conversion of handwriting to text
	Direct input with S Pen into the input box
	 Enhanced function of PENUP Drawing Applies layer structure and provides coloring and live drawing
	 Lightweight keyboard cover (330g)
	- Delivery of clear voice with 50% reduction of background noise through 3 Mic
	- Stronger device connectivity
	 Second screen: using tablet as a supplementary monitor of PC Hands off: sending and continuing what you were doing on your phone to your tablet (Internet, Samsung Notes)
	Copy & paste: copy & paste of texts and images between Phone-Tablet
	Auto switching: auto-buds switching between Phone-Tablet
	 Galaxy Tab A8 (December 2021) Screen: 10.5" WUXGA (1920 x 1200)
	- Size (W x H x D) & weight: 246.8mm x 161.9mm x 6.9mm, 508 g
	- Platform(H/W, S/W): UniSOC T618(12nm) processor, Android 11, One UI 3
	- Memory : 3GB + 32GB / 4GB + 64GB / 4GB + 128GB, microSD up to 1TB
	Provides new options of RAM 4GB and ROM 128GB compared to previous model - Established and applied the Company's Tablet Design ID (Samsung Logo, shape and location of camera, symmetrical
	sides and front & back), same colors as the Tab S8 Flagship Family (Gray, Silver, Pink Gold)
	- Applies the Company's standard tablet display ratio of 16:10, provides immersive multimedia experience with 10.5"
	large-screen display and slim bezel - Supports Dolby Atmos and features Quad Speaker, free load of apps that specialize in contents such as Samsung TV
	Plus (offers free Live Streaming and VOD)
	- Supports 2 Split Windows and Pop-up view with Multi-Active Window, enhanced multi-tasking experience with the
	support of Drag & Split function—applied in Fold3—for the first time for tablets - Improved usability for online classes with the support of Screen Recorder for the first time among Tab A series
	 Wider support of One UI 3.1.1 Galaxy Experience (Copy&Paste, Auto Sync, Auto Switch)
Galaxy A	□ Galaxy A52 LTE ・5G (March 2021)
~December 2021	 Offers enhanced user experience and increased competitiveness via strengthened core features Screen: 6.5" FHD+ sAMOLED HID (2,400 x 1,080)
	 Size (W x H x D): 75.1mm x 159.9mm x 8.4mm Platform (H/W, S/W): SDM750G (5G)/SDM720G (LTE), Android 11, One UI 3.1
	- Supreme smooth UX/Dynamic refresh rate and Brightest
	(6.5" sAMOLED with 120Hz (5G)/90Hz (LTE), 800nit)
	- High-resolution 64MP Quad Camera (64M OIS/12M UW/5M Depth/5M Macro)
	Powerful AP with High Capacity Battery (4,500mAh) Galaxy A72 (March 2021)
	- Offers enhanced user experience and increase competitiveness via strengthened core features
	- Screen: 6.7" FHD+ sAMOLED HID (2,400 x 1,080)
	 Size (W x H x D): 77.4mm x 165.0mm x 8.4mm Platform (H/W, S/W): SDM720G, Android 11, One UI 3.1
	 High refresh Rate Brightest Display (6.7" FHD+ sAMOLED with 90Hz, 800nit)
	 Advanced High-res/Multi Camera, More detail with blur-less
	(64M OIS/12M UW/8M Tele/5M Macro)
	- Long-lasting Battery with bigger capacity (5,000mAh)

	IM Division
Research project	Details
	 Galaxy A32 LTE • 5G (LTE: March 2021; 5G: January 2021) Offer enhanced user experience and increase competitiveness by strengthening core features Screen: LTE 6.4" FHD+ sAMOLED (2,400 x 1,080)/5G 6.5" HD+ TFT (1,600 x 720) Size (W x H x D): LTE 73.6mm x 158.9mm x 8.4mm/5G 76.1mm x 164.2mm x 9.1mm Platform (H/W, S/W): LTE MT6769T/5G MT6853V, Android 11, One UI 3.1 LTE
	 Brightest Display: 800nit Super AMOLED High Resolution Camera: 64MP Quad (64M W/8M UW/5M Macro/5M Depth) High Capacity Battery: 5,000mAh 5G Rich Camera Experience of 48MP Quad, Penta Mode Camera (48M W/8M UW/5M Macro/2M Depth)
	High Capacity Battery: 5000mAh Galaxy Quantum2 A82 (April 2021)
	 Screen: 6.7" QHD+ (3,200 x 1,440) Size (W x H x D) & Weight: 161.9mm x 73.8mm x 8.1mm, 176g Platform (H/W, S/W): SDM855+, Android 11, One UI 3.1 Applied QRNG security chip set
	Supports expansive large-screen and smooth screen transition of 120Hz Powerful camera that enables photographing on a professional level (ultra-wide 12MP, main 64MP, close-up 5MP)
	 Galaxy A03-Core (December 2021) Screen: 6.5" HD+(1480 x 720) TFT 60Hz Size (W x H x D) & weight: 164.2mm x 75.9mm x 9.1mm, 211g Platform(H/W, S/W): 28-nano octa-core processor, Android 11(Android GO) Enhanced CPU performance compared to previous model A01-Core (28-nano quad-core processor) Highly price efficient product that applies large-screen/high-capacity battery to address the entry market Enhanced display (5.3"→6.5" HD+) and battery (3,000→5,000mAh) compared to previous model A01-Core
