

# Samsung Electronics (UK) Ltd Modern Slavery Act Statement 2025

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## Introduction

This Modern Slavery Act Statement (the “statement”) is made on behalf of Samsung Electronics (UK) Ltd (“SEUK”). SEUK is a subsidiary of the global electronics manufacturer, Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd which is headquartered in South Korea. Unless specified, references in this statement to “Samsung Electronics”, “our”, “us”, or “we” refer to Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. (SEUK’s parent Company) and its subsidiaries.

Samsung Electronics sets a high value on its people, technologies, products, and services in order to contribute to a better global society. We understand the importance of maintaining a sustainable and responsible supply chain and we commit to respecting the human rights of every individual or group connected to our business.

Samsung Electronics’ five Business Principles serve as the embodiment of our determination to operate and hold ourselves to the highest standards of compliance with all applicable laws, our own company principles and our values. The five Business Principles are as follows:

1. We comply with laws and ethical standards;
2. We maintain a clean organisational culture;
3. We respect customers, shareholders, and employees;
4. We care about the environment, health, and safety; and
5. We are a socially responsible corporate citizen,

SEUK supports and practises the requirements of the [UK Modern Slavery Act](#) to eliminate slavery, servitude, and forced or compulsory labour including human trafficking, to address risks and to remedy adverse harm that has occurred to victims of modern slavery and human rights violations within the parameters of our business operations and relationships.

Samsung Electronics recognises the risk of forced labour, especially in the lower tiers of its supply chain. We prohibit any form of forced labour and expect our direct and indirect business partners to share our commitment to conduct thorough due diligence to address these risks. Identified cases are handled with extra care, following strict internal protocols. We aim to provide remediation solutions where applicable and reinstate the rights of affected individuals.

This statement aims to meet the requirements of the UK Modern Slavery Act through outlining the existing governance and procedures as well as new steps and policies that we have developed in the last financial year to mitigate against slavery and human trafficking throughout our organisational footprint. This statement forms our ninth since our first modern slavery statement in 2016.

At Samsung Electronics, we take a global approach to assessing and addressing modern slavery and human rights risks. As a company within the Samsung Electronics Group, SEUK complies with applicable global Samsung Electronics policies and processes. Therefore, this Statement refers to actions taken to assess and address modern slavery and human rights at a global level, as well as specific actions SEUK has taken at a local level in 2025.

## Key Activities 2025

- Samsung Electronics established the Supply Chain Sustainability Council in late 2025 to discuss sustainability issues across our supply chain including our own employees, being structured to address labour and human rights issues originally addressed in the Labour and Human Rights Council.
- In 2025, 97.5% of all employees completed the human rights training for general employees, with online and offline completion rates of 95.6% and 100%, respectively.
- Starting in 2025, tailored human rights training was provided to due diligence officers at overseas production sites, sales locations, and research centres to enhance global due diligence requirements. The 2025 due diligence officer training covered information confirmed during the Human Rights Risk Assessments of 2024 conducted for key country as being effective for risk mitigation and human rights policy execution.
- Samsung Electronics has designated approximately 70 staff in human resources, labour relations, and training roles at our global locations as ‘Human Rights Champions’ and conducts training to share the importance of corporate human rights respect and best practices. In 2025, the Human Rights Champion training invited ILO experts to cover topics such as the ILO Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work and grievance policies.
- Samsung Electronics hosts regular human rights workshops. In 2025, to support the establishment of local due diligence systems at our sales and research subsidiaries, we confirmed the execution status of regionally established human rights management plans and conducted self-inspections using inspection checklists.
- Samsung Electronics has developed measures to prevent, mitigate, and address our 11 salient human rights impacts. To ensure effective implementation of the response strategies, regional workshops were held in March 2025.
- In 2025, we conducted pilot assessments for 47 overseas manufacturing sites using BHRB evaluation indicators. The 2025 assessment comprehensively considered BHRB evaluation results and labour and human rights risks for 6 sites. Initial and on-site inspections were carried out over approximately 3 months; confirmed issues were immediately addressed and processes and systems to prevent recurrences implemented.
- Samsung Electronics conducted Special Audits of 15 manufacturing sites (12 in DX and 3 in DS Divisions). 11 of the sites earned the full score of 200 points, achieving the Platinum grade, the highest level in the RBA VAP Recognition Program.
- In 2025, Samsung Electronics achieved a global grievance resolution rate of 99.8% where grievances received through a variety of channels were either closed or remediated as of the end of December 2025.

## Organisational Structure – Business and Supply Chain

Samsung Electronics’ operations include 221 operational facilities in 70 countries worldwide, including 32 production sites and a workforce totalling 259,149 employees. In 2025, Samsung Electronics invested GBP £21 billion in research and development.

Supporting our success as a global leader in the manufacture of electronic products, Samsung Electronics is reliant on a network of 2,473 first-tier suppliers. In collaboration with our

suppliers across the globe, we are continually working towards a sustainable business ecosystem based on a philosophy of fairness, openness, and co-prosperity. Our website includes our [Supplier List](#) which provides details of suppliers responsible for 80% of Samsung Electronics' transaction volume.

SEUK is the entity within the Samsung Electronics global group which is responsible for marketing, promoting, selling, and distributing Samsung Electronics products and services in the United Kingdom. During the financial year ending 31 December 2025, SEUK's principal activities were: importer, distributor and lessor of electronic and electrical goods; the marketing of consumer electronics; the purchase and sale of components and capital equipment; the provision of research and development services to Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.; importer and distributor of telecommunication systems; and European Head Office. These operations were UK based with the exception of a branch office in Ireland. SEUK employs more than 1000 members of staff, the majority based at our UK and European headquarters in Chertsey, Surrey. Our turnover for 2025 was £3.5 billion.

## Human Rights and Labour Policies

Samsung Electronics is committed to respecting the human rights and freedom of all. We strive to comply with the following international standards in addition to, as a minimum, the laws of the countries in which we operate:

- International Bill of Human Rights (composed of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights and the International Covenant on Economic, Social, and Cultural Rights);
- International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights;
- International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights;
- ILO Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work;
- United Nations Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights;
- OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises;
- Convention on the Rights of the Child;
- Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women; and,
- Protocol to Prevent, Suppress and Punish Trafficking in Persons, Especially Women and Children.

Samsung Electronics is a member of the Responsible Business Alliance (RBA); We abide by the [RBA Code of Conduct](#) and comply with the laws and regulations of the countries where we conduct our business.

To support this, we have also developed and strictly abide by a set of our own policies, guidelines, and principles.

Our key global policies are located at [Policies & Documents | Digital Library | Sustainability | Samsung Electronics](#) and include the following:

Our key policies located on this webpage include:

- Samsung Electronics Global Human Rights Principles (the "GHR Policy") (2023)
- Samsung Global Code of Conduct

- Business Conduct Guidelines
- Global Purchasing Code of Conduct
- Samsung Supplier Code of Conduct and Supplier Code of Conduct Guide
- Global Grievance Resolution Policy
- Child Labour Prohibition Policy
- Anti-Discrimination and Harassment Policy
- Migrant Worker Policy
- Student Worker Policy in China
- Guidelines for Apprenticeship in India

The section below provides a brief summary of our key policies.

### [Samsung Electronics Global Human Rights Policy \(policy\)](#)

In February 2023, we announced our Global Human Rights Principles (the “Policy”) that highlight our respect for human rights in line with the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights (UNGPs). The Policy consolidates all of the commitments made in our existing policies and reaffirm our promise to prevent human rights abuses and to take effective remedies for those affected if and where harm is caused by and through our business activities. Forced and child labour are one of the salient human rights risks identified by Samsung Electronics for its supply chain. In the document, we point out further commitments that expand the scope of our commitment to human rights, which now encompasses the wider set of rights-holders, who are potential and actual affected individuals and groups, including local communities, partners, consumers, and external stakeholders, in addition to the employees of our own operations and the workers in our supply chains. The full text of [the Samsung Electronics Global Human Rights Principles](#) can be viewed online.

### [SEUK Anti-Modern Slavery Policy](#)

SEUK’s local Anti-Modern Slavery Policy was published in 2021, and is designed to educate colleagues on modern slavery, inform colleagues of their responsibilities and how to raise concerns, highlight the requirements of the UK Modern Slavery Act, and describe actions that SEUK is taking to mitigate the risk of modern slavery within our supply chains. The SEUK Anti-Modern Slavery Policy also adheres to the Global Policy.

### [Global Code of Conduct](#)

Our [Global Code of Conduct](#) and Business Conduct Guidelines are the overarching standards for all Samsung Electronics employees. They act as a guide for employees to adhere to when conducting all business activities.

Our Global Code of Conduct details the aforementioned five business principles and what these mean specifically to Samsung Electronics and its employees. It clarifies our detailed principles on work environment; employment conditions; grievance handling; equality and diversity; child labour and forced labour, and other areas to help our employees execute their day-to-day tasks in a manner that ensures the protection of human rights. Through the Global Code of Conduct, we ban any involvement in or imposition of coerced or exploitative labour, such as modern slavery and human trafficking and express a zero-tolerance policy towards any forms of child labour at any stage of our business.

## Business Conduct Guidelines

The [Business Conduct Guidelines](#) emphasise the importance of Samsung Electronics employees, who are ambassadors for the brand, to uphold Samsung Electronics' standard of corporate social responsibility, integrity, and accountability. The Business Conduct Guidelines are based on the Global Code of Conduct and provide detailed guidance for employees in making sound decisions. They cover key topic areas under the company's core principles: People, Excellence, Change, Integrity, and Co-prosperity.

## Global Purchasing Code of Conduct

The Global Purchasing Code of Conduct comprises the key requirements from the regulations and guidelines on purchase-related tasks and ethical obligations of employees in charge of purchasing. It takes precedence over other regulations and manuals as far as purchasing is concerned.

## Supplier Code of Conduct and Supplier Code of Conduct Guide

Samsung Electronics ensures that its suppliers support and protect internationally proclaimed human rights and respect the dignity and diversity of individuals and their fundamental rights. To achieve this requires management policies and systems to mitigate human rights violations and build effective labour-management relations based on mutual trust and successful communication. We update our [Supplier Code of Conduct](#) to reflect revisions of the RBA Code of Conduct and other global norms and require our suppliers to do the same. The [Supplier Code of Conduct](#) and the [Supplier Code of Conduct Guide](#) are mandatory commitments built into all contracts with Samsung Electronics' suppliers involved in the supply chain for Samsung Electronics' products.

## Global Grievance Resolution Policy 2024

We established the [Global Grievance Resolution Policy](#) in April 2024 to ensure grievances are handled in a fair and consistent manner globally. The policy provides an overview of our grievance channels, handling procedures, and principles. In order to minimise gaps between the policy and actual operations, we reviewed the current status of grievance handling operations at our global and domestic business sites and subsidiaries and all organisational units that handle grievances, either independently or in collaboration, came together to discuss the unified standards. Additionally, we established and released our first Global Grievance Resolution Policy by collecting the opinions of our internal and external stakeholders such as employee representative bodies, international human rights organisations, and grievance handling institutions.

Samsung Electronics is committed to providing access to remedy to the affected individuals or groups via our grievance channels where the company causes or contributes to negative impacts on the rights of individuals or groups. The company's grievance channels are available to all employees of Samsung Electronics, all partners in our value chain, consumers, civil society, and everyone else who has legitimate concerns regarding actual or potential adverse impacts caused or contributed by Samsung Electronics. We are committed to investigating allegations promptly and providing fair and effective remediation by ourselves and/or in cooperation with other stakeholders.

The Global Grievance Resolution Policy sets out grievance channels for different categories of stakeholders, outlines Samsung Electronics grievance handling procedure, principles of

grievance handling as well as how Samsung Electronics is ensuring its implementation and effectiveness in line with the UNGP effectiveness criteria.

In January 2025, guidelines for complying with the Global Grievance Resolution Policy were distributed to global business sites to ensure effective implementation. Each site conducts new employee training and regular human rights training regarding the company's grievance handling policies and operational channels in languages employees can understand, ensuring that employees are aware of available policies and channels.