Galaxy Book ~April 2021	 Galaxy Book Flex 2 (December 2020) Design: 2-in-1 PC with S Pen, QLED display Screen: 15.6" QLED FHD (16:9, 1920 x 1080), 13.3" QLED FHD (16:9, 1920 x 1080) Size (W x H x D): (15.6") 355.0mm x 227.2mm x 14.9mm (13.3") 302.6mm x 202.9mm x 12.9mm Platform, OS: Intel 11th generation CPU, Windows 10 QLED: Color Volume 100%, Super Bright Outdoor Mode Max 600nit S Pen: Samsung Notes, Clip Studio, Gesture SSD: Powerful performance & Latest Gen4 SSD
	 Galaxy Book Flex2 5G (December 2020) 13.3" QLED FHD Up to 600nit Brightness, Color Volume 100% Size (W x H x D): 304.9mm x 202.3mm x 13.9–14.9mm Platform, OS: 11th-generation Intel CPU, Intel Iris Xe Graphics, Windows 10 Supports ultra-fast 5G (Sub-6) Connects to state-of-the art wireless LAN 802.11 ax (Wi-Fi6) Double Camera World-facing camera (13M AF) and front-facing camera (1M) Camera Long battery life (20 hours battery life, based on MM14) Comes with S-Pen, allowing quick expression of inspiration (Digitizer) Stronger connection to Tablets, Phones Link to Windows: Smartphone apps opens seamlessly on PCs Samera Support Support Support Support Support PCs
	 Samsung Notes: Syncs notes between Phone-Tablet-PC Galaxy Book Go (April 2021) 14" FHD (1920 x 1080) Size (W x H x D) & Weight: 323.9mm x 224.8mm x 14.9mm, 1,380g Platform: 2nd-generation Snapdragon 7C, Windows 10 Supports LTE that enables the Internet anywhere anytime Slim design optimized for portability (14.9mm thick) Rich sound with the application of Dolby Atmos Long play time (up to 18 hours of battery life) Stronger connectivity between Tablet-Phone Quick Share: easy share of files between phone and tablet Second Screen: using tablet as a supplementary monitor of PC Galaxy Book Smart Switch: simple sending of data from the previous notebook SmartThings: syncing smart devices

IM Division	
Research project	Details
Galaxy Watch	 Galaxy Watch3 (August 2020) Design: Premium smart watch resembling the design of a traditional watch
August 2021	- Display: 1.4" (45mm), 1.2" (41mm) OLED (360 x 360)
	- Size (W x H x D): 45.0 x 46.2 x 11.1 (45mm)
	41.0 x 42.5 x 11.3 (41mm)
	- Platform (H/W, S/W): Exynos9110, Tizen 5.5
	- Expanding portfolio to titanium models (high-end segment)
	 Identifying and have included differentiated health-related services Blood pressure, ECG, fall detection features commercialized globally
	□ Galaxy Watch4 & Galaxy Watch4 Classic (August 2021)
	 Display: Watch4: (44mm) 1.4" (450 x 450), (40mm) 1.2" (396 x 396); Watch4 Classic: (46mm) 1.4" (450 x 450), (42mm) 1.2" (396 x 396)
	- Size (W x H x D): Watch4: (44mm) 44.4 x 43.3 x 9.8mm, (40mm) 40.4 x 39.3 x 9.8mm; Watch4 Classic: (46mm) 45.5 x 45.5 x 11.0mm, (42mm) 41.5 x 41.5 x 11.2mm
	- Platform (H/W, S/W): AP Exynos W920 (5nm 64-bit Dual-Core), Wear OS Powered By Samsung, One UI Watch of Wear
	OS 3.0 - Memory: improved performance and increased storage with 1.5GB RAM + 16GB ROM
	 Higher resolution 330 ppi display
	 Pursuing differentiation by featuring body composition measurement for the first time and enhancing usability
	- Advanced sleep tracking, including blood oxygen level measurement and snore detection
	- Wider app ecosystem and enhanced sync experience based on Wear OS
	 Provides key services of Google, including Play Store/Google Map/YT Music
	 Supports specialized fitness apps and other various service apps
Galaxy buds	□ Galaxy Buds+ (January 2020)
January 2020–August 2021	- Design: Canal-type TWS (True Wireless Stereo)
	- Platform (HW, SW): MCU (BCM43015), OS (RTOS), BT 5.0
	 Battery: (Earbuds) 85mAh x 2, (cradle) 270mAh Powerful mid to low keys and highest sound quality with application of 2-way speaker (woofer & tweeter)
	 2 outer beamforming mic and 1 inner mic optimizes phone call sound
	 Improved errors in proximity sensor by adding grip sensor
	 Longest play time compared to products in the same class, with upgraded battery: 22 hours for streaming (earbuds 11H
	& cradle 11H)
	Galaxy Buds Live (August 2020)
	 Design: Open-type TWS with innovative design and high-quality sound
	- Size (W x H x D): (Earbuds)16.5mm x 27.3mm x 14.9mm, (Cradle) 50.0mm x 50.2mm x 27.8mm
	- Platform (H/W, S/W): BCM43015, RTOS
	- Ergonomic design that fits ears perfectly, provides all-day comfort sitting softly inside the ear.
	- Open type Active Noise Cancellation reduces background noises but let you hear what you want to hear.
	 Large-size 12mm speakers and Bass Duct deliver rich, spacious live sound Three built-in mics and a Voice Pickup Unit enables the best call quality
	□ Galaxy Buds Pro (January 2021)
	- Design: Premium TWS, in-ear type with Intelligent ANC feature
	- Size (W x H x D): (earbuds) 20.5 x 19.5 x 20.8mm, (cradle) 50 x 50.2 x 27.8mm
	- Platform (H/W, S/W): BCM43015, RTOS
	 2Way (woofer + tweeter) 11mm speaker offers enhanced sound quality
	High-quality phone call sound with 3 mics and accelerometer (voice pickup sensor)
	In-ear type, Intelligent ANC and voice detect function instantly switches from ANC to Ambient sound when it hears
	your voice
	3D Audio provides a truly immersive experience resembling that of a movie theater
	IPx7-level water resistant

IM Division	
Research project	Details
	 Galaxy Buds 2 (August 2021) Enhanced competitiveness of the Buds mass-market model by enhancing basic functions and adding ANC Size (W x H x D): (earbuds) 17.0 x 20.9 x 21.1 mm, (cradle) 50.0 x 50.2 x 27.8 mm BES2500 ZP-83 (BT + Codec + Flash) new low-power management solution* Provides ANC Play time of up to 29 hours (based on streaming, with ANC off) Optimized RF frequency performance by applying integrated Touch + BT Antenna FPCB Enhanced audio performance of canal-type wireless earbuds Applied algorithm that maximizes noise cancelling performance by utilizing DNN (DNN + 3-Mic +VPU) * DNN: Deep Neural Network , VPU: Voice Pickup Unit Improved latency of switching to Ambient Sound Mode (3.2ms→0.65ms) Better low frequency sounds by applying new materials to the woofer cone Better noise cancelling of the microphone with the adoption of flawless microphone Enhanced ANC and sound quality by changing the density of the ventilation duct and improving the pipe conduit of
	feedback mic
Network	Reduced wind noise by maximizing and optimizing the location of the chamber space of the microphone
RAN S/W Package April 2019–June 2021	 SVR18.3 5G S/W package (April 2019) S/W Package to commercialize domestic 5G NR for the first time in the world Commercialized 5G NSA by using LTE network links in the Seoul and the capital area Supports 5G base station (3.5GHz, 28GHz, 39GHz 5G Massive MIMO) SVR21B NR vDU SW PKG (June 2021) TDD-based C-Band vDU Flexible base station upgrade without H/W change and resource allocation
Core S/W Package March 2020	* vDU (virtual DU): realizing the function of 5G base station by developing commercial server-based S/W SVR19B 5G core S/W package (March 2020) Developed containerized-based 5G Core Network Function Efficient and quick service distribution and maintenance cost reduction possible by flexibly containerizing host OS resource
Base stations September 2019–October 2021	 Developed 5G NR DU (September 2019) New dual CPU based main card and first 5G SoC modem using channel card Single HW can accommodate a combination of LTE, NR above and NR below products, offering different channels at the same time Supports high capacity, low power consumption (including power saving) and virtualization/non virtualization S/W structure Developed 26GHz 5G NR RFIC Chip (February 2020) 2nd generation AFIC Chip, following SEC's 1st generation products (28GHz/39GHz) 2nd generation has improved evm function, power efficiency, and mass production Developed FSU10 (May 2020) FSU (fronthaul switch unit) to support vRAN business Makes spectrum sharing between LTE and NR (below 6GHz) possible One RU fits both LTE DU and NR vRAN via spectrum sharing Developed NR Indoor AU (August 2020) Our first 5G In-building Solution AU product Small form-factor enables low-power consumption, indoor installation on walls, pillars, and ceilings Developed NR C-Band MMU (3.7G 64T64R 200W MMU) (Dec 2020) First ever TDD-based MMU (Massive MIMO Unit) that operates in C-BAND in North America Supports broadband IBW 280M, thus any carrier with C-Band across the country may use the product Developed MMU Beam Forming SoC (Feb 2021) SoC performs functions that Beam Forming FPGA, within MMU board, performs 30% more power efficient than previous model (Maximum power consumption: less than 40W) Developed 5 types of ORAN* RU for the US (Sep 2021) Defined DU-RU standard interface, which allows to connect any vendor DU to any vendor RU