Samsung Electronics operates various grievance channels, including online, offline, hotlines, and worker representative bodies. We operate a minimum of 2 channels per business site, of which at least 1 channel guarantees anonymity, ensuring that not only employees but also supply chain workers, NGOs, and others can raise grievances. We newly created grievance handling channels by continent in June 2025. Employees may use their respective business site grievance handling channel and the channel operated on a continental level. Employees may also raise objections if their respective site's grievance handling results are unsatisfactory.

### [Child Labour Prohibition Policy](#)

Samsung Electronics has a zero-tolerance policy against child labour as prohibited by international standards and national regulations in all stages of its global operations. The Samsung [Child Labour Prohibition Policy](#) applies to all of Samsung Electronics' worksites as suppliers, including third party recruitment agencies, and sets out strict rules against the employment of children and young people at Samsung Electronics' worksites and its suppliers.

Special protection is provided for young workers who should not perform hazardous work, overtime, or night shift work. Samsung Electronics works with various stakeholders, has partnerships and programs to address root causes of child labour, including remediation programs on providing financial support to enable the child to remain in the agreed remediation program until he/she reaches the minimum working age.

### [Anti-Discrimination and Anti-Harassment Policy](#)

Samsung Electronics respects all individuals' right to work in an environment free of discrimination and bullying. In March 2022, Samsung Electronics developed our already existing anti-harassment guidelines into a formal policy, and published the [Anti-Discrimination and Anti-Harassment Policy](#). We pledge to remain committed to fostering a workplace where our employees are valued and treated respectfully, given equal opportunities, and motivated to demonstrate their competence to the fullest.

### [Migrant Worker Policy](#)

Migrant workers are often vulnerable to the risk of forced, bonded, or indentured labour as well as human trafficking as they are seeking economic opportunities outside of their own country. As a result, migrant workers are identified as a key risk group who are at heightened risk of adverse human rights impacts. Our [Migrant Worker Policy](#) was first released in 2016 and updated in 2020 to better protect the rights of migrant workers.

To facilitate the implementation of this policy, we developed the Internal Guide for Migrant Worker Policy, which consists of 14 sections from recruitment to employment contract

termination. It is based on the guidelines of RBA, BSR (Business for Social Responsibility), and the Institute for Human Rights and Business (IHRB). We require our production sites, suppliers, and recruitment agencies to monitor the [ILO forced labour indicators](#) and faithfully implement our GHR Policy and Guide.

Other human rights policies and guidelines currently supporting operations at Samsung Electronics which require specific management measures, include our [Student Labour Policy for China](#), and [Guidelines for Apprenticeship in India](#).

Since 2023, Samsung hosts human rights stakeholder workshops at global, regional and local levels, bringing together experts from the International Labour Organization (ILO) and the UN Human Rights Office, as well as specialists from NGOs and global trade unions, to discuss our approach to human rights due diligence and to understand risks and opportunities. We integrate the expert insights gathered during the meetings into our processes and report back to stakeholders about our follow-up.

## Labour and Human Rights Framework

We operate across vast geographies, including in locations where social, economic, and political factors may put human rights and decent working conditions at risk. In line with the UNGPs and OECD guidelines we are committed to prevent, mitigate, and address adverse human rights impacts and to provide timely and effective access to remedy where harm has occurred. This accounts for our own business activities, and we hold our suppliers and other business partners to this same high standard.

Our Labour and Human Rights Framework is based on the aforementioned outlined international standards and principles and consists of policies, due diligence, access to remedy, stakeholder engagement, transparency and reporting and governance, and it is the foundation of our approach to respect human rights in our own operations as well as our supply chain and other business relationships.



Since 2023, Samsung Electronics has hosted human rights stakeholder workshops, bringing together the International Labour Organisation (ILO) experts, UN human rights experts, global NGOs, and global labour union specialists to discuss our approach to human rights due diligence. In 2024, and to better integrate the expert insights gathered during the event into our processes and ensure compliance with the legal requirements for corporate human rights due diligence being legislated in various countries, we began reviewing and refining our human rights risk management system. In 2025, we confirmed the execution status of regionally established human rights risk management plans and conducted self-inspections using inspection checklists so sales and research can establish a due diligence system.

## Human Rights Governance Structure

We believe solid governance is essential to successfully embedding respect for human rights in our business operations. Our [human rights governance](#) is centred on the Board of Directors, Sustainability Committee, Sustainability Council, and the Labour and Human Rights Council. This structure facilitates the supervision and management of labour human rights conditions across our business at various levels.

The Sustainability Committee under the Board of Directors supports the Board by closely monitoring relevant issues. The Committee determines priorities for sustainability strategies and incorporates human rights and other sustainability issues into the business decision-making process. The Sustainability Council, headed by the CEO, reviews and manages company-wide sustainability issues with those in charge of sustainability at the headquarters and at each business unit.

Samsung Electronics' Sustainable Supply Chain Council is a cross-functional collaborative effort consisting of the People Team, Partner Collaboration Centre, Vendor Management Task Force, Global Technology Research, Global EHS Office, Corporate Legal Office, Compliance Team, Investor Relations Team, and Corporate Sustainability Centre. The Council discusses and coordinates global labour and human rights issues at our business sites and across our supply chains to address and mitigate potential human rights risks. Agenda items discussed at the Council, depending on the materiality and urgency, are escalated to the Sustainability Committee and Sustainability Council. Within the People Team, an executive with company-wide responsibilities for HR, labour relations, and human rights activities at business sites outside of South Korea, also leads the promotion of human rights initiatives across the company. The executive's performance evaluation and incentives are tied to the results of human rights due diligence conducted at business sites.

Each participating department actively conducts human rights due diligence to identify, prevent and mitigate human rights impacts caused or contributed by our business operations. The Corporate Sustainability Centre manages the overall sustainability agenda of Samsung Electronics and handles human rights-related issues by collaborating closely with relevant organizational units such as the People Team, the Partner Collaboration Centre, and Global Technology Research when necessary.

### Transparency and Reporting

We publicly disclose our activities to respect human rights on our global website (available in English only), informed by the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights. In addition, when making such disclosures, we consider the Corporate Human Rights Benchmark (CHRB), which measures the human rights approach of global companies. We also take into account the requirements of Know the Chain (KTC), which focuses on activities to prevent forced labour in the supply chain. The annual disclosure is also an extension of our efforts to comply with the Norwegian Transparency Act, Canadian Forced Labour and Child Labour Act, and Australian Modern Slavery Act.

Samsung Electronics also discloses its official position on human rights issues through the online platform of the Business and Human Rights Resource Centre (BHRRC), a UK based non-profit organisation that investigates impacts of business activities on human rights and the environment.

### Stakeholder Engagement

Over the years, expectations from various stakeholders (i.e., NGOs, governments, customers, shareholders, suppliers, and employees) have grown substantially, together with our responsibilities as a global corporate citizen. In this spirit, we understand the importance of stakeholder engagement and collaborate with stakeholders to develop workers' rights policies, capacity building and to implement regional projects.

## Salient Human Rights Risk Assessment and Management

We define our salient human rights risks as those human rights that are at risk of the most severe negative impacts throughout our business activities and relationships. We disclosed our salient human rights risks in February 2023 as a part of our Global Human Rights Principles (the “Policy”) identifying 11 salient human rights impacts based on a comprehensive analysis of human rights due diligence results, NGO reports, media articles, stakeholder dialogues, Samsung Electronics Culture Index (organizational culture diagnosis) findings, and employee grievances. Our human rights due diligence is performed with a focus on these salient human rights risks based on priority identified through continuous stakeholder engagement, internal assessments, external audits, grievance channels, and human rights risk and impact assessments. Considering these risks, we prioritise our efforts and activities to prevent, mitigate, and address human rights impacts. The below sections provide a summary of these risks and actions.

The below sections provide a summary of these risks and actions.

### Human Rights Due Diligence and Measures Undertaken in Our Own Entities and Subsidiaries

#### 1. Policies and Standards

Samsung Electronics adheres to the principles put forward in the policies outlined above, as well as its own [Global Code of Conduct](#) and [Business Conduct Guidelines](#) as well as the [Responsible Business Alliance \(RBA\) code of conduct](#) against which audits in our own factories across the globe are conducted. We are a signatory of the [UN Global Compact](#), one of the world's largest corporate sustainability initiative, and adhere to its [ten principles](#).

- Principle 1: Businesses should support and respect the protection of internationally proclaimed human rights; and
- Principle 2: make sure that they are not complicit in human rights abuses.
- Principle 3: Businesses should uphold the freedom of association and the effective recognition of the right to collective bargaining;
- Principle 4: the elimination of all forms of forced and compulsory labour;
- Principle 5: the effective abolition of child labour; and
- Principle 6: the elimination of discrimination in respect of employment and occupation.
- Principle 7: Businesses should support a precautionary approach to environmental challenges;
- Principle 8: undertake initiatives to promote greater environmental responsibility; and
- Principle 9: encourage the development and diffusion of environmentally friendly technologies.
- Principle 10: Businesses should work against corruption in all its forms, including extortion and bribery.

#### 2. Human Rights Due Diligence

Samsung Electronics is committed to identifying, preventing, mitigating, and addressing actual or potential impacts on human rights throughout its global operations, supply chain, and other business relationships. The company reflects the lessons and implications learned

from these human rights due diligence activities in the 'Process to respect Human Rights' to ensure that appropriate policies and management systems are in place. In addition, the company considers expanding the frequency and type of due diligence when circumstances arise, such as entering new regional markets, starting transactions with new suppliers, or when new human rights issues arise due to changes in the international situation.

#### a) Samsung Electronics Salient Human Rights Impacts

To identify actual and potential human rights impacts, Samsung Electronics conducts various assessments including self-audits at its workplaces, third-party audits based on RBA standards, and human rights impact assessments using external human rights experts. We also analyse reports from civil society organizations, media articles, conversations with various stakeholders such as human rights experts and investors, and grievances and complaints filed by employees to identify human rights risks related to our business activities. As a result, in February 2023, we selected 11 major human rights impacts of Samsung Electronics and disclosed them through the [Samsung Electronics Global Human Rights Principles](#).

#### b) Human Rights Risk Assessments (HRRAs)

In 2024, Human Rights Risk Assessments (HRRAs) were carried out in five regions across the globe. These include Europe, the Middle East and Africa, North America, Latin America, and Asia. Following this process, Due diligence checklists were created and distributed in 2025 Q3 to enhance regional human rights risk management plan implementation and so that each site may systematically prepare for due diligence, with each site performing self-inspections. Samsung Electronics' HRAA process includes:

- Taking steps to assess human rights risks by every subsidiary considering the seriousness of the risk and the occurrence likelihood.
- Generating regional human rights risk heat map based on the assessment results to distinguish the level of risk.
- Operating regional workshops to discuss the human rights risk heat map, and the appropriateness among regional subsidiaries.
- Communicating with external stakeholders to discuss and finalize a regional human rights risk heat map as well as mitigation strategies with such external stakeholders.

Samsung Electronics has assessed the seriousness of each salient human rights risk by determining the level of negative impact on an individual or their community, the number of people affected, and the possibility of resolving the negative impact. We have additionally reviewed the likelihood of each salient human rights risk by identifying areas of operation and specific business models that may pose greater risks, and evaluating the human rights management capacity and level of interest of business partners. To further determine likelihood, we reviewed the environmental aspects of the region where the business operates (e.g., war, armed conflict, weak rule of law, or lack of effective legislation), and assessed whether risk prevention and mitigation measures are implemented.

#### c) Assessment by Internal Experts

Based on the Labour and Human Rights Risk Management System, Samsung Electronics assesses the level of respect for human rights at its workplaces and conducts human rights impact assessments in a simplified way and with topic-specific assessments.