DS Division	
Research project	Details
Memory	
DRAM for mobile	□ Mass production of 2nd generation 10-nano class (1y) 12Gb LPDDR5 DRAM for mobile, with highest speed and capacity
July 2019–November 2021	in the world
	 Next-generation mobile solution with better speed, capacity, and power efficiency
	- Contributed to introducing 5G smartphones with 1.3 times the speed (5,500Mbps), and 30% lower power consumption
	- 12Gb LPDDR5-based line up (6GB, 12GB) provided for the first time
	□ World's first mass production of 16GB LPDDR5 mobile DRAM: highest speed and capacity in the world
	 Performance improved by 30%, capacity by 2 times, and 20% less power consumption vs 8GB LPDDR4X Gaming performance (picture quality, haptic feedback) same or better than PCs possible with smartphones
	 Gaming performance (picture quarty, napuc reedback) same of better than PCs possible with smartphones Development of LPDDR5X DRAM
	 Improved speed by over 30% and power efficiency by approximately 20% compared to previous model
	- Based on 14-nano; expansion of application areas that use high performance, low power consumption memory from
	mobile to server and automotive, with expansion to up to 64GB per memory package
DRAM for server	□ Mass Production of 1st generation 10-nano class (1x) 256GB 3DS DDR4 DRAM for servers, highest capacity in the world
August 2019–March 2021	- World's first mass production of 256GB DRAM with ultra-high performance and capacity
	 2 times the capacity and 30% increase in power efficiency compared to 128GB
	Development of 3rd generation 10-nano class (1z) 8Gb DDR4 DRAM—world's best
	 Secured ultra-fast, ultra-power-efficient solutions for mass production of DDR5 · LPDDR5
	- Efficiency up by more than 20% compared to 2nd generation (1y-nano) DRAM
	- Expand portion of 1z-nano DRAM lineup in the next-generation products by mass production beginning in September
	in Pyeongtaek
	 Development of high-capacity DDR5 memory applying HKMG process—an industry first Realization of 512GB DDR5 module with the application of High-K Metal Gate and 8-stack TSV
	 Reduced power consumption by around 13% and more than double performance compared to the existing process
	 Planning to apply it in the next-generation computing, super computers, and high capacity data centers
HBM DRAM	□ Development of 12-stack 3DS TSV PKG, with world's highest HBM DRAM capacity
October 2019–August 2021	- Development of highest performance and capacity 12GB HBM DRAM for supercomputers-industry's first
Ū.	- 1.5 times the capacity and convenience of system design improved with 8GB package
	 Strengthened leadership in next-generation HPC DRAM by breakthrough in package technology
	- Plan to mass produce 24GB HBM, the industry's highest, to meet customer needs
	Rollout of ultra-fast DRAM for AI and next-generation super computer for the first time in the world (16GB HBM2E
	'Flashbolt')
	 Stacked 8 10-nano (1y) 16Gb DRAM, enabling 16GB, the highest capacity Able to send 82 Full HD movies (410GB) at 3.2Gb/sec
	- Continue to lead market expansion by supplying 2nd generation HBM2 and 3rd generation HBM2E at the same time
	□ Developed world's first AI HBM-PIM with an AI engine
	- More than two times the performance compared to previous HBM2, system energy reduced by approximately 70%.
	- Unveiled academic paper in Feb 2021 at conference held by ISSCC, which has the highest reputation in the
	semiconductor industry
	 Enables application without changing the system by using existing memory interface
	- Cooperate with data center and AI customers on standardization of PIM and establishing eco system.
	Expanded memory product lines that integrate an AI engine (performance evaluation of HBM-PIM and development of
	AXDIMM/LPDDR5-PIM) - Unveiled the case in which the HBM-PIM developed last February was incorporated in the system (integration with the
	Xilinx Alveo Al accelerator system boosts overall system performance by 2.5 times while reducing energy
	consumption by more than 60%)
	 AXDIMM, a DRAM module with an AI engine, offers twice the performance and a 40% decrease in energy usage
	- Unveiled LPDDR5-PIM that integrated mobile DRAM and PIM technology
eStorage	□ Mass production of next-generation smartphone memory, eUFS 3.0—a world's first
February 2019–March 2020	- Embedded 5th generation (9x-layers) cell stacked 512Gb 3 bit V-NAND for the first time in the industry
	 Reading and writing 2 times faster compared to eUFS 2.0
	- Securing early foothold and high growth in next-generation ultra-high-resolution mobile market
	□ Industry's only mass production of 1TB eUFS 2.1, with a writing speed of 1200MB/s
	- 3 times the performance compared to 512GB eUFS 3.0 (continued writing speed of 410MB/s)
	Smartphone memory storage (1200MB/s) is 2 times faster than PC (SSD 540MB/s)
SSD for PC	□ Mass production of 6th-generation (1xx) 256Gb V-NAND-based PC SSD—fastest in the world
July 2019	 Exclusive mass production of higher than 100 layers cell single process stacked V-NAND 1.2 times the speed and productivity higher by more than 20%
	 Lead the storage market with competitive edge in ultra-fast, ultra-power-efficient products

DS Division	
Research project	Details
SSD for server	□ Mass production of 5th generation (9x-layer) V-NAND-based 30.72TB NVMe SSD for servers— highest speed and
August 2019–December 2021	capacity in the world Secured next-generation SSD solution with improved speed, capacity, and efficiency
	 Introduced 8GB/s PCIe Gen4 SSD with 2.2 times the speed
	- Exclusively offers top 3 SW (Never Die SSD, FIP, ML) solution
	Mass production of high-performance OCP SSD specialized for data centers
	 Mass production of OCP SSD, the first in the industry for 6th-generation V-NAND
	- Satisfies performance, power efficiency, reliability, and security demanded by the data center industry
	- Contributes to cost reduction and carbon emission reduction with industry's most power efficient feature
	 Mass production of industry's highest performing SAS 24Gbps SSD for server Supports speed that is around two times faster than the previous generation SSD
	 Provides high capacity from 800GB to 30.72TB based on 6th generation V-NAND
	 Expected to reduce server operation cost and carbon emission via a 40% improvement in power efficiency
	□ Industry's first mass production of next-generation ZNS SSD for company server
	- Applies ZNS technology, which categorizes and saves data by zone depending on characteristics
	 Lifespan and maximum utilization of SSD capacity increased compared to existing SSDs
	- Contributes to enhancing the efficiency of next-generation servers—in areas such as AI, big data, and IoT—as well as
	storage systems, while expanding the foundation for ZNS SSD through various open source projects
	□ Development of PCIe 5.0-based high-performance SSD PM1743
	 Improved reading/writing speed by approximately twofold and power efficiency by approximately 30% compared to PCIe 4.0-based SSD
	 Stability of server operation guaranteed with the support of dual-port and application of latest security technologies
Brand SSD	□ Launched 'T7 Touch', premium portable SSD—highest performance in the industry
January 2020–March 2021	- 5th generation 512Gb V-NAND with world's highest performance and NVMe controller with ultra-fast embedded
	interface
	- Supports reading and writing speed of 1,050MB/s and 1,000MB/s, respectively, up to 9.5 times faster than external
	HDD (110MB/s) and about 2 times faster than the previous model (SEC's portable SSD T5)
	□ Global launch of high-capacity 4-bit SSD '870 QVO'
	 Introduced 4 SATA SSD models including 1/2/4TB and 8TB model, the highest in the industry
	 Provides optimal solution to customers with need for high-performance/high-capacity computing environment, with quick data-process speed close to the maximum speed of SATA interface
	 Boasts high speed/capacity, reasonable price, launched in 40 countries in several phases
	□ Global launch of PCIe-Gen4-applied SSD '980 PRO', boasting highest performance in the industry
	- Provides ultra-high resolution via consumer SSD with the highest-speed in the industry
	- Continue to lead market for professional PC and workstation used for editing of 8K, 4K videos and games requiring
	high-specs
	- 5-year warranty (longest in the industry)
	□ Global launch of SATA SSD 870 EVO for consumers
	 Latest V-NAND and controller included, intelligent turbolight technology Highest durability in the industry, run time enhanced by more than 30%
	 Five models in 250GB to 4TB range, introduced in steps in Korea, US, Germany, and China
	□ Launched NVMe SSD 980, which boasts high performance and is economical.
	 6th-generation V-NAND, maximum 6 times the speed compared to SATA SSD
	- DRAM-less design to save cost, applied optimization technology for controllers and firmware
	- Heat-control feature, applied to high-end products
	Power efficiency enhanced by 56%, compared to 970 EVO, allowing "good consumption" for consumers
EUV March 2020 October 2021	□ Supplied 1 million 1st generation 10-nano class (D1x) DRAM modules
March 2020-October 2021	 Mass production of EUV DRAM—the only company in the industry with EUV DRAM mass production system Secured 10-nano class advanced process and mass production, enabling next-generation DRAM in a timely manner.