### *i. Labour and Human Rights Management*

In 2023, we upgraded the monitoring system we created in 2013 to support labour rights compliance and compliance management at our workplaces to the Business and Human Rights Benchmark (BHRB) System. This system assesses each workplace's compliance with international human rights standards such as the International Labour Organisation (ILO) Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights (UNGPs). The evaluation indicators consist of 159 detailed indicators in 39 items in four categories: labour rights, organisational culture, working environment, and diversity, equity, and inclusion. Each site is evaluated annually, and consulting and simplified human rights impact assessments are conducted for sites requiring improvement. Additionally, the system allows sites to identify best practices for each indicator, enabling them to improve autonomously their human rights activities.

In 2025, Samsung Electronics conducted pilot assessments for 47 overseas manufacturing sites using BHRB evaluation indicators. We plan to further identify site specific improvement items based on evaluation results, improving on our human rights management practices.

### *ii. Simplified-Human Rights Impact Assessment*

Our in-house labour and human rights experts identify locations that need improvement based on management indicators and take an in-depth look at the level of respect for labour rights in the country of operation, the results of our organizational culture assessment, complaints received, workforce changes, potential violations of company policies, and previously identified human rights risks. The Simplified Human Rights Impact Assessment is a more streamlined approach than a human rights impact assessment conducted by a third-party human rights organization. Interviews are conducted with stakeholders in the country of operation as well as vulnerable populations to assess the potential and actual human rights impacts of our operations, identify measures to prevent, mitigate, and manage identified impacts, and track implementation. The 2025 assessment comprehensively considered BHRB evaluation results and labour and human rights risks for 6 sites. Initial and on-site inspections were carried out over approximately 3 months; confirmed issues were immediately addressed and processes and systems to prevent recurrences were implemented.

### *iii. Topic Specific Assessments*

We created assessment tools in line with international standards and conduct on-site audits for vulnerable groups such as migrant workers and female employees. We conducted migrant worker audits for the four production sites that employ migrant workers to ensure compliance with our migrant worker policy and policy implementation guide based on RBA methodology and key industry references.

We also utilized the "Gender Equality Self-Assessment Toolkit," developed with reference to UN Women Women's Empowerment Principles (WEPs), the RBA methodology, and the World Benchmarking Alliance's Gender Benchmark methodology, to identify discriminatory practices in the workplace against female employees. Notably, we implement yearly migrant worker audits for sites employing migrant workers, using the Responsible Business Alliance (RBA) audit standards and key industry references to verify compliance with migrant worker policies and Samsung Electronics policy implementation guidelines.

#### d) RBA Validated Assessment Program (Third Party Validation)

As a member of the Responsible Business Alliance, Samsung Electronics is committed to complying with the RBA Code of Conduct. We conduct RBA self-assessments at our production sites every year, and conduct on-site audits based on the RBA's third-party audit Validated Assessment Programme (VAP) standards at least once every two years at all of our sites, not just the high-risk sites. Production sites that are found to be non-compliant develop a corrective plan to improve the findings and implement systems to prevent recurrence, which is approved by the inspection experts, and the approved corrective plan is completed within the timeframe set by RBA standards.

##### *RBA third-party audit results in 2025*

- DX Division: 12 facilities audited
- DS Division: 3 facilities audited

Eleven out of fifteen worksites were awarded a perfect score of 200 points, achieving the Platinum grade, the highest level in the RBA VAP Recognition Program. For some manufacturing sites with findings in labour and occupational health and safety areas, all corrective measures were completed.

### 3. Access to Remedy

Samsung Electronics remains committed to thorough due diligence to prevent our business operations from causing or contributing to any adverse impacts on human rights or engaging in human rights abuses. All complaints or grievances filed by individuals or groups that are adversely affected by our business operations are promptly investigated to seek effective remedies.

In April 2024, we established and published the Global Grievance Resolution Policy. Following this, we developed guidelines to ensure the policy's effective implementation and distributed them to all subsidiaries worldwide. Furthermore, in January 2025, we appointed dedicated grievance resolution personnel at several sales subsidiaries and research centres lacking clear grievance channels and governance systems. We also provided training on our grievance resolution policy and guidelines to all grievance resolution personnel worldwide, including those newly appointed. This training aimed to ensure that our grievance mechanism operates in line with the effectiveness criteria for non-judicial grievance mechanisms outlined in the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights.

In January 2025, staff members dealing with grievances were put in place at several sales offices and research centres where grievance channels and governance structures were unclear. Additionally, staff members dealing with grievances were trained on the grievance policy and guidelines. This training ensured that the company's grievance mechanisms meet the effectiveness criteria set out in the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights. Samsung Electronics operates various grievance channels, including online, offline, hotlines, and worker representative bodies. We collaborate with third-party organisations to provide additional grievance handling channels in several countries' regions. A third-party grievance handling channel launched in Brazil in 2018 has been expanded to the entire Latin America region, and is being used in sites located in Germany, France, and the Nordics. We newly created grievance handling channels by continent in June 2025.

Samsung Electronics conducts annual assessments on the status of grievances received through its grievance channels to track the number, types, and trends of grievances. In April 2025, we conducted training and self-inspections for our policies and guidelines. We analyse the types of submitted grievances and overall resolution process in order to better our operations by site and train our staff responsible for grievance resolution. While grievances are generally processed in the order of when they are received, higher-priority complaints are dealt with in an urgent manner due to their severity in line with the UNGPs rationale, considering that delayed responses could lead to irremediable harm. The grievance procedure consists of four steps – receipt, investigation, notification, and resolution – and the goal is to handle and close grievances within three months. However, depending on the characteristics of the grievances such as where the grievance involves external stakeholders or possible violation of the law, the procedure may take more than three months and there may be changes to the procedure.

We also conduct the Samsung Electronics Culture Index (SCI) survey each year for our employees around the world to diagnose our organizational culture. We check if the problems are properly remedied and receive feedback through post-consulting satisfaction surveys.

In 2025, Samsung Electronics received a total of 16,640 reports, of which 99.8% were addressed, closed or remediated as of the end of December 2025.

We also promote external stakeholders' grievance communication channels. We operate a global communication address ([sustainability.sec@samsung.com](mailto:sustainability.sec@samsung.com)), to listen to the opinions of various external stakeholders. We continually evaluate the effectiveness of our internal and external grievance procedures and seek to improve accessibility and system design where necessary.