	 EUV process applied to all 4th generation 10-nano class DRAM, and is now expanding to 5th generation and 6th
	generation products
	□ Mass production of 14-nano EUV DDR5 DRAM
	- Enhanced productivity by approximately 20% with multilayer EUV implementation and realization of industry's highest
	DRAM bit density
	- Enhanced speed by twofold compared to DDR4 and improved power consumption by approximately 20% compared
0.11	to previous process
CXL May 2021 October 2021	Development of industry's first CXL-based DRAM memory
May 2021-October 2021	 Next-generation memory solution to meet the needs of high capacity data centers; overcomes physical limitations of DRAM medules, revolutionary expansion of capacity bandwidth becomes passible.
	DRAM modules, revolutionary expansion of capacity bandwidth becomes possible - Supports interface converting, error management, etc. through CXL controller
	 Supports interface converting, end management, etc. through CAL controller Development of controller and software technology optimized for CXL DRAM memory by collaborating with data
	centers and server and chipset companies
	Development of industry's first open-source software solution for CXL memory
	- Enables expansion of system memory's performance/capacity by enabling the main memory and the CXL memory to
	work seamlessly

DS Division	
Research project	Details
Multi-chip June 2021	 Mass production of industry's best performing uMCP5 (LPDDR5 + UFS3.1) multi-chip package Speed upgrade by 1.5 times compared to the existing LPDDR4X, 2 times compared to UFS2.2 Spearhead popularization of 5G by installing them into low- to mid-priced 5G smartphones
Brand Card September 2021	 Released a new micro SD card product with enhanced performance and stability 'PRO Plus' provides 1.6 times faster read speed and 1.3 times faster write speed than the previous generation 'EVO Plus' provides 1.3 times faster read speed than the previous generation With improved performance and a design that offers better protection against external shocks, not only general consumers but also creators who make high-quality contents, such as 4K UHD videos, are looking forward to it
Automotive December 2021	 □ Mass production of memory total solutions for automotives 256GB SSD and 2GB DDR4/GDDR6 for IVI; 2GB GDDR6 and 128GB UFS for AD Supplies high performance SSDs and graphics DRAM delivering server-level performance and capacity; and secures high stability that is required in the automotive semiconductor market (operation is guaranteed in the -40 °C -105 °C range)

DS Division		
Research project	Details	
System LSI		
System LSI Image Sensor January 2019–September 2021	 ISOCELL Slim sensor with ultra-small pixel size (3T2, 0.8um/20Mp) Highest resolution (20Mp) among 1/3.4" sensors, offers high-resolution optimized for bezel-less displays Tetracell technology for front camera, allowing high performance under low lighting, high magnification for back camera reduces module size, improving picture quality Ultra-high resolution ISOCELL Bright sensor (GW1, 0.8um/64Mp) DCG structure enhances dynamic range Super PD technology maximizes auto-focus function and enables 480-frames-per-second, full-HD slow motion function Rich colors by supporting real-time HDR High resolution ISOCELL Bright sensor (GM2, 0.8um/48Mp) Super PD technology maximizes auto-focus function and enables 240-frames-per-second, full-HD slow motion 	
	function World's first 108Mp ISOCELL Bright sensor (HMX, 0.8um/108Mp) AI-ISO-applied S/W controls the amount of light, enhancing color reproduction Can shoot 30 frames per second in 6k Improved sensitivity with ISOCELL plus and Tetracell technology ISOCELL Slim sensor with world's smallest pixel size (GH1, 0.7um/43.7Mp) Enables easier application of full-screen display set thanks to smaller and thinner module Supports high-resolution videos and minimizes loss of viewing angle Improved sensitivity with ISOCELL plus and Tetracell technology Industry's first next-generation 108Mp ISOCELL Bright sensor with 2-times the sensitivity enabled by Nonacell	
	 technology Enables preview function without compromising picture quality in 3x magnification, thanks to enhanced zoom feature Features state-of-the-art technologies: smart ISO, real-time HDR, digital correction of shaking images Dual-pixel and Tetracell-technology-based sensors (GN1, 1.2um/50Mp) Offers images in 100Mp with dual-pixel technology (2 photodiodes in a pixel) Takes bright, sophisticated images with Tetracell technology (enables 4 times the sensitivity in the dark) Established industry's first lineup of 0.7um-pixel-based image sensors (HM2, GW3, GM5, JD1) Leadership in ultra-small, high-resolution image sensor technology with state-of-the-art 'ISOCELL 2.0' technology and more 	
	 (HM2) first to offer 108Mp with 0.7um pixel (GW3) takes 60-frames-per-second 4K 64Mp images (GM5) takes 48 Mp images supporting ultra-wide angle and folded zoom (JD1) ultra-small 32Mp product, optimal for bezel-less design Introduced ISOCELL HM3, 108MP premium image sensor (HM3, 0.8um/108Mp) Concentrated 108 million 0.8 µm-size pixels in 1/1.33 inch Minimizes afterimage with Smart ISO Pro, enabling bright, vivid images Lens optimal for autofocus with Super PD Plus, enhanced phase detection ability by 50% Optimal design saves approximately 6% of power under preview mode, compared to previous model Introduced image sensor ISOCELL GN2, operating similar to human eyes (GN2, 1.4um/50Mp) 	
	 Individued image sensor rocellar GN2, operating similar to numarrayes (GN2, 1.4um/solip) Dual Pixel Pro splits pixels diagonally—a world's first 1.4um pixel delivers brighter and more vivid images Staggered HDR saves power by approximately 24% compared to previous model Introduced ISOCELL JN1 with the industry's first 0.64um pixel (JN1, 0.64um/50Mp) Mass production of ultra-small pixel size, applies high-resolution mobile camera slim design Applies the most advanced image sensor technology that enhances sensitivity in the dark Cooperation with camera lens module manufacturers, establishes the ecosystem that is compatible with 1/2.8" products Released automotive image sensor ISOCELL Auto 4AC (4AC, 3.0um/1.2Mp) Designed for surround view monitors or rear-view cameras A safety solution that supports drivers even in tough conditions and minimizes blind spots Unveiled a new super-gap mobile image sensor technology (HP1, 0.64um/200Mp and GN5, 1.0um/50Mp) 	
	 - industry's first "200 million pixels" ISOCELL HP1 - industry's smallest-sized dual pixel image cell ISOCELL GN5 	

DS Division		
Research project	Details	
LSI January 2019–December 2021	 PDIC for TA supporting USB-PD 3.0 standard and high-speed charge protocol (MM101) Moisture detection, voltage protection function World's first one-chip integrating PDIC and SE (SE8A) 	
	 Blocks unauthorized products by supporting type-C authorization Supports advanced security features such as saving security key authorization certificate, supporting 	
	encryption · decryption □ Industry's first integrated power-managing chip for wireless earphones (MUA01, MUB01)	
	 Integrates multiple chips, optimized for small-size batteries Provides optimal solution for rapidly-growing wireless earphone market 	
	 DDI enables optimized ultra-high resolution for 8K TVs and enhanced transmission efficiency (S6CT93P) Enhanced signal quality and development efficiency by utilizing equalizer S/W 	
	 Best integrated security solution for mobile (S3K250AF) Independently developed S/W in H/W security chip, which received EAL 5+ in Common Criteria 	
	 Mobile security solution lays the foundation for new mobile services Received EAL 6+, the highest rank for mobile device, solution with independently-developed S/W (S3FV9RR) 	
	 Useable for various smart devices, as the solution operates independently for various processors Various functions including H/W secure boot, device authentication offer stronger security Power management IC for DDR5 DRAM modules (S2FPD01, S2FPD02, S2FPC01) 	
	 Essential for the next-generation device performance improvement and power saving, three types of power management IC 	
	 Applies our own technology of reducing power consumption and overheating, improves operational efficiency up to 91% 	
	 Continued expansion of the lineup for power management IC for memory and strengthen technology leadership Power management IC for processor for automotive infotainment (S2VPS01) 	
	 Certified with ASIL-B, a safety standard for automotive systems, and strengthened functional safety Strengthened stability of the system, including heat prevention and auto-diagnostic functions 	
Foundry Ship eMRAM solution products	Combined low-power process and next-generation embedded memory technology	
(based on 28nm FD-SOI process) March 2019	 Maximized power efficiency as the product uses low motion power and eliminates standby power and an erase cycle Supports record speed about 1000 times faster than the previous eFlash 	
	Embedded to system semiconductor by using minimum layers Reduced production costs thanks to a simpler design structure Optimel for MCLU/eT/AL thanks to law power and apple iso	
5nm EUV process	Optimal for MCU/IoT/AI thanks to low-power and small size Developed 5nm EUV process with EUV lithography	
April 2019	 25% decrease in logic area efficiency with 20% lower power consumption or 10% higher performance compared to 7nm by optimizing cell architecture 	
	 Previous 7nm customers can utilize the same IP in the 5nm EUV process 	
3D IC packaging technology 'X-Cube'	 Developed 3D IC packaging technology 'X-Cube' and the infrastructure for the design Uses TSV technology to stack different chips individually made from different wafers to make them into one chip 	
August 2020	 Allows greater flexibility in design by reducing the chip size and using high-capacity memory solution Significant leaps in data-processing speed and power efficiency of system semiconductors Design method and tools to apply 'X-Cube' on 5-nano and 7-nano processes have been verified. 	