At a local level, SEUK operates an established whistleblowing programme and an established grievance procedure for all colleagues. Clear policies are made available to all colleagues which explain how to whistleblow or how to raise a grievance. Grievances are heard by independent senior colleagues responsible for separate areas of the business. Whistleblowing reports are received by SEUK's compliance team which reviews them and takes appropriate action. There were 21 Grievances in 2025; with all SEUK grievances confirmed to be investigated and remediated and since closed.

#### 4. Stakeholder Engagement

Stakeholder engagement is one of the core pillars of Samsung Electronics' Labour and Human Rights Framework. It is a company-wide effort integrated into our business activities and an important element of our human right's due diligence process.

In 2025, we implemented engagement initiatives to gather feedback from local stakeholders regarding the regional impacts of our manufacturing sites. These stakeholder dialogues included participation from regional offices of international organizations, local labour unions, civil society organizations, and local government agencies. After carefully listening to stakeholder feedback, each site reviewed actionable measures to mitigate the impacts of its local operations.

As part of our ongoing efforts to uphold human rights, we strive to engage in open, active, and direct communication with our stakeholders. As a part of the ICT industry ecosystem, Samsung Electronics acknowledges that its business activities may impact workers and communities within value chains. We engage in dialogue with various stakeholders, including all rights holders and those potentially affected by our operations. We listen to their perspectives, draw insights from them, and incorporate these findings into our management activities.

## 5. Training and Development

To help our employees understand their rights and train managers and relevant departments on the implementation of human rights into business practices and everyday activities Samsung Electronics conducts a range of different labour and human rights trainings annually, tailored to different target groups.

Since 2020, Samsung Electronics has designated approximately 70 staff in human resources, labour relations, and training roles at our global locations as ‘Human Rights Champions’ and conducts training to share the importance of corporate human rights respect and best practices. In 2025, the Human Rights Champion training invited ILO experts to cover topics such as the ILO Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work and grievance policies.

Samsung Electronics conducts human rights trainings for all employees annually. The company-wide human rights education covers understanding human rights, the corporate responsibilities to respect human rights, integrating the respect for human rights throughout business activities, employee rights in the workplace, and employee respect towards human rights. At manufacturing sites, mandatory human rights training for all employees includes both offline and online courses, with the offline sessions conducted in the local languages. In 2025, 97.5% of all employees completed the training for general employees, with online and offline completion rates of 95.6% and 100%, respectively. Notably, human rights training for procurement personnel is conducted annually considering the importance of supply chains. Starting in 2025, tailored human rights training was provided to due diligence officers at overseas production sites, sales locations, and research centres to meet strengthening global due diligence requirements. The 2025 due diligence officer training covered information confirmed during the Human Rights Risk Assessments of 2024 as being effective for risk mitigation and human rights policy execution.

### a) Modern Slavery and Ethical Recruitment

In October 2023, our subsidiary in Malaysia invited the International Organization for Migration (IOM) to provide training to 56 personnel managers from 41 first-tier suppliers to eradicate forced labour for migrant workers. This training has improved awareness of the protection of migrant workers' labour rights by providing guides such as potential forced labour risks at each recruitment stage, types of forced labour and precautions for recruitment agency contracts. In 2024, Samsung Electronics' manufacturing site in Malaysia introduced its recruitment process improvements, treatment enhancements, and compliance conferences for partner companies at a regional labour department seminar on “Eliminating Forced Labour”.

We regularly monitor the overall working conditions at our production sites through internal audits and third-party audits aligned with the RBA Code of Conduct, in which “freely chosen

employment” is a core indicator. Samsung Electronics also pays close attention to its production sites in Malaysia, Poland, Hungary, and Slovakia which employ migrant workers. Manufacturing sites employing migrant workers conduct inspections of recruitment agencies and staffing agencies, and verify whether recruitment fees have been paid to migrant workers with less than one year of service through surveys. It was confirmed in 2025 that there were no cases of recruitment fees not being paid. Samsung Electronics conducted special inspections regarding forced labour of migrant workers at 47 key suppliers located in Malaysia, Thailand, Poland, Hungary, and Slovakia that employ migrant workers in 2025. In addition, we continue to conduct training on responsible recruitment procedures to enhance understanding of the migrant worker recruitment process.

#### b) Child Labour Prohibition Management

We regularly monitor the overall working conditions at our production sites through internal audits and third-party audits aligned with the RBA Code of Conduct, in which “young workers” is a core indicator. All of our subsidiaries comply with the strict employment process and age verification. In countries with a higher risk of child labour particular attention is given to detect fake IDs, conduct face-to-face interviews and use facial recognition systems as well as to conduct special audits prior to or during the summer and winter breaks when students or people under the legal minimum age usually look for the employment at factories.

Further information on Samsung Electronics’ human rights work in its own operations including figures can be found in the global [sustainability report](#), published annually, on the [Samsung Global Sustainability](#) website.

## Human Rights Due Diligence and Measures Undertaken for Business Relations and Suppliers

### 1. Policies and Standards

Complementing the Policy and other human rights related policies, Samsung Electronics requires its suppliers to adopt our Supplier Code of Conduct and Guidelines, which is based on international human rights principles and which set of social, environmental and ethical industry standards.

We demand prompt remedial action for any violations related to our top priorities, such as the prohibitions of child labour and forced labour and impose rating penalties on those suppliers found to have committed violations in the comprehensive evaluations. Any violations and breaches of human rights standards can be reported via our [compliance channel](#).

### 2. Human Rights Due Diligence

#### a) First Tier Suppliers

To ensure compliance, we operate an integrated work environment management process consisting of self-assessments, on-site audits, and third-party audits. The main findings from self-assessments, on-site audits, and third-party audits are reflected in the annual comprehensive evaluations and policy improvements for the following year, and those suppliers rated outstanding are provided benefits such as extra points in the comprehensive evaluations and cash rewards.

Samsung Electronics implemented a sustainability management reward program in 2023 which is now fully operational, where suppliers who have been determined to have performed well in the field are provided incentives such as cash rewards. In 2025, a total of six suppliers were rewarded in the areas of environment, social, and fair trade.