	Produced industry's first test chip that stacks SRAM on top of EUV 7-nano logic die	
2.5D packaging technology 'I-Cube4'	 Realized logic chip and four HBM chips into one package to operate it like one semiconductor chip Supplied electricity stably and realized ultra-thin electrical wires applying silicon interposer 	
May 2021 8-nano RF process	 Applied semiconductor process/manufacturing knowhow that prevents the deformation of thin interposers 100µm thick Reduced production time and enhanced yield with our distinctive structure that has excellent thermal release 	
	 Reduced production time and eminanced yield with our distinctive structure that has excellent memaintenase performance Radio Frequency (RF) process for 5G communication that even supports sub-6GHz and millimeter frequency 	
June 2021	 Provides small, low-power, high quality communication with one-chip solution that supports multi-channel and multi- antenna 	
	 Improved performance of RF with the application of RF-exclusive semiconductor device 'RFeFET (RF extremeFET)' that we developed in house Maximized electrons' movement characteristics by physically stimulating the neighboring areas of channels, which are 	
	 Maximized electrons movement characteristics by physically stimulating the heighboring areas of charmers, which are electrons' moving path Power efficiency increased by 35%, analogue circuit area decreased by 35% compared to the previous generation 14- 	
	nano RF process - Total number of transistors of chips decreased with the drastic improvement of RFeFET performance	

DS Division	
Research project	Details
2.5D packaging technology 'H-Cube' November 2021	 2.5D solution 'Hybrid Cube', which applies silicon interposer technology and hybrid-substrate structure Logic chips and high-bandwidth memory (HBM) are placed on top of a silicon interposer, integrating up to 6HBMs The hybrid substrate is a dual structure in which the high-end main substrate at the top connects logic/memory chips, and the subsidiary substrate at the bottom that is easy to implement in large-area connects the system board Minimized the size of the substrate by decreasing the pitch of solder ball, which electrically connects two substrates Applied chip analysis technology to stably supply power while minimizing signal distortion and loss Specialized for semiconductors for data center, AI, and network products that require high-performance and large-area packaging technology
Display panel	
Hole in Display OLED for Galaxy S10 March 2019	 Maximized screen size via world's first commercialization of Flexible Hole in Display One S10 6.1" 3K QHD+(3,040×1,440) Hole, Two S10+ 6.4" Holes Offers a comfortable display by significantly decreasing blue light Decreased blue light emission 42% from S9 (TUV Rheinland Eye Comfort Certification)
15.6" UHD OLED for NPC May 2019	□ Developed world's first 4K OLED display for NPC - 15.6" UHD (3,840 x 2,160), 16:9 - Blue light reduction, shorter response time, wide field of view allow vivid images
4K high-resolution OLED for smartphones June 2019 Curved LCD for gaming monitors June2019	 Developed world's first 4K mobile OLED display 6.5" UHD (1,644×3,840), 643ppi,16M Color Offers original cinematic movie ratio of 21:9 Developed world's first 240Hz Curved LCD display 27" FHD (1920×1080), 16:9 High refresh rate of 240Hz, supports G-sync, allowing uninterrupted gaming environment
Foldable OLED for Galaxy Fold September 2019	 Curvature of 1500R, wide viewing angle allow highly-immersive gaming experience Display innovation by developing the world's first foldable display In-foldable AMOLED (radius: 1.5R) 7.3" QXGA+ (1,536×2,152), 4:3
Foldable OLED for Galaxy Z Flip February 2020	 Decreased display thickness by approximately 50% (vs existing panels) by developing polymer composite material Mass production of world's first glass type window foldable display 6.7" Full HD+(1,080x 2,640) Improved durability and applied camera hole (first in foldable phones) by using UTG (ultra-thin glass)
WQ+ high-speed OLED for Galaxy S20 March 2020	 Improved durability and applied carriera fible (inst in foldable priories) by dsing 010 (dura-tring dass) Maximized touch feature with world's first WQ+ resolution, 120Hz, high speed S20 6.23"/6.67"/6.87" QHD+(3,200×1,440) Harmful blue light less than 6.5%, Eye Care Display certified (SGS, international certification institution)
Foldable OLED for Galaxy Z Fold 2 September 2020	 World's first mass production of foldable display with a 1.4R curvature 7.6" (2,208 ×1,768) in – foldable Achieved 1.4R curvature radius via structural design that minimizes folding stress Improved power efficiency with adaptive frequency (adjusts scan rate from 10-120Hz to screen)
Power-efficient OLED for Galaxy S21 January 2021	 Mass production of innovative power-efficient, high-luminance OLED displays S21: 6.24"/6.67"/6.81" QHD+(3,200×1,440) New organic material improves luminance efficiency: improved power efficiency by 16% compared to previous model Enhanced luminance and contrast offers good visibility outdoors (Max/HBM 420/800 → 500/1100nit, Peak 1,785nit) → Sunlight Visibility certification by UL (global safety solutions company)
Foldable OLED for Galaxy Z Fold 3 August 2021	 Application of various new technologies to foldables for the first time 7.6" QXGA+7.55" (2,208×1,768) Removed screen blind spots with the Under Panel Camera technology Reduced battery consumption compared to its predecessor with the Eco² technology