We perform comprehensive annual evaluations on our suppliers based on transaction data and materials submitted by each supplier to ensure the competitiveness of our supply chain. Major evaluation items include technology, quality, response, delivery, production cost, environment and safety, finance, and labour and human rights. The results are reflected in the following year's purchasing policy to encourage our suppliers to improve their capabilities.

#### *i. Self-Assessment*

Samsung Electronics has developed an RBA-based self-assessment tool for all our suppliers to use annually. We encourage them to obtain certifications related to international standards in corporate social responsibility such as ISO, SA8000, etc., and monitor their progress through self-assessment.

Since 2022, we have also adopted the RBA's updated self-assessment standards to make it easier for suppliers to respond.

We actively identify supplier risks in areas like recruitment fees, forced labour, child labour, and industrial accidents. We also conduct on-site audits, monitor for improvements for suppliers with potential violations, and seek their input to improve our self-assessment system and reflect their feedback in subsequent assessments.

#### *ii. On-Site Audit*

Our dedicated organisational unit consisting of RBA-certified auditors conducts on-site audits of our suppliers. We review their documents thoroughly, including wage information, contracts, and policies, and perform interviews of their employees (a minimum of square root of the total number of employees) engaging with both working level staff and managers during the audits. We require each supplier to submit its improvement plan and results, and our country/region-specific staff in charge reviews them along with the supplier's employees or representatives.

We guide suppliers to take immediate remedial actions on site if possible and normally monitor whether they have taken remedial actions within three months from the registration of the improvement points. We monitor facility installation, certification, and other matters that require extended time and significant expenses over a longer term based on the respective supplier's improvement plan. We demand suppliers found to have committed violations of the RBA audit criteria or in our priority areas, including violations of Samsung Electronics prohibition of child labour and forced labour, to take immediate remedial actions and we impose penalties in their comprehensive evaluations.

We also operate a working-hours monitoring system to ensure that our suppliers comply with our work hours requirements. Through this system, we review the average working hours and maximum working hours of our suppliers' employees at different business sites on a monthly basis and rate them in accordance with the seriousness of non-compliance.

In 2025, 387 high risk suppliers were audited across both the DX and DS Divisions using the RBA assessment criteria and implemented corrective actions where necessary, resulting in a

final compliance rate of 95%. In 2024 the DX Division conducted on-site audits for approximately 400 major second-tier suppliers of key first-tier suppliers. Meanwhile, DS Division audited 30 suppliers focusing on the Samsung China Semiconductor (SCS) Corporation, carrying out corrective measures and achieving a final compliance rate of 99%.

From 2024, Samsung Electronics began implementing a new program requiring key first-tier suppliers to conduct on-site audits of their second-tier suppliers. To support this, we provided a dedicated inspection toolkit aligned with our own audit standards and conducted training for first-tier suppliers. Using our risk identification criteria, first-tier suppliers identified major second-tier suppliers and conducted on-site audits. In 2025, over 400 second-tier suppliers were audited by first-tier suppliers.

### *iii. Special Audits to Eliminate Forced Labour*

Samsung Electronics conducted special inspections regarding forced labour of migrant workers at 47 key suppliers located in Malaysia, Thailand, Poland, Hungary, and Slovakia that employ migrant workers in 2025. In 2025, Samsung Electronics reimbursed \$960 USD worth of recruitment fees to two migrant workers, as a result of special audits. Since 2015, we have hosted, on an annual basis, a range of compliance and human rights workshops and training sessions for the heads and working-level staff of our suppliers. In addition, we continue to conduct training on responsible recruitment procedures to enhance understanding of the migrant worker recruitment process.

In addition to our on-site audit programme, we conduct special audits of suppliers to assess them for compliance with the Samsung Electronics Child Labour Prohibition Policy. We maintain zero tolerance for child labour in our suppliers and perform special audits of their recruitment practices every year to eliminate child labour. In 2025, the DX Division audited 71 first-tier suppliers and 30 second-tier suppliers in East Asia. The DS Division audited 60 first-tier suppliers in East Asia. None of the suppliers employed child workers, but four companies were found to have gaps in their recruitment process, such as not having facial recognition to verify identity or not explicitly stating the prohibition of child labour in their contracts. These suppliers have since taken measures to improve upon these deficiencies.

We analysed the working hour compliance rate by first-tier suppliers based on third-party audit results and found that in 2025, the rate was 92%, nearly identical to the 2024 rate of 93%. This is the result of systematic management and continuous improvement efforts based on Samsung Electronics' practice of responsible purchasing practices, the provision of working hour management consulting, and suppliers' experience with periodic third-party verification audits.

### *iv. Third-Party Audit*

We conduct third-party audits on our suppliers with high transaction volumes and those identified as high-risk through due diligence following a risk-based approach. High-risk suppliers are mandated to undergo third-party audits the following year to ensure rigorous oversight, while high-volume suppliers are audited on a biennial cycle. Suppliers are immediately listed for third-party audits if they require urgent verification of potential or actual human rights risks, such as forced labour, following concerns raised by NGOs or other external stakeholders. Initial audits are conducted by RBA-certified third-party auditors, in accordance with RBA Validated Assessment Program standards and processes. While any

issues that can be addressed immediately after initial audits are remediated on-site, the resolution of all remaining issues is verified through subsequent closure audits.

In 2025, Samsung conducted third-party audits for 122 first-tier suppliers and 39 second-tier suppliers. A total of 29,115 workers participated in employee interviews. Off-site interviews were conducted for 31 workers at four first-tier suppliers and 83 workers at six second-tier suppliers in countries such as South Korea, Vietnam, and China. To ensure we captured candid feedback, these interviews were held at off-site locations, such as nearby parks and coffee shops, maintaining strict discretion to protect worker safety and security. Suppliers understood the purpose of the external interviews and actively cooperated, while interviewed workers provided positive feedback on the new process. Some workers noted no significant difference compared to interviews conducted in designated spaces within company premises, while others expressed slight concerns about the impact on their working hours due to travel.

We will continue to incorporate off-site worker interviews into third-party audits. If these interviews prove effective in identifying critical risks by capturing a broader range of worker perspectives compared to on-site interviews, we will consider expanding their targets to enhance further audit transparency.

#### a) Lower Tier Suppliers

We require our first-tier suppliers to manage the work environments of their subcontractors in compliance with our internal work environment policy. For subcontractors with issues deemed to be of serious concern, we monitor via our first-tier suppliers whether they have successfully implemented remedial actions and achieved the desired results.

In addition, Samsung Electronics is expanding its management scope not only to first-tier suppliers but also to second-tier and non-manufacturing suppliers. In 2024, we updated the Supplier Code of Conduct, requiring first-tier suppliers to conduct due diligence on their sub-suppliers. This makes them responsible for improvements through the implementation of RBA standards or standards provided by Samsung Electronics to the extent that it does not violate the laws of the relevant country. The third-party audits for sub suppliers, introduced in 2023, continue to expand their target. When critical issues are identified at sub suppliers, we collaborate with first-tier suppliers to monitor the situation until corrective actions are completed. In addition, we have extended the existing hotline, originally available to first-tier suppliers, to second-tier suppliers to address grievances raised by their workers.

Near our Suwon business site in Korea, Samsung Electronics offers capacity building programs which are free of charge to our tier 1 as well as tier 2 suppliers which cover topics including supply chain due diligence.

In 2025, Samsung Electronics conducted third-party audits for 39 second-tier suppliers in Asia, including Vietnam, Samsung Electronics main production base.

#### b) Vendor Management

SEUK has continued to strengthen its vendor risk management as part of our commitment to eradicating modern slavery from our supply chain. In addition to focusing on vendors in high-risk sectors, we employ a random selection process to assess suppliers fairly. Of the suppliers assessed, all that were legally required to publish a modern slavery statement had one publicly available. Less than 2% were identified as high risk (not written in accordance

with section 54 of the UK Modern Slavery Act) and are subject to more frequent re-evaluation. Whilst many suppliers are not legally required to publish a modern slavery statement under the UK Modern Slavery Act, a significant number continue to do so voluntarily. For those without publicly available statements, we open up communication channels directly, asking what steps they are taking to eradicate modern slavery.

In 2025, SEUK has updated its vendor risk assessment process by ensuring assessment criteria better align with the UK Modern Slavery Act criteria, further strengthening our ability to identify and mitigate modern slavery risks.

#### c) Responsible Minerals Management

We strive to minimise any possible adverse impacts of mineral mining, including human rights abuses, child labour exploitation, sexual violence, and environmental destruction. We take human rights and environmental issues related to mineral mining in conflict-affected and high-risk areas, such as some African countries, very seriously. To address these risks, we use responsible minerals in strict compliance with the OECD Due Diligence Guidance for Responsible Supply Chains of Minerals from Conflict-Affected and High-Risk Areas.

We regularly disclose our responsible minerals management activities via our website and Sustainability Report and publish the [Samsung Electronics Responsible Minerals Management Report](#) and [Smelter and Refiner List in Samsung Electronics' supply chain](#) to more effectively respond to the diversifying needs of global stakeholders.

### 3. Access to Remedy

Samsung Electronics supports its suppliers in establishing and operating an internal grievance handling system to facilitate communication between the executive management and employees. We have operated a direct hotline since 2013 to collect reports on violations of the work environment criteria or human rights by our suppliers via telephone and email, among others, to complement on-site audits. Our organisational unit dedicated to grievance handling handles grievances in line with our internal protocol and timeline and monitors respective suppliers to ensure that they take remedial actions. To monitor whether the reported grievances are being remedied effectively, we have been carrying out informant satisfaction surveys since 2020. The [Grievance Channels](#) are outlined on the Samsung Global website.

If Samsung Electronics finds that suppliers are not in compliance with Samsung Electronics' Migrant Worker Policy, Samsung Electronics and the supplier will seek to take immediate steps to ensure compliance with the policy.

SEUK expects all colleagues to take steps to help prevent, mitigate and remedy actual or suspected occurrences of modern slavery within SEUK's business operations and broader supply chains, in accordance with SEUK's Anti-Modern Slavery Policy.

### 4. Stakeholder Engagement

In support of our human rights due diligence process, we engage in global initiatives and partnerships to collaborate with industry partners, external stakeholders and peers on addressing supply chain risks including conflict and other minerals and to amplify the benefits of sustainable supply chains around the world. We also actively engage other companies and the relevant stakeholders in the industry to promote responsible sourcing of minerals through initiatives such as the Responsible Business Alliance (RBA), RBA

Responsible Minerals Initiative (RMI), and the European Partnership for Responsible Minerals (EPRM).

## 5. Training and Development

Since 2015, we have hosted, on an annual basis, a range of workshops and training programs related to compliance management for the heads and working-level staff of our suppliers. We also provide human rights training on mutual respect, humane treatment, and discrimination elimination based on the Supplier Code of Conduct, whilst also sharing global and local legal revisions to regional human rights laws, audit results and best practices of our suppliers.

Samsung Electronics additionally provides support and training to our suppliers to assist with the practice of human rights management, such as recruitment, organizational culture, personnel management, and labour-management, DEI (diversity, equity, inclusiveness), and procedures for a collective agreement between labour and management to improve the working environment. We encourage participating suppliers to actively share the details of our training and provisions of the Supplier Code of Conduct with their subcontractors.

Further information on Samsung Electronics human rights supply chain management including figures can be found in the global [sustainability report](#) available on the [Samsung Global Sustainability](#) website.

## Management Approval

Samsung Electronics employees are responsible for maintaining high ethical standards and conducting business with integrity. Samsung Electronics' employees are ambassadors of our brand, and we seek to ensure that Samsung Electronics' standards of corporate social responsibility, integrity and accountability are upheld by everyone in the global supply chain. This annual modern slavery statement, our seventh, continues to reaffirm our commitment to respecting and protecting the human rights of all people, and that these values are at the core of our labour practices.

This Statement was approved by the Board of SEUK on 20 June 2026. It complies with the requirements set out in section 54 of the UK Modern Slavery Act 2015 (the "Act").

Full name: **Mr. Joonil Jung**

Title: **Director**

Date: **24 June 2026**

Signature: